

Student Medication Guidelines

MEDICATIONS

1. The first dose of any new medication should be given at home when possible. Medication that must be given at school ~~should~~ **shall be** brought to school by the parent/guardian ~~whenever possible~~. The medication ~~should~~ **must** be counted, and the number of pills received ~~should~~ **will** be noted on the Medication Administration Record.
2. Except for emergency medications (including, but not limited to FDA approved seizure rescue medications, **diabetes** and ~~injectable~~ epinephrine devices), ~~and medications approved for students to carry for self-medication purposes~~ all medications shall be kept in a safe, locked, secure place accessible only to the responsible authorized school personnel. Medications requiring refrigeration shall be stored in a separate refrigerator in a supervised area.
3. Any use of opioid antagonist shall comply with [KRS 217.186](#)
4. School personnel who administer medication shall arrange for the child to take the medication at the proper time.
5. Unless otherwise approved to self-medicate, students are to be supervised by an authorized individual when taking medication. The person supervising the administration of medication must keep a written **or electronic** record.

CONTROLLED/SCHEDULED MEDICATIONS

“Controlled/scheduled medications” are medications that are potentially addictive and are regulated under the Controlled/Scheduled Substance Act of 1970. The following are the procedures related to the administration and storage of controlled/scheduled medications:

- Kept under double lock and key
- Kept separate from other medications
- Signed out each time a dose is administered
- Trained staff shall count and record the number of remaining pills on the student’s medication record each time a dose is administered.

DOCUMENTATION OF ADMINISTRATION

Except for medications approved for self-administration, all medication given must be immediately documented on a ~~medication log~~. ~~Records must be kept on file in the student’s cumulative folder. Documentation should be complete, reflecting beginning and ending dates and notations of missed doses and absences. Subject to confidentiality requirements in Policy 09.14 and accompanying procedures, medication recording sheets shall be filed in the student’s cumulative folder when completed or when the medication is changed/discontinued.~~ **OCS nurses document electronically in IC. Do they have to document on paper as well? And/Or do they need to print medication administration documentation and put in Cum folder?**

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DISPOSAL OF UNUSED MEDICATION

Notice shall be mailed to the parent/guardian prior to the end of the school year informing them that their child has medication remaining and that it must be picked up by the parent/guardian. If the medication is not retrieved, the school nurse or designated staff member, with a witness present, shall count the number of any pills or tablets remaining and document the amount on the Medication Log. Leftover prescription medication may then be mixed with a designated substance, such as glue for pills and kitty litter for liquids, and placed in a trash receptacle or destroyed in accordance with current health care standards. Both parties shall sign the Medication Log when this is completed. All medications shall be destroyed if the parent/guardian does not pick them up.

MEDICATION REFUSAL

If a child refuses to take medication or is uncooperative during medication administration, documentation shall be made, the parent/guardian and school nurse (if appropriate) will be contacted and medication administration may be omitted. If necessary, a conference may be scheduled with the parent/guardian to resolve the conflict.

MEDICATION ERROR

If an error in the administration of medication is recognized, initiate the following steps:

1. Keep the student in the first-aid location. If the student has already returned to class when the error is recognized, have the student accompanied to the first-aid location.
2. Assess the student's status and document.
3. Identify the incorrect dose/type of medication taken by the student.
4. Immediately notify the school administrator and school nurse, if appropriate, of the error, who shall notify the student's parent/guardian.
5. Notify the student's physician/health care provider.
6. If unable to contact the physician/health care provider, contact the Poison Control Center for instructions.
7. Carefully record all circumstances and actions taken, including instructions from the Poison Control Center or physician/health care provider, and the student's status.
8. Complete a "Medication Administration Incident Report" form.

REFERENCES:

[KRS 158.834](#); [KRS 158.836](#); 158.838

[KRS 217.86](#)

Kentucky Board of Nursing Advisory Opinion Statement #16 Roles of Nurses in the Administration of Medication Via Various Routes (2023)

Kentucky Department of Education Medication Administration Training Manual for Non-Licensed School Personnel (2025)

Controlled/Scheduled Substance Act of 1970

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