ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management Discussion and Analysis	4-10
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	18
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	19
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	20-21
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	22-54
Required Supplementary Information:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	55
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund	56
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability – Teachers' Retirement System	57
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability – County Employees Retirement System	58
Schedule of Contributions to the Teachers Retirement System	59

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

Schedule of Contributions to the County Employees Retirement System	60
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – Medical Insurance - CERS	61
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – Medical Insurance - TRS	62
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – Life Insurance - TRS	63
Schedule of Contributions to the Medical Insurance Plan - CERS	64
Schedule of Contributions to the Medical Insurance Plan - TRS	65
Schedule of Contributions to the Life Insurance Plan - TRS	66
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	67-73
Other Supplementary Information:	
Combining Statement – Non-Major Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds	74
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds	75
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Fund Balances – Agency Funds	76
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balance – High School Activity Fund	77
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	78
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	79
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	80
Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	81
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	82-83
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required the Uniform Guidance	84-86
Management Letter Comments	87-88
Letter to Those Charged with Governance	89-91

MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Education Elizabethtown Independent School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Elizabethtown Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Elizabethtown Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Elizabethtown Independent School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report.* My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Elizabethtown Independent School District and to meet my ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Elizabethtown Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statement

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, I:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Elizabethtown Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal-control matters that I identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of the district's proportionate share of net pension liabilities, and the schedules of the district's proportionate share of net other postemployment benefits on pages 4 through 10, 55 through 58, and 61 through 63 be presented to

supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Elizabethtown Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the statement of receipts, disbursements and fund balance - High School Activity Fund, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated November 15, 2024, on my consideration of Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants



ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT – ELIZABETHTOWN, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The discussion and analysis of Elizabethtown Independent School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to review the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning cash and investment balance for the District was \$18.3 million. Ending cash and investments were \$20.7 million.
- Following the completion of the District long-range plan for facilities, there is a focus on investing in plant management with the age and size of our facilities reflective of this need.
- The District's General Fund fund balance improved. Fund balance increased by \$456,000.
- The General Fund had \$26.7 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), state on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance and property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding inter-fund transfers, there were \$25.8 million in General Fund expenditures.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Capital assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 12 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. There is a state mandated uniform accounting system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. The proprietary funds include the food service operation. The fiduciary funds are agency funds and private purpose trust funds. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 21 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 53 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, net position was \$18.3 million as of June 30, 2024.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2024 and 2023 (Table 1)

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activi	• •	Total		
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	2023	<u>2024</u>	2023	
Current and Other							
Assets	\$21,271,224	\$18,444,653	\$1,036,433	\$1,299,401	\$22,307,657	\$19,674,054	
Capital Assets	30,805,656	29,549,899	231,250	145,989	31,036,906	29,695,888	
Total Assets	52,076,880	47,994,552	1,267,683	1,375,390	53,344,563	49,369,942	
Deferred Outflows	5,044,942	4,999,380	602,835	364,956	5,647,777	5,364,336	
Current Liabilities	2,210,491	1,697,399	658	347	2,211,149	1,697,746	
Non-Current Liabilities	29,161,146	33,815,305	1,457,564	1,916,745	30,618,710	35,732,050	
Total Liabilities	31,371,637	35,512,704	1,458,222	1,917,092	32,829,859	37,429,796	
Deferred Inflows	6,900,831	3,944,756	902,381	292,366	7,803,212	4,237,122	
Net Position							
Investments in capital							
assets (net of debt)	11,302,469	9,704,506	131,491	145,989	11,433,960	9,850,495	
Restricted	12,687,007	11,117,841	(359,146)		12,327,861	11,117,841	
Unrestricted	(5,140,122)	(7,285,875)	(262,430)	(615,101)	(5,402,552)	(7,900,976)	
Total Net Position	\$18,849,354	\$13,536,472	\$(490,085)	\$(469,122)	\$18,359,269	\$13,067,360	

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

The District invested \$2.8 million in capital assets and paid principal of \$932 thousand on bonds.

Comments on Budget Comparisons

- The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, net of Interfund transfers, were \$38.7 million.
- General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$8.0 million more than budget or approximately 42%. This variance was related to on-behalf payments that were not budgeted.
- The total cost of all programs and services was \$33.3 million.
- General fund budget expenditures to actual varied significantly in Instruction and Other Expenses. This resulted from the District not budgeting on-behalf payments made by the State of Kentucky and not having to spend budgeted contingency funds.

The following Table 2 presents a summary of changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Description	Governmental	Governmental	Business-type B	usiness-type	Total	Total
	<u>2024</u>	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
REVENUES:	<u></u> -					
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 277,899	\$ 415,670	\$ 115,569 \$	128,839	\$ 393,468	\$ 544,509
Operating grants and contributions	4,516,567	4,440,364	1,738,229	1,864,291	6,254,796	6,304,655
Capital grants and contributions	1,593,659	2,238,489	-	-	1,593,659	2,238,489
General revenues:						
Property taxes	7,550,265	6,825,633	-	-	7,550,265	6,825,633
Motor vehicle taxes	539,043	502,517	-	-	539,043	502,517
Utility taxes	908,998	888,920	-	-	908,998	888,920
Other	15,103				15,103	0
Gain on disposal of capital assets	665	8,866	-	-	665	8,866
Investment earnings	1,069,021	580,047	64,599	54,490	1,133,620	634,537
State and formula grants	19,439,457	15,403,344	-	-	19,439,457	15,403,334
Miscellaneous	880,958	594,568	-	-	880,958	594,568
Total revenues	36,791,635	31,898,408	1,918,397	2,047,620	38,710,032	33,946,028
EXPENSES						
Program Activities						
Instruction	19,727,838	18,575,052	_	_	19,727,838	18,575,052
Student support	1,236,791	1,348,764	_	_	1,236,791	1,348,764
Instructional staff support	1,258,834	1,252,378	_	_	1,258,834	1,252,378
District administrative support	1,115,088	121,866	_	_	1,115,088	121,866
School administrative support	1,689,926	1,738,504	_	_	1,689,926	1,738,504
Business support	789,751	749,820	_	_	789,751	749,820
Plant operation and maintenance	3,650,202	2,984,804	_	_	3,650,202	2,984,804
Student transportation	993,160	982,012	_	_	993,160	982,012
Community service activities	184,408	161,991	_	_	184,408	161,991
Facilities Acquisition	16,850	-	_	-	16,850	0
Interest costs	794,952	811,806	-	-	794,952	811,806
Business-type Activities:	- ,	,			- ,	,
Food service	_	-	1,850,712	2,244,777	1,850,712	2,244,777
Daycare	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenses	31,457,800	28,726,997	1,850,712	2,244,777	33,308,512	30,971,774
Excess before transfers	5,333,835	3,171,411	67,685	(197,157)	5,401,520	2,974,254
Transfers	88,658	82,925	(88,658)	(82,925)	-	-
Change in net position	\$ 5,422,493	\$ 3,254,336	\$ (20,973)	(280,082)	\$5,401,520	\$2,974,254

Governmental Activities

Instruction comprises 62.7% of governmental program expenses. Support services expenses make up 34.1% of government expenses. The remaining expense for community services and interest accounts for the remaining 3.2% of total government expense.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

(Table 3)
Governmental Activities Total
Cost of Services

Net (Cost	of Se	rvices
-------	------	-------	--------

Description	Total	Total	Net	Net
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Instruction	\$ 19,727,838	\$18,575,052	\$ 15,602,560	14,363,405
Support Services	10,733,752	9,178,148	10,252,216	8,696,509
Community Services	184,408	161,991	(3,244)	(757)
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	16,850	0	(1,093,712)	(1,620,409)
Interest	794,952	811,806	311,855	193,726
Total Expenses	\$ 31,457,800	\$ 28,726,997	\$ 25,069,675	\$ 21,632,474

Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities include the food service operations. The program had total revenues of \$1,829,739 and expenses of \$1,850,712 for fiscal year 2024. Of the revenues, \$115,569 was charges for services, \$1,649,571 was from State and Federal grants and \$64,599 was from investment earnings. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of this activity. If it becomes necessary, the School District will increase the charges for these activities.

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 13. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$37.2 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$35.2 million.

General Fund-Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process.

For the General Fund, revenues were budgeted at \$19 million, with actual amounts of \$27 million. Budgeted expenditures of \$19.6 million compared with actual expenditures of \$26.5 million. The most significant fluctuation is for unbudgeted on-behalf payments.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2024 the School District had \$30.8 million invested in land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and construction in progress and \$30.6 million in governmental activities. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2024 and 2023 balances.

