Powell County School District

Audited Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information



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SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Kentucky State Committee of School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Powell County School District Stanton, KY 40383

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Powell County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Powell County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Powell County School District, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 18 to the financial statements, in 2025 the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Powell County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Powell County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the
 aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Powell County School District's ability to
 continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions - Pension, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability - Medical Insurance Plan, Schedule of District Contributions – Medical Insurance Plan, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability - Life Insurance Plan, and Schedule of District Contributions - Life Insurance Plan on pages 4-9 and 68-77 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Powell County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2025, on our consideration of the Powell County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Powell County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Lexington, KY November 14, 2025 In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Powell County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Lexington, KY November 14, 2025

As management of the Powell County School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the financial statements and notes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS/OVERALL DISTRICT HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash and cash equivalents for the District for the year ended June 30, 2025 (FY25) was \$11,735,579.
- The District ended FY25 with a fund balance in the general fund of \$3,968,450 representing an increase of \$656,865 compared to the prior year.
- Bonds are issued as the District constructs and/or renovates facilities consistent with a long-range facilities plan that is established with community input and in keeping with the Kentucky Department of Education's stringent compliance regulations. The District's bond debt decreased by \$1,285,000 in FY25.
- At the end of FY25 the District reported a net pension liability of \$6,268,979 related to the County Employees Retirement System representing a decrease of \$1,184,822 compared to the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and operating revenues (business type activities).

The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-22 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23-67 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets plus deferred outflows of resources were \$14,512,229 more than liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2025, as compared to \$7,983,218 at June 30, 2024. The prior year net position was revised for the implementation of GASBS No. 101 *Compensated Absences*. The change in accounting principle decreased the prior year net position by \$398,101. This guidance requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Note 18 describes in further detail the change in accounting principle and the prior period adjustments.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves are not likely to be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

The breakdown of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and net position can be seen on page 10 in the statement of net position, government wide basis.

Net position for the years ending June 30, 2025 and 2024

	2025		2024	Change
Current Assets	\$ 16,726,413	\$	27,394,750	\$ (10,668,337)
Noncurrent Assets	43,941,551		28,328,270	15,613,281
Total Assets	60,667,964		55,723,020	4,944,944
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,677,913		5,055,076	(1,377,163)
Current Liabilities	4,283,734		2,464,847	1,818,887
Noncurrent Liabilities	38,559,711		41,596,192	(3,036,481)
Total Liabilities	42,843,445		44,061,039	(1,217,594)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,990,203		8,733,839	(1,743,636)
Net Position		, (
Investment in Capital Assets (net)	12,944,008		(3,932,034)	16,876,042
Restricted	10,510,176		23,370,246	(12,860,070)
Unrestricted	(8,941,955)		(11,454,994)	2,513,039
Total Net Position	\$ 14,512,229	\$	7,983,218	\$ 6,529,011

The following table presents a summary of changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, Governmental Wide Basis.

	Net Change in Position								
	Govern	nmen <u>tal</u>	Busines	ss-type	То	tal			
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024			
Revenues:									
Local revenue sources	\$6,460,281	\$6,958,588	\$102,485	\$100,930	\$6,562,766	\$7,059,518			
State revenue sources	\$26,769,732	\$24,322,405	246,202	247,547	27,015,934	24,569,952			
Federal revenue sources	3,826,244	4,762,190	1,621,698	1,719,327	5,447,942	6,481,517			
Investments	932,243	691,509	17,440	21,218	949,683	712,727			
Total Revenue	37,988,500	36,734,692	1,987,825	2,089,022	39,976,325	38,823,714			
Expenses:									
Instruction	17,802,279	19,329,921	-	-	17,802,279	19,329,921			
Student support services	1,623,819	1,429,874	-	-	1,623,819	1,429,874			
Instructional support	1,493,133	1,865,911	-	-	1,493,133	1,865,911			
District administration	2,173,665	1,954,832	-	-	2,173,665	1,954,832			
School administration	1,844,781	1,948,398	-	-	1,844,781	1,948,398			
Business support	289,157	477,780	-	-	289,157	477,780			
Plant operations	2,203,820	2,447,512	-	-	2,203,820	2,447,512			
Student transportation	1,514,150	1,464,233	-	-	1,514,150	1,464,233			
Community service	949,159	511,325	-	-	949,159	511,325			
Interest on long-term debt	1,116,635	404,933	-	-	1,116,635	404,933			
Food service		-	2,038,615	1,985,513	2,038,615	1,985,513			
Total Expenses	31,010,598	31,834,719	2,038,615	1,985,513	33,049,213	33,820,232			
Transfers	60,750	44,676	(60,750)	(44,676)	-				
Change in net position	7,038,652	4,944,649	(111,540)	58,833	6,927,112	5,003,482			
Beginning net position	8,318,135	3,373,486	(334,917)	(393,750)	7,983,218	2,979,736			
Change in accounting principle (Note 18)	(386,110)	-	(11,991)	-	(398, 101)				
Ending net position	14,970,677	8,318,135	(458,448)	(334,917)	14,512,229	7,983,218			

Governmental Activities

Instruction comprises 57% of governmental program expenses. Plant Operations expense makes up 7% of government expenses. District and School Administration total 13% of governmental expenses. The remaining expenses for support services, community service activities, transportation and interest account for the final 23% of total governmental expense.

Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities include the food service operations. This program had total revenues of \$1,987,825 and expenses of \$2,038,615 for the fiscal year. Of the revenues, \$102,485 was charges for services, and \$1,867,900 was from State and Federal grants. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of this activity.

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table presents a summary of operations, excluding transfers, for selected funds (including on- behalf payments). Food service amounts are presented on the accrual basis while general and special revenue funds are on the modified accrual basis:

For the \	Year	endina	June	30.	2025
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DEVENUEO.	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	CONSTRUCTION FUND	FOOD SERVICE FUND
REVENUES:				
From local sources:				
Taxes:	3,139,034	\$ -	¢.	¢
Property \$ Motor vehicle	_685,480	Φ -	\$ -	\$ -
Utilities	793,252	-	-	-
Other	20,347	-	-	-
Earnings on investments	151,175	10,112	758,270	17,440
Other local revenues	177,272	70,005	730,270	102,485
Intergovernmental - state	15,836,796	1,365,584	2,959,000	246,202
Intergovernmental - federal	297,117	3,529,127	2,000,000	1,621,698
TOTAL REVENUES	21,100,473	4,974,828	3,717,270	1,987,825
EXPENDITURES:	21,100,110	1,011,020		1,001,020
Instruction:	11,258,071	2,735,699	-	_
Support Services:	,,-	,,		
Student	1,124,166	432,969	-	-
Instructional staff	657,322	539,308	-	-
District administration	1,800,254	234,174	-	-
School administration	1,723,225	-	-	-
Business	273,599	-	-	-
Plant operations and maintenance	1,797,061	84,000	-	-
Student transportation	1,666,792	13,985	-	-
Food service	-	-	-	2,038,615
Community service	-	1,015,645	-	-
Capital outlay	622,602	-	16,432,385	-
Debt service	383,347	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	21,306,439	5,055,780	16,432,385	2,038,615
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures \$	(205,966)	\$ (80,952)	\$ (12,715,115)	\$ (50,790)

1 01	uic	real elluling	Juii	•				
				SPECIAL				FOOD
		GENERAL		REVENUE		CONSTRUCTION		SERVICE
	_	FUND		FUND		FUND	_	FUND
REVENUES:								
From local sources:								
Taxes:								
Property	\$	3,236,046	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Motor vehicle		613,019		-		-		-
Utilities		705,608		-		-		-
Other		103,843		-				
Earnings on investments		198,097		8,340		445,359		21,218
Other local revenues		355,801		54,727		-		100,930
Intergovernmental - state		15,552,768		1,192,921		-		247,547
Intergovernmental - federal	_	434,885		4,327,305			_	1,719,327
TOTAL REVENUES		21,200,067		5,583,293		445,359		2,089,022
EXPENDITURES:	_							
Instruction:		10,689,047		3,328,864		-		-
Support Services:				<i>^</i> \				
Student		946,006		373,457		-		-
Instructional staff		746,132		649,505		-		-
District administration		1,385,128		385,983		-		-
School administration		1,703,067		-		-		-
Business		273,353		121,581		-		-
Plant operations and maintenance		1,945,098		74,128		-		-
Student transportation		1,418,500		86,946		-		-
Food service				-		-		1,985,513
Community service		T -		541,309		-		-
Capital outlay		358,134		6,284		4,357,779		-
Debt service		380,045		-		131,130		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\mathbf{M}	19,844,510	•	5,568,057		4,488,909	_	1,985,513
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	1,355,557	\$	15,236	\$	(4,043,550)	\$	103,509
					:	· , ,	=	

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2025, the School District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities was \$43,760,050, representing an increase of \$15,592,161 net of depreciation. This includes intangible subscription assets and right-to-use leased assets recognized in accordance with GASBS No. 96 & 87.

Debt

At June 30, 2025, the School District had \$30,854,218 in bond, lease and financed purchase debt outstanding, less a discount of \$20,348. \$3,508,693 of the District's debt will be paid from the KSFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. A total of \$1,517,324 is due within one year.

Comments on Budget Comparisons

General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending actual revenues being \$250,826 more than budget. General fund budget compared to actual expenditures varied from line item to line item with the ending actual expenditures being \$1,538,702 less than budget. The District's total general fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, before interfund transfers, was \$21,100,473, a decrease of \$99,594 from the total revenues of \$21,200,067, for 2024.

FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar but are reflected in the District overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency budgeted as a line-item in the General Fund budget. The District adopted a working budget with \$1,152,519 in contingency.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to Alicia Frazier, Finance Officer (606) 663-3300 or by mail at 691 Breckinridge Street, Stanton, KY 40380.



POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2025

			NT			
_		GOVERNMENTAL		BUSINESS-TYPE		TOTAL
ASSETS:	-	ACTIVITIES	,	ACTIVITIES		 TOTAL
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,282,326	\$	453,253	\$	11,735,579
Investments		250,239		-		250,239
Accounts receivable		006 612				006 613
Taxes Accounts		886,613 3,034,395		26,929		886,613 3,061,324
Intergovernmental - federal		764,264		-		764,264
Inventory		· -		28,394		28,394
Total Current Assets	-	16,217,837	•	508,576		16,726,413
Noncurrent Assets						
Net OPEB asset		160,240		21,261		181,501
Non-depreciated capital assets Net depreciated capital assets		22,679,119		66,979		22,679,119
Net intangible right-to-use assets		20,891,046 120,811		00,979		20,958,025 120,811
Net intangible subscription assets		2,095				2,095
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	43,853,311	4	88,240		 43,941,551
TOTAL ASSETS	-	60,071,148		596,816		60,667,964
TOTAL AGGLTG	=	00,071,140		390,010		 00,007,304
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred loss on refunding		17,828		405.000		17,828
Pension - CERS OPEB - CERS		1,246,464		165,382		1,411,846
OPEB - CERS		409,361 1,784,563		54,315		463,676 1,784,563
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	3,458,216		219,697		 3,677,913
	=					
LIABILITIES:						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable		1,606,340		-		1,606,340
Accrued salaries		108,776		-		108,776
Accrued Interest Expense Current portion of compensated absences		121,140 434,732		12,531		121,140 447,263
Grant Advances	7	532,891		12,001		532,891
Current portion of financed purchases		143,464		_		143,464
Current portion of lease liabilities	7	38,860		-		38,860
Current portion of bond obligations		1,335,000		-		 1,335,000
Total Current Liabilities	_	4,321,203		12,531		4,333,734
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Noncurrent portion of bond obligations		28,709,652		_		28,709,652
Noncurrent portion of lease liabilities		86,118		_		86,118
Noncurrent portion of financed purchases		520,776		-		520,776
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences		226,186		-		226,186
Net pension liability - CERS		5,534,636		734,343		6,268,979
Net OPEB liability - KTRS	_	2,698,000	,	-		 2,698,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	37,775,368		734,343		 38,509,711
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	42,096,571		746,874		 42,843,445
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Pension - CERS		1,902,119		252,376		2,154,495
OPEB - CERS		2,077,997		275,711		2,353,708
OPEB - KTRS	-	2,482,000	,	F00 007		 2,482,000
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	=	6,462,116	;	528,087		 6,990,203
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		12,877,029		66,979		12,944,008
Restricted - Capital Projects		9,652,615		-		9,652,615
Restricted - Debt Service		8,779		-		8,779
Restricted - Other Purposes		468,693		380,089		848,782
Unrestricted	-	(8,036,439)		(905,516)		 (8,941,955)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ _	14,970,677	\$	(458,448)	\$	 14,512,229

