

ORDINANCE 14-2024

AN ORDINANCE APPROVING AND ADOPTING TEXT AMENDMENTS TO APPENDIX F, ARTICLES 8, 13 AND 14 OF THE OWENSBORO METROPOLITAN ZONING ORDINANCE FOR THE CITIES OF OWENSBORO AND WHITESVILLE, AND DAVIESS COUNTY.

WHEREAS, the Owensboro Metropolitan Planning Commission met in regular session on August 8, 2024, to consider proposed amendments to the text of the Zoning Ordinance for the Cities of Owensboro and Whitesville, and Daviess County regarding revisions to Articles 8, 13 and 14; and

WHEREAS, by vote of 7-0 in favor of the amendments of Articles 8, 13 and 14, the Owensboro Metropolitan Planning Commission has recommended that the proposed text amendments to the Owensboro Metropolitan Zoning Ordinance be approved as being in compliance with the goals and objectives of the adopted Comprehensive Plan and be submitted to the Owensboro Board of Commissioners, Whitesville City Commission, and Daviess County Fiscal Court for approval and adoption by the legislative bodies. Findings of fact in support of adoption of the proposed revisions to the Owensboro Metropolitan Zoning Ordinance are as follows:

1. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will help maintain Daviess County as a viable economic unit.
2. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will promote a diversity of desirable industrial activities for a broad and stable economic base.
3. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will create policies for regulating land use activities that are not overburdensome while still protecting the public health, safety and welfare of the community.

4. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will accommodate all intensities of land use activity.

5. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will promote the location of commercial areas in proper respect to surrounding areas and transportation systems.

6. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 ensure compatibility with adjoining land uses, transportation and utilities.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF OWENSBORO, KENTUCKY, AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. That the statements recited in the preamble hereinabove, upon which the adoption of this ordinance is predicated, are hereby adopted and incorporated by reference, as if fully set forth herein.

Section 2. That text amendments to Appendix F of the Owensboro Municipal Code pertaining to Article 8 – Schedule of Zones; Article 13 – Off-street Parking, Loading and Unloading Areas; and Article 14 – Definitions of the Owensboro Metropolitan Zoning Ordinance for the Cities of Owensboro and Whitesville, and Daviess County shall be the same and are hereby approved and adopted, as more particularly set out in the attached Exhibit A, which is incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

Section 3. That the attached amendments to the Zoning Ordinance shall be kept on file and available for public inspection in the office of the Owensboro Metropolitan Planning Commission.

Section 4. All prior ordinances or parts thereof, in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance, are to the extent of any such conflict, hereby repealed.

Section 5. This ordinance shall become effective upon its adoption and publication according to law.

INTRODUCED AND PUBLICLY READ ON FIRST READING, this 20th day of August 20, 2024.

PUBLICLY READ AND FINALLY APPROVED ON SECOND READING, this 3rd day of September, 2024.

Thomas H. Watson, Mayor

ATTEST:

Beth Davis, City Clerk

Item No.

MEETING OF CITY COMMISSION ON:
BUDGET (<i>State any budget consequences</i>): N/A

RECOMMENDATION OR ACTION REQUESTED <i>(State the action requested or recommended):</i>	
Approve text amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 of the Zoning Ordinance.	

Note: All City Commission Agenda items submitted by staff, including appropriate backup materials, must be approved and submitted to the City Clerk not later than noon Thursdays preceding Tuesday, 6:30 p.m. meetings.

Submitted by	Dept. Head Approval	City Attorney Approval	City Manager Approval
<i>Melissa Evans</i>	<i>Bar</i>		



ZONING TEXT AMENDMENT

Subject: Amendments to the text of Articles 8, 13 and 14 of the Zoning Ordinance

RECOMMENDATION of the Owensboro Metropolitan Planning Commission, Owensboro, Kentucky

Having considered the above matter at a Public Hearing on **August 8, 2024**

and having voted **7 to 0**

to submit this Recommendation to the **Owensboro City Commission**

the Owensboro Metropolitan Planning Commission hereby recommends **APPROVAL**

of this proposal, based on the following Purposes and Findings of Fact.

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will help maintain Daviess County as a viable economic unit;
2. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will promote a diversity of desirable industrial activities for a broad and stable economic base;
3. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will create policies for regulating land use activities that are not overburdensome while still protecting the public health, safety and welfare of the community;
4. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will accommodate all intensities of land use activity;
5. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will promote the location of commercial areas in proper respect to surrounding areas and transportation systems; and,
6. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 insure compatibility with adjoining land uses, transportation and utilities.

ATTEST: August 9, 2024

Executive Director, Brian R. Howard, AICP

ENCLOSURES

Staff Report, Proposed Text Amendments, meeting video available upon request. The transcript will be forwarded once available.



Background

These proposed revisions to Articles 8, 13 and 14 of the Owensboro Metropolitan Zoning Ordinance are related to Medical Cannabis. The addition of Medical Cannabis regulations to the Zoning Ordinance are a result of Medical Cannabis legislation passed by the Kentucky General Assembly and the City of Owensboro and Daviess County Fiscal Court's desire to adopt local zoning regulation as allowed by KRS 218B.

The proposed text amendments include:

1. Article 8 includes the addition of Medical Cannabis to the "Zones and Use Table" with specific line items for Medical Cannabis Cultivator, Dispensary, Processor, Producer and Safety Compliance Facility with specific criteria for each specific use.
2. Article 13 includes parking requirements for all of the above mentioned new uses listed in Article 8 as they relate to Medical Cannabis
3. Article 14 includes new definitions for the above mentioned new uses in accordance with KRS 218B.

Proposed Text Amendments

The proposed text amendments include allowing a Medical Cannabis Dispensary in the B-3, B-4 and B-5 zones only, shall not be located within 1,000 feet of a school or child daycare facility or located within 1 mile of another dispensary, all business activity shall take place indoors, shall only operate between the hours of 8:00am and 8:00pm and shall be limited to only 1 monument or pole mounted sign that shall not be animated or electronic changeable copy. Each Rural Community is limited to 1 Medical Cannabis Dispensary.

A Medical Cannabis Cultivator shall be permitted in the I-1 and I-2 zones and the A-R or A-U zones only in unincorporated Daviess County, A Medical Cannabis Processor or Producer shall be permitted in the I-1 or I-2 zones only and a Medical Cannabis Safety Compliance Facility shall be permitted in the P-1, B-3, B-4, B-5, I-1, and I-2 zones.