(Table 4)
Capital Assets at June 30, 2024 and 2023
(Net of Depreciation)

Description	Governmental	Governmental I	Total	Total		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Land and land improvements	\$ 267,795	\$ 272,805	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 267,795	\$ 272,805
Buildings and improvements	28,333,537	28,432,146	-	-	28,333,537	28,432,146
Technology	28,109	(11,043)	-	-	28,109	(11,043)
Vehicles	492,621	523,819	-	-	492,621	523,819
General equipment	386,950	245,395	131,491	145,989	518,441	391,384
Total	29,509,012	29,463,122	131,491	145,989	29,640,503	29,609,111
Construction in progress	1,184,754	86,777	-	-	1,184,754	86,777
Total	\$30,693,766	\$ 29,549,899	\$ 131,491	\$ 145,989	\$ 30,825,257	\$ 29,695,888

Table 5 shows changes in capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Description	Governmental	Governmental Bus	Total	Total		
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Beginning balance	\$29,549,899	\$ 30,774,828	145,989	40,036	\$ 29,695,888	\$ 30,814,864
Additions	2,820,017	1,361,014	10,348	127,317	2,830,365	1,488,331
Retirements		(895,533)	-	-		(895,533)
Depreciation	(1,676,150)	(1,690,410)	(24,846)	(21,364)	(1,700,996)	(1,711,774)
Ending balance	\$30,693,766	\$29,549,899 \$	131,491 \$	145,989	\$ 30,825,257	\$ 29,695,888

At June 30, 2024, the School District had \$19.3 million in bonds outstanding, of this amount \$2.7 million is to be paid from KSFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. A total of \$954 thousand is due within one year.

District Challenges for the Future

Elizabethtown Independent School District's financial status ended strongly in the last fiscal year due to the support of Federal Funds. However, as we look forward, we expect unfunded mandates and the national economic climate to have an impact on our District, as well as reduction in federal support funding.

The District is experiencing increased personnel costs associated with preschool and special needs programs that have not been funded in full through state or federal programs. In addition, retirement costs of TRS and CERS continue to increase.

Increased costs have, in the past, been offset due to increased student enrollment producing additional state funding, and continued increases in business and residential property subject to tax within the School District. Our property tax base remained steady; however our School District, like all Kentucky School Districts, is limited to a 4% annual growth in property tax revenue on existing property.

With careful planning and monitoring of our finances, Elizabethtown Independent Schools' goal is to continue to provide a quality education for our students and a secure financial future for the School District.

Future Budgetary Implications

In Kentucky, the public schools fiscal year is July 1 - June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2024-25 with a 15% contingency. Significant Board action that impacts the finances includes pay increases for all employees, additional spending for facility repairs outside of bonded building and renovation projects, as well as continued funding of instructional initiatives.

The District's primary concern for the future are projected costs of personnel to include the cost of employer contributed pension. For the 2024-2025 budget year, the cost of personnel to include benefits is 78.3% of the general fund budget.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information contact Denise Morgan, Director of Finance, 219 Helm Street, Elizabethtown, Kentucky, 42701, (270) 765-6146.

ELIZABETHWOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS:			
Cash & Cash Equivalents - Note C	13,879,783	976,384	14,856,167
Investments	5,903,010	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	5,903,010
Accounts Receivable:	2,5 02,0 20		-,,,,,,,,
Taxes - Current	198,214		198,214
Taxes - Delinquent	4,607		4,607
Accounts	30,674	24,530	55,204
Intergovernmental - State	314		314
Intergovernmental - Federal	1,254,622		1,254,622
Inventories for Consumption		35,519	35,519
Total Current Assets	21,271,224	1,036,433	22,307,657
Noncurrent Assets - Note F			
Net OPEB Benefit - CERS	111,890	99,759	211,649
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	1,452,549		1,452,549
Depreciable Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	29,241,217	131,491	29,372,708
Total Noncurrent Assets	30,805,656	231,250	31,036,906
TOTAL ASSETS	52,076,880	1,267,683	53,344,563
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	1,576,755	447,597	2,024,352
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	3,468,187	155,238	3,623,425
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	57,121,822	1,870,518	58,992,340
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	944,617	658	945,275
Accrued Salaries & Sick Leave - Note A	186,755		186,755
Advances from Grantors	193,639		193,639
Bond Obligations - Note D	757,000		757,000
Lease Liabilities - Note E	36,502		36,502
Accrued Interest Payable	91,978		91,978
Total Current Liabilities	2,210,491	658	2,211,149
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Bond Obligations - Note D	18,559,278		18,559,278
Lease Liabilities - Note E	38,517		38,517
Net Pension Liability	5,605,001	1,396,565	7,001,566
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	4,366,000	60,999	4,426,999
Accrued Sick Leave - Note A	592,350		592,350
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	29,161,146	1,457,564	30,618,710
TOTAL LIABILITIES	31,371,637	1,458,222	32,829,859
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	1,334,643	351,715	1,686,358
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	5,566,188	550,666	6,116,854
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	38,272,468	2,360,603	40,633,071
NET POSITION: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	11,302,469	131,491	11,433,960
Capital Projects	365,713		365,713
SFCC Escrow	5,076,010		5,076,010
School Activities	565,376		565,376
Debt Service	6,569,093		6,569,093
Grants	110,815		110,815
Food Service	110,010	(359,146)	(359,146)
Unrestricted	(5,140,122)	(262,430)	(5,402,552)
TOTAL NET POSITION	18,849,354	(490,085)	18,359,269
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	57,121,822	1,870,518	58,992,340

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NET(EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES PROGRAM REVENUES IN NET POSITION **OPERATING CAPITAL** CHARGES FOR GOVERNMENTAL **BUSINESS-TYPE GRANTS AND GRANTS AND** FUNCTION/PROGRAMS **EXPENSES SERVICES** CONTRIBUTIONS CONTRIBUTIONS **ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES** TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Instructional 19,727,838 277,899 3,847,379 (15,602,560)(15,602,560)Support Services: Student Support Services 1,236,791 168,390 (1,068,401)(1,068,401)Staff Support Services 1.258.834 302,287 (956,547)(956,547)District Administration 1,115,088 (1,115,088)(1,115,088)School Administration 1,689,926 (1,689,926)(1,689,926)**Business Support Services** 789,751 (789,751)(789,751)Plant Operation & Maintenance 3,650,202 4,801 (3,645,401) (3,645,401)Student Transportation 993,160 6.058 (987,102)(987,102)**Community Service Operations** 184,408 3,244 3,244 187,652 Facilities Acquisition & Construction 1.093,712 1.093,712 16,850 1.110.562 Interest on Long-Term Debt 483,097 794,952 (311,855)(311,855)TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES 31,457,800 277,899 4,516,567 1,593,659 (25,069,675)(25,069,675)**BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:** Food Service 1,850,712 115,569 1,738,229 3,086 3,086 115,569 1,738,229 3,086 TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES 1,850,712 0 0 3,086 TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT 33,308,512 393,468 6,254,796 1,593,659 (25,069,675)3,086 (25,066,589)GENERAL REVENUES: Taxes: 7,550,265 7,550,265 Property Motor Vehicle 539,043 539,043 Utility 908,998 908,998 Other 15,103 15,103 State Aid - Formula Grants 19,439,457 19,439,457 **Investment Earnings** 1,069,021 64,599 1,133,620 Miscellaneous 836,189 836,189 Funds Transfer (Expense) 88,658 0 (88,658)Loss Compensation 44,769 44,769 Gain (Loss) in Sale of Capital Assets 665 665 (24,059)TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS 30,492,168 30,468,109 CHANGE IN NET POSITION 5,422,493 (20,973)5,401,520 NET POSITION - BEGINNING - RESTATED NOTE R 13,426,861 (469,112)12,957,749

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

NET POSITION - ENDING

18,849,354

(490,085)

18,359,269

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE	BUILDING FUND	CONSTRUCTION FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS:							
Cash & Cash Equivalents	6,708,014		4,678,718	3	213,005	2,280,043	13,879,783
Investments	0,700,011		1,070,710	J	5,903,010	2,200,013	5,903,010
Accounts Receivable:					3,703,010		3,703,010
Taxes - Current	198,214						198,214
Taxes - Delinquent	4,607						4,607
Accounts	30,674						30,674
Interfund Receivables	721,732						721,732
Intergovernmental - State	,,,,,	314					314
Intergovernmental - Federal		801,544			453,078		1,254,622
TOTAL ASSETS	7,663,241	801,858	4,678,718	3	6,569,093	2,280,043	21,992,956
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	217,280	25,293		701,999		45	944,617
Interfund Payables		472,111		249,621			721,732
Accrued Salaries & Benefits	94,782						94,782
Advances from Grantors		193,639					193,639
Total Liabilities	312,062	691,043	0	951,620	0	45	1,954,770
Fund Balance:							
Restricted for:							
Debt Service					6,569,093		6,569,093
Capital Projects			1,001,879	(951,617)		315,451	365,713
SFCC Escrow			3,676,839			1,399,171	5,076,010
School Activities						565,376	565,376
Grants		110,815					110,815
Committed for:							
Site Based Carryforward							0
Accrued Sick Leave	100,000						100,000
Construction Projects	450,000						450,000
Unassigned Fund Balance	6,801,179	110.015	1.670.710	(051 615)	6.560.000	2.270.000	6,801,179
Total Fund Balance	7,351,179	110,815	4,678,718	(951,617)	6,569,093	2,279,998	20,038,186
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	7,663,241	801,858	4,678,718	3	6,569,093	2,280,043	21,992,956

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSTION JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE	20,038,186
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	
Cost of Capital Assets 65,165,7	
Accumulated Depreciation (34,471,5	73) 30,693,766
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions are not current assets	
and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	1,579,774
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not	
current assets and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	3,468,187
Long-term liabilities (including bonds payable) are not due and payable in the	
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	
Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	
Bonds Payable (19,351,0	00)
Unamortized Bond Premiums (40,3	71)
Unamortized Bond Discounts 75,0	93
Lease Liabilities (75,0	19)
Accrued Interest on Bonds (91,5	78)
Net Pension Liability (5,605,0	01)
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability (4,254,1	10)
Accrued Sick Leave (684,3	23) (30,026,709)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions are not current liabilities	
and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.	(1,337,662)
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not current	
liabilities and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.	(5,566,188)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	18,849,354