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

						CHÂ	EXPENSE) REVENUE A NGES IN NET POSITIO	N
		PR	OGRAM REVENUES			PF	RIMARY GOVERNMENT	=
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities:								
Instructional	\$ 17,802,279 \$	- \$	3,981,726	_	\$	(13,820,553) \$	- \$	(13,820,553)
Support Services:	Ψ 17,002,270 Ψ	Ψ	0,001,720 4		Ψ	(10,020,000) 4	Ψ	(10,020,000)
Student	1,623,819	_	_			(1,623,819)	_	(1,623,819)
Instructional staff	1,493,133	-	-			(1,493,133)	<u>-</u>	(1,493,133)
District administration	2,173,665	-	-			(2,173,665)	<u>-</u>	(2,173,665)
School administration		-	-				-	
Business	1,844,781	-		-		(1,844,781)	-	(1,844,781)
	289,157	-				(289,157)	-	(289,157)
Plant operations and maintenance	2,203,820	=	-	-		(2,203,820)	-	(2,203,820)
Student transportation	1,514,150	=		-		(1,514,150)	-	(1,514,150)
Community service	949,159	=	-			(949,159)	-	(949,159)
Interest on long-term debt	1,116,635			503,381		(613,254)		(613,254)
Total Governmental Activities	31,010,598		3,981,726	503,381		(26,525,491)		(26,525,491)
Business-Type Activities:								
Food service	2,038,615	102,485	1,867,900	<u> </u>			(68,230)	(68,230)
Total Business-Type Activities	2,038,615	102,485	1,867,900	-		-	(68,230)	(68,230)
Total Primary Government	\$ 33,049,213 \$	102,485 \$	5,849,626	503,381	\$	(26,525,491)	(68,230) \$	(26,593,721)
			General Revenues	:				
			Taxes:					
			Property		\$	4,021,620	- \$	4,021,620
			Motor vehicle			685,480	-	685,480
			Utilities			793,252	_	793,252
			Other			20,347	_	20,347
			State aid formula g	rants		26,285,693	_	26,285,693
			Interest and invest			932,243	17,440	949,683
			Gain on disposal	go		(19,341)	-	(19,341)
			Other local revenue	es		784,099	_	784,099
			Transfers			60,750	(60,750)	
			Total General R	'evenues		33,564,143	(43,310)	33,520,833
			Total Octicial is	CVCHUCS		33,304,143	(40,010)	33,320,033
			Change in N	let Position		7,038,652	(111,540)	6,927,112
			Net Position begin	ning		8,318,135	(334,917)	7,983,218
				ing ing principle (Note 18)	`	(386,110)	(334,917)	(398,101)
			Net Position begin		,	7,932,025	(346,908)	7,585,117
			ivet Fosition begini	iiig restateu		1,932,025	(340,908)	7,000,117
			Net Position ending	9	\$	14,970,677	(458,448) \$	14,512,229

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2025

AGGETO		GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL REVENUE (GRANT) FUNDS	C	ONSTRUCTION FUND	·	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	_	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	3,070,670 250,239	\$	-	\$	7,862,676	\$	348,980	\$	11,282,326 250,239
Interfund receivable Accounts receivable		72,816		-		-		-		72,816
Taxes Accounts Intergovernmental - federal		886,613 62,299		- - 764,264		2,959,000		13,096		886,613 3,034,395 764,264
•			_		(-			-	_	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,342,637	\$ =	764,264	\$	10,821,676	\$	362,076	\$_	16,290,653
LIABILITIES: Interfund payable	\$		•	72,816	\$	_	\$	_	\$	72,816
Accounts payable	Ψ	265,411		158,557	Ψ	1,169,061	Ψ	13,311	Ψ	1,606,340
Accrued compensated absences Grant Advances		108,776 -		532,891		-		-		108,776 532,891
TOTAL LIABILITIES		374,187	_	764,264		1,169,061		13,311	-	2,320,823
FUND BALANCES: Restricted										
Capital projects		-		-		9,652,615		-		9,652,615
Debt service Compensated absences		128,707		-		-		8,779		8,779 128,707
Other		-		-		_		339,986		339,986
Committed		48,796		-		-		-		48,796
Assigned		1,058,576		-		-		-		1,058,576
Unassigned		2,732,371	_	-					_	2,732,371
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3,968,450	_		_	9,652,615		348,765	-	13,969,830
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	4,342,637	\$_	764,264	\$	10,821,676	\$	362,076	\$_	16,290,653

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2025

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	13,969,830
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.		43,693,071
Deferred outflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position		
Deferred loss on refunding Pension - CERS OPEB - CERS OPEB - KTRS		17,828 1,246,464 409,361 1,784,563
Certain assets (obligations) are not a use of financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, but are presented in the statement of net position		
Net pension liability - CERS Net OPEB asset - CERS Net OPEB liability - KTRS		(5,534,636) 160,240 (2,698,000)
Deferred inflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position		
Pension - CERS OPEB - CERS OPEB - KTRS		(1,902,119) (2,077,997) (2,482,000)
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, and other accrued liabilities) are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but are presented in the statement of net position as follows:		
Bonds payable Lease liabilities Financed purchases Accrued interest Accrued compensated absences		(30,044,652) (124,978) (664,240) (121,140) (660,918)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ <u></u>	14,970,677

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE (GRANT) FUNDS	CONSTRUCTION FUND	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:					
From local sources:					
Taxes:					
Property \$	3,139,034 \$	- :	\$ - 5	882,586	\$ 4,021,620
Motor vehicle	685,480	_	<u>-</u>	-	685,480
Utilities	793,252	_	_	_	793,252
Other	20,347			_	20,347
Earnings on investments	151,175	10,112	758,270	12,686	932,243
Other local revenues	177,272	70,005		692,305	939,582
Intergovernmental - state	15,836,796	1,365,584	2,959,000	2,075,197	22,236,577
Intergovernmental - federal	297,117	3,529,127	2,000,000	2,010,101	3,826,244
TOTAL REVENUES	21,100,473	4,974,828	3,717,270	3,662,774	33,455,345
EXPENDITURES: Current:		V			
Instruction:	11,258,071	2,735,699		672,625	14,666,395
Support Services:	11,230,071	2,733,033		072,023	14,000,000
Student	1,124,166	432,969	,	4,765	1,561,900
Instructional staff	657,322	539,308		8,343	1,204,973
District administration	1,800,254	234,174		0,040	2,034,428
School administration	1,723,225	254,174	_	_	1,723,225
Business	273,599		-	-	273,599
Plant operations and maintenance	1,797,061	84,000	-	-	1,881,061
Student transportation	1,666,792	13,985	-	-	1,680,777
Community service	1,000,792		-	-	
	622,602	1,015,645	16,432,385	-	1,015,645
Capital outlay	383.347	-	10,432,303	0.450.500	17,054,987
Debt service			40 400 005	2,156,569	2,539,916
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	21,306,439	5,055,780	16,432,385	2,842,302	45,636,906
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(205,966)	(80,952)	(12,715,115)	820,472	(12,181,561)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Operating transfers in	1,147,818	109,445	1,879,051	1,653,188	4,789,502
Operating transfers out	(524,908)	(28,493)	(139,807)	(4,035,544)	(4,728,752)
Issuance of debt proceeds	176,527	(20,493)	(139,007)	(4,033,344)	176,527
Bond Premium (Discount)	170,327	_	_	_	170,321
Gain (Loss) on disposal	63,364	-	-	-	63,364
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	862,801	80.952	1,739,244	(2,382,356)	300.641
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	002,001	60,932	1,739,244	(2,362,330)	300,041
Net Change in Fund Balances	656,835	-	(10,975,871)	(1,561,884)	(11,880,920)
Fund Balance - beginning of year	3,311,615		20,628,486	1,910,649	25,850,750
Fund Balance - end of year \$	3,968,450 \$		\$ 9,652,615	348,765	13,969,830

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(11,880,920)
--	----	--------------

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Bond costs are expensed as incurred in the fund financial statement, but are amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of activities:

Amortization bond premium/discount	(714)
Amortization deferred loss on refunding	(8,017)

Debt proceeds are recognized as receipts of current financial resources in the fund financial statement, but are increases of liabilities in the statement of net position.

(176,527)

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the fund financial statement because they are current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.

Capital outlays		17,054,987
Depreciation expense		(1,412,995)
Loss on disposal		(82,705)

Generally, expenditures recognized in the fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activites when they are incurred.

Accrued interest	6,026
Accrued compensated absences	(67.867)

Governmental funds report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures when paid. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension and OPEB expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, and the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and investment experience.

KTRS on-behalf revenue	4,552,497
KTRS on-behalf pension expense	(4,741,497)
KTRS on-behalf OPEB expense	189,000
Pension expense - CERS	1,142,242
OPEB expense - CERS	524,805
OPEB expense - KTRS	471.198

Bond and financed purchase payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial

statement, but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position. 1,469,139

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$\frac{7,038,652}{}

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

		GENERAL FUND						
								VARIANCE
	-	BUDGETE	D AI			ACTUAL		Favorable
REVENUES:	-	ORIGINAL	_	FINAL	_	ACTUAL		(Unfavorable)
From Local Sources:								
Taxes:								
Property	\$	2,814,534	\$	2,991,184	\$	3,139,034	\$	147,850
Motor vehicle	Ψ	430,045	Ψ	536,781	Ψ	685,480	Ψ	148,699
Utilities		700,000		700,000		793,252		93,252
Other		45,000		45,000		20,347		(24,653)
Earnings on investments		120,000		175,000		151,175		(23,825)
Other local revenues		253.210		143.210		177,272		34,062
Intergovernmental - state		15,941,112		15,883,472		15,836,796		(46,676)
Intergovernmental - state Intergovernmental - federal		300,000		375,000		297,117		(77,883)
TOTAL REVENUES	-	20,603,901	_	20,849,647	_	21,100,473	-	250,826
TOTAL NEVENOLO	-	20,000,901	_	20,043,047	_	21,100,473	-	250,020
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Instruction:		12,021,720		12,706,876		11,266,071		1,440,805
Support Services:		12,021,120	4	12,700,070		11,200,071		1,440,000
Student		1,018,400		982,181	•	1,124,166		(141,985)
Instructional staff		764,981		774,187		657,322		116,865
District administration		1,680,359		1,998,017		1,800,254		197,763
School administration		1,531,331		1,617,608		1,723,225		(105,617)
Business		348,303		348,303		273,599		74,704
Plant operations and maintenance		2,879,380		2,607,958		2,198,602		409,356
Student transportation		1,497,581		1,426,664		1,879,853		(453,189)
Community service		1,437,001		1,420,004		1,079,000		(433,109)
Debt service		380,348		387,549		383,347		4,202
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	22,122,403	_	22,849,343		21,306,439		1,538,702
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures		(1,518,502)	_	(1,999,696)		(205,966)		1,789,528
Zizacco (Donatt) or interestation over Zixportation	W	(1,0,0,002)	_	(1,000,000)		(===,===)	-	.,. 00,020
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating transfers in		130,947		78,493		1,147,818		1,069,325
Operating transfers out		(45,000)		(45,000)		(524,908)		(479,908)
Issuance of debt proceeds		(.0,000)		(.0,000)		176,527		176,527
Gain (Loss) on disposal		_		_		63,364		63,364
Contingency		(1,152,519)		(1,083,597)		-		1,083,597
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	(1,066,572)	_	(1,050,104)		862,801		1,912,905
TO THE OTHER CHARGE COUNTY (COLO)	-	(1,000,012)	_	(1,000,101)		002,001	-	1,012,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,585,074)		(3,049,800)		656,835		3,702,433
Fund Balance beginning	_	2,585,074	_	3,011,800		3,311,615		299,815
Fund Balance ending	\$	-	\$_	(38,000)	\$	3,968,450	\$	4,002,248

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND VARIANCE **BUDGETED AMOUNTS** Favorable **ORIGINAL FINAL ACTUAL** (Unfavorable) **REVENUES:** From Local Sources: \$ Earnings from Investments 10,112 \$ 10,111 1 1 Other local revenues 5,700 102,889 70,005 (32,884)Intergovernmental - state 1,182,643 1,391,681 1,365,584 (26,097)Intergovernmental - indirect federal 2,414,080 2,800,441 3,529,127 728.686 **TOTAL REVENUES** 3,602,424 4,295,012 4,974,828 679,816 **EXPENDITURES:** Current: Instruction: 2,409,527 2,562,480 2,735,699 (173,219)Support Services: Student 510,192 432,969 77,223 308,307 Instructional staff 549,216 431,558 539,308 (107,750)66,932 District administration 59,677 234,174 (167, 242)School administration **Business** Plant operations and maintenance 46,503 130,842 84,000 46,842 Student transportation 52,870 13,985 38,885 **Community Services** 314,672 532,345 1,015,645 (483,300)Capital Outlay 24,300 24,300 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 3,687,902 4,311,519 (744,261) 5,055,780 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (85,478)(16,507)(80,952)(64,445)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers in 45.150 45.000 109,445 (64,445)Operating transfers out (28,493)(28,493)TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 45,150 16,507 80,952 (64,445)Net Change in Fund Balance (40,328)Fund Balance beginning Fund Balance ending (40,328) \$