A Medical Cannabis Cultivator, Processor, Producer or Safety Compliance Facility shall not be located within 1,000 feet of a school or child daycare facility, all business activity shall take place indoors and shall not be in the same facility as a dispensary and shall be limited to only 1 monument or pole mounted sign that shall not be animated or electronic changeable copy.

A Medical Cannabis business/facilities shall not be located within the Downtown Overlay Districts as defined by Article 21 of the Zoning Ordinance.

See the attached drafts of the proposed revisions for the full text.

Conclusions

The purpose of revising Articles 8, 13 and 14 are to be better equipped to address any future needs of the community.

The proposed text amendments are supported by the following goals and objectives of the Comprehensive Plan:

- Economy and Employment, Goal 3.1 – Maintain Daviess County as a viable economic unit.
- Economy and Employment, Objective 3.1.3 – Promote a diversity of desirable industrial activities for a broad and stable economic base.
- Economy and Employment, Objective 3.1.10 - Endeavor to create policies for regulating land use activities that promote economic growth while still protecting the public health, safety and welfare of the community.
- Land Use, Objective 4.1.2 – Accommodate all intensities of land use activity.
- Land Use, Objective 4.13.4 - Locate commercial areas in proper respect to surrounding areas and transportation systems.
- Land Use, Objective 4.14.3 – Insure compatibility with adjoining land uses, transportation, and utilities.

Findings of Fact

The staff recommends approval of the proposed text amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 because the proposal is in compliance with the community's adopted Comprehensive Plan. The findings supporting this recommendation follow:

1. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will help maintain Daviess County as a viable economic unit;
2. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will promote a diversity of desirable industrial activities for a broad and stable economic base;
3. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will create policies for regulating land use activities that are not overburdensome while still protecting the public health, safety and welfare of the community;
4. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will accommodate all intensities of land use activity;
5. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 will promote the location of commercial areas in proper respect to surrounding areas and transportation systems; and,
6. These amendments to Articles 8, 13 and 14 insure compatibility with adjoining land uses, transportation and utilities.

Article amendments approved unless noted:	OMPC	Owensboro	Daviess Co.	Whitesville
Revised zoning ordinance	08-Sep-1979	14-Mar-1980	27-Dec-1979	07-Apr-1980
Surgical centers, medical clinics, amendments	08-Mar-1980	22-Feb-1980	08-Apr-1980	07-Apr-1980
Mobile homes prohibited in City of Owensboro residential zones	12-Apr-1980	23-May-1980	not applic.	not applic.
Day care, A-R conditional uses, business & industrial yards, residential zero setback, duplex splitting, major street map	17-Apr-1981	22-May-1981	26-Apr-1981	06-Jul-1981
Manufactured housing classifications	11-Sep-1982	09-Nov-1982	19-Oct-1982	16-Nov-1982
Public utility facilities, extraction of petroleum, hazardous waste disposal	12-Jan-1984	06-Mar-1984	22-Feb-1984	?
Automobile body shops	15-Nov-1990	not adopted	26-Dec-1990	not adopted
Adult entertainment establishments	10-Feb-1994	15-Mar-1994	30-Mar-1994	?
Bed and breakfast homes	09-Feb-1995	21-Mar-1995	15-Nov-1995	?
Comprehensive Plan standards for building setbacks & reformat of site development requirements tables {8.5}; major streets map with updated functional classifications {8.6}	18-Apr-1996	21-May-1996	22-May-1996	?
New land use category: "individual storage" (mini-warehouses, proposed by Co.): principal use in I-1/I-2 zones, conditional use in B-4 zones; restrictions for B-4 zones. {8.2-L7, 8.4-48}	14-Nov-1996 denied	not applic.	12-Feb-1997 approved	not applic.
Replace use "horticultural services" with use "landscaping services"; principal use in A-R, I-1, I-2 zones, conditional use in A-U zone, accessory to retail sale of plant, nursery, greenhouse products in B-3, B-4 zones. {8.2-H8, 8.4-18, 8.4-33a}	13-Nov-1997	06-Jan-98	23-Dec-1997	?
2003 Review Committee: Created B-5 Business/Industrial zone for application in areas identified as Business/Industrial Plan Areas in the Land Use Element of the Comprehensive Plan, renumbered subsection {8.165, 8.166}; added new B-5 zone to table and denoted its principal, conditional, and accessory uses; increased number of access dwelling units allowed in P-1, B-1, B-2, B-3, and B-4 zones from 1 to 2 units to be located to the rear or above the principally permitted business; delete differences between uses located in Owensboro, Whitesville and unincorporated Daviess County with the exception of individual storage units & automobile body shops that are conditionally permitted in B-4 and B-5 zones in unincorporated Daviess County only; added "Residential Care Facilities" as a permitted use in all residential zones as required by KRS 100.982-100.984; changed Manufactured Home classes from A, B, C, D to 1, 2, 3 to match new definitions proposed in Article 14 {8.2 table}; added use listings or special conditions for adult day care centers, drive through window private elementary and secondary schools, public auction houses, assisted living facilities, video arcades, bingo halls, movie theaters, indoor parking places, gaming places, health spas, fitness centers, martial arts facilities, gymnastics and cheerleading instructional facilities, aerobics and weight training facilities, tanning salons, computer repair, quick copy services, convenience stores, home improvement centers, taxi cab or limousine service, automobile auction facilities, sand or gravel quarry, furniture repair and upholstery, furniture restoration and refinishing, animal race tracks, pet grooming, pet training, taxidermy, dry cleaning or laundry drop-off/pick-up stations, bus terminals, amusement parks, water parks, driving ranges, batting cages {8.2 table, 8.4}; clarified exemption from local land use regulations for municipal, county, state, federal and public school board uses per KRS 100.1 and requirement for public facilities review by OMPC {8.4 (39), (40)}; changed definition of lot coverage to include total coverage of all principal & accessory buildings, increased minimum lot size to 0.75 acres in all zones where sanitary sewer is not available (A-R zone retained 1.00 acre minimum increased maximum lot coverage to 50% in A-U, A-R, R-1A, R-1B, R-1C, R-1T, R-2MF, R-3MF, and R-4DT zones and in B-4 and B-5 zones when they adjoin Res., MHP or P-I zones {8.5}).	11-Dec-2003	02-Mar-2004	05-Feb-2004	06-Apr-2004
Revisions associated with adoption of Article 21 Central Business Overlay Districts to 8.2 Zones and Uses table	13-Jan-2005	15-Feb-2005	3-May-2005	?
Revisions associated with adoption of Group Housing Criteria to 8.2 Zones and Uses Table and 8.4 Detailed Uses and Special Conditions	10-Mar-2005	17-May-2005	5-May-2005	?
Landscaping Services conditionally permitted in B-3 and B-4 zones	08-Mar-2007	17-April-2007	03-May-2007	03-April-2007
Limited retail uses conditionally permitted in A-U zones	10-July-2008	19-Aug-2008	07-Aug-2008	?
Revisions to reference new regulations contained in Article 21 relative to properties within Downtown Overlay Districts	10-Sep-2009	20-Oct-2009		
Revisions to include additional uses and to revise light and heavy industrial permitted uses	08-July-2010	3-Aug-2010	19-Aug-2010	
Revisions related to distilleries, breweries, as well as hotels, restaurants and cocktail lounges when associated with a statewide or nationally accredited distillery or brewery	11-May-2017	15-Aug-2017	1-Jun-2017	14-Jun-2017
Revisions related to Home Occupations, Distillery/Brewery, Agriculture, Horticulture or Silviculture Industries, Solar Energy Systems, Indoor Individual Storage, and Storage of Distilled Spirits	11-Arp-2019	07-May-2019	02-May-2019	28-May-2019
Revisions related to Solar Energy Systems	10-Feb-2022	15-Mar-2022	08-Mar-2022	01-Mar-2022
Revisions related to Dwelling: Accessory /2A, Agriculture, Horticulture or Silviculture Industries, and Storage of Distilled Spirits	13-July-2023	15-Aug-2023	24-Aug-2023	10-Aug-2023
<u>Medical Cannabis</u>				