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	BUILDING FUND	CONSTRUCTION FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL G FUNDS	TOTAL OVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:							
Taxes:							
Property	6,547,913		1,002,352				7,550,265
Motor Vehicle	539,043						539,043
Utility	908,998						908,998
Other	15,103						15,103
Earnings on Investments	563,167	6,018	228,227		156,614	114,995	1,069,021
Intergovernmental - State	17,755,408	1,089,484	1,315,020		162,018	228,088	20,550,018
Intergovernmental - Federal	82,302	4,455,343			462,020		4,999,665
Student Activities						681,442	681,442
Other Sources	346,785	85,861					432,646
TOTAL REVENUES	26,758,719	5,636,706	2,545,599	-	780,652	1,024,525	36,746,201
EXPENDITURES:							
Instructional	15,870,179	3,780,863				638,517	20,289,559
Support Services:							
Student Support Services	1,103,625	165,479				8,325	1,277,429
Staff Support Services	994,234	297,061				310	1,291,605
District Administration	784,595						784,595
School Administration	1,752,218						1,752,218
Business Support Services	815,166						815,166
Plant Operation & Maintenance	3,573,307	4,718				3,728	3,581,753
Student Transportation	975,544	5,953				16,029	997,526
Food Service Operaing							0
Community Service Operations		184,408					184,408
Facilities Acquisition & Construction				2,572,599			2,572,599
Other Non-Instructional							0
Debt Service:							
Principal					932,000		932,000
Interest	25,050,050	4 420 402		2 552 500	776,653		776,653
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	25,868,868	4,438,482	0	2,572,599	1,708,653	666,909	35,255,511
EXCESS(DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	889,851	1,198,224	2,545,599	(2,572,599)	(928,001)	357,616	1,490,690
	,	-,,	_,,,,,,,,	(=,e · =,e › ›)	(==,==)	221,422	-,,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES):							
Proceeds from Bond Issuace				400,000			400,000
Bond Discount				(7,925)			(7,925)
Loss Compensation	44,769						44,769
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	665	44.000					665
Operating Transfers In - Note N	248,480	46,398	(1.542.520)	1,110,562	2,224,355	26,855	3,656,650
Operating Transfers Out - Note N	(727,033)	(1,270,384)	(1,543,720)	1.502.625	2 22 1 255	(26,855)	(3,567,992)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(433,119)	(1,223,986)	(1,543,720)	1,502,637	2,224,355	0	526,167
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	456,732	(25,762)	1,001,879	(1,069,962)	1,296,354	357,616	2,016,857
FUND BALANCES -							
BEGINNING RESTATED NOTE R	6,894,447	136,577	3,676,839	118,345	5,272,739	1,922,382	18,021,329
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	7,351,179	110,815	4,678,718	(951,617)	6,569,093	2,279,998	20,038,186

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

NET CHANGES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		2,016,857
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures because they use current financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital exceeds depreciation expense for the year. Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays	(1,676,150) 2,820,017	1,143,867
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Bond Issuance Proceeds Bond Principal Paid Lease Liability Paid	(392,075) 932,000 34,592	574,517
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred. Amortization - Bond Premiums Amortization - Bond Discount District Pension Contributions Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions - Pension Accrued Interest Payable District Other Post Employment Benefits Contributions Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions - OPEB Accrued Sick Leave	2,374 (13,545) 723,809 (320,020) (1,076) 372,355 423,464 499,891	1,687,252
CHANGES - NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		5,422,493

ELIZABETHTOWN INDENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	FOOD SERVICE	DAY CARE FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	964,878	11,506	976,384
Accounts Receivable	24,530		24,530
Inventories for Consumption	35,519		35,519
Total Current Assets	1,024,927	11,506	1,036,433
Noncurrent Assets:			
Net OPEB Benefit	99,759		99,759
Buildings & Improvements	339,450		339,450
Furniture & Equipment	1,135,931		1,135,931
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,343,890)		(1,343,890)
Total Noncurrent Assets	231,250	0	231,250
TOTAL ASSETS	1,256,177	11,506	1,267,683
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	124,832	30,406	155,238
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	342,800	104,797	447,597
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	1,723,809	146,709	1,870,518
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Total Current Liabilities	658 658	0	658 658
Total Carrent Enterrates	050	O O	050
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Net Other Post Employee Benefits Liability		60,999	60,999
Net Pension Liability	1,141,475	255,090	1,396,565
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,141,475	316,089	1,457,564
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,142,133	316,089	1,458,222
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	519,997	30,669	550,666
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	289,334	62,381	351,715
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	1,951,464	409,139	2,360,603
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	131,491	0	131,491
Restricted	(359,146)		(359,146)
Unrestricted	• • •	(262,430)	(262,430)
Total Net Position	(227,655)	(262,430)	(490,085)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	1,723,809	146,709	1,870,518

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPOENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	FOOD SERVICE FUND	DAYCARE FUND	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Lunchroom Sales	115,179		115,179
Charges for Services	390		390
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	115,569	0	115,569
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Salaries & Benefits	605,460		605,460
Contract Services	24,691		24,691
Materials & Supplies	1,185,232		1,185,232
Depreciation - Note F	24,846		24,846
Other Operating Expenses	10,483		10,483
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,850,712	0	1,850,712
OPERATING INCOME(LOSS)	(1,735,143)	0	(1,735,143)
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES):			
Transfer Out to General Fund	(88,658)		(88,658)
Federal Grants	1,483,371		1,483,371
State Grants	120,045		120,045
Donated Commodities	134,813		134,813
Interest Income	64,599		64,599
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUE	1,714,170	0	1,714,170
INCOME(LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	(20,973)	0	(20,973)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	0	0	0
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(20,973)	0	(20,973)
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING	(206,682)	(262,430)	(469,112)
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	(227,655)	(262,430)	(490,085)

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FOOD

	FOOD SERVICE	DAYCARE	
	FUND	FUND	TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash Received from: Lunchroom Sales	115,179		115,179
Other Activities	390		390
Cash Paid to/for:	370		-
Employees	(686,477)		(686,477)
Supplies	(1,039,614)		(1,039,614)
Other Activities	(35,174)		(35,174)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,645,696)	-	(1,645,696)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Transfer in (out) to/from General Fund	(88,658)		(88,658)
Interfund Payable Repaid	(,,		-
Federal Grants	1,541,510		1,541,510
State Grants	14,258		14,258
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities	1,467,110	-	1,467,110
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	-	-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Capital Assets	(10,348)		(10,348)
Receipt of Interest Income	64,599		64,599
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	54,251	-	54,251
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(124,335)	0	(124,335)
Balances, Beginning of Year	1,089,213	11,506	1,100,719
Balances, End of Year	964,878	11,506	976,384
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH			
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,735,143)	-	(1,735,143)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities			
Depreciation	24,846	-	24,846
State On-Behalf Payments	105,787	-	105,787
Donated Commodities	134,813	-	134,813
Change in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Payable	311		311
Deferred Outflows	(187,003)	-	(187,003)
Deferred Inflows	559,139	-	559,139
Net Pension Liability	(115,928)	-	(115,928)
Net Other Post Employment Benefits	(443,012)	-	(443,012)
Inventory	10,494		10,494
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,645,696)	-	(1,645,696)
Schedule of Non-Cash Transactions:			
Donated Commodities	134,813	-	134,813
State On-Behalf Payments	105,787	-	105,787

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	302,193
Accounts Receivable	12,088
TOTAL ASSETS	314,281
LIABILITIES:	
Scholarships Payable	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES	0
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST	314,281

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	PRIVATE
	PURPOSE
	TRUST FUNDS
ADDITIONS:	
Earnings on Investments	6,470
Donations	48,771
TOTAL ADDITIONS	55,241
DEDUCTIONS:	
Scholarships	33,000
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	33,000
Changes in Net Position	22,241
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST - BEGINNING OF YEAR	292,040
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST - END OF YEAR	314,281

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Elizabethtown Independent Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school

education within the jurisdiction of Elizabethtown Independent Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Elizabethtown Independent Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organizations are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Elizabethtown Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation</u> – In a prior year, the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Elizabethtown Independent School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

- A. The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Board. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- B. The Special Revenue (Grant) Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and related notes. This is a major fund of the District.
- C. Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).
 - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

- 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.
- D. Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on generally obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky law. This is a major fund of the District.

II. Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)

The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency and Private Purpose Trust Funds)

The Private Purpose Trust funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organization, or other governments.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also us the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Proprietary Fund operating revenues are defined as revenues received from the direct purchases of products and services (i.e. food service). Non-operating revenues are not related to direct purchases of products; for the District, these revenues are typically investment income and state and federal grant revenues.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue – Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Property Taxes

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance the General Fund operations were \$0.845 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$0.845 per \$100 valuation for business personal property, and \$0.538 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial, and mixed gases.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payable resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the amount "accumulated sick leave payable" in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is reported as a reserve of fund balance.