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2025

		FOOD SERVICE FUND
ASSETS:		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	453,253
Accounts receivable		26,929
Inventory	_	28,394
Total Current Assets	_	508,576
Noncurrent Assets		
Net OPEB asset		21,261
Vehicles	47	8,800
Machinery & equipment	7	660,520
Accumulated depreciation		
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	(602,341) 88,240
Total Noticulterit Assets	-	00,240
TOTAL ASSETS	=	596,816
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Pension - CERS		165,382
OPEB - CERS		54,315
OF EB - CENS	-	34,313
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	219,697
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities		10 501
Accrued compensated absences	-	12,531 12,531
Total Current Liabilities	-	12,531
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net Pension Liability - CERS	_	734,343
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	734,343
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	746,874
DEFENDED INTLOW OF DECOUDOES		
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		050 070
Pension - CERS		252,376
OPEB - CERS	-	275,711
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	=	528,087
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		66,979
Restricted		380,089
Unrestricted		(905,516)
O'll Cottloted	-	(303,310)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ _	(458,448)

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	_	FOOD SERVICE FUND
OPERATING REVENUES: Lunchroom sales Other operating revenue	\$	102,485
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	_	102,485
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Salaries and wages		508,706
Employee benefits		249,650
Contract services		37,638
Materials and supplies Miscellaneous		1,226,690 5,723
Depreciation		10,208
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		2,038,615
	_	
Operating Income (Loss)	_	(1,936,130)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Federal grants		1,517,911
Federal commodities		103,787
State grants		246,202
Interest income		17,440
Gain (Loss) on sale of equipment	_	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	_	1,885,340
Net income (loss) before operating transfers		(50,790)
Transfers In		-
Transfers Out	_	(60,750)
Change in Net Position	-	(111,540)
Total Net Position beginning		(334,917)
Change in Accounting Principle (Note 18)		(11,991)
Total Net Position beginning restated	_	(346,908)
Total Net Position ending	\$_	(458,448)

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	FO	OD SERVICE FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$	109,655 (1,164,489) (598,832)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(1,653,666)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers Governmental grants		(60,750) 1,529,939
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		1,469,189
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of fixed assets Interest received		(43,082) 17,440
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		(25,642)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(210,119)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning		663,372
Cash and cash equivalents ending	\$	453,253
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities:	\$	(1,936,130)
Depreciating Activities. Depreciation On-behalf payments Donated commodities Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		10,208 234,174 103,787
Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable		7,170 1,775 -
Accrued Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB asset Deferred outflows Deferred inflows		540 (37,581) 10,422 65,785 (113,816)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(1,653,666)
Non-cash Items: On-behalf payments Donated commodities	\$ \$	234,174 103,787

POWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2025

	 SPECIAL PURPOSE TRUST FUND
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 19,861 168,673
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 188,534
NET POSITION: Net position - Held in trust	\$ 188,534
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 188,534

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Pl	PECIAL JRPOSE
	TRU	JST FUND
ADDITIONS		
Contributions	\$	2,250
Interest Income		5,296
Total Additions		7,546
DEDUCTIONS		
Community service		5,000
Total Deductions		5,000
Change in Net Position		2,546
Total net position - beginning of year		185,988
Total net position - end of year	\$	188,534

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Powell County School District (the District) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities in the United States of America. U. S. governmental accounting standards are established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for state and local governmental entities. The following discussion is a summary of the more significant accounting policies that apply to the District.

Reporting Entity

The Powell County Board of Education (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Powell County School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Powell County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which, although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself, such as Parent-Teacher Associations, School-Based Decision-Making Councils, and Family Resource Centers. Student organizations are blended into the Student Activity fund, a Special Revenue fund in accordance with GASBS No. 84, *Fiduciary Funds* and KDE policy.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board. Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements.

Blended Component Unit

Powell County Board of Education Finance Corporation - In a prior year, the Board resolved to authorize the establishment of the Powell County School District Finance Corporation (a non-stock, non-profit corporation organized under School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180) (the Corporation) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building improvements. The Board members of the Powell County Board of Education also comprise the corporation's Board of Directors. The Corporation does not publish individual component unit financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements present government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within the 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities accompanied by a total column.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all the District's assets and liabilities, including capital assets as well as long-term liabilities are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the District are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regard to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the District are property tax and utility tax. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes.
 - The Special Revenue Fund includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.
 - 2) The District Activity Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for funds collected at individual schools for operation costs of the school or school district that allows for more flexibility in the expenditure of those funds. This is a non-major fund of the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

- 3) The School Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and is used to account for activities and programs for athletic, community service, and scholastic organizations managed by each school to benefit student activities. This is a non-major fund of the District.
- (C) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds). The following are Capital Project Funds:
 - The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds (unless authorized for retention in the General Fund) and is generally restricted for use in financing capital acquisitions. This is a non-major fund of the District.
 - The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), Fund accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a non-major fund of the District.
 - The Construction Fund accounts for funds from two sources. First, funds generated by sales of bonds issues are used for various construction and renovation projects. Second, proceeds from the sale of properties and equipment owned by the District are to be used at the discretion of the Board for construction projects in future years. This is a major fund of the District.
- (D) The Debt Service Fund accounts for financial resources used for payment of principal and interest and other debt related costs. This is a non-major fund of the District.

II. Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)

The Food Service Fund accounts for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA"). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund of the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

III. Fiduciary Fund Types (Private-Purpose Trust Fund)

The Private Purpose Trust Fund (Scholarship Fund) is used to report bequests left for charitable payments for scholarship awards. The assets are held by the District in a trustee capacity, whereby the original bequest is preserved as nonexpendable and the interest earnings are available for scholarships for Powell County High School students. This is a non-major fund of the District.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions are where each party receives equal value. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before eligibility criteria other than time requirements have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. Unused donated commodities are also reported as inventory and unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the County. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer. However, the actual due date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund when tax revenues are restricted to a specific purpose.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2025, to finance the General Fund operations were \$0.525 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$0.525 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$0.502 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the delivery, within the district, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

<u>Inventory</u>

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. Improvements are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are expensed.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction-in-progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Buildings and improvements	25-50	years
Land improvements	20	years
Technology equipment	5	years
Vehicles	5-10	years
Audio-visual equipment	15	years
Food service equipment	12	years
Furniture and fixtures	20	years
Rolling Stock	15	years
Other	10	years

Unpaid Compensated Absences

The District implemented GASBS No. 101 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. GASBS No. 101 requires recognition of an additional liability for compensated absences that have been earned, are more likely than not to be paid out in cash or used for time off. District employees earn 3 days of personal leave in each school year (August – June). At the end of the school year, any unused personal leave days are converted to sick days. For fiscal year 2025, the District has added a liability for unused personal days that are expected to be used within the next school year. The probability that the unused personal days will be used has been based on a rolling-five year average of personal leave usage.

District employees also earn 10 sick days per year. Unused sick days are accrued without limitation to the credit of each employee. Employees who transfer to the District from another Kentucky public school district are allowed to transfer their unused sick leave from their prior employer to the District. Upon retirement or death of the District employee, the District remits a cash payment to the retired employee (or the decedent's estate) based on the daily salary rate based on the last annual salary, not to exceed 30% of the unused balance. This portion of the compensated absences liability has been recognized in prior years based on the provisions of the District's policies and KRS 161.155.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued compensated absences leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued compensated absences payable" in the general fund. The non-current portion of the liability is not reported in the governmental funds, but is included in the government-wide financial statements as a long-term liability. See Note 8 for details about the compensated absences liabilities. See Note 18 for the effects of implementing GASBS No. 101 in FY 2025 and the restatement of prior year fund balance and net position.

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP) during the year and adjusted to modified accrual for the governmental funds at year-end.
- b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP) during the year and adjusted to modified accrual for the governmental funds at year-end.
- c) Capital outlay is budgeted within the departmental budget (budgetary) as opposed to separate classification by character (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end in accordance with state law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund advances are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the non-current portion of capital leases, accrued compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CERS and KTRS, respectively. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Both systems publish separate financial statements as described in Note 6.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by these multiple-employer cost-sharing OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized by the pension systems when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value by the pension systems. Both systems publish separate financial statements as described in Note 7.

Fund Balances

GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions requires that fund balances for each of the District's governmental funds (General Fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, and debt service funds) should be displayed in the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

• Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

- Restricted fund balance—amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance as of June 30, 2025 consists of \$9,652,615 for capital projects in the Construction, SEEK Capital Outlay, and FSPK Building funds, \$8,779 for debt service in the Debt Service fund, \$339,986 for student activities in the District Activity and Student Activity funds, and \$128,707 for compensated absences in the General fund.
- Committed fund balance—amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the board's highest level of decision-making authority, which is a resolution. \$48,796 of general fund balance has been committed for the site-based decision-making council as of June 30, 2025.
- Assigned fund balance—amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The Board or a delegated entity has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. \$1,058,576 of general fund balance has been assigned for the FY26 budget as of June 30, 2025.
- Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

The District considers unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also, the District has established the order of assigned, committed and restricted when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets and any deferred outflows/inflows related to debt issued for capital financing. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by various schools and fees charged for day care services. All other revenues are non-operating. Operating expenses can be tied directly to the production of the goods and services, such as the materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are non-operating.

Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset in the proprietary fund financial statements and business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements, unless a right of offset exists.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Bond Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are expensed in the period they are incurred.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general-purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows- contributions to the CERS and KTRS pension systems after the measurement period, differences between actual and estimated actuarial assumptions in the two pension systems (see Notes 6 and 7), and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt (see Note 4).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until appropriate period. The District reports one type of deferred inflows- those related to the net differences between projected and actual actuarial assumptions for pension and OPEB plans (see Notes 6 and 7).

Lease Liabilities

The lease liability is recognized at the commencement of the lease term, unless the lease is a short-term lease, below the lease capitalization threshold of \$5,000, or it transfers ownership of the underlying asset. The lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives) based on a borrowing rate specified in the contract or implicit rate. The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease and extensions the District is reasonably certain to exercise. The District monitors changes in circumstances that are expected to significantly affect the amount of a lease liability that may require a remeasurement of its lease.

New Accounting Pronouncements

During FY2025, the District implemented GASBS No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This standard required an additional liability for earned personal leave that is more likely than not to be used for time off or converted to sick leave at the beginning of the next school year. See earlier discussion of the basis used to estimate the probability of using this leave and See Note 18 for the impact of the retroactive application of this guidance to compensated absence leave as of June 30, 2024.

GASBS No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, was issued in December 2023 and was effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024. This standard requires additional disclosures for concentrations that reflect a lack of diversity in resource flows. In addition, disclosures about constraints that impose limitation by external party or by the formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Constraints may also affect a government's ability to acquire resources or control spending. The District has evaluated significant revenue sources and critical legal and statutory requirements to evaluate whether the District is vulnerable to risks of concentration or constraints. The Commonwealth of Kentucky has revised the taxability of distillery warehouse inventory for local government property taxation. However, the revenue is not material to the District and the phase-in for the changes will occur over a five-year period. District's management has determined that no risk disclosures are required by GASBS No. 102.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

GASBS No. 103, *Reporting Model Improvements*, was issued in April 2024 and will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. This standard update guidance for the Management Discussion and Analysis, moves budgetary reporting to required supplementary information, revises the proprietary fund operating statement, and requires separate columns for major discretely-presented component units. The shift in budgetary reporting is simply a different location in the report. The revisions for the proprietary fund operating statement will elevate reporting for noncapital subsidies and transfers. None of these changes will have any effect on the District's financial position. The District will implement GASBS No. 103 during FY2026.