8.1 DEVELOPMENT AND INTENT OF ZONES

8.11 AGRICULTURE ZONES. The two Agriculture Zones are created from the original A-1 Agriculture Zone. The **A-U** Urban Agriculture Zone is established to provide for agricultural and related open space uses for portions of the Owensboro Urban Service Area projected for urban development. The **A-U** Zone is also intended to designate potential development areas surrounding particular rural communities of Daviess County and the area surrounding Whitesville. A zone change from A-U to a more urban classification should be encouraged for projects that promote the objectives of the Comprehensive Plan Land Use Element.

The **A-R** Rural Agriculture Zone is established to preserve the rural character of the Daviess County Rural Service Area by promoting agriculture and agricultural-related uses, and by discouraging all forms of urban development except for rural residential and limited conditional uses. A zone change from **A-R** to a more urban classification would deprecate the objectives of the Comprehensive Plan and should be discouraged unless the request involves incidental land uses for which provision is not made or which ordinarily do not occur in urban areas (i.e., land and resource dependent uses - mining, agriculture, forestry, etc.). A zone change from A-R to A-U would normally occur subsequent to projections that the need exists for additional potential urban development area.

The phasing from **A-R** to **A-U**, to an urban classification is intended to inform all public and private concerns where coordinated development should occur.

8.12 SINGLE-FAMILY DETACHED RESIDENTIAL ZONES. The single-family residential zones are established to provide primarily for single-family detached residences and supporting uses for urban areas of Daviess County. They include the following zones: **R-1A** Residential, the new designation for the original R-1 Zone, **R-1B** Residential, the new designation for the original R-2 Zone, **R-1C** Residential, new zone derived from the single-family requirements of the original R-3 Zone. These zones provide for a range of lot sizes to meet the needs of single-family development.

8.13 TOWNHOUSE ZONE. The **R-1T** Townhouse Zone is a single-family zone which is established to provide development potential in older sections of Owensboro where existing lots of record are inadequate in size to meet the requirements of other residential zones.

8.14 MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ZONES. The multi-family residential zones are established to provide for multi-family residential urban development.

8.141. The **R-2MF** Low Density Multi-Family Residential Zone is for low-density apartments and two-family dwellings (duplexes).

8.142. The **R-3MF** Medium Density Multi-Family Residential zone is for medium-density apartments and duplexes; it replaces the multi-family requirements of the original R-3 Zone.

8.143. Both the **R-2MF** and the **R-3MF** Zones are intended for use in urban areas outside of redeveloping inner-city neighborhoods of Owensboro.

8.144. Within the Downtown Frame boundary and other inner-city neighborhoods, the **R-4DT** Inner-city Residential Zone is established. The most flexible residential zone, **R-4DT** is intended for use in redeveloping older neighborhoods of Owensboro; **R-4DT** provides a broad range of dwelling-type and density options: from single-family to high rise multi-family structures. It is very similar to the original R-3 Zone.

8.15 PROFESSIONAL/SERVICE ZONE. The **P-1** Professional/Service Zone is established to provide for professional offices, limited personal service businesses, and for community-oriented public and private facilities in urban areas. (See Article 15 for Business and Professional/Service Areas.)

8.16 BUSINESS ZONES. The Business Zones are established to provide for community shopping centers and general business services.

8.161. The **B-1** Neighborhood Business Center Zone is a new zone established to promote sound, consolidated neighborhood-oriented shopping facilities in newly developing urban areas.

8.162. The **B-2** Central Business Zone is a generalized zone, which is intended to accommodate the existing and near-future development of the Central Business District. Article 21 establishes the Downtown Overlay District with specific Character Districts that establish use and development standards for each character district.

8.163. The **B-3** Highway Business Center Zone is established for the development of new business centers

which require a high volume of vehicular traffic because of the community-wide or regional market from which they draw. All uses in this zone must have controlled access to a designated arterial street or highway.

8.164. The **B-4** General Business Zone is derived from the original B-1 Zone and is intended to maintain the existing developed business areas as well as provide for the logical expansion of such areas.

8.165. The **B-5** Business/Industrial Zone is a new zoning classification intended to provide for the flexibility of general business or light industrial uses only within the Business/Industrial Land Use Plan Area as designated in the Comprehensive Plan.

8.166. For detailed location, development and expansion standards for the **B-1**, **B-3**, **B-4** and **B-5** Zones see Article 15 - Business and Professional/Service Areas.

8.17 INDUSTRIAL ZONES.

8.171. The **I-1** Light Industrial Zone is intended for light manufacturing, warehouses, shops of special trade, heavy equipment dealers, and related uses.

8.172. The **I-2** Heavy Industrial Zone is intended for manufacturing, industrial and related uses, which involve potential nuisance factors.