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are stated at cost and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

The food service fund uses the specific identification method.

<u>Investments</u>

The private purpose trust funds record investments at their quoted market prices. All realized gains and losses and changes in fair value are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end. Formal School Board action must be taken during an open meeting to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Superintendent.

Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The District committed the following fund balance type by taking the following action:

Fund Balance Type	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Action</u>
General Fund	\$100,000	Long-Term Sick Leave Commitment
General Fund	450,000	Construction Projects

The District uses *restricted/committed* amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use *committed*, then *assigned*, and lastly *unassigned* amounts for unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

Major Special Revenue Fund

Revenue Source

Special Revenue

State, Local and Federal Grants

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Pensions

Teachers' Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

County Employees Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Since certain expense items are amortized over the closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred inflows. If amounts will increase pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive plan members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Teachers' Retirement System – For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

County Employees Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS) and

additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Since certain expense items are amortized over the closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred inflows. If amounts will increase pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive plan members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

NOTE B – ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general-purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE C – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial Credit is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's total cash and cash equivalents was \$15,158,360. Of the total cash balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, with the remainder covered by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name. Cash equivalents are funds temporarily invested in securities with maturity of 90 days or less.

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

	Bank Balance	Book Balance
Magnolia Bank	15,674,933	14,866,258
Wesbanco	<u>292,102</u>	292,102
Total	<u>15,967,035</u>	<u>15,158,360</u>
Breakdown per financial statements:		
Governmental Funds		13,879,783
Fiduciary Funds		302,193
Proprietary Funds		976,384
Total Cash		<u>15,158,360</u>

Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the District had the following investments and maturities:

_	Fair Value	Average Credit Qua	lity/Ratings (1) Less Than 1
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ \$ 21,8	AAA-MF	\$ 21,859
U.S. Treasury Bills	5,918,	759 AAA	<u>5,918,759</u>
Total Investments	\$ 5,940,	<u>618</u>	<u>\$ 5,940,618</u>

(1) Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated *Credit Risk*. Not rates indicates the investment is not rated. Ratings are from Moody's Investors Service.

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Generally, the District's investing activities are under the custody of the District Finance Director. Investing policies comply with State Statutes. Kentucky Revised Statute 66.480 defines the following items as permissible investments:

- Obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government;
- Obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or a United States government agency;
- Uncollateralized certificates of deposit issued by any bank or savings and loan institution rated in one
 - (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or similar entity or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligations, including surety bonds, permitted by KRS 41.240(4)
- Bankers' acceptances for banks rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Commercial paper rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state and of its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality of agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency; and
- Shares of mutual funds, each of which shall have the following characteristics:

 1. The mutual fund shall be an open-end diversified investment company registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended; 2. The management company of the investment company shall have been in operation for at least five (5) years; and 3. All of the securities in the mutual fund shall be eligible investments pursuant to this section.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's securities are held in the District's name. No investments are reported at amortized cost. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments are level 1 inputs.

NOTE D – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bond obligations represents the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Elizabethtown Independent School District Finance Corporation in the original amount aggregating \$24,144,000.

The original amount of each issue and interest rates are summarized below:

2010 QSCB	6,425,000	5.45%
2010 QZAB	2,470,000	5.63%
2013	3,345,000	1.00% - 2.125%
2015R	4,825,000	1.00% - 3.00%
2015A	5,165,000	2.00% - 3.125%
2015B	535,000	1.40% - 3.20%
2022	979,000	1.00% - 2.75%
2023	400,000	4.00% - 4.50%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make bond payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by Elizabethtown Independent School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

In 1995 the Board entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky Legislature for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table sets forth the amount to be paid by the Board and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bonds issued. The Kentucky School Construction Commission's participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth of Kentucky with the right reserved by the Kentucky School Construction Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the agreed participation every two years. The obligation of the Kentucky School Construction Commission to make the agreed payments automatically renews each two years for a period of two years unless the Kentucky School Construction Commission gives notice if its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of its biennium.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission at June 30, 2024, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Year	Principal Principal	Interest	Participation	U.S. Gov't Portion	District's Portion
2024-25	757,000	773,959	94,083	482,109	954,767
2025-26	743,000	756,450	94,063	482,109	923,279
2026-27	1,203,000	733,901	93,033	482,109	1,361,760
2027-28	1,429,000	700,481	92,788	482,109	1,554,585
2028-29	10,149,000	417,084	1,095,608	241,055	9,229,421
2029-30	1,310,000	135,480	91,268		1,354,213
2030-31	1,361,000	96,393	90,974		1,366,419
2031-32	407,000	69,899	95,080		381,819
2032-33	433,000	57,071	94,055		396,016
2033-34	459,000	43,224	93,005		409,219
2034-35	491,000	28,493	92,930		426,563
2035-36	72,000	19,805	91,805		
2036-37	73,000	17,655	90,655		
2037-38	75,000	15,348	90,348		
2038-39	81,000	12,848	93,848		
2039-40	83,000	10,183	93,183		
2040-41	84,000	7,463	91,463		
2041-42	86,000	4,715	90,715		
2042-43	30,000	1,800	31,800		
2043-44	25,000	563	25,563		
	19,351,000	3,902,811	2,726,261	<u>2,169,491</u>	18,358.058

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
]	Balance - Restated	Additions	Reductions	<u>Balance</u>	One Year
Primary Government					
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Bond Payable	19,883,000	400,000	932,000	19,351,000	757,000
Add: Bond Premium	42,745	0	2,374	40,371	2,375
Less: Bond Discount	(80,352)	(7,925)	(13,184)	(75,093)	(13,578)
Net Revenue Bond Payab	le 19,845,393	392,075	921,190	19,316,278	1,646,101
Net Pension Liability	6,070,164	0	465,163	5,605,001	0
Lease Liabilities-Restated		0	34,592	75,019	36,502
Net OPEB Liability	7,898,707	0	3,532,707	4,366,000	0
Accrued Sick Leave	1,184,214	0	499,891	684,323	91,973
Total Governmental					
Activities:	<u>35,108,089</u>	<u>392,075</u>	<u>5,453,543</u>	<u>30,046,621</u>	<u>1,774,576</u>
Proprietary Activities:					
Net OPEB Liability	404,252	0	343,253	60,999	0
Net Pension Liability	1,512,493	0	115,928	1,396,565	0
Total Long-Term Liabilities	s: <u>37,024,834</u>	392,075	5,912,724	31,504,185	<u>1,774,576</u>

NOTE E – LEASE LIABILITIES PAYABLE

The District is the lessee of computers under a lease expiring on September 29, 2025. The assets and liabilities under leases are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the asset. The assets are amortized over their estimated productive lives. Amortization of assets under leases is included in depreciation expense for fiscal year 2024.

The following is a summary of property held under lease:

Classes of Property	Book Value as of June 30, 2024
Computers	150,107
Accumulated Amortization	(52,537)
Total	<u>97,570</u>

The following is a schedule by years of the future principal payments under the lease as of June 30, 2024:

Year Ending June 30,	Lease Liabilities Payable
2025	40,644
2026	40,644
Net minimum lease payments	81,288
Amount representing interest	<u>(6,269</u>)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	<u>75,019</u>

Interest rates on the lease is 5.521%. The lease provides for the assets to revert to the District at the end of the lease with no further payment for purchase.

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	BEGINNING			ENDING
	BALANCE	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:			·	_
Non-Depreciable Assets:				
Land	267,795			267,795
Construction in Progress	86,777	2,555,749	(1,457,772)	1,184,754
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings & Building Improvements	57,131,439		1,457,772	58,589,211
Technology Equipment	1,875,827	43,461		1,919,288
Vehicles	1,713,474	46,991		1,760,465
General Equipment	1,295,473	173,816	25,063	1,444,226
TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST	62,370,785	2,820,017	25,063	65,165,739
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:				
Buildings & Building Improvements	28,694,283	1,561,391		30,255,674
Technology Equipment	1,886,870	4,309		1,891,179
Vehicles	1,189,655	78,189		1,267,844
General Equipment	1,050,078	32,261	25,063	1,057,276
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	32,820,886	1,676,150	25,063	34,471,973
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET	29,549,899	1,143,867	-	30,693,766
PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES:				
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings & Building Improvements	339,450			339,450
General Equipment	1,125,583	10,348		1,135,931
TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST	1,465,033	10,348	-	1,475,381
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:				
Buildings & Building Improvements	339,450			339,450
General Equipment	979,594	24,846		1,004,440
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	1,319,044	24,846	-	1,343,890
PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET	145,989	(14,498)	-	131,491
DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERN	NMENTAL FUNCTIO	NS AS FOLLOWS:		
Instructional				1,002,656
District Administration				342,700
Plant Operation & Maintenance				262,357
Student Transportation				68,437
TOTAL				1,676,150
				,

NOTE G - RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree

requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date	Before September 1, 2008		
	Unreduced retirement	27 years service or 65 years old		
	Reduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 55 years old		
		At least 25 years service and any age		
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013		
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old		
		OR age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87		
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service or 60 years old		
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013		
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old		
		OR age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87		
	Reduced retirement	Not Available		

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits

Contributions—Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required		
	Contributions		
Tier 1	5%		
Tier 2	5% +1% for insurance		
Tier 3	5% +1% for insurance		

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.TRS.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years.