GASBS No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, was issued in September 2024 and will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. GASBS No. 104 requires separate reporting of leased, public-private partnership, and subscription-based information technology right-to-use assets. Additional disclosures may also be required for capital assets that are held for resale. The District is already separately reporting their leased and SBITA right-to-use assets and currently has no capital assets that are held for sale, so implementation of this standard will have no impact on the District's financial position.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and Investments

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240 (4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

No investments are reported at amortized cost. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments are valued using level 2 inputs.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

Investments recorded by the district consist of the following as of June 30, 2025:

	Fair Value		
Investment Type	Classification	Fund	Fair Value
Clear Springs	Level 2	Fiduciary	\$168,672
North American Co. Annuity Contract	Level 2	General	250,239
Total Investments			\$418,911

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240 (4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end, the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC Insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$11,735,579. The bank balance for the same time was \$12,601,080. Due to the nature of the accounts and limitations imposed by the purposes of the various funds, all cash balances are considered to be restricted except for the General Fund.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:	Dalarice	Additions	Бізрозаіз	Dalarice
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$1,215,819	\$0	\$82,014	\$1,133,805
Construction in Progress	8,499,178	16,432,385	3,386,249	21,545,314
Total Capital Assets not being	0,433,170	10,402,000	3,000,243	21,040,014
depreciated	9,714,997	16,432,385	3,468,263	22,679,119
Other Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	1,067,294	7,459	0	1,074,753
Buildings & Improvements	36,538,608	3,638,864	0	40,177,472
Technological Equipment	762,909	8,000	0	770,909
Vehicles	4,187,393	213,061	225,406	4,175,048
General Equipment	1,436,664	35,064	29,356	1,442,372
Infrastructure	0	106,403	0_	106,403
Total Other Assets	43,992,868	4,008,851	254,762	47,746,958
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(1,067,039)	(473)	0	(1,067,512)
Buildings & Improvements	(20,048,899)	(1,077,441)	0	(21,126,340)
Technological Equipment	(714,617)	(17,349)	0	(731,966)
Vehicles	(2,908,396)	(211,693)	(225,406)	(2,894,683)
General Equipment	(1,000,904)	(57,851)	(28,665)	(1,030,090)
Infrastructure	0	(5,320)	0	(5,320)
Total accumulated depreciation	(25,739,856)	(1,370,126)	(254,071)	(26,855,911)
Other Capital Assets, net	18,253,012	2,638,725	691	20,891,046
Intangible Assets				
Leased equipment	195,910	0	0	195,910
Subscriptions	17,423	0	0	17,423
Accumulated amortization	(47,559)	(42,868)	0	(90,427)
Intangible Assets, net	165,774	(42,868)	0	122,906
Governmental Activities, net	\$28,133,783	\$19,028,242	\$3,468,954	\$43,693,071
Business Activities:				
Technological Equipment	\$8,800	\$0	\$0	\$8,800
General Equipment	626,433	43,082	8,995	660,520
Total	635,233	43,082	8,995	669,320
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Technological Equipment	(8,800)	0	0	(8,800)
General Equipment	(592,328)	(10,208)	(8,995)	(593,542)
Total accumulated depreciation	(601,128)	(10,208)	(8,995)	(602,342)
Business Activities, net	\$34,105	\$32,874	\$0	\$66,979

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the governmental activities of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Instruction	\$605,874
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff Support	8,664
District Administration	57,146
School Administration	2,252
Business Support Services	140
Plant Operations & Maintenance	557,969
Student Transportation	172,949
Community Services	8,000
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$1,412,994

Intangible Right-to-Use Assets

GASBS No. 87, *Leases*, requires recognition of the value of copiers leased under long-term contracts. In FY 2024 the District entered a new lease for copiers, which was recognized according to the provisions of GASBS No. 87. As of June 30, 2025, the District had one lease agreement in place for copiers. Terms of the this lease are described in Note 4.

Intangible Subscription Assets

GASBS No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, requires recognition of the value of software and liabilities under long-term subscriptions.

The District has entered into various agreements for subscription based information technology software. The majority of these agreements cover only one fiscal year and are therefore exempt from the requirements under GASBS No. 96. However, the District is currently party to two subscription agreements to which the guidance in GASBS No. 96 is applicable.

In July 2022 the District entered into a subscription agreement with CEV for iCEV software. The term of the subscription is 28 months beginning July 1, 2022. The entire subscription cost of \$11,139 was paid up-front in July of 2022. In accordance with GASB 96 this amount was reported as an intangible asset at June 30, 2025, with accumulated amortization of \$11,139.

In July 2023 the District entered into a subscription agreement with Learning A-Z for RP-School software. The term of the subscription is 36 months beginning July 1, 2023. The entire subscription cost of \$6,284 was paid up-front in July of 2023. In accordance with GASB 96 this amount was reported as an intangible asset at June 30, 2025, with accumulated amortization of \$4,190. The remaining amount will be amortized at \$175 per month over the subscription term.

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS

Bonds

The District, through the General Fund, the Building Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Powell County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has the option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

In connection with the school revenue bonds issued after May 1, 1996, the District entered into "Participation Agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs.

The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements. The original amount of each issue, the issue date, interest rates, and outstanding balances of each bond are summarized below:

			Maturity	Outstanding Balance June 30,
Issue	Proceeds	Rates	Dates	2025
2013	5,545,000	1.50% - 3.00%	8/1/2028	2,730,000
2015R	2,685,000	2.00% - 2.40%	8/1/2026	585,000
2016 Energy	3,765,000	2.00% - 3.00%	5/1/1936	2,840,000
2016	4,120,000	1.15% - 3.00%	8/1/1936	3,195,000
2016R	960,000	1.10% - 3.00%	8/1/2028	420,000
2024	20,570,000	4.00%	2/1/2049	20,295,000_
	\$37,645,000			\$30,065,000

The bonds which may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2025 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

			Kentucky School	Construction	
	Powell County	School District	Commis	sion	
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	931,284	966,137	403,716	99,667	2,400,804
2027	967,860	940,327	382,140	90,406	2,380,733
2028	1,007,111	914,529	292,889	81,906	2,296,435
2029	1,054,576	882,359	300,424	74,370	2,311,729
2030	1,094,366	848,946	310,634	66,167	2,320,113
2031-2035	6,297,152	3,652,938	1,247,848	194,172	11,392,110
2036-2040	6,142,349	2,516,273	382,651	67,277	9,108,550
2041-2045	5,171,609	1,345,791	188,391	19,209	6,725,000
2046-2049	3,890,000	396,600	0	0	4,286,600
	\$26,556,307	\$12,463,902	\$3,508,693	\$693,172	\$43,222,074

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (cont'd)

Defeased Bonds

The District has Series 2015 and 2016 refunding bonds which resulted in differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded debt creating deferred outflows of resources of \$32,751 and \$60,470, respectively. These deferred balances will be amortized to operations yearly for \$2,977 and \$5,039 through 2026 and 2028, respectively. The total balance of the deferred loss on refunding as of June 30, 2025 was \$17,828.

Financed Purchases

The District finances several buses under financing agreements issued by the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association (KISTA). The following table summarizes the KISTA agreements outstanding as of June 30, 2025:

			2024			2025
	Maturity	Interest	Outstanding			Outstanding
KISTA Issue	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Balance</u>	Additions	Retirements	<u>Balance</u>
Series 2015	3/1/2025	2.00%	\$20,393	\$0	20,393	\$0
Series 2016	3/1/2026	2.00%	40,629	0	20,042	20,587
Series 2017	3/1/2027	2.55%	64,646	0	23,460	41,186
Series 2019	3/1/2029	3.00%	108,638	0	23,127	85,511
Series 2020	3/1/2030	2.00%	68,971	0	11,647	57,324
Series 2021	3/1/2031	3.10%	331,236	0	48,131	283,105
Series 2025	3/1/2035	3.25%	0	176,527	0	176,527
Totals			\$614,120	\$176,527	\$126,407	\$664,240

Future minimum payments required for financed purchases are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	143,464	14,426	157,890
2027	125,336	11,709	137,045
2028	97,192	8,982	106,174
2029	97,130	7,024	104,154
2030	69,715	5,064	74,779
2031-2035	131,403	9,734	141,137
	\$664,240	\$56,939	\$721,179

The following is an analysis of the property under financed purchases by class at June 30, 2025:

Class of Property	Amount
Buses Book Value	\$686.129

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (cont'd)

Intangible Right-to-Use Lease Liabilities

GASBS No. 87, *Leases*, outlines accounting and reporting leases with long-term commitments for right-to-use assets that will not be purchased at the termination of the lease.

The District leases a variety of copier/printers from Toshiba Business Solutions under a lease with a term of 60 months. This lease requires a minimum monthly lease payment of \$3,596, plus additional charges for excess usage and excluding applicable taxes. For purposes of discounting future payments on the lease, the District used the interest rate of 4%. The leased equipment and accumulated amortization of the right-to-use assets are outlined in Note 3.

Minimum lease payments over the next five years include:

	Lease Payments to Maturity					
	<u>Principal</u>					
FY 2026	38,860	4,292	43,152			
FY 2027	40,443	2,709	43,152			
FY 2028	42,091	1,061	43,152			
FY 2029	3,584	12	3,596			
	\$124,978	\$8,074	\$133,052			

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	Beginning			Ending	Amounts Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Bonds	\$31,350,000	\$0	\$1,285,000	\$30,065,000	\$1,335,000
Bond Premium	(21,062)	0	714	(20,348)	0
Financed Purchases	634,513	176,527	146,800	664,240	143,463
Compensated Absences	206,944	468,041	1,536	673,449	447,263
Lease Liabilities	162,317	0	37,339	124,978	38,860
Total	\$32,332,712	\$644,568	\$1,471,389	\$31,507,319	\$1,964,586

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS UNDER SHORT-TERM LEASES

Commitments under short-term lease agreements for office equipment provided for the minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Amount
2026	\$1,075

Expenditures for equipment under short-term leases for the year ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$2,857.

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA), an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. As of April 1, 2022, Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 78.782 shifted the governance of CERS to a separate Board of Trustees of the County Employees Retirement System. The CERS Board manages the CERS trust, including investment management. KPPA provides the day-to-day administration (KRS 61.505) for accounting and benefit administration for CERS. The Kentucky General Assembly has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years of service or 65 years old At least 5 years of service and 55 years old At least 25 years of service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013 At least 5 years of service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and the sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years of service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years of service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and the sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. In 2013, the General Assembly established funding status thresholds which must be achieved before another COLA can be awarded to retirees. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both these components.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (cont'd)

Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

Employer Contributions – For the year ended June 30, 2025, employer contributions were established by the County Employees Retirement Systems in December 2022. The governing Board establishes employer contribution rates based on the annual actuarial valuation completed in November each year for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. For fiscal year 2025, the employer contribution rate for CERS nonhazardous pensions was 19.71%. In fiscal year 2024, these rates were 23.34%. (See NOTE 7 for additional rate information for the OPEB plans.)

Employee Contributions – Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	<u>INOTIFIAZATUOUS</u>
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS of Ky")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS of Ky)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS of Ky was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. TRS of Ky is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS of Ky issues a separate publicly available financial report that can be obtained from the TRS of Ky website, at https://trs.ky.gov/administration/financial-reports-information/.

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (cont'd)

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation.

Effective July 1, 2008, the System was amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date. Members hired after July 1, 2008, must complete 27 years of service, attain age 60 and 5 years of service, or attain age 55 and 10 years of service. The annual retirement allowance for members hired after July 1, 2008, is 1.7% for 10 years or less of service; 2.0% for 10 -20 years; 2.3% for 20 - 26 years; 2.5% for 26 - 30 years; or 3.0% for more than 30 years of service. The annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

In 2021, the Kentucky General Assembly added a fourth tier to the TRS System. Members hired on or after January 1, 2022, will be eligible for a combined defined benefit and defined contribution plan. The defined benefit portion is based on length of service, final average salary, a multiplier, and the annuity option selected by the member. The defined contribution benefit portion (supplemental benefit) is determined by an account balance funded by mandatory and voluntary contributions and the payment options selected by the member.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS of Ky also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (cont'd)

TRS provides disability retirement allowance for members who are totally and permanently disabled after completing at least 5 years of service, but less than 27 years. The disability allowance is equal to 60% of the member's final average salary, payable over an entitlement period equal to 25% of the service credited to the member at the date of disability or five years, whichever is longer. If the member is still disabled after the end of the entitlement period, the member receives a service retirement allowance, including additional service credit for the period of disability retirement. This extended allowance will not be less than \$6,000 and is not reduced for retirement prior to age 60 or completion of 27 years of service.

TRS provides a death benefit to a surviving spouse of an active member with less than 10 years of service. This benefit is \$2,880 per year unless the spouse has income from other sources that exceed \$6,600 which will reduce this death benefit to \$2,160 per year. A surviving spouse of an active member with 10 or more years of service is eligible for a death benefit actuarially equivalent to the allowance that the member would have received upon retirement. This benefit will commence on the date the deceased member would have been eligible for the service retirement and is payable during the life of the spouse. Additional benefits are provided for unmarried children under age 18 who are also survivors of the deceased member.

If an employee terminates covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Tiers 1, 2, and 3 non-university employees are required to contribute 9.105% of their salaries to the System for pension benefits. (See OPEB discussion for additional contribution rates.) The mandatory pension contribution for Tier 4 non-university employees hired on or after January 1, 2022, is 11%. Employer rates for Tiers 1 and 2 in FY 2025 were 31.95% and Tier 3 were 32.195 (only paid by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as on-behalf payments). Employer rates for Tiers 1 and 2 in FY 2024 were 30.855% and Tier 3 were 31.855%. Employer (only Commonwealth of Kentucky) rates for Tier 4 in FY 2025 were 9.920% and in FY 2024 were 10.0%. 2% of the Tier 4 employee and employer contributions is allocated to the supplemental benefit (defined contribution portion of Tier 4). Those employees may also voluntarily contribute an additional amount, not to exceed the earnings on a paycheck. (See OPEB NOTE 7 for additional contribution rates.)

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (cont'd)

In 2019, the Kentucky General Assembly increased the employer contribution in the state's biennial budgets to reflect the actuarially determined rates, less the employee contribution. The current funding policy requires appropriations that are the sum of the fixed employer contribution rate set by state law and an additional amount to provide an actuarial determined employer contribution. The pension portion of the statutory (KRS 161.550) contributions for the state (as a non-employer contributing entity) are as follows:

- 12.355% for non-university members who joined prior to July 1, 2008
- 13.355% for non-university members who joined after July 1, 2008, but prior to January 1, 2022
- 9.775% for non-university members who joined after January 1, 2022, with 7.775% to the foundational benefit and 2% to the supplemental benefit.
- 16.105% for non-university employers with members in Tier 1 and Tier 2
- 17.105% for non-university employers with members in Tier 3
- 9.775% for non-university employers with members in Tier 4, with 7.775% to the foundational benefit and 2% to the supplemental benefit.
- See OPEB Note Q for additional contribution rates.