8.18 SPECIAL ZONES. The following zones and their specific regulations are included as separate articles in this Zoning Ordinance:

8.181. Article 11, the **MHP** Planned Mobile Home Park Residential Zone is the new name for the "old" R-4 Zone.

8.182. Article 12, the **EX-1** Coal Mining Zone is an appendix of the Exclusive Use Zone Article.

8.183. Article 18, the **GFP** General Flood Plain Overlay District qualifies the potential development permitted in any regular zone upon which it is overlaid.

8.184. Article 19, is reserved for the **AZ** Airport Zone, which describes the Kentucky Airport Zoning Regulations as well as the development standards for areas surrounding the Owensboro-Daviess County Airport. *Note: Article 19 has not been adopted, and the proposed text is not included in this document at this time.*

8.19 OTHER REGULATIONS AFFECTING SITE DEVELOPMENT. The following articles and their regulations should be consulted to determine their effects upon the aforementioned zoning regulations:

Article	
3	General Zone and District Regulations
10	Planned Residential Development Project
13	Off-Street Parking, Loading and Unloading Areas
14	Definitions
15	Business and Professional/Service Areas
16	Development Plans
17	Landscape and Land-Use Buffers

8.2 ZONES AND USES TABLE

<p>P = PRINCIPALLY PERMITTED USES: Uses listed and other uses (not otherwise listed in table) substantially similar to those listed are deemed permitted.</p> <p>C = CONDITIONALLY PERMITTED USES: Uses which are permitted only with Board of Adjustment approval.</p> <p>A = ACCESSORY USES: Uses and structures permitted which are customarily accessory, clearly incidental and subordinate to permitted uses.</p>													<p>NOTE: Only those uses specifically permitted or substantially similar to permitted uses are permitted in each zone; all uses which lack substantial similarity to permitted uses in each zone are deemed prohibited (as per Article 3 of this Zoning Ordinance).</p> <p>Numbers following the "P", "C" or "A" in the table refer to special conditions, additional information, or detailed use listings, which follow in numerical order in Section 8.4.</p> <p>Note: For all properties zoned B-2 within the Downtown Overlay District boundary, please refer to the Schedule of Uses in Article 21 of the Zoning Ordinance. Special requirements are also applicable to properties located within Downtown Overlay District relative to use, site development, and design standards. See Article 21 for specific requirements and Downtown Overlay District Regulating Plan.</p>
ZONES													USES
A-R A-U	R-1A R-1B R-1C	R-1T	R-2MF	R-3MF	R-4DT	P-1	B-1	B-2 ¹	B-3 B-4	B-5	I-1	I-2	
A RESIDENTIAL													
C/1	C/1	C/1			C/1								1A Bed and breakfast home
				C/6a	C/6a								1B Boarding or lodging house
						A/2A	A/2A	A/2A, P/3	A/2A	A/2B	A/2B	A/2B	2 Dwelling: Accessory
			P	P	P								3 Dwelling: Multi-family
P	P	P			P								4 Dwelling: Single-family detached
		P/4											5 Dwelling: Townhouse
			P	P	P								6 Dwelling: Two-family
	P	P	P	P	P								6A Residential Care Facilities
				C/6a	C/6a			C/ 6a	C/6a	C/6a			7 Fraternity or sorority house, dormitory, other group housing such as rehabilitation and transitional homes
C/6b				C/6a	C/6a								7A Seasonal farm worker housing
	A/5	A/5	A/5	A/5	A/5			A/5					8 Guest quarters
A	A/6	A/6	A/6	A/6	A/6			A/6					9 Keeping of roomers or boarders by a resident family
P/7	P/7	P/7			P/7								10A Manufactured Home, Class 1 (see Section 14)
P/7	C/7	C/7			C/7								10B Manufactured Home, Class 2 (see Section 14)
P/7													10C Manufactured Home, Class 3 (see Section 14)
								P	P	P	C/55	C/55	11 Motel or hotel
	P/8		P/8	P/8	P/8								12 Planned residential development project
B ASSEMBLY													
								P/9	P/9	P/9	C/9		1 Amusements, indoor
									P/10	P/10			2 Amusements, outdoor
C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	A	A	A	3 Child day-care centers, child nurseries, adult day care centers
C	C	C	C	C	C	P	C	P	P	P			4 Churches, Sunday schools, parish houses
A/11	A/11	A/11	A/11	A/11	A/11	A/11	A/11	A/11	A/11	A/11	A/11	A/11	5 Circuses and carnivals, temporary
								P					6 Civic center, auditorium, exhibition halls, amphitheater
C	C	C	C	C	C	P	C	P	P	P			7 Community centers, public
C	C	C	C	C	C	P	C	P	P	P			8 Libraries, museums, art galleries, reading rooms
							C	P	P	P			9 Passenger transportation terminals
C/12				C/12	C/12	P/12	C	P	P	P			10 Philanthropic institutions and clubs
C/13	C/13	C/13	C/13	C/13	C/13	C/13	C	C/13	P/13	P/13	C/13	C/13	11 Recreational activities, indoor
							C/14	P/14	P/14	P/14	C/55	C/55	12 Cocktail lounges, night clubs
							P/15	P/15	P/15	P/15	C/55	C/55	13 Restaurants, including drive-in, drive through windows
C	C	C	C	C	C	P		P	P	P			14 Schools, colleges, academic, technical, vocational or professional, private elementary and secondary schools
C	C	C	C	C	C	P	P	P	P	P			14A Photography, art, and music studios
								A					15 Sidewalk cafe
								P/47	P/47	P/47			16 Any ASSEMBLY USES above deemed to be adult entertainment establishments (<i>only Owensboro, Unincorporated Daviess County</i>)
									P/52	P	P		17 Public auction houses
									P	P	C	C	18 Banquet Halls

¹ Shall only apply to B-2 Zones outside the boundaries of the Downtown Overlay District.

8.4 DETAILED USES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS of Zones and Uses Table.

/1. A bed and breakfast home, in addition to the limitations defined in Article 14, is limited to the rental of not more than two (2) rooms per property in R-1A, R-1B, R-1C, and R-1T zones, and not more than five (5) rooms per property in A-R, A-U, and R-4DT zones. The Board of Adjustment, in considering approval of a conditional use permit, shall consider and make a finding that the number of rooms granted shall not have an adverse effect on surrounding properties; and the Board shall take into consideration the number of bed and breakfast homes, if any, within the general neighborhood of the property under consideration.