In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). University members contribute 10.40% of salary to the retirement system. Non-university members contribute 12.855% of salary to the retirement system. Member contributions are picked up by the employer.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, six percent (6%) of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. Three percent (3%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from Commonwealth appropriation and two and one quarter percent (2.25%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$7,001,566 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$ 7,001,566
Commonwealth's proportional share of the TRS net	
pension liability associated with the District	 58,088,993
	\$ 65,090,559

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.109991% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$74,988 related to CERS and \$3,494,119 related to TRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$3,494,119 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			D	eferred
	Οι	ıtflows of	In	flows of
	R	esources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	362,458	\$	19,025
Changes of assumptions		-		641,698
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		756,367		851,873
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		181,718		173,762
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		723,809		
Total	\$	2,024,352	\$	1,686,358

\$723,809 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:			
2025	(295,460)		
2026	(178,877)		
2027	156,303		
2028	(67,781)		
2029	-		

Actuarial assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Long-term Investment Rate of Return,	
net of pension plan investment	
expense, including inflation	7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	3.66%
Measurement Date	2.13%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.00-7.50%, includes inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% annually
Inflation rate	2.50%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of	
pension plan investment expense,	
including inflation	
Prior Measurement Date	7.50%
Measurement Date	7.10%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rates
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.40%	5.0%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.60%	5.5%
Developed International Equity	15.70%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.30%	6.1%
Fixed Income	15.00%	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	3.8%
Other Additional Categories	5.00%	3.6%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.2%
Private Equity	7.00%	8.0%
Cash	2.0%	1.6%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - For TRS, The discount rate used to measure the TPL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. We assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

County Employees' Retirement System (CERS)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2013-June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets
	and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0%
Investment rate of return	6.25%
Projected salary increases	3.30 to 10.30%, varies by service
Inflation rate	2.30%

The mortality table used for active members was Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Nonhazardous

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for the system. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2013 through 2018, is outlined in a report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.3% per annum.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity		
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Fixed Income		
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected		
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
Expected Real Return	100.0%	5.75%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		2.50%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		8.25%

Discount rate—For CERS, projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.50% assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 30 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate— The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS District's proportionate share	5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
of net pension liability	8,839,900	7,001,566	5,473,841
TRS District's proportionate share	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
of net pension liability	0	0	0

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS.

NOTE H – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Teachers' Retirement System of Kentucky

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2024, the Elizabethtown Independent District reported a liability of \$4,366,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was .3102 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,366,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	3,680,000
Total	\$ 8,046,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$208,975 and revenue of \$268,310 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	red Outflows of Resources	 rred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 1,480,000
Changes of assumptions	993,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	82,000	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,374,000	1,815,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 372,355	
Total	 2,821,355	3,295,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$372,355 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2025	\$ (269,000)
2026	(246,000)
2027	26,000
2028	(20,000)
2029	(163,000)
Thereafter	(174,000)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Long-term investment rate of return net of OPEB plan investment	
expense, including inflation.	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%
Salary increases, including wage	
Inflation	3.00 - 7.50%
Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Health Trust Health Care Cost Trends	
Under 65	6.75% for FY 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by FY 2032
Ages 65 and Older	6.75% for FY 2022* decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by FY 2025
Medicare Part B Premiums	1.55% for FY 2022 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of	
OPEB plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Health Trust	N/A
Life Trust	N/A

^{*}Based on known expected increase in Medicare-eligible costs in the year following the valuation date, an increase rate of 20.00% was used for FYE 2021.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2023 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2023 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2023 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S Large Cap Equity	35.4%	5.0%
U.S. Small Cap	2.6%	5.5%
Developed Int'l Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	8.0%	3.8%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	3.7%
Real Estate	6.5%	3.2%
Private Equity	8.5%	8.0%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	1.6%
	100.00%	

Discount rate (SEIR)- The discount rate used to measure the TOL at June 30, 2023 was 7.10% for the Health Trust and 7.10% for the Life Trust. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
TRS District's proportionate share	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
of net OPEB liability	5,616,000	4,366,000	3,333,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Trend		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	3,143,000	4,366,000	5,889,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

At June 30, 2024, the Kentucky School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	-0-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	91,000
Total	\$ 91,000

Actuarial assumptions – The actuarial assumptions are listed above with the TRS OPEB assumptions information.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	5.2%
International Equity	15.00%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	21.00%	1.9%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.2%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.0%
Additional Categories	5.00%	4.0%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.00%	1.6%
	100.00%	

Discount rate (*SEIR*) - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

County Employees' Retirement System of Kentucky

Plan description – Classified (non-certified) employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public agencies in the state. CERS was established July 1, 1958 by the state legislature. CERS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://kyret.ky.gov/About/Board-of-Trustees/Pages/CAFR-and-SAFR.aspx.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the CERS Medical Insurance. The following information is about the CERS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – The Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund) was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from KERS, CERS, and SPRS, the state retirement options. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance. It is noted that while this insurance fund covers employees eligible through KERS, CERS, and SPRS, only the portion related to CERS is applicable to Spencer County School District since the District does not have or qualify to have employees participate in KERS or SPRS.

Benefits provided – Medical Insurance coverage is provided based on the member's initial participation date and length of service. Members received either a percentage or dollar amount for insurance coverage. The amount of contribution paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	Paid By Insurance Fund (%)
20+	100%
15-19	75%
10-14	50%
4-9	25%
Less than 4	0%

Medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participating on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a vesting period of 10 years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003 earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually, which is currently 1.5%, based upon Kentucky Revised Statutes. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce this benefit if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. Only benefit descriptions applicable to CERS Non-Hazardous have been included with this information since only that portion is applicable to the District.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, five and seventy-eight one hundreds percent (3.39%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed for the year ended June 30, 2024 for CERS Non-Hazardous, which is the portion of the plan applicable to the District, and this portion is paid 100% paid by employer contributions. One percent (1.00%) is contributed by employees hired on or after September 1, 2008.

At June 30, 2024, the Elizabethtown Independent District reported a benefit of \$150,650 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB asset that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was .109114 percent, compared to .104887 percent at June 30, 2022.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB benefit	\$ 150,650
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	-0-
Total	\$ 150,650

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB benefit of \$431,940. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows of	Defe	rred Inflows of
	I	Resources]	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	105,026	\$	2,139,081
Changes of assumptions		296,469		206,609
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		281,936		316,899
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contrbutions		69,433		159,265
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		49,206		
Total		802,070		2,821,854

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$49,206 resulting from District contributions of \$0 subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year and implicit subsidy of \$49,206, will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2025	\$ (537,192)
2026	(652,978)
2027	(480,736)
2028	(398,084)
2029	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Investment rate of return	6.25%
Salary Increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre - 65	Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Post - 65	Initial trend starting at 6.3% in 2023, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Mortality	
Pre-retirement	PUB-2010 General Mortality table
Post-retirement (non-disabled)	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019
Post-retirement (disabled)	PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set- forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum.

	m	Long-Term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity		
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Liquidity		
Core Bonds	10.00%	2.45%
Special Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected		
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
Expected Real Return	100.0%	5.75%
Long Term Inflation		
Assumption		2.50%
Expected Nominal Return		8.25%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.93%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy, as most recently revised by House Bill 8, passed during the 2021 legislative session. The assumed future employer contributions reflect the provisions of House Bill 362 (passed during the 2018 legislative session) which limit the increases to the employer contribution rates to 12% over the prior fiscal year through June 30, 2028, for the CERS plans.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
CERS	4.93%	5.93%	6.93%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	282,713	(150,650)	(513,538)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
Systems' net pension			
liability	(482,860)	(150,650)	257,438

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE I – CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected, to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

NOTE J - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively related including Workers' Compensation insurance.

NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees. To obtain insurance of workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District obtains quotes from commercial insurance companies. Currently, the District maintains insurance coverage through Ohio Casualty Insurance Company.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE L – DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES

The Construction Fund had a balance of \$951,617, the Food Service Funda had a deficit balance of \$227,655 and the Day Care Fund had a deficit balance of \$262,430 at June 30, 2024. The following funds have operations that resulted in a current year deficit of expenditures over revenues resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

District Activity	40,612
Debt Service	928,001

NOTE M – COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the School District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE N – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
Matching	General	Special Revenue	Technology Match	46,398
Operating	Special Revenue	Constrution	Construction	1,110,562
Operating	General	Debt Service	Debt Service	680,635
Operating	Building	Debt Service	Debt Service	1,543,720
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	88,658
Operating	Special Revenue	General	Indirect Costs	159,822
Operating	School Activity	District Activity	Operations	26,855
	·	Governmenta	al Funds Transferred In	3,656,650
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	(88,658)
		Proprie	tary Funds Transferred	(88,658)
		Т	otal Transferred Funds	3.567.992

NOTE O - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	Special Revenue	\$472,111
General	Construction	249,621

The interfund payables/receivables represent temporary financing that will be repaid within one year.

NOTE P – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has reviewed subsequent events through November 15, 2024 the date the financial statements were available for release. There are no material subsequent events to disclose.