The required increase to bring employer rates to the amount required for full actuarial funding are being phased in over a five-year period from the 2021 valuation to the 2026 valuation. The 2022 valuation required an increase of 18.920% for Tiers 1, 2, and 3 while actual rates included 15.09% increase for the phase-in to full funding. The 2021 valuation required 16.180% while actual rates included 14.75% for the phase-in to full funding. The 2022 Valuation was used to determine these rates for the state's 2025 fiscal year.

The TRS Board is required to present the actuarially determined annual retirement appropriations payable by the state for Tiers 1, 2, and 3. Tier 4 is a defined contribution tier and does not require amortization of an unfunded liability. This actuarially determined rate is based on an actuarial analysis that is based on a valuation using the following:

- Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method;
- Five-year asset smoothing method;
- 30-year closed amortization period that began fiscal year 2014 to determine the minimum payment which cannot be less than the prior year until the plan reaches a 100% funded ratio;
- 20-year amortization of new sources of unfunded liability; and
- Achieving a 100% funding ratio with the closed period adopted by the Board.

In addition, the State's General Assembly may provide additional contributions to reduce the TRS unfunded liability. The state contributed an additional \$479 million in fiscal year 2022, but no additional amounts were contributed in fiscal years 2023 and 2024. These additional contributions are not required by statute and are not included in the actuarial projection of future employer contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (cont'd)

At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS of Ky because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS of Ky on behalf of the District in a special funding situation.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of th pension liability	e CERS net	\$ 6,268,979
Commonwealth's proportionate shall net pension liability associated with		38,774,726
Total		\$ 45,043,70 <u>5</u>

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actuarial liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District's proportion was 0.104825 percent. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized a decrease in pension expense of \$1,168,203 related to CERS and expense of \$4,741,497 related to TRS of Ky. The District also recognized on-behalf revenue of \$4,741,497 for TRS of Ky support provided by the Commonwealth paid directly to TRS of Ky.

At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	303,430	\$ -
Changes of assumptions		-	283,235
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		430,538	833,600
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions		-	1,037,659
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	677,878	
	\$ _	1,411,846	\$ 2,154,494

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (cont'd)

\$677,878 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2026.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year en</u>	<u>ded</u>	<u>June 30:</u>
2026	\$ (*	1,099,366)
2027	\$	(76,392)
2028	\$	(154,942)
2029	\$	(89,826)
2030	\$	-

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	TRS of Ky
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Payroll growth rate	2.00%	N/A
Cost-of-living adjustment	0.0%	1.5%
Salary Increases	3.30% - 10.30%	3.0-7.5%
Investment rate of return	6.50%	7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	N/A	3.94%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	6.50%	7.10%

For CERS, mortality tables used for non-hazardous retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013 to 2022, for the non-hazardous system, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023. Mortality for active non-hazardous members was based on the PUB-2010 General Mortality table, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

For TRS of Ky, mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 and various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (cont'd)

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years, at a minimum. The most recent experience study was based on experience through June 30, 2022 and adopted by the CERS Board of Trustees on May 9, 2023. In 2024, the CERS Actuarial Committee requested an update on the key economic assumptions to evaluate these assumptions for the 2024 evaluation. GRS relied on capital market assumptions, CERS 2024 investment policy for the target asset allocation, and changes to investment consultants assumptions based on 2024 market conditions to develop recommended assumptions for inflation, investment returns, and payroll growth. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.3% per annum for the non-hazardous plan.

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	, ,	Real Rate of
	<u>Allocation</u>	Return
Equity:	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	4.15%
Private Credit	10.00%	9.10%
Fixed Income:	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	2.85%
High Yield Credit	10.00%	3.82%
Cash	0.00%	1.70%
Inflation Protected:	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	4.90%
Real Return	<u>13.00%</u>	5.35%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	
Expected Real Return		4.69%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		<u>2.50%</u>
Expected Nominal Return for Portf	olio	<u>7.19%</u>

For TRS of Ky, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS of Ky's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (cont'd)

	Long-Term
Target	Expected Real
Allocation	Rate of Return
35.4%	5.0%
2.6%	5.5%
15.7%	5.5%
5.3%	6.1%
15.0%	1.9%
2.0%	3.8%
8.0%	3.6%
7.0%	3.2%
7.0%	8.0%
2.0%	1.6%
<u>100.0%</u>	
	Allocation 35.4% 2.6% 15.7% 5.3% 15.0% 2.0% 8.0% 7.0% 7.0% 2.0%

Discount rate—For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.50%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For TRS of Ky, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. The actuary assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS of Ky proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS	_	5.50%	 6.50%	7.50%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	8,081,739	\$ 6,268,979	\$ 4,764,867
KTRS District's proportionate share		6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
of net pension liability	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (cont'd)

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS of Ky.

Deferred Compensation

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, was amended by GASBS No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. The GASB standards allow entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities for these defined contribution plans from their financial statements. The District therefore does not show these assets and liabilities in this financial statement.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two OPEB plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Teachers Retirement System of Kentucky (TRS of Ky) covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. Retired District employees receive some health care benefits depending on their length of service. In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes, these benefits are provided and advance funded on an actuarially determined basis through the CERS and TRS of Ky plans. The CERS governance structure discussed in NOTE 6 for pension plan governance also applies to the CERS OPEB plans. The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority's publicly available financial report includes the CERS OPEB plan reports and may be obtained from https://www.kyret.ky.gov/Publications/Pages/Actuarial-Valuations.aspx. TRS of Ky issues a publicly available financial report can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/administration/financial-reports-information/.

CERS Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description— All District employees participating in CERS are provided benefits through the nonhazardous plan. CERS health insurance benefits are subject to various participation dates to determine eligibility and health insurance contribution rates. For employees who initiated participation in the CERS system prior to July 1, 2003, CERS pays a percentage of the monthly contribution rate for insurance covered based on the retired member's years of service and type of service. Non-hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for only the member's health insurance premium.

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (cont'd)

Benefits Provided—Percentage of premium subsidies ranges from 0% for less than 4 years of service to 100% for 20 years or more of service. For members who initiated participation in the CERS system after July 1, 2003 until August 31, 2008, members must have 120 months of service in a state-administered retirement system to qualify for participation in the CERS health plans. Members who began participating with CERS on or after September 1, 2008, must have 180 months of service upon retirement to participate in the CERS health plans. Non- hazardous retirees receive \$10 toward the monthly premium for each full year of service.

Contributions—CERS allocates a portion of the employer contributions to the health insurance benefit plans. Beginning with the 2023 measurement, the CERS nonhazardous OPEB plan was over funded and employer contributions were decreased to zero. CERS allocated 0.0% in FY 2025 and FY 2024 for the actuarially required contribution rate paid by employers for funding the nonhazardous healthcare benefit. In addition, 1% of the Tier 2 and 3 employee contributions are allocated to the health insurance plan for nonhazardous plans.

CERS OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2025, the District reported an asset of \$181,501 for its proportionate share of the CERS collective net OPEB asset. The collective net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB asset was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2025, the District's proportion was 0.104926 percent. The District recognized a negative OPEB expense of \$574,034 as the OPEB asset increased and the related deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources decreased.

At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

CERS		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	•			
experience	\$	100,695	\$	1,428,057
Changes of assumptions		164,462		128,068
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		159,544		325,175
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share		20.075		470 400
of contributions		38,975		472,408
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		-	- ,	-
	\$	463,676	\$	2,353,708

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (cont'd)

No District contributions subsequent to the measurement date were reported in deferred outflows since the plan is overfunded and no employer contributions will be assessed until the funded status declines.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June	30:	
2026	\$	(711,627)
2027	\$	(600,352)
2028	\$	(535,955)
2029	\$	(42,098)
2030	\$	-
Thereafter	\$	-

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return Projected salary increases	6.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation. 3.30% - 10.30%, for non-hazardous, depending on years of service
Inflation rate	2.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates:	
Under 65	Initial trend rate starts at 7.1%, January 2026, and gradually decreasing
	to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 14 years
Ages 65 and Older	Initial trend starting at 8.0%, January 2026, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 14 years
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.97%
Discount Rate	5.99% non-hazardous

Post-retirement mortality rates (non-disabled) used a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013 – 2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience for the period ending June 30, 2022 and adopted by the CERS Board of Trustees on May 9, 2023. The investment return, price inflation, and payroll growth assumption were adopted by the Board in May 2024 for use with the June 30, 2024 valuation to reflect future economic expectations.

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (cont'd)

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years, at a minimum. The most recent analysis was based on a review of recent plan experience for the period ending June 30, 2022 and adopted by the CERS Board of Trustees on May 9, 2023. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.3% per annum for the nonhazardous plan.

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allegation	Real Rate of
	Allocation	Return
Equity:	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	4.15%
Private Credit	10.00%	9.10%
Fixed Income:	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	2.85%
High Yield Credit	10.00%	3.82%
Cash	0.00%	1.70%
Inflation Protected:	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	4.90%
Real Return	<u>13.00%</u>	5.35%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	
Expected Real Return		4.69%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		<u>2.50%</u>
Expected Nominal Return for Portf	olio	<u>7.19%</u>

Discount rate – The single discount rate of 5.99% for CERS nonhazardous was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024. The Single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 3.97%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2024. Future contributions are projected in accordance with the current funding policy mandated in Ky Revised Statutes 61.565, as amended, which includes the requirement that each participating employer in the System contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate, which is determined using a closed funding period (the Kentucky General Assembly reset the amortization period to 30 years in 2020) and the actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the Board of Trustees. Current assets, future contributions, and investment earnings are projected to be sufficient to pay the projected benefit payments from the retirement system.

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (cont'd)

However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy for non-Medicare retirees is not currently included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy is not paid out of the System's trust. The implicit rate subsidy is paid by the Commonwealth of Kentucky self-insurance fund, Kentucky Employees Health Plan. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.99%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.99%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.99%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	 1% Increase
CERS		4.99%	5.99%	6.99%
District's proportionate share				
of net OPEB liability	\$	245,410	(181,501)	\$ (540,449)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates — The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	(Current Health Care Trend Rate	Э	1% Increase	
CERS District's proportionate share						
of net OPEB liability	\$ (436,670)	\$	(181,501)	\$	115,752	

The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority's publicly available financial report includes financial reports for the CERS OPEB plans and may be obtained from https://www.kyret.ky.gov/Publications/Pages/Actuarial-Valuations.aspx.

TRS of Ky POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

The Commonwealth of Kentucky (State) reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense based on the statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS of Ky Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans in a special funding situation for local school districts. Local school districts include a proportionate share of the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expenses for the cost-sharing medical insurance plan.

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (cont'd)

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described in NOTE 6, KRS 161.675 requires TRS of Ky to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The TRS of Ky Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS of Ky Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits Provided—To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS of Ky Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS of Ky Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions–KRS 161.540 requires non-university members to contribute 3.75% to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, including members in Tier 4 hired after January 1, 2022. The Commonwealth of Kentucky contributes three quarters percent (.75%) from a state appropriation and local school district employers contribute three percent (3.00%). Contributions are based on statutory provisions, not an actuarially determined contribution rate.

TRS of Ky OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability of \$2,698,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for medical insurance. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.288942 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB
liability associated with the District
Total

\$ 2,698,000

\$ 2,698,000

\$ 2,404,000

\$ 5,102,000

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (cont'd)

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized a decrease in OPEB expense of \$471,197 In addition, the District recognized on-behalf revenue and expenses of \$223,933 for support provided by the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

s of	Deferred Inflows of Resources
<u> </u>	810,000
	-
	87,000
00	1,585,000
63	_
	2,482,000
)	\$ 5000 5000 563 563 \$ 5

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$282,563 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June	<u> 30:</u>	
2026	\$	(289,000)
2027	\$	(49,000)
2028	\$	(113,000)
2029	\$	(245,000)
2030	\$	(205,000)
Thereafter	\$	(33,000)

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (cont'd)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Long-term investment rate of return 7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation.

Projected salary increases 3.00 – 7.50%, including inflation

Inflation rate 2.50% Wage Inflation 2.75%

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.10%, net of OPEB Plan investment expense, including

inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates

Medical Trend 6.50% for FYE 2024 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY 2031 Medicare Part B Premiums 5.92% for FYE 2024 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2035

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the in the June 30, 2024 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2024 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2024 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2023 valuation and was show as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (cont'd)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.0%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.5%
Developed Internation Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	8.0%	3.8%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	3.7%
Real Estate	6.5%	3.2%
Private Equity	8.5%	8.0%
Cash	1.0%	1.6%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total health care OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2023. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010 were assumed to be paid by either the State or the retirees themselves.
- Administrative expenses, except the administrative fee of \$8 PMPM paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to paid in all years by the employer as they come due and are not considered in the cash flow projections.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the Health Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and
 the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the Health
 Trust achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the
 following Health Trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
 - o Employee contributions
 - School District/University Contributions
 - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010.