/2A. Dwelling units (not more than four [4]) provided that the dwelling unit(s) shall be a part of the principal building and located above or to the rear of the principally permitted use. An unlimited number of dwelling units may be located within the principal building when the dwelling units are located above the principally permitted use(s) provided the principally permitted use(s) occupies the entire first floor of the building, the first floor shall be at least five thousand (5,000) square feet in size and sanitary sewer service shall be available to the property.

/2B. Dwelling units for watchmen or caretakers provided that such facilities shall be located on the same premises as the permitted use

/3. Provided that residential units are not mixed with non-residential permitted uses on the same floor.

/4. For townhouses, adjacent units with no side yards (zero (0) setback) shall be structurally independent.

/5. Without cooking facilities and not rented, for guests and employees of the premises.

/6. Limited to no more than three (3) roomers or boarders; except where the principal use is a bed and breakfast home, then no roomers or boarders shall be permitted.

/6a The following criteria shall apply for an application for a Conditional Use Permit for a boarding house, sorority house, fraternity house, dormitory, or seasonal farm worker housing when not allowed as an accessory use to a principally permitted use:

- 1) Any person residing in any of the above listed group housing situations shall be subject to all state, federal or local jurisdiction laws.
- 2) The facility shall be located within ½ mile of public transit
- 3) The facility shall not be located within an identified historic district recognized by the legislative body.
- 4) The facility shall employ an on-site administrator, who is directly responsible for the supervision of the residents and the implementation of house rules.
- 5) The applicant shall provide to the Board of Adjustment, the Zoning Administrator, the public and the residents, a phone number and address of the responsible person or agency managing the facility.
- 6) A fire exit plan shall be submitted with the conditional use application showing the layout of the premises, escape routes, location, operation of each means of egress, location of portable fire extinguishers, and location of electric main. The fire exit plan shall be prominently displayed within a common area within the facility.
- 7) Hallways, stairs and other means of egress shall be kept clear of obstructions.
- 8) The facility shall comply will all applicable building and electrical codes.
- 9) A list of house rules shall be submitted to the Board of Adjustment with the application for a conditional use permit and shall be prominently displayed in a common area within the facility. The rules should be adequate to address the following:
 - a. Noise Control
 - b. Disorderly Behavior
 - c. Proper Garbage Disposal

- d. Cleanliness of sleeping areas and common areas
- 10) The Owensboro Board of Adjustment may impose additional conditions as may be necessary for the proper integration of the use into the planning area.

/6b Criteria listed in 6a shall apply, except Item 6a (2) may be waived by the Board Of Adjustment under the following conditions:

- 1) The housing for seasonal farm workers is located on the premises where the work is being conducted or is located on the same premises as the home of the provider of the seasonal farm worker housing; and,
- 2) Sufficient evidence is presented to demonstrate that transportation is being provided or is available to permit residents to adequately access necessary community services.

/7. Conditionally permitted Class 2 Manufactured Homes must meet **all** Class 1 Acceptable Installation Standards of Section 14 and must meet, at a minimum, the Class 1 Similarity Appearance Standard of Section 14(2). Manufactured Homes of Classes 1, 2, and 3 are also permitted in Planned Manufactured Housing Park MHP Zones (see Article 11).

/8. See Article 10.

/9. Indoor amusements include such uses as theaters; billiard, pool or pinball halls/ video arcades; bowling alleys; dance halls; bingo halls; movie theaters, indoor play places not accessory to a principal use, gaming places or skating rinks.

/10. Outdoor amusements include such uses as drive-in theaters, go-cart facilities, and miniature golf courses.

/11. Circuses and carnivals on a temporary basis, and upon issuance of a permit by the Zoning Administrator, who may restrict the permit in terms of time, parking, access or in other ways to protect the public health, safety, or welfare; or deny such if public health, safety or welfare are adversely affected.

/12. Philanthropic institution or club cannot conduct a business as part of the use.

/13. Public or private indoor recreational activities include indoor basketball, racquetball and handball courts, running tracks, ping pong and other table games, indoor swimming pools, health spas, fitness centers, martial arts facilities, gymnastics and cheer leading instructional facilities, aerobics and weight training facilities.

Commercial indoor recreational activities are prohibited in all Residential Zones. Indoor recreational activities which require buildings of a size and design not compatible with Residential and Business Zones are permitted only in Agricultural or Industrial Zones (such as several tennis courts housed in a pre-fabricated industrial-type building). Parking for indoor recreational activities must consist of the following: one (1) space for each employee, plus one (1) space for every two (2) participants, and one (1) space for every three (3) spectator seats.

/14. A building or structure containing a restaurant or night club with live or recorded entertainment and dancing shall be at least one hundred (100) feet from any Residential Zone and shall require a conditional use permit in the B-1 Zone.

/15. For drive-in restaurants, all outside food service areas or drive through windows shall be at least one hundred (100) feet from any Residential Zone.

/47. See under *BUSINESS USES (D) table*.

/52. Except for live animal auctions or vehicle auctions.

/55. In conjunction with a distillery or brewery that has obtained, or intends to obtain, a statewide or national accreditation within the distilling or brewing industries.