NOTE Q – ON-BEHALF PAYMENT

For the year ended June 30, 2024, \$6,991,864 in on-behalf payments were made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky for the benefit of the District. Payments for life insurance, health insurance, Kentucky teacher retirement matching pension contributions, administrative fees, technology and debt service were paid by the State for the District. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts. These payments were as follows:

Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 Schedule A)	\$3,494,119
Teachers Retirement System (GASB 75)	295,368
Health Insurance	3,088,821
Life Insurance	3,912
Administrative Fee	31,400
HRA/Dental/Vision	138,950
Federal Reimbursement	(305,606)
Technology	82,882
SFCC Debt Service Payments	162,018
Total	<u>\$6,991,864</u>

NOTE R – NET POSITION, AS RESTATED

The beginning net position of the Governmental Activities was decreased by \$109,611 due to the understatement of lease liabilities. Below are the details of the restatement:

	(Government
		Activities
Net Position June 30, 2023	\$	13,536,472
Understatement of Lease Liabilities	_	(109,611)
Beginning Net Position, As Restated	\$ <u>_</u>	13,426,861

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
	DODGET	DODOLI	HETCHE	(NEGHTIVE)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	7,850,199	7,850,199	8,011,057	160,858
Other Local Sources	305,000	305,000	909,952	604,952
State Sources	10,720,997	10,720,997	17,755,408	7,034,411
Federal Sources	43,000	43,000	82,302	39,302
Other Sources	89,000	89,000	293,914	204,914
TOTAL REVENUES	19,008,196	19,008,196	27,052,633	8,044,437
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional	10,955,265	10,955,265	15,870,179	(4,914,914)
Student Support Services	882,866	882,866	1,103,625	(220,759)
Staff Support Services	760,975	760,975	994,234	(233,259)
District Administration	614,958	614,958	784,595	(169,637)
School Administration	1,293,734	1,293,734	1,752,218	(458,484)
Business Support Services	767,975	767,975	815,166	(47,191)
Plant Operation & Maintenance	3,174,738	3,174,738	3,573,307	(398,569)
Student Transportation	830,265	830,265	975,544	(145,279)
Other	340,119	340,119	727,033	(386,914)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19,620,895	19,620,895	26,595,901	(6,975,006)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(612,699)	(612,699)	456,732	1,069,431
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	612,699	612,699	6,894,447	6,281,748
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	0	0	7,351,179	7,351,179

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Other Local Sources	0	0	132,259	132,259
State Sources	1,024,111	1,024,111	1,089,484	65,373
Federal Sources	1,388,159	1,388,159	4,455,343	3,067,184
Other Sources	55,000	55,000	6,018	(48,982)
TOTAL REVENUES	2,467,270	2,467,270	5,683,104	3,215,834
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional	1,921,120	1,921,120	3,780,863	(1,859,743)
Student Support Services	83,825	83,825	165,479	(81,654)
Staff Support Services	275,163	275,163	297,061	(21,898)
District Administration	0	0	0	0
School Administration	0	0	0	0
Business Support Services	0	0	0	0
Plant Operation & Maintenance	4,774	4,774	4,718	56
Student Transportation	13,679	13,679	5,953	7,726
Day Care Operations	0	0	0	0
Site Improvement	0	0	184,408	(184,408)
Community Service Operations	190,827	190,827	0	190,827
Other	0	0	1,270,384	(1,270,384)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,489,388	2,489,388	5,708,866	(3,219,478)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(22,118)	(22,118)	(25,762)	(3,644)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	22,118	22,118	136,577	136,577
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	0	0	110,815	132,933

ELIZABTETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

		2015		2016	2017	2018		2019
District's proportion of net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%	 0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-		-	-	-		-
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district	\$	68,101,554		81,324,585	104,912,414	95,684,588		46,923,403
TOTAL	_	68,101,554		81,324,585	 104,912,414	 95,684,588	_	46,923,403
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,124,524		10,465,027	10,787,947	\$ 10,898,532	\$	11,146,326
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		45.60%		42.49%	57.04%	39.80%		59.30%
		2020		2021	 2022	 2023		2024
District's proportion of net pension liability								
District's proportion of her pension hability		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district		49,934,109		50,207,357	 46,018,028	 58,850,270		58,088,993
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability	\$	-	<u> </u>	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district TOTAL	\$	49,934,109 49,934,109	\$	50,207,357 50,207,357	\$ - 46,018,028 46,018,028	\$ 58,850,270 58,850,270	\$	58,088,993 58,088,993

ELIZABETHTOWN INDENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.125763%	0.121655%	0.122055%	0.119186%	0.120125%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,080,000	5,230,281	6,009,501	6,976,324	7,315,980
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	\$ 4,080,000	5,230,281	6,009,501	6,976,324	7,315,980
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,084,414	2,858,115	2,968,799	2,939,449	3,028,820
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	132.30%	183.00%	202.40%	237.30%	241.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.80%	59.97%	55.50%	53.30%	53.54%
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.116919%	0.119081%	0.112647%	0.104892%	0.109118%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	8,222,966	9,133,414	7,182,130	7,582,657	7,001,566
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district	-	_	-	_	-
TOTAL	8,222,966	9,133,414	7,182,130	7,582,657	7,001,566
District's covered-employee payroll	3,004,762	3,105,819	2,938,927	2,963,475	3,100,764
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	273.70%	294.10%	244.40%	255.90%	225.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	50.45%	47.81%	57.33%	52.42%	57.48%

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

		2015		2016	2	2017	2	2018	2019	
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions				<u>-</u> _						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	
Covered employee payroll	\$ 10),124,524	\$	10,465,027	\$ 10,	787,947	\$ 10,	898,532	\$ 11	,146,326
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
		2020	2021		2022		2023		2024	
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		_				-		-		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Covered employee payroll	\$ 10),922,944	\$	10,898,532	\$ 10,	279,106	\$ 11,	037,580	\$ 12	,441,840
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 364,410	\$ 368,725	\$ 410,053	\$ 438,573	\$ 487,372
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	364,410	368,725	410,053	438,573	487,372
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,858,115	\$ 3,968,799	\$ 2,939,449	\$ 3,028,820	\$ 3,004,762
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	12.75%	12.42%	13.95%	14.48%	16.22%
Contractually required contributions	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
(actuarially determined)	\$ 599,432	\$ 567,213	\$ 627,368	\$ 767,486	\$ 723,809
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	599,432	567,213	627,368	767,486	723,809
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 3,105,819	\$ 2,938,927	\$ 2,963,475	\$ 3,279,855	\$ 3,100,764
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	19.30%	19.30%	21.17%	23.40%	23.34%

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.119186%	0.120120%	0.116907%	0.119049%	0.112621%	0.104887%	0.109114%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	2,396,047	2,132,707	1,966,323	2,874,671	2,156,073	2,069,959	(150,650)
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district	- 2 200 047	- 2.122.707	1,000,222	2 974 (71	2.157.072	2,000,050	(150.650)
TOTAL	2,396,047	2,132,707	1,966,323	2,874,671	2,156,073	2,069,959	(150,650)
District's covered-employee payroll	2,939,449	3,028,820	3,004,762	2,938,927	2,963,475	3,279,855	3,100,764
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	81.51%	70.41%	65.44%	9256.00%	73.36%	69.85%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.40%	57.62%	60.44%	51.67%	62.91%	47.76%	104.23%

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.3414%	0.3456%	0.3469%	0.3433%	0.3428%	0.3336%	0.1793%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	6,699,000	6,441,000	5,617,000	4,811,000	4,059,000	6,233,000	4,366,000
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district TOTAL	5,473,000 12,172,000	5,551,000 11,992,000	4,536,000 10,153,000	3,854,000 8,665,000	3,296,000 7,355,000	2,048,000 8,281,000	3,680,000 8,046,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,087,834	\$ 11,146,326	\$ 10,922,994	\$ 10,898,532	\$ 10,279,106	\$ 11,037,580	\$ 12,268,236
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	60.40%	57.79%	51.42%	44.14%	39.49%	56.47%	35.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	21.18%	25.50%	32.60%	39.05%	51.74%	47.76%	53.00%

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability							
associated with the district	73,000	95,000	105,000	117,000	44,000	102,000	91,000
TOTAL	73,000	95,000	105,000	117,000	44,000	102,000	91,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,087,834	\$ 11,146,326	\$ 10,922,994	\$ 10,898,532	\$ 10,279,106	\$ 11,037,580	\$ 12,268,236
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	79.99%	75.00%	73.40%	71.57%	89.15%	73.97%	76.90%

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MEDICAL INSUARANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 136,057	\$ 151,560	\$ 145,444	\$ 145,299	\$ 179,864	\$ 108,610	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	136,057	151,560	145,444	145,299	179,864	108,610	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,939,449	\$ 3,028,820	\$ 3,004,762	\$ 2,938,927	\$ 2,963,475	\$ 3,279,855	\$ 3,100,764
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	4.70%	5.26%	4.76%	4.76%	5.78%	3.39%	0.00%

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 332,000	\$ 327,700	\$ 328,100	\$ 308,374	\$ 331,127	\$ 340,665	\$ 372,355
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	332,000	327,700	328,100	308,374	331,127	340,665	372,355
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 11,063,121	\$ 10,922,944	\$ 10,898,532	\$ 10,279,106	\$ 11,037,580	\$ 11,355,501	\$ 12,441,840
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE LIFE INSURANCE PLAN

TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions							
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 11,063,121	\$ 10,922,944	\$ 10,898,532	\$ 10,279,106	\$ 11,037,580	\$ 11,355,501	\$ 12,441,840
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%. • In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

In the 2023 experience study the municipal bond index rate increased to 3.66%

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY **DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS**

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method **Amortization Period**

Remaining amortization period

Asset valuation method

Inflation

Salary Increase

Ultimate Investment rate of return

Entry age, normal

Level percentage of payroll, closed

30-year closed period that began fiscal year 2011

to amortize the unfunded liability 5-year asset smoothing method

2.50 percent

3.00 to 7.50 percent

7.10 per annum, compounded annually, including

inflation

NOTE C - CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes in benefits for TRS pension.