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (cont'd)

These adjustments were incorporated into the valuation with open group projections that assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amounts in the years if/when the Health Trust is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy (Schedule B). As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

- Adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years were based on the following assumptions:
 - Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
 - Estimates for new entrants were based on the assumption that active headcounts would remain flat for all future years.

Based on these assumptions, the Health Trust's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to pay benefits.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	 Current Discount Rate	 1% Increase	
KTRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%	
District's proportionate share				
of MIF net OPEB liability	3,585,000	\$ 2,698,000	\$ 1,964,000	

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates — The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Health 1% Decrease Care Trend Rate				1% Increase
KTRS					
District's proportionate share					
of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,823,000	\$	2,698,000	\$	3,786,000

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (cont'd)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

TRS Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$2,000 payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – The Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed 0.08% of salary to the Life Insurance Trust for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 and 0.08% for fiscal year June 30, 2024.

TRS OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2025, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability \$ -0-State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District 55,000

Total \$ 55,000

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized OPEB revenue and expense of \$16,000 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Projected salary increases 3.50 – 7.50%, including inflation

Inflation rate 2.50% Real Wage Growth 0.50% Wage Inflation 2.75%

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (cont'd)

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the in the June 30, 2024 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2024 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2024 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2023 valuation and wash show as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	40.0%	5.2%
Developed Internation Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	21.0%	1.9%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	4.0%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.2%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.0%
Cash	2.0%	1.6%
Total	100.0%	

Single Equivalent Interest Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2023. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the Life Trust's cash flows:

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (cont'd)

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The employer will contribute the Statutory Contribution in accordance with the Life Trust's funding policy.
- Administrative expenses were assumed to paid in all years by the employer as they come
 due and are not considered in the cash flow projections.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Life Trust's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to pay all benefits for all current members.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – TRS of Ky issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/administration/financial-reports-information/.

NOTE 8 - ACCUMULATED UNPAID COMPENSATED ABSENCES

District employees earn 3 days of personal leave each school year. Any unused personal leave days are converted to sick leave at the end of each school year (July 1). Liabilities for personal leave days that have been earned and are more likely than not to be used as time off or converted to sick leave at year end have been added to the liabilities recorded for unused compensated absences in prior years. See Note 18 for the impact of this additional liability on the prior fund balances and net position for June 30, 2024.

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability based on when the employee earns the leave. Sick leave may be accumulated under KRS 161.155 without limit, except that employees who began employer on or after July 1, 2008, are limited to a total of 300 hours of accrual for unused sick leave. An accrual for earned sick leave liability is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments at retirement or the death of an employee. At June 30, 2025, this amount totaled \$660,918. The District follows a policy of funding up to one-half of the total amount accrued as a commitment of the General Fund balance.

Governmental fund financial statements include liabilities that are expected to be paid with expendable, available resources, within 60 days of the year. All remaining liabilities are included in the government-wide financial statements, based on an historical average of payments within one year and payments that are made after one year.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued compensated absences" in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

NOTE 9 - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated and include workers' compensation insurance.

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES

Funding for the District's Grant Funds is provided by federal, state and local government agencies. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. If, based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced, or to refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantor's satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantor's intent to continue their programs. In addition, the District operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the District are subject to the administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal and state regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to, the U.S. Department of Education and the Kentucky Department of Education. Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or the Kentucky Legislature or an administrative change mandated by the Kentucky Department of Education. Such changes may occur with little or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including the additional administrative burden to comply with a change.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for worker's compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund. These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school districts and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage.

Contributions to the Workers' Compensation Fund are based on premium rates established by such a fund in conjunction with the excess insurance carrier, subject to claims experience modifications and a group discount amount. Dividends may be declared, but are not payable until twenty-four months after the expiration of the self-insurance term. The liability insurance fund pays insurance premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage, and for any reason, by giving ninety days notice. In the event the Trust terminated coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund would be returned to the member on a pro rata basis.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past several fiscal years.

NOTE 12 - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE 13 - DEFICIT OPERATING/ FUND BALANCES

The Food Service Fund is operating with a deficit fund balance of \$458,448 at June 30, 2025. The following funds had operations that resulted in a current year deficit after transfers and other financing sources (see Note 14) of revenues over expenditures resulting in the following reductions of fund balances:

Seek Capital Outlay Fund	\$ 614,136
FSPK Building Fund	\$ 967,006
Construction Fund	\$10,975,871
Food Service Fund	\$ 111,540

NOTE 14 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
General	Special Revenue	KETS Matching	36,734.00
General	Construction	Construction	488,174.00
Special Revenue	General	Indirect Costs	28,493.00
Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	60,749.00
Capital Outlay	General	Capital Expenditures	396,899.00
Capital Outlay	Construction	Construction	404,454.00
Building	General	Capital Expenditures	661,677.00
Building	Construction	Construction	919,327.00
Building	Debt Service	Debt Service	1,653,188.00
Construction	Special Revenue	Residual Funds	72,711.00
Construction	Construction	Intra-Project Transfer	67,096.00

NOTE 15 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System	\$ 2,750,864
Health & Life Insurance	2,673,297
Technology	63,274
Debt Service	503,381
Recognized at the Fund Level	\$ 5,990,816
Additional pension expense recognized	
at the Government-Wide Level	\$ 4,552,497
Total On-Behalf	\$ 10,543,313

These payments were recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund balance as follows:

General Fund	\$ 5,253,261
Food Service Fund	234,174
Debt Service Fund	503,381
Total	\$ 5,990,816

NOTE 16-LITIGATION

The District is subject to several legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

NOTE 17- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, management of the District has evaluated events and transaction for potential recognition or disclosure through November 14, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 18 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

In FY2025, the District implemented GASBS No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which requires recognition of an additional liability for earned leave that is more than likely to be used for time off or converted to sick leave at the end of the school year. GASBS No. 101 also requires retroactive recognition of these liabilities as of June 30, 2024. The impact to net position on the governmentwide statement of activities is:

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Net position, as previously reported	\$ 8,318,135 \$	(334,917) \$	7,983,218
Adjustments:			
GASBS No. 101 Implementation	(386,110)	(11,991)	(398,101)
Net change - GASBS No. 101 Implementation	(386,110)	(11,991)	(398,101)
Net Change in Beginning Net Position	(386,110)	(11,991)	(398,101)
Net Position, June 30, 2024, Restated	\$ 7,932,025 \$	(346,908) \$	7,585,117

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2025 (2024)	easurement Date) 2024 (2023)	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2023 (2022)	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2022 (2021)	erting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2021 (2020)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2020 (2019)	ing Fiscal Year surement Date) 2019 (2018)	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2018 (2017)	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2017 (2016)	surement Date) 2016 (2015)
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.104825%	0.116166%	0.141387%	0.138553%	0.131814%		0.122517%	0.124204%	0.128885%	0.135900%	0.137300%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	6,268,979	\$ 7,453,801	\$ 10,220,885	\$ 8,833,841	\$ 10,110,025	\$	8,616,674	\$ 7,564,402	\$ 7,554,035	\$ 6,690,266	\$ 5,901,516
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,417,294	\$ 3,446,142	\$ 4,008,566	\$ 3,389,854	\$ 3,246,252	\$	3,100,092	\$ 3,088,791	\$ 2,771,090	\$ 3,299,597	\$ 4,439,208
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		183.45%	216.29%	254.98%	260.60%	311.44%		277.90%	244.90%	272.60%	202.80%	132.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.61%	57.48%	52.42%	57.33%	47.81%		50.45%	53.54%	53.30%	55.50%	59.97%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net pension liability		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	<	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		-		-		Y.			-			-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associa with the District Total	ted \$ \$	38,774,726 38,774,726	\$ 44,423,260 44,423,260	\$ 45,943,187 45,943,187	\$ 36,890,994 36,890,994	\$ 38,480,449 38,480,449	\$	38,428,357 38,428,357	\$ 37,503,211 37,503,211	\$ 83,434,442 83,434,442	\$ 90,120,765 90,120,765	\$ 71,163,841 71,163,841
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	9,763,890	\$ 9,201,063	\$ 10,674,087	\$ 10,019,908	\$ 9,484,797	\$	10,580,700	\$ 9,479,900	\$ 10,155,609	\$ 10,227,610	\$ 10,097,712
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		60.36%	57.68%	56.41%	65.59%	58.27%		58.80%	59.30%	56.40%	54.60%	55.30%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. **Note:** These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	 2025	 2024	 2023		2022		2021		2020	 2019	 2018	 2017		2016
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ 677,878	\$ 785,282	\$ 809,739	\$	830,079	\$	691,512	\$	660,212	\$ 502,835	\$ 447,257	\$ 386,567	\$	409,810
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 677,878	 785,282	 809,739		830,079		691,512		660,212	 502,835	 447,257	 386,567	_	409,810
Contribution deficiency (excess)						0		0		-	-	-		-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,439,259	\$ 3,364,533	\$ 3,460,423	\$	3,921,016	\$	3,582,967	\$	3,420,790	\$ 3,100,092	\$ 3,088,791	\$ 2,771,090	\$	3,299,597
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	19.71%	23.34%	23.40%		21.17%		19.30%		19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	13.95%		12.42%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 	 	 			42				 		 		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,578,192	\$ 9,763,890	\$ 9,201,063	\$	10,674,087	\$	10,019,908	\$	9,407,819	\$ 10,580,700	\$ 9,479,900	\$ 10,155,609	\$	10,227,610
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

The actuarially determined contribution rates are determined on an annual basis using the actuarial valuation conducted two years prior to the year in which the contribution will be assessed.

2023 Changes of Assumptions - The inflation rate was increased to 2.5% and the investment rate of return was increased to 6.5%. The system mortality table was revised to MP-2020 and the base year was changed to 2023.

2020 Changes of Assumptions –The amortization period for the unfunded liability was reset as of June 30, 2019, to a closed 30-year period.

2019 Changes of Assumptions – The 2019 actuarial valuation used updated mortality tables for all categories of members and beneficiaries and a system-specific mortality table for non-disabled retirees. In 2019, mortality rates for active members were based on the PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the nonhazardous members projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. Post-retirement mortality rates (non-disabled) used a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013 – 2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality Table is used for post-retirement mortality for disabled retirees with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. Previous valuations were based on RP-2000 Combined Mortality Tables.

2017 Changes of Assumptions – For the 2017 actuarial valuation, several key actuarial assumptions were revised. Changes in assumptions prior to 2016 provided minor adjustments to the actuarial measurements. The following table outlines the actuarial methods and assumptions that were used in 2019 and 2016 to determine contribution rates reported for all systems:

Assumption	2017 Valuation	2016 Valuation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level of Percentage of	Level of Percentage of
	Payroll, closed	Payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	26 Years	27 Years
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Post-retirement benefit adjustments	0.00%	0.00%
Inflation	2.30%	3.25%
Salary Increase	3.3% to 11.55% varies by service), average, including Inflation	4% , average, including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, including Inflation	7.5%, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, including Inflation

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Cont'd):

Changes of Benefit Terms -

2014: A cash balance plan was introduced for member whose participation date begins on or after January 1, 2014

2009: A new benefit tier for members who first participate on or after September 1, 2008 was introduced which included the following changes:

- 1. Tiered Structure for benefit accrual rates
- 2. New retirement eligibility requirements
- 3. Different rules for the computation of final average compensation

KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

2023 - No changes to benefits or assumptions

2022 Changes of Benefit Terms – A new benefit tier was added for members joining TRS on and after January 1, 2022. Tier 4 includes a foundational benefit (defined benefit) and a supplemental benefit (defined contribution). The foundational benefit changes the condition for retirement to attainment of age 57 and 10 years of service or age 65 and 5 years of service. Members hired before July 1, 2008, were eligible for retirement with 27 years of service or at age 55 with 5 years of service. Members hired after July 1, 2008, but before January 1, 2022, were eligible with 27 years of service, or at age 50 with 5 years of service, or at age 55 with 10 years of service. Multipliers based on service are slightly higher for Tier 4 members.

The supplemental benefit is based on an account balance that includes member and employer contributions plus interest credited annually on June 30. Tier 4 members may opt for an annuitized or lump sum distribution.

2022 Changes of Assumptions – The 2020 experience study was used to adjust rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub 2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% to 7.10% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. In addition, the calculation of SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

2018 Changes of Assumptions – The 2018 actuarial analysis for TRS of Ky indicated that cash flow for the system would be sufficient to pay benefits in all periods. As a result, the discount rate for the 2018 study was the same as the long-term expected yield of 7.5%. In 2017, the analysis used a blended rate of 4.49% which included the application of the municipal bond index to periods after 2038. The actuarial gains for this change will be recognized over the average remaining service lives for active members (10.6 years for the 2020 valuation) and are creating negative pension expense for the TRS pension system.