P = PRINCIPALLY PERMITTED USES: Uses listed and other uses (not otherwise listed in table) substantially similar to those listed are deemed permitted.						NOTE: Only those uses specifically permitted or substantially similar to permitted uses are permitted in each zone; all uses which lack substantial similarity to permitted uses in each zone are deemed prohibited (as per Article 3 of this Zoning Ordinance). Numbers following the "P", "C" or "A" in the table refer to special conditions, additional information, or detailed use listings which follow in numerical order in Section 8.4. Note: For all properties zoned B-2 within the downtown overlay district boundary, please refer to the schedule of uses in Article 21 of the zoning ordinance. Special requirements are also applicable to properties located within Downtown Overlay District relative to use, site development, and design standards. See Article 21 for specific requirements and Downtown Overlay District Regulating Plan								
C = CONDITIONALLY PERMITTED USES: Uses which are permitted only with Board of Adjustment approval.														
A = ACCESSORY USES: Uses and structures permitted which are customarily accessory, clearly incidental and subordinate to permitted uses.														
ZONES														USES
A-R A-U	R-1A R-1B R-1C	R-1T	R-2MF	R-3MF	R-4DT	P-1	B-1	B-2 ²	B-3 B-4	B-5	I-1	I-2		
														C INSTITUTIONAL
C				C	C	C		C	C	C				1 Hospitals; surgical centers; convalescent and rest homes; orphanages, rehabilitation facilities, assisted living facilities
C										C	C	C		2 Penal or correctional institution
														D BUSINESS
						P	P	P	P	P				1 Banks, credit agencies, security and commodity and loan companies and holding and investment companies; with or without drive-in facilities
						P		P	P	P	P	P		2 Computer ,data and business processing centers, and call centers
C/46						P	P	P	P	P				3 Hair styling, beauty and barber shops, tanning salons, nail salons, piercing or tattoo parlors
C/46							P	P	P	P	P	P		4 Home appliance and computer repair
A	A	A	A	A	A									5 Home occupation – Accessory Use
C	C	C	C	C	C									5a Home occupation – Conditionally Permitted Use
						P		P	P	P				6 Medical and dental offices, clinics and laboratories
A						P		P	P	P	A	A		7 Offices for business, professional, governmental, civic, social, fraternal, political, religious and charitable organizations
						P		P	P	P				8 Office projects, professional
								P	P	P				9 Pawnshops
						P		P	P	P				10 Research, development and testing laboratories or centers
							P	P	P	P				11 Shoe repair
						P		P	P	P				12 Telephone exchanges, radio and television studios
						P		P	P	P				13 Ticket and travel agencies
						P	P	P	P	P				14 Quick copy services, not utilizing offset printing methods
								P/47	P/47	P/47				15Any BUSINESS USES above deemed to be adult entertainment establishments (<i>only Owensboro, Unincorporated Daviess County</i>)
														E MERCANTILE
C							P	P	P	P				1 Farmers market
							P/16	P/16	P/16	P/16	A/55	A/55		2 Retail sale of food products
C/45							P/17	P/17	P/17	P/17	A/55	A/55		3 Retail sale of merchandise
							P	P	P	P				3A Vendor stands
A							P/18	P/18	P/18	P/18				4 Retail sale of plant, nursery or greenhouse products
A/19														5 Produce stands
C/53										P/53	P/53	P/53		6 Sale of feed, grain or other agricultural supplies
									P/20	P/20	P/20	P/20		7 Wholesale supply establishment
							P/21	P/21	P/21	P/21				8 Convenience stores with or without fuel stations
									P	P	P			9 Big box home improvement retailer
								P/47	P/47	P/47				10Any MERCANTILE USES above deemed to be adult entertainment establishments (<i>only Owensboro, Unincorporated Daviess County</i>)

² Shall only apply to B-2 Zones outside the boundaries of the Downtown Overlay District.

8.4 DETAILED USES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS of Zones and Uses Table.

/16. Establishments for the retail sale of food products such as supermarkets; bakery, meat, beer, liquor and wine, and other food product stores; and provided that production of food products is permitted only for retail sale on the premises.

/17. Establishments for the retail sale of merchandise including: clothing, shoes, fabrics, yard goods; fixtures, furnishings and appliances such as floor covering, radios, TV, phonograph products and other visual and sound reproduction or transmitting equipment; furniture; kitchen and laundry equipment; glassware and china; and other establishments for the retail sale of hardware and wallpaper; lawn care products; paint and other interior or exterior care products; hobby items, toys, gifts, antiques; newspapers and magazines, stationery and books; flowers; music; cameras, jewelry and luggage; business supplies and machines; drugstores; variety stores.

/18. Commercial greenhouses are prohibited in the B-1 and B-2 Zones. In the B-3, B-4, and B-5 zones, landscaping services may be conducted as an accessory use by establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of plant, nursery or greenhouse products.

/19 Sale of agricultural products grown by the owner of the premises.

/20. A wholesale supply establishment shall be permitted in the B-3 or B-4 Zone only if indoor or outdoor storage areas of such use contain supplies, parts or other stocks primarily for sale on the premises to the general public. If stored commodities are for sale primarily to purchasing agents and not to the general public, the storage area shall be considered a warehouse or storage yard permitted only in an I-1 or I-2 Zone. Permitted outdoor storage areas must be enclosed on all sides as per #44 of this list.

/21. Provided such use conforms to the requirements of Article 17.

/45. Limited sale of hobby items, toys, gifts; antiques; newspaper, magazines, stationery, books, flowers; "flea-market" items; other similar retail sales activities which would not infringe upon the rural nature of the surrounding vicinity by excessive traffic generation, noise or other nuisances. This provision shall not be interpreted to provide for the establishment of general, neighborhood or highway business centers which would typically require business zone classification; the intent of this provision is to permit limited sales uses in rural areas which would not noticeably affect the vicinity, in order to maintain the integrity of business zone intent in rural areas while simultaneously minimizing hardship to limited and geographically scattered community businesses. An applicant for such conditional use should be made aware of the maximum scope of business which the Board of Adjustment and vicinity residents would tolerate to assure the use does not inadvertently become undesirable in intensity.

/46. Conditionally permitted only in the A-R Rural Agriculture Zone; prohibited in the A-U Urban Agriculture Zone.

/47. Particular uses that are classified under the assembly, business, or mercantile use groups in the Zones and Uses Table (Section 8.2 of this Zoning Ordinance) also may be deemed adult entertainment establishments, based on definitions outside of this Zoning Ordinance, but within the code of ordinances of the governmental body of jurisdiction. In addition to any requirements or regulations imposed by other ordinances or by other sections of this Zoning Ordinance, such adult entertainment establishments shall be subject to the following requirements:

a. No adult entertainment establishment shall be located in any zone other than B-2, B-3, B-4, or B-5; and, an adult entertainment establishment shall be permitted in a B-2, B-3, B-4, or B-5 zone, respectively, only if the particular use of the establishment is specifically permitted within a B-2, B-3, B-4, or B-5 zone, respectively, as classified under the assembly, business or mercantile use groups in the Zones and Uses Table.

b. No adult entertainment establishment shall be located within five hundred (500) feet of another adult entertainment establishment or within five hundred (500) feet of any residential zone, any school where persons under eighteen (18) years of age are enrolled, any child daycare center, any church facility, or any public park or recreation facility. Distance shall be measured in a straight line, without regard to intervening structures or objects. Distance between any two (2) adult entertainment establishments shall be measured from the nearest entrance door of the first adult entertainment establishment to the nearest entrance door of the second adult entertainment establishment. Distance between any adult entertainment establishment and any residential zone shall be measured from the nearest entrance door of the adult entertainment establishment to the nearest property line of the residential zone. Distance between any adult entertainment establishment and any school where persons under eighteen (18) years of age are enrolled, or any child daycare center, or any church facility, or any public park or recreation facility, shall be measured from the nearest entrance door of the adult entertainment establishment to the nearest property line of the respective school, daycare center, church facility, or park or recreation facility, unless such use occupies only a portion of a property also containing unspecified use(s). In such case, distance shall be measured from the nearest entrance door of the adult entertainment establishment to the nearest boundary of the immediate premises occupied by the school, daycare center, church facility, or park or recreation facility.

c. Off-street parking requirements for an adult entertainment establishment shall be as required for the applicable zone and particular use of the establishment, as classified under the assembly, business or mercantile use groups in the Zones and Uses Table.