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

2015

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.

The assumed inflation rate was reduced from 3.5% to 3.255%.

The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to .75%.

Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4%.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 20013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

<u>2016</u>

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2016.

2017

The following changes were made by the KRS Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

The assumed rate of inflation was reduced to 2.30% from 3.25%

The assumed salary increases were reduced to 3.05%, average, from 4.00%, average including inflation

The assumed investment rate of return was reduced to 6.25% from 7.50%

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

The following changes were made by the KRS Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

The projected salary increase was changed to 3.3-11.5% from 3.05%

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

The asset valuation method was changed to 20% of the difference between the market value assets and the expected actuarial value of assets if recognized from 5-year smoothed market.

The payroll growth rate was changed to 2.0% from 4.0%.

The investment rate of return was change to 6.25% from 7.5%.

The inflation rate was changed to 2.3% from 3.25%.

2020

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2020.

2021

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2021.

<u> 2022</u>

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2022.

2023

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the rates reported in that schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Experience Study July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period 30 years, Closed

Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization

basis

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value

of assets and the expected actuarial value of

assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30 percent

Salary Increase 3.30-10.30 percent, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25 percent

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB 362

enacted in 2018 for CERS

The retiree mortality is a System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes in benefits for CERS non-hazardous pensions.

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

2017

There were no changes in assumptions.

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

There were no changes in assumptions.

2020

Health Care Cost Trend Rates were updated for the June 30, 2019 valuation.

2021

Health Trust and Life Trust

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.

The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%.

The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

2022

There were no changes in assumptions.

2023

There were no changes in assumptions

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The Health Trust is not funded based on an actuarially determined contribution, but instead is funded based on statutorily determined amounts.

NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes of benefits.

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

2017

The assumed investment return was changed from 7.5% to 6.2%

The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30% which resulted in a .95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service

The payroll growth assumption (*applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.0% to 2.0%

For the non-hazardous plan, the single discount rate changed from 6.89% to 5.84%. For the hazardous plan the single discount rate changed from 7.37% to 5.96%

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

The investment rate of return was changed to 6.25% from 7.0%.

The projected salary increases changed to 3.05-11.55% from 4.0%.

The inflation rate changed to 2.3% from 3.25%.

The payroll growth rate changed to 2.0% from 4.0%.

2020

There were no changes in assumptions.

2021

The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed since the prior year. The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2020 valuation process and was updated to better reflect the plan's long-term healthcare costs.

2022

The Initial trend rate for Pre-65 was changes to 6.20% and for Post-65 the change was to 9.00%.

2023

The Initial trend rate for Pre-65 was changes to 6.30% and for Post-65 the change was to 6.3%.

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions – The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2023:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Experience Study July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period 30 years, closed

Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over

separate closed 20-year amortization bases

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30%-10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25 9

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality

experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using

a base year of 2019

Healthcare cost trend rates

Pre - 65 Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023 and

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

over a period of 13 years.

Post - 65 Initial trend starting at 6.30 % at January 1, 2023 and

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

over a period of 13 years.

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in

2018.

NOTE C - CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes in benefits for CERS, non-hazardous OPEB.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	SEEK			TOTAL
	CAPITAL	DISTRICT	SCHOOL	NON-MAJOR
	OUTLAY	ACTIVITY	ACTIVITY	GOVERNMENT
	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUNDS
ASSETS:				
Cash & Cash Equivalents	1,714,622	95,329	470,092	2,280,043
1				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
TOTAL ASSETS	1,714,622	95,329	470,092	2,280,043
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable		45		45
Total Liabilities	0	45	0	45
Fund Balances:				
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	315,451			315,451
SFCC Escrow	1,399,171			1,399,171
School Activities	1,577,171	95,284	470,092	565,376
Total Fund Balances	1,714,622	95,284	470,092	2,279,998
Tom I and Damieos	1,714,022	75,204	170,072	2,217,770
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	1,714,622	95,329	470,092	2,280,043

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	SEEK	DIGEDICE	acricoi	TOTAL
	CAPITAL OUTLAY	DISTRICT ACTIVITY	SCHOOL ACTIVITY	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENT
	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUNDS
	TOND	TOND	TOND	TONDS
REVENUES:				
Taxes - Property				0
Intergovernmental - State	228,088			228,088
Student Activities		7,406	674,036	681,442
Earnings on Investments	87,364		27,631	114,995
TOTAL REVENUES	315,452	7,406	701,667	1,024,525
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional		48,018	590,499	638,517
Student Support Services			8,325	8,325
Instructional Staff Support			310	310
Plant Operations and Maintenace			3,728	3,728
Student Transportation			16,029	16,029
Debt Service:				
Principal				0
Interest		40.010	(10.001	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	0	48,018	618,891	666,909
EXCESS(DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	315,452	(40,612)	82,776	357,616
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES):				
Operating Transfers In		26,855		26,855
Operating Transfers Out			(26,855)	(26,855)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)	0	26,855	(26,855)	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	315,452	(13,757)	55,921	357,616
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	1,399,170	109,041	414,171	1,922,382
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	1,714,622	95,284	470,092	2,279,998
			·	

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCES AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	FUND BALANCE JULY 1, 2023	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2024
Elizabethtown High School	316,132	524,387	477,272	363,247
T.K. Stone Middle School	72,549	144,612	135,819	81,342
Panther Academy	2,139	4,326	3,995	2,470
Morningside Elementary School	8,326	9,360	10,114	7,572
Helmwood Heights Elementary	15,025	18,982	18,546	15,461
Total Activity Funds (Due to Student Groups)	414,171	701,667	645,746	470,092

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND FUND BALANCE

HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023							
	CASH	1	OK THE TEAK ENDED JUI	CASH	ACCOUNTS	ACCOUNTS	FUND
	BALANCE			BALANCE	RECEIVABLE	PAYABLE	BALANCE
	JULY 1, 2023	RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS	JUNE 30, 2024	JUNE 30, 2024	JUNE 30, 2024	JUNE 30, 2024
Academic Team	600	100	0	700			700
Adult Vending	81	2,866	1,577	1,370			1,370
Virtual Learning	275	0	275	0			0
Archery	5,481	4,635	4,705	5,411			5,411
Art Club	251	0	0	251			251
Athletic Fees	95,100	30,480	91,575	34,005			34,005
Athletic Gate	7,026	110,112	19,910	97,228			97,228
Athletic Post Season	34,795	34,096	53,893	14,998			14,998
Athletics	14,051	70,973	73,662	11,362			11,362
Band	2,021	31,699	25,993	7,727			7,727
Baseball	11,171	7,010	18,017	164			164
Baseball Camp	4,353	2,000	3,085	3,268			3,268
Belle	11,136	11,600	15,119	7,617			7,617
Beta Club	(156)	31,051	30,715	180			180
Bowling	1,544	8,228	6,918	2,854			2,854
Boy's Basketball	1,361	10,513	9,246	2,628			2,628
Boy's Basketball Camp	1,893	3,405	986	4,312			4,312
Boy's Soccer	371	6,548	6,919	0			0
Boy's Soccer Camp	2,019	375	75	2,319			2,319
Building Rental	942	3,910	1,523	3,329			3,329
Business Education	4,586	1,683	2,446	3,823			3,823
Cheerleading Clinic	117	3,180	3,297	0			0
Cheerleading	3,160	18,021	15,303	5,878			5,878
Chorus	402	1,200	1,599	3			3
Chess Club	0	38	0	38			38
Chromebook	8,030	24,117	24,578	7,569			7,569
Class of 1960 Scholarship	1,059	0	0	1,059			1,059
Class of 2005 Scholarship	1,000	0	0	1,000			1,000
Community Donations	3,048	1,900	0	4,948			4,948
Cross Country	2,325	8,895	1,006	10,214			10,214
Diversity Club	0	170	0	170			170
Drama	954	2,525	2,317	1,162			1,162
Environmental Club	242	218	347	113			113
E-Sports	0	2,839	2,992	(153)			(153)
Educators Rising	196	299	300	195			195
FCA	991	455	451	995			995
Fishing	405	1,871	1,268	1,008			1,008
Football	7,138	25,222	31,954	406			406
Freshman Class	5,483	337	1,154	4,666			4,666
FBLA	615	2,899	2,893	621			621
Gifted and Talented	255	0	0	255			255
Girl's Basketball	872	10,906	10,646	1,132			1,132
Girl's Basketball Camp	2,356	1,055	608	2,803			2,803
Girl's Soccer	0	3,553	175	3,378			3,378
Girl's Soccer Camp	6,434	3,704	0	10,138			10,138
Golf	2,364	2,805	480	4,689			4,689
Guidance HOSA	3,881 0	8,825 1,526	8,611	4,095 280			4,095
поза	U	1,526	1,246	280			280