2017 Changes of Assumptions – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was increased from 4.20% to 4.49%.

2016 Changes of Assumptions – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was decreased from 4.88% to 4.20%. Rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted based on an experience study conducted in 2015. The Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were also decreased.

2015 Changes of Assumptions - The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was decreased from 5.23% to 4.88%.

2014 Changes of Assumptions – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was increased from 5.16% to 5.23%.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	(Measur	g Fiscal Year rement Date) 2025 2024)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2024 (2023)	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2023 (2022)	ng Fiscal Year rement Date) 2022 (2021)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2021 (2020)	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2020 (2019)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2019 (2018)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2018 (2017)
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.104926%		0.116162%	0.141362%	0.138520%	,	0.131776%	0.122485%		0.124199%	 0.128885%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(181,501)	\$	(160,381)	\$ 2,789,798	\$ 2,651,896	\$	3,181,990	\$ 2,060,145	\$	2,205,129	\$ 2,591,029
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,417,294	\$	3,446,142	\$ 4,008,566	\$ 3,389,854	\$	3,246,252	\$ 3,100,092	\$	3,088,791	\$ 2,771,090
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-5.31%		-4.65%	69.60%	78.23%		98.02%	66.45%		71.39%	93.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		104.89%		104.23%	60.95%	62.91%		51.67%	60.44%		57.62%	52.40%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.121051%		0.136751%	0.195494%	0.1512 74 %		0.145435%	0.150307%		0.148137%	0.161762%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,698,000	\$	3,331,000	\$ 4,853,000	\$ 3,246,000	\$	3,670,000	\$ 4,399,000	\$	5,139,931	\$ 5,768,080
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associate with the District Total	\$ \$	2,807,000 5,505,000	\$ \$	2,807,000 6,138,000	\$ 1,594,000 6,447,000	\$ 2,636,000 5,882,000	\$	3,674,000 7,344,000	\$ 3,553,000 7,952,000	\$ \$	4,430,000 9,569,931	\$ 4,712,000 10,480,080
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,751,869	\$	7,527,284	\$ 8,643,862	\$ 8,950,573	\$	8,561,717	\$ 10,580,700	\$	9,479,900	\$ 10,155,609
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		34.80%		44.25%	56.14%	36.27%		42.87%	41.58%		54.22%	56.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		59.81%		52.97%	47.75%	51.74%		39.05%	32.58%		25.50%	21.18%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	 2025	2024	 2023		2022	2021	 2020	 2019	2018
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 117,308	\$	226,635	\$ 170,549	\$ 162,829	\$ 163,065	\$ 145,173
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			 117,308		226,635	170,549	 162,829	163,065	145,173
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,439,259	\$ 3,364,533	\$ 3,460,423	\$	3,921,016	\$ 3,582,967	\$ 3,420,790	\$ 3,100,092	\$ 3,088,791
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	3.39%		5.78%	4.76%	4.76%	5.26%	4.70%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ 282,563	\$ 251,366	\$ 259,120	\$	259,428	\$ 268,524	\$ 282,235	\$ 317,421	\$ 284,397
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 282,563	 251,366	 259,120	\bigvee	259,428	 268,524	 282,235	 317,421	 284,397
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-			-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,272,361	\$ 7,751,869	\$ 7,527,284	\$	8,643,862	\$ 8,950,573	\$ 9,407,819	\$ 10,580,700	\$ 9,479,900
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	3.42%	3.24%	3.44%		3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2024

2023 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions: Investment return assumption was raised to 6.50% for the actuarial valuation and the municipal bond rate was raised 3.86%. The single discount rate for the 2023 measurement was increased to 5.93%. Contributions in the 2023 measurement period were based on the 2021 valuation that used an investment return of 6.25%, inflation of 2.3%, and salary increases of 3.3% to 10.30%, depending on service.

2022 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions: Initial rates for health cost trends for retirees under age 65 were lowered from 6.4% to 6.25% and rates for retirees ages 65 or older were increased from 2.9% to 5.5%. Municipal bond index rate was lowered from 2.45% to 1.92% (Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index). And the single discount rate for the CERS non-hazardous insurance plan was lowered from 5.34% to 5.20%.

2017 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions which were changed from the 2016 actuarial valuation, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of Return 6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Projected salary increases 4% average Inflation rate 3.25%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Under 65 Initial trend starting at 7.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend

rate of 5.00% over a period of 5 years

Ages 65 and Older Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend

rate of 5.00% over a period of 2 years

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.56% Discount Rate 5.84%

KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2024

2023 Changes to Actuarial Assumptions:

 Health care trend rates, as well as the TRS 4 retirement decrements, were updated to reflect future anticipated experience.

2022 Changes to Actuarial Assumptions:

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, setbacks, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust to 7.10% The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.5%
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

2020 Changes to Actuarial Assumptions:

The actuary updated the health care trend rates based on current economic data.

2017 Changes to Benefit Terms:

With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retire prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Reporting Fis (Measuremer 2025 (2024)	nt Date)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2024 (2023)	orting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2023 (2022)	orting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2022 (2021)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2021 (2020)	orting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2020 (2019)	easurement Date) 2019 (2018)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2018 (2017)
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associ with the District Total	ated \$ \$	55,000 55,000	\$ 69,000 \$ 69,000	\$ 79,000 79,000	\$ 35,000 35,000	\$ 89,000 89,000	\$ 83,000 83,000	\$ 76,000 76,000	\$ 63,000 63,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,	,751,869	\$ 7,527,284	\$ 8,643,862	\$ 8,950,573	\$ 8,561,717	\$ 10,580,700	\$ 9,479,900	\$ 10,155,609
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		80.56%	76.91%	73.97%	89.15%	71.57%	73.40%	75.00%	79.99%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	 2025	 2024	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -						
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u> </u>	 	 <u> </u>	 	 		 	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,272,361	\$ 7,751,869	\$ 7,527,284	\$ 8,643,862	\$ 8,950,573	\$ 9,407,819	\$ 10,580,700	\$ 9,479,900
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2024

2022 Changes to assumptions:

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary
 increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was
 changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP2020 with various set forwards, setbacks, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees,
 contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10% The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.5%
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

2021 Changes to benefits:

- Tier 4 was added for members joining the system on and after January 1, 2022. Changes to the Life insurance benefit include:
 - o \$5,000 for retired members if hired prior to January 1, 2022.
 - \$10,000 for retired members if hired on or after January 1, 2022.
 - \$2,000 for active contributing members if hired prior to January 1, 2022.
 - \$5,000 for active contributing members if hired on or after January 1, 2022



POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES



POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2025

	C	SEEK APITAL OUTLAY FUND		FSPK BUILDING FUND	S	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND		DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	_	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS:											
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 	<u>-</u>	\$ 	<u>-</u>	\$ 	322,430 \$ 13,096	8,779	\$	17,771 	\$ _	348,980 13,096
TOTAL ASSETS	\$			_	\$_	335,526 \$	8,779	\$	17,771	\$_	362,076
LIABILITIES:											
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$		\$	13,311 \$	_	\$	_	\$	13,311
,	· 	_	· —		· —			•		· -	-,-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-			_	13,311				_	13,311
FUND BALANCES:											
Restricted		-				322,215	8,779		17,771	_	348,765
TOTAL FUND BALANCES					4	322,215	8,779		17,771	_	348,765
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$		\$	X	\$_	335,526 \$	8,779	\$	17,771	\$_	362,076

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	-	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	FSPK BUILDING FUND		STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND	>	DEBT SERVICE FUND	 DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	. <u>-</u>	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES: From local sources: Taxes:										
Property	\$	- \$	882,586	\$	-	\$	-	\$ =	\$	882,586
Earnings on investments		=	-		11,982		-	704		12,686
Other local revenues		-	-		685,801		-	6,504		692,305
Intergovernmental - State	-	187,216	1,384,600		-		503,381	 <u> </u>		2,075,197
TOTAL REVENUES	-	187,216	2,267,186		697,783		503,381	 7,208	_	3,662,774
Expenditures:										
Instruction		-			671,527		-	1,098		672,625
Student Support		-			4,765		-	, -		4,765
Instructional Support		-	-		7,834		-	509		8,343
Debt Service	_	=		V			2,156,569	=_	_	2,156,569
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		<u>-</u>	-	K	684,126		2,156,569	1,607		2,842,302
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures		187,216	2,267,186	1	13,657		(1,653,188)	 5,601		820,472
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					<i>y</i>					
Operating transfers in					_		1,653,188	_		1,653,188
Operating transfers out		(801,352)	(3,234,192)		_		1,000,100			(4,035,544)
Operating transfers out	-	(001,002)	(0,204,102)					 	-	(4,000,044)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(801,352)	(3,234,192)				1,653,188	 <u> </u>		(2,382,356)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(614,136)	(967,006)		13,657		-	5,601		(1,561,884)
Fund balance - beginning of year		614,136	967,006		308,558		8,779	 12,170		1,910,649
Fund balance - end of year	\$	<u>-</u>		\$	322,215	\$	8,779	\$ 17,771	\$_	348,765

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

		Deposits Held in				Deposits Held in
	(Custody for				Custody for
		Students				Students
		June 30,		_	_	June 30,
	_	2024		Revenues	Expenses	2025
Powell County High School	\$	214,802	\$	533,578	\$ 534,490	\$ 213,890
Powell County Middle School		48,850		127,744	120,880	55,714
Stanton Elementary		15,069		45,619	39,447	21,241
Bowen Elementary		15,125		16,352	13,233	18,244
Clay City Elementary	_	14,712	4	39,218	40,804	13,126
Interfund Transfers			1	(64,728)	(64,728)	
	\$_	308,558	\$	697,783	\$ 684,126	\$ 322,215
		308,558		697,783	684,126	322,215

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES POWELL COUNTY COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Deposits			Deposits
	Held in			Held in
	Custody for			Custody for
	Students			Students
	June 30,			June 30,
ACCOUNTS:	2024	Revenues	Expenses	2025
General Fund	\$ 10,470	\$ 9,244	\$ 1,583	\$ 18,131
Teacher Vending	469	385	648	206
Class of 2027	-	450	-	450
Student Activities	722	206	670	258
AP-Dual Credit English	125	1,598	1,458	265
C. Rose Math Classes	50	-	-	50
Float Fund	744	300	-	1,044
PTO	781	1,044	1,082	743
Art Club	432		-	432
Open	382	-	382	-
STLP	19	-	-	19
Tech Replacement Fee	-	140	140	-
FMD/SpEd	62	1,250	707	605
EBD/SpEd	420	2,612	1,814	1,218
FMD Classroom		112	113	-
Connect	26		-	26
Global Issues		-	-	-
Science Grant	1		-	1
Student Testing	1,579	6	1,203	382
Christmas Tea	423		-	423
Graduation Honors	4,306	2,700	3,304	3,702
Social Studies Grant	166	-	-	166
Key Club	199	-	-	199
Senior Breakfast	1,732	11,764	12,555	941
Bass Team Advance KY	830	19,044	16,603	3,271
Substitutes	270	-	-	270
	270	-	-	270
Scholarships Chess Club	62	-	- 52	10
Greenhouse	02	552	52	552
Upper Room	24	-	_	24
Academic Team	283	2,760	3,038	5
Student Parking	1,623	658	-	2,281
Library	52	-	_	52
Spanish	(36)	36	_	-
Entrepreneurship	1,405	-	121	1,284
Home Economics	248	_	-	248
Registration Fees	10,218	_	_	10,218
Prom	6,659	7,703	11,778	2,584
Senior Class Trip	2,518	21,530	20,811	3,237
JAG	, -	1,157	1,156	1
Class of 2028	-	530	73	457

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES POWELL COUNTY COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	D	eposits			Deposits
	ŀ	Held in			Held in
	Cu	stody for			Custody for
	S	tudents			Students
	Jı	une 30,			June 30,
ACCOUNTS:		2024	Revenues	Expenses	2025
Band	\$	3,241 \$	10,331 \$	9,871 \$	3,701
FBLA		12,817	7,211	10,880	9,148
Ecology Club		3,575	43,128	43,473	3,230
YSC		4,710	3,917	3,745	4,882
Snack Shack		10,944	6,162	15,474	1,632
Band Uniform		2	-	_	2
Marching Band		528	390	-	918
Class of 2026		80	1,318	88	1,310
Yearbook		8,283	970	1,769	7,484
Pirates PBIS Store		12	-	-	12
AG Shop		440	-	427	13
Counselors		345	300	383	262
Media Team		-	200	-	200
DECA		-	-	-	-
Gear-Up Projects		6	-	6	-
Government Club		181		-	181
Science Olympiad			—	-	_
PCHS Dance Team		140	_	-	140
Charitable		7 - 7	-	-	_
Locker Rental		15	-	-	15
Beta Club		2,846	3,834	2,423	4,257
Drama Club	- W	1,119	· -	· <u>-</u>	1,119
FCA	7	174	_	-	174
FFA		2,473	28,106	30,342	237
FCCLA		6,700	11,674	12,957	5,417
FCCLA Region 15		20	, -	15	5
Playschool		309	_	_	309
Educators Rising		407	5,372	3,909	1,870
FEA Club		-	-	-	-
Sew What		2,661	_	_	2,661
Pep Club		1,066	630	948	748
TSA		7,539	13,655	7,767	13,427
Special Oylmpics		- ,555	-		.0,
HOSA		1,109	320	402	1,027
Construction Club		-,	-	-	.,02.
Skills Club		159	130	288	1
HOSA Competition		8	-	-	8
Bus Garage		57	58	57	58
Bowling Club		556	-	-	556
Badminton Club		137	_	_	137
Athletics		21,358	- 111,498	- 119,158	13,698
Auticuca		۷۱,۵۵۵	111,430	113,130	13,090

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES POWELL COUNTY COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Deposits Held in Custody for Students June 30,			Deposits Held in Custody for Students June 30,
ACCOUNTS:	2024	Revenues	Expenses	2025
Baseball	\$ 7,743	•		
Boys Basketball	10,131	14,982	20,641	4,472
Girls Basketball	7,173	11,357	11,074	7,456
Cheerleaders Varsity	2,303	10,955	11,065	2,193
Concessions	1,380	18,192	8,397	11,175
Football	2,329	17,831	14,925	5,235
Boys Golf	698	2,000	651	2,047
Girls Golf	772	2,025	1,971	826
Softball	1,273	11,201	8,174	4,300
Track	(252)	6,729	5,653	824
Boys Soccer	2,957	5,600	8,557	-
Cross Country	3,916	1,200	1,675	3,441
Volleyball	1,746	20,071	15,727	6,090
PE Club	24	-	-	24
Youth Football	13,360	14,229	17,658	9,931
Ahtletic Field Trip	1		-	1
Girls Soccer	383	15,166	14,614	935
Football Support		-	-	-
14th Region	10,131	11,961	13,616	8,476
Xteam	1,887	3,640	4,255	1,272
Cross County Regional		-	-	-
Volleyball - Boys	-	1,054	637	417
Cross Country Area 7	160	-	-	160
Memorial Fund	-	90	-	90
Band Trip	178	-	-	178
Band Parent Organization	4,941	1,958	6,899	-
Gen Athletics/Extras	286	-	42	244
TOTALS	\$ 214,802	\$ 533,578	\$ 534,490	\$ 213,890

POWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards By Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education			
United States Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster-Cluster			
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)			
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	7750002-24	206,611
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-25	867,948
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-24	74,701
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-25	307,572
Summer School Feeding Program	10.559	7690024-24	3,362
Summer School Feeding Program	10.559	7740023-24	54,960
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	4003432 COMMODITIES	103,787
Total Child Nutrition Cluster-Cluster			1,618,941
State Administrative Expenses Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001-22	2,757
Total United States Department of Agriculture			1,621,698
United States Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)-Cluster			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	3810002-24	257,163
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	3810002-25	372,895
Total Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	`		630,058
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	3800002-25	24,218
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	3800002-23	7,747
Total Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	04.173	3800002-24	31,965
Total Special Education - Prescribon Grants (IDEA Prescribon) Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)-Cluster			662,023
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the	V		002,023
ESEA)			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of	<i>,</i> ,		
the ESEA)	84.010	3100002-24	431,618
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of	04.010	3100002 24	431,010
the ESEA)	84.010	3100002-25	976,824
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of	04.010	3100002 23	370,024
the ESEA)			1,408,442
the ESEA)			1,400,442
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States			
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	2710002 25	42.407
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States		3710002-25	43,407
	84.048	3710002-24	3,446
Total Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States			46,853
Innovative Approaches to Literacy; Promise Neighborhoods; Full-			
Service Community Schools; and Congressionally Directed Spending			
for Elementary and Secondary Education Community Projects			
Innovative Approaches to Literacy; Promise Neighborhoods;			
Full-Service Community Schools; and Congressionally Directed			
Spending for Elementary and Secondary Education Community		FULL SERVICE COMMUNITY	
Projects	84.215	SCHOOLS518L	341,225
Innovative Approaches to Literacy; Promise Neighborhoods;			, -
Full-Service Community Schools; and Congressionally Directed			
Spending for Elementary and Secondary Education Community		FULL SERVICE COMMUNIY	
Projects	84.215	SCHOOLS518K	333,364
Total Innovative Approaches to Literacy; Promise Neighborhoods;	5-7.215	30.100L3 310K	333,304
Full-Service Community Schools; and Congressionally Directed			
Spending for Elementary and Secondary Education Community			
Projects			674,589
1 Tojecto			074,303

POWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards By Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Galning Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs Saling Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs Saling Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs Saling Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Program Saling Early E	Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Galing Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Program 84.334 37918 2.2,524 38,334 37918 7.27 38,334 37918 7.27 38,334 37918 7.27 38,334 37918 7.27 38,334 37918 7.27 38,334 37918 7.27 38,334 37918 7.27 38,334 37918 7.27 38,334 37918 7.27 38,334 37918 7.27 38,334 37918 7.27 38,334 37,334 38,334 37,334 38,337 38,	Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	5		
GAR UP - DIECT SERVICES 727 727 728 727 728 728 727 728 72			GEAR UP - DIRECT SERVICES	
Programs	Programs	84.334	379LB	22,524
Saling Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs 84.334 STAFF SALAR-379LA 139,817				
Programs	•	84.334		727
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs		84 334		139 817
Programs	•	04.554		133,017
Programs		84.334		45,372
Total Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs 326,897	Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate		GEAR UP - SUPPLEMENTAL	
Rural Education Rural Educ	•	84.334	FUNDING379LC	118,457
Rural Education				326,897
Rural Education	Pural Education			
Registrate Reg		84 358	3140002-24	12 778
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Student Support and Academic State S				·
Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Total Support gracher Quality State Grants) Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Student Stabilization Fund (ESF) Studeation Stabiliza				
Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Total Support gracher Quality State Grants) Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Student Stabilization Fund (ESF) Studeation Stabiliza				
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Student Support and Academic				
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Student Support and Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Educ	•			
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Adams Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Adams Support and Academic Enrichment Program Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Adams Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Adams Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Emergency Connectivity Fund Program Emergency Connectivity Fund Program Total Federal Communications Commission Enrichment Student State Grant (formerly State State Student State Sta	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	84.367	3230002-24	78.881
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) 70 tol Supporting Effective instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants) 84,367 \$12,000 \$121,679 \$121,		0507	5255552 2 .	7 0,001
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Emergency Connectivity Fund Program32.009FUND559I5,791Total Emergency Connectivity Fund Program5,791Total Federal Communications Commission5,791	Emergency connectivity runa riogram		EMERGENCY CONNECTIVITY	
Total Emergency Connectivity Fund Program 5,791 Total Federal Communications Commission 5,791	Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009		5,791
<u> </u>				5,791
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards \$ 5,137,507				
	Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5,137,507

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 1- BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Powell County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2025. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of operations of the Powell County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1) Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- 2) Powell County School District did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

NOTE 3 - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District received food commodities totaling \$103,787.

NOTE 4 – SUBRECIPIENTS

The District did not pass through any federal awards to a subrecipient in the current fiscal year

SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Powell County School District Stanton, KY 40383

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Powell County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Powell County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Powell County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, matieral weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

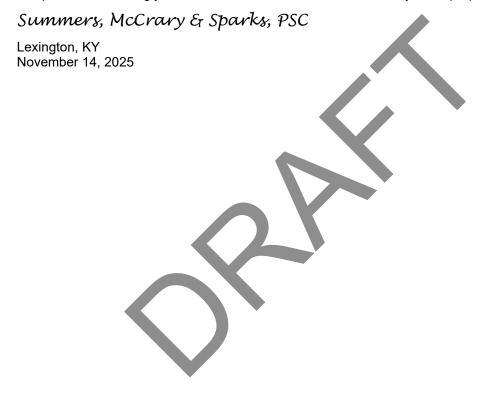
Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Powell County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management for the District in a separate letter dated November 14, 2025.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members for the Board of Education Powell County School District Stanton, KY 40383

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Powell County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Powell County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025. The Powell County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Powell County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the audit requirements prescribed by Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Powell County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Powell County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Powell County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Powell County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a quarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance and the audit requirements prescribed by Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the Auditor Responsibilities, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Powell County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the audit requirements prescribed by Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Powell County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Powell County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

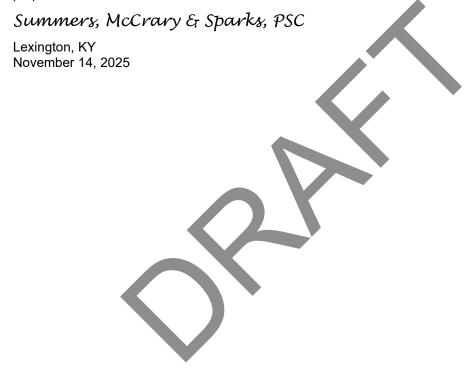
A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued - unn	nodified				
Internal control over financial reporti	ng:				
Material weakness(es) identif	ied? _		yes	Χ	_no
Significant deficiencies identi	fied —		yes	Χ	_none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	-		yes _	Х	_no
Federal Awards Internal control over majority progra	ms:				
Material weakness(es) identif	ied?	V	_yes _	Χ	_no
Significant deficiencies identi	fied		yes _	Х	_none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on co	ompliance for	the ma	ajor pro	grams	- <u>unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be report in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516 (a)? Identification of major programs:			_yes _	X	_no
CFDA Number(s) 84.010 84.334	Name of Fed Title 1 Gaining Earl Under gradu	ly Awaı	reness a		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B program	s:	<u>\$</u>	750,000	<u>)</u>	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	?	Χ	ves		no

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

No findings in the current year.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings in the current year.



POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Financial Statement Findings

No findings in the prior year.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings in the prior year.



SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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Members of the Board of Education Powell County School District Stanton, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Powell County School District for the year ended June 30, 2025, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. This letter does not affect our report dated November 14, 2025 on the financial statements of the Powell County School District

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various district personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Respectfully,

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC Lexington, Kentucky November 14, 2025

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

BOARD

Comment:

During the testing of the cash disbursements, we noted the approval policy says "a confirmation that materials/services have been received in full." Per the Finance Director, this confirmation occurs with the director/purchaser before payment via email or verbally and when the invoice comes directly from the director/purchaser the Finance Office recommends they sign off on it. We recommend the board review and clarify their approval policy taking away verbal confirmation and having either a written or electronic form of approval.

Response:

All goods and services are confirmed/approved before check is issued. In order to improve upon this process, a district policy/procedural change that is more specific in confirming receipt of both products and services is needed. Other than "confirmation" per policy 04.3111 an example of the change could state "signed documents such as packing slips/invoices or confirmation via email from the purchaser that items/services are received before payment is issued" will be included. Purchasing procedure will align to the change.

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

POWELL COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

Comment:

During our testing of Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable (Form F-SA-15B), we identified multiple unrecorded accounts receivable and accounts payable that were not included on the form as of June 30, 2025. We recommend the School Treasurer review the "Monthly Reports" section of the "Redbook", which states defines what payables and receivables should be listed on the form.

Response:

A Review of Form F-SA-15B and School Level Finance will be provided a daily, monthly, quarterly, and yearly checklist of items to review and perform before closing the accounting period.

POWELL COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

Any exceptions noted in testing appeared to be isolated incidents only and were communicated to management.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

BOWEN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Comment: During our testing of Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable (Form F-

SA-15B), we identified multiple unrecorded accounts receivable and accounts payable that were not included on the form as of June 30, 2025. We recommend the School Treasurer review the "Monthly Reports" section of the "Redbook", which states defines what payables and receivables should

be listed on the form.

Response: A Review of Form F-SA-15B and School Level Finance will be provided a

daily, monthly, quarterly, and yearly checklist of items to review and perform

before closing the accounting period.

CLAY CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Any exceptions noted in testing appeared to be isolated incidents only and were communicated to management.

STANTON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Any exceptions noted in testing appeared to be isolated incidents only and were communicated to management.

POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS

BOARD

No comments in prior year

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

POWELL COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

Previously, during our testing of the annual report, we identified two individual accounts that ended the year with a deficit balance. We recommended the School Treasurer and principal both review the "Reporting" section of the "Redbook", which states individual school activity accounts shall not end the fiscal year with a negative (deficit) balance. There was no similar finding in the current year.

Previously, during our testing of disbursement, we found a disbursement for a cash advance that was not documented using the Advance Report (Form F-SA-9). We recommended the School Treasurer review the "Expenditures" section of the "Redbook", which states cash advances shall be supported by the Advance Report (Form F-SA-9). There was no similar finding in the current year.

During our testing of cash receipts, we noted multiple instances where receipt numbers were not being identified on the deposit slips. We recommended the School Treasurer review the "Receipts" section of the "Redbook", which states the deposit slip shall note the receipt numbers in the deposit. There was no similar finding in the current year.

STANTON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Previously, during our testing of booster organizations, we could not locate a booster organization's annual report. We recommended the Principal review the "External Support/Booster Organizations" section of the "Redbook", which states each external support/booster organization must submit an annual report for the fiscal year ending June 30 to the Principal by July 25.