/53. Storage of hazardous materials as determined by the Kentucky Building Code are allowed in conjunction with the sale of feed, grain or other agricultural supplies provided that the material is located a minimum distance of 100 feet from any commercial zone and a minimum of 300 feet from any residential zone or agricultural zone.

/55. See ASSEMBLY USES (B) table.

8.2 ZONES AND USES TABLE

P = PRINCIPALLY PERMITTED USES: Uses listed and other uses (not otherwise listed in table) substantially similar to those listed are deemed permitted.													NOTE: Only those uses specifically permitted or substantially similar to permitted uses are permitted in each zone; all uses which lack substantial similarity to permitted uses in each zone are deemed prohibited (as per Article 3 of this Zoning Ordinance). Numbers following the "P", "C" or "A" in the table refer to special conditions, additional information, or detailed use listings which follow in numerical order in Section 8.4. Note: For all properties zoned B-2 within the downtown overlay district boundary, please refer to the schedule of uses in Article 21 of the zoning ordinance. Special requirements are also applicable to properties located within downtown overlay districts relative to use, site development, and design standards. See Article 21 for specific requirements and Downtown Overlay District Regulating Plan.	
C = CONDITIONALLY PERMITTED USES: Uses which are permitted only with Board of Adjustment approval.														
A = ACCESSORY USES: Uses and structures permitted which are customarily accessory, clearly incidental and subordinate to permitted uses.														
ZONES													USES	
A-R A-U	R-1A R-1B R-1C	R-1T	R-2MF	R-3MF	R-4DT	P-1	B-1	B-2 ³	B-3 B-4	B-5	I-1	I-2		
								P/21	P	P			F VEHICLE AND TRUCK RELATED	
									P/22	P/22			1 Vehicle boat rental	
C/23													2 Vehicle sales lot, establishment	
							P/21	P/21	P/21	P/21			3 Vehicle race tracks	
													4 Vehicle service/fuel stations, with or without convenience stores	
									A/24	P	P	P	5 Vehicle repair, major	
									C/24A	P	P	P	5A Vehicle body shop	
							P	P	P	P	P	P	6 Vehicle repair, minor	
							P	P	P	P	P	P	6A Vehicle detail shop	
							A/25	A/25	P/25	P/25	P/25	P/25	7 Car-wash; self-serve or automatic	
A				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	8 Loading and unloading facilities	
A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A						9 Parking areas, private garages	
	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	P	A	A	A	A	10 Parking areas or structures	
					C	C	P	P	P	P	P	P	11 Parking lots or structures	
										P	P	P	12 Tire re-treading and recapping	
												C/27	12A Tire recycling collection center	
									A	A	A	A	13 Truck rental	
										P	P	P	14 Truck terminals and freight yards	
									P	P			15 Taxi cab or limousine service	
										P	P		16 Vehicle auction facilities	
												C/27	17 Vehicle impound yards or vehicle salvage yards	
													G INDUSTRIAL	
										P/26	P/26	P/26	1 Contractor equipment dealer	
											P	P	1A Lumber and construction material yards	
										P	P	P	2 Dairy or other food product bottling plants	
P										C	C	C	3 Extraction of crude petroleum, natural gas	
C										C	C	C	3A Quarrying of sand, gravel, etc.	
												C/27	4 Heavy industrial uses, conditional	
												C/27	4A Salvage yards	
												C/27	4B Refuse yards or landfills	
												P/28	5 Heavy industrial uses, principal	
P/54										P	P	P	5A Processing timber for firewood	
										P	P	P	6 Ice plant	
										P	P	P	7 Machine, welding and other metal work shops	
										P	P	P	8 Manufacturing, compounding, processing, packaging and assembling, light	
						A		A	A	P	P	P	9 Medical waste disposal	
A/30							A/30	A/30	A/30	A/30			10 Making of articles to be sold at retail on the premises	
						A	A	P	P	P	P	P	11 Printing, publishing, lithographing, blueprinting	
										A	A	A	12 Sale of manufactured goods	
										P/31	P/31	P/31	13 Shops of special trade and general contractors	
							A/49	A/49	A/49	P	P	P	14 Furniture repair and upholstery	
C/46										P	P	P	15 Furniture restoration and refinishing	
										P	P	P	16 Recycling Collection centers	
											P/27	P/27	17 Distillery/Brewery	

³ Shall only apply to B-2 Zones outside the boundaries of the Downtown Overlay District.

8.4 DETAILED USES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS of Zones and Uses Table.

/21. Provided such use conforms to the requirements of Article 17.

/22. Establishments and lots for the display, rental, sale, service and minor repair of vehicles ; boats; recreational vehicles; mobile or modular homes; or supplies for such items.

/23. Vehicle racetracks are prohibited in the A-U Zone.

/24. When accessory to an establishment primarily engaged in the sale of vehicles.

/24A. (Only Unincorporated Daviess County) This provision shall apply only in B-4 General Business zones. Vehicles body shops involve industrial-type activities, which are more intense than the activities usually permitted in business zones. Therefore, when conditionally permitted in B-4 , vehicle body shops shall conform with the following requirements:

a. All work to be performed on vehicles, including removal of parts, shall occur entirely within an enclosed building.

b. Any outdoor storage area shall be completely screened with a six (6) foot high solid fence or wall from adjoining uses and streets, and shall be landscaped and paved. Such outdoor storage areas shall not be used as vehicle impound yards or junk yards, as defined in this or other local ordinances. Storage of vehicles shall be limited to those vehicles to be repaired on the premises. The Board of Adjustment may establish additional conditions, which it believes are necessary to assure compatibility with neighboring uses. These conditions may include but are not limited to the following:

c. Limits on the size and location of buildings or land to be used as part of the use.

d. Limits on the number of vehicles located on the premises at one time.

e. Limits on operating hours.