Interest	7,863	20,868	12,329	16,402			16,402
Junior Class	301	105	364	42			42
KYA/KUNA	285	22,118	22,029	374			374
Lacrosse	160	0	0	160			160
Library	500	509	49	960			960
Mathematics	2,186	0	0	2,186			2,186
Pep Club	381	1,358	1,394	345			345
Ping Pong Club	13	0	13	0			0
Pictures	1,904	0	0	1,904			1,904
Project Graduation	3,622	5,590	7,827	1,385			1,385
Prom	2,654	8,785	8,911	2,528			2,528
Rewards Program	643	158	175	626			626
SADD	852	0	0	852			852
Senior Class	653	6,012	6,407	258			258
Service Club	1,033	0	455	578			578
Social Committee	19	80	51	48			48
Skills USA	0	200	200	0			0
Social Studies	0	81	81	0			0
Softball	4,850	3,340	5,723	2,467			2,467
Sophomore Class	2,849	1,411	952	3,308			3,308
Spanish Club	338	38	0	376			376
Special Education	1,161	1,750	2,910	1			1
STLP	33	0	33	0			0
Student Assistance Fund	64	0	64	0			0
Student Vending	1,796	64	300	1,560			1,560
Student Council	6,411	6,053	3,783	8,681			8,681
Sweep	600	21,220	21,820	0			0
Swimming	2,555	5,929	5,382	3,102			3,102
Panther Threads	(30)	15,483	9,711	5,742			5,742
Technology Student Assoc	3,006	13,635	3,813	12,828			12,828
Tennis	358	2,875	1,836	1,397			1,397
Tennis Camp	2,462	1,450	315	3,597			3,597
Textbook/Chromebook Fee	75	0	0	75			75
Track	7,625	15,491	18,144	4,972			4,972
United Way	16	0	0	16			16
Volleyball	35	5,308	1,177	4,166			4,166
Volleyball-Camp	270	0	0	270			270
Winterguard	2,255	12,821	11,580	3,496			3,496
Writing Club	89	0	0	89			89
Yearbook	6,017	2,231	0	8,248			8,248
Total All Funds	316,132	672,807	625,692	363,247	0	0	363,247
Interfund Transfers	0	(148,420)	(148,420)	0	0	0	0
Total	316,132	524,387	477,272	363,247	0	0	363,247

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT' SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		PASS		
	FEDERAL	THROUGH		
PEDERAL CRANTOR/DAGC TUROUGH CRANTOR/DROCK AM TITLE	ALN	NUMBER	PROVIDED TO	EXPENDITUDES
FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE U.S. Department of Education	NUMBER	(if applicable)	SUBRECIPIENTS	EXPENDITURES
Passed-Through Department of Education				
Title I Part A- Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84010	3100002-23		178,349
Title I Part A- Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-24		449,176
Title I Part A Cluster				627,525
Title II- Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002-24		102,422
IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	84.027	3810002-23		207,836
IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	84.027	3810002-24		334,213
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-23		15,351
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-24		7,706
COVID - 19- Special Education-Grants to States Special Education Cluster	84.027X	4900002		5,270 570,376
Special Education Cluster				370,370
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	330002-24		1,622
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	4300002		2,925,936
Adult Education - Basic Grants To States	84.002	3840001-24		25,512
Perkins Voc.	84.048	3710002-23		2,680
Perkins Voc.	84.048	3710002-24		32,211
Perkins Voc.				34,891
Passed Through Green River Regional Education Cooperative				
School Safety National Activities	84.184	GRREC-19		19,807
benoof barety Tataonal Fleatines	01.101	GRALE 17		15,007
Title IV, Part A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	342002-22		36,581
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment Title IV Total	84.424	342002-23		36,227 72,808
Total U.S. Department of Education				4,380,899
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	Direct		11,628
Passed-Through Department of Education				
Promoting Adolescent Health	93.11	PMH-23		59,838
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				71,466
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed-Through State Department of Education				
National School Lunchroom	10.555	7750002-23		220,854
National School Lunchroom	10.555	7750002-24		795,110
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-23		80,976
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-24		285,628
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7690024-23		14,678
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7740023-23		141,848
Child Nutrition Cluster				1,539,094
State Administrative Expense Funds	10.560	7700001-23		2,416
Pass-Through State Department of Agriculture				
Food Distribution	10.565	057502-10		134,813
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				1,676,323
Total Federal Financial Assistance				6,128,688

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Elizabethtown Independent School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Elizabethtown Independent School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net asset, or cash flows of Elizabethtown Independent School District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are present where available.

NOTE C – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities disbursed.

NOTE D - DE MINIMIS COST RATE

The District did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE E – SUBRECIPIENTS

There were no subrecipients during the fiscal year.

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of audit issued: Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:	
 Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that ar not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	
Noncompliance material to financial statements not	ed? Yes X No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs?	
 Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that ar not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for m	najor programs (unmodified):
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.5	16(a)? Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major programs:	
ALN Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010 84.425U	Title I Covid-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ <u>750,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	XYesNo
Section II – Financia	l Statement of Findings
No matters were reported.	

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2024

There were no prior year audit findings.

MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Education Elizabethtown Independent School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report,* the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Elizabethtown Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Elizabethtown Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated November 15, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Elizabethtown Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of my tests disclosed no material instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulation identified in *Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Education Elizabethtown Independent School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Elizabethtown Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance_Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Elizabethtown Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Elizabethtown Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In my opinion, Elizabethtown Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report. My responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of my report.

I am required to be independent of Elizabethtown Independent School District and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. My audit does not provide a legal determination of Elizabethtown Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Elizabethtown Independent School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Elizabethtown Independent School District's compliance based on my audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Elizabethtown Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Elizabethtown Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that I identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in

internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exit that were not identified.

My audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2024

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Members of the Board of Education Elizabethtown Independent School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of Elizabethtown Independent School District for the year ended June 30, 2024, my considered its internal control in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements. Our professional standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. I feel that the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement. However, I offer the following suggestions that I feel will strengthen your organization's internal control structure.

Prior Year Recommendations - School Activity Funds:

2023-1 Prior Year Recommendation:

During the 2023 audit fundraiser test work, it was noted that form F-SA-2B was not completed for the fundraisers for Special Ed/Golden Paw (spirit wear) and Cheerleading (peach sales) and neither fundraiser had documentation of the principal's approval.

Current Year Status:

No such instance noted during current year testing.

2023-2 Prior Year Recommendation:

During the 2023 audit it was noted that travel reimbursements tested as check numbers 21522 and 21523 did not contain approval by the principal.

Current Year Status:

No such instance noted during current year testing

2023-3 Prior Year Recommendation:

During the 2023 audit it was noted that a total of \$4,155 was paid to workers for various athletics-related activities. We requested but were unable to obtain documentation that these were Board approved positions.

Current Year Status:

No such instance noted during current year testing

2023-4 Prior Year Recommendation:

During the 2023 audit, the following was noted during the testing of cash advances:

An advance in the amount of \$1,500.00 was issued on April 5, 2023, for expenses related to the TSA conference; however, the deposit of the remaining \$200.19 after expenses was not made until September 12, 2023.

An advance in the amount of \$880.00 was issued on March 16, 2023, for Cheerleading meals. The remaining balance of \$574.00 was returned timely; however, the only documented receipt was for \$153.02, leaving \$152.98 in undocumented expenses.

An advance in the amount of \$2,400.00 was issued on February 7, 2023, for Cheerleading Nationals. We noted a Walmart receipt for \$174.50, which had been paid with a VISA credit card instead of the cash advanced and did not include an itemized listing of items purchased.

Current Year Status:

No such instance noted during current year testing

Prior Year Recommendation - District:

None.

Current Year Recommendations - School Activity Funds:

None.

Current Year Recommendations - District:

None

I would like to offer my assistance throughout the year if and when new or unusual situations arise. My awareness of new developments when they occur would help to ensure that the District is complying with requirements such as those mentioned above.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2024

Members of the Board of Education Elizabethtown Independent School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Elizabethtown Independent School District for the year ended June 30, 2024. Professional standards require that I provide you with information about my responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of my audit. I have communicated such information in my letter to you dated April 9, 2024. Professional standards also require that I communicate to you the following information related to my audit.

Significant Audit Matters:

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Elizabethtown Independent School District are described in Note A to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2024. I noted no transactions entered into by Elizabethtown Independent School District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the sick leave liability is based on current pay rates and those currently eligible for retirement. I evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the sick leave liability in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

I encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing my audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require me to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to my satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. I are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of my audit.

Management Representations

I have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 15, 2024.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Elizabethtown Independent School District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with me to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To my knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

I generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Elizabethtown Independent School District's auditor. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of my professional relationship and my responses were not a condition to my retention.

Other Matters

I applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. My procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

I was not engaged to report on the budgetary comparison information on pages 55 and 56, or on the schedules of the district's proportionate share of net pension liabilities and other post-employment benefit plans on pages 57-58 and 61-63, or on the schedules of contributions to the County Employees Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System pension plans or the County Employees Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System other post-employment benefit plans on pages 59-60 and 64-66,

which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of Members of the Board of Education and management of Elizabethtown Independent School District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants