

Data Security & Privacy

Purpose

- Basic awareness of data security and privacy best practices
- Notification to the local board that the district has reviewed and implemented best practices

Current & Relevant Legislation

- Federal
 - FERPA (1974) – Family Rights and Privacy Act
 - COPPA (1998) – Children’s Online Privacy Protection Act
 - CIPA (2000) – Children’s Internet Protection Act
 - Others – IDEA, PPRA, etc.
- State
 - Kentucky FERPA (1994 – KRS 160.700 et seq.)
 - HB 232 (signed into law April 10, 2014)
 - HB 5 (signed into law April 10, 2014; effective January 1, 2015)
 - 702 KAR 1:170 (filed with LRC August 13, 2015)

Relevant Board Policies & Procedures

- 01.61 – Records Management
- 01.61 AP.11 – Notice of Security Breach
- 09.14 – Student Records

House Bill 232

- Called for the creation of KRS 365.734
- Prohibits the certain uses of student data by cloud vendors
- Defines “student data”
- Requires cloud providers to certify in writing that they comply with the KRS

House Bill 5

- Called for the creation of KRS 61.931, 61.932, and 61.933
- Defines “Personal Information” (different from FERPA’s definition of personally identifiable information or PII)
- Requires school districts to establish “reasonable security and breach investigation procedures and practices”
- Outlines security breach notification procedures and timelines

702 KAR 1:170

- Authorized by House Bills 5 and 232
- Requires that the district acknowledge to its local board prior to August 31 of each year that it has reviewed the guidance of the KAR and implemented best practices

Data Security and Breach Notification Best Practice Guide

- Legislation requires KDE to create and update this guide

Data Security Implementation Plan

- Identify and document data (both electronic and hardcopy) that need to be protected
- Audit current access to data by various groups of people and make adjustments as needed
- Document data security measures and security breach procedures
- Provide awareness training with all staff who have access to confidential data

Main Causes of Data Breaches

- Human Error
- Accidental sharing (email, website, paper, etc.)
- Weak or stolen passwords
- Loss or theft of employee device (USB drive, laptop...)
- Phishing, clickbait
- Application vulnerabilities – unpatched software
- Hackers
- Malware

Confidential Data

- Student education records except “directory” information in certain circumstances
- PII as defined by FERPA and House Bill 5

Security Breach Notification

Notify all individuals and agencies as outlined in KRS 61.933 if PII has been disclosed and will result in the likelihood of harm to one or more persons

One of these

- First name or first initial and last name
- Personal mark
- Unique biometric print/image

AND

One or more of these

- Account number with PIN that would allow access to the account
- Social Security Number
- Taxpayer ID number
- Driver's license number or other ID number issued by any agency (student ID number)
- Passport number or other number issued by the US
- Individually identifiable health information except for education records covered by FERPA

Current Measures to Prevent a Breach

- Anti-Virus/Malware/Spam/Spyware Protection
- Vulnerability Scanning
- System Patch Management
- Cloud/Offsite Resources
- Active Directory/Group Policy Objects
- Private IP implementation
- Distributed Denial of Service (DDOS) Mitigation
- Web Filtration
- Centrally Managed Firewalls
- Virtual Private Network Support
- Secure File Transfer
- Bitlocker on staff devices and TPM all devices
- Locked Data Center
- Locked File Cabinets/Doors
- Limited Access (Need to Know)
- Removal of user accounts for staff no longer employed
- Geo Location and MFA

Rapid Identity Cybersecurity Overview

Purpose-built identity and access management for Kentucky K-12 districts

- Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA)
- Single Sign-On (SSO)
- Automated Provisioning & Deprovisioning
- Identity Governance & Access Control
- Phishing Detection (RapidIdentity PhishID)
- SafeID DarkWeb Monitoring

Purpose-built for K-12 and higher education