/25. Provided that surface water from such use shall not drain onto adjacent property or over a public sidewalk, and that adequate on-site storage lanes and parking facilities shall be provided so that no public way shall be used for such purposes. Drainage shall be approved by the city/county engineer's office. In B-1 and B-2 zones, car washes are permitted as accessory uses only to service stations and convenience stores.

26. Establishments and lots for the display, rental, sale and repair of contractor equipment.

/27. (I-2 conditional uses) Any hazardous uses or occupancies as determined by the Kentucky Building Code , and any vehicle impound yards , salvage or refuse yards , landfills, or tire recycling collection center shall apply for **conditional use** to the Owensboro Metropolitan Board of Adjustment; provided that any building or outside storage, loading or working areas except for accessory parking areas or structure shall be located at least three hundred (300) feet from any Residential Zone and one hundred (100) feet from any other zone except an I-1 or A-R Zone, with the exception of hazardous materials stored in conjunction with the sale of feed, fertilizer or other agricultural products which shall be allowed as accessory use to the business provided buffer distances as described in note 53 are met.

/28. (I-2 principal uses) Heavy industrial and manufacturing uses are principally permitted except where requiring conditional use permits by this ordinance provided that any building or outside storage, loading or working areas, except for accessory parking areas shall be located at least three hundred (300) feet from any Residential Zone and one hundred (100) feet from any other zone except I-1 or A-R Zone.

/30. Provided that any manufacturing shall be restricted to light manufacturing incidental to a retail business or service where the products are sold on the premises by the producer

/31. Such as plumbing; heating and air conditioning; carpentry; masonry; painting; plastering; metal work; printing, publishing, lithographing, engraving; electrical; major vehicle repair; sign painting; upholstering; tile, mosaic and terrazzo work; electroplating; drilling; excavating; wrecking; construction; paving; industrial cleaning.

/47. See under *BUSINESS USES (D) table*.

/54 Permitted use in agricultural zones only for timber harvested on the premises.

8.2 ZONES AND USES TABLE

P = PRINCIPALLY PERMITTED USES: Uses listed and other uses (not otherwise listed in table) substantially similar to those listed are deemed permitted.							NOTE: Only those uses specifically permitted or substantially similar to permitted uses are permitted in each zone; all uses which lack substantial similarity to permitted uses in each zone are deemed prohibited (as per Article 3 of this Zoning Ordinance). Numbers following the "P", "C" or "A" in the table refer to special conditions, additional information, or detailed use listings which follow in numerical order in Section 8.4. Note: For all properties zoned B-2 within the Downtown Overlay District boundary, please refer to the Schedule of Uses in Article 21 of the Zoning Ordinance. Special requirements are also applicable to properties located within Downtown Overlay District relative to use, site development, and design standards. See Article 21 for specific requirements and Downtown Overlay District Regulating Plan.							
C = CONDITIONALLY PERMITTED USES: Uses which are permitted only with Board of Adjustment approval.														
A = ACCESSORY USES: Uses and structures permitted which are customarily accessory, clearly incidental and subordinate to permitted uses.														
ZONES														USES
A-R A-U	R-1A R-1B R-1C	R-1T	R-2MF	R-3MF	R-4DT	P-1	B-1	B-2 ⁴	B-3 B-4	B-5	I-1	I-2		
														H Agriculture:
A														1 Agricultural structures, stables
P														2 Dairying and stock-raising
P	P	P	P	P	P									3 Farming
										P/32	P/32	P/32		4 Farm equipment dealer
P														5 Forestry
										C/33	C/33	C/33		6 Grain drying
C														7 Livestock sales and auction
C/33a									C/33a	P	P	P		8 Landscaping services
C														9 Agri-tourism
C/58														10 Agriculture, Horticulture or Silviculture Industries
														I Animal related:
C/34														1 Animal burial grounds
C/50														1A Animal race tracks
									P/35	P/35	P/35	P/35		2 Animal hospital or clinic
							P/51	P/51	P	P	A	A		2A Pet grooming
							P/51	P/51	P	P	A	A		2B Pet training
P														3 Hunting, fishing, trapping, game preserves
C							P	P	P	P				3A Taxidermy
P/35									P/35	P/35	P/35	P/35		4 Kennel, commercial
A	A	A	A	A	A									5 Kennel, non-commercial
									P/35	P/35	P/35	P/35		6 Veterinarian office
														J Personal service:
C				C					C	C	C	C		1 Cemetery, mausoleum, columbarium, crematory
C						C		P	P	P				2 Funeral home, with or without crematory
							P/36	P/36	P/36	P/36	P/36	P/36		3 Laundry, clothes cleaning
						P	P	P	P	P	P	P		3A Dry cleaning or laundry drop off and pick up stations with or without drive-through windows, where no cleaning of garments occurs on site
						A	P	P	P	P				4 Pharmaceuticals and medical supplies, sale of
						A/37	P	P	P	P	A/37	A/37		5 Retail sales or personal services
														K Public and semi-public:
C/38														1 Airport
C/39														2 Land fill
P/40	P/40	P/40	P/40	P/40	P/40	P/40	P/40	P/40	P/40	P/40	P/40	P/40	P/40	3 Municipal, county, state, public school or federal buildings and uses
C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	4 Public utility facilities not otherwise permitted within this table and not excepted by Article 3 herein
								C	C	C				5 Bus terminals
C														6 Radio or TV transmitting or relay facilities including line of sight relays
P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	7 Level 1 Solar Energy System (SES)
P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	P/59	C/59	C/59	C/59	C/59	C/59	C/59	C/59	7a Level 2 Solar Energy System (SES)
C/59												C/59	C/59	7b Level 3 Solar Energy System (SES)
C/42	C/42	C/42	C/42	C/42	C/42	C/42	C/42	C/42	C/42	C/42	C/42	C/42	C/42	8 Recreational uses, major outdoor
A/43	A/43	A/43	A/43	A/43	A/43	A/43	A/43	A/43	A/43	A/43	A/43	A/43	A/43	9 Recreational uses, accessory outdoor

⁴ Shall only apply to B-2 Zones outside the boundaries of the Downtown Overlay District.

8.2 ZONES AND USES TABLE

<p>P = PRINCIPALLY PERMITTED USES: Uses listed and other uses (not otherwise listed in table) substantially similar to those listed are deemed permitted.</p> <p>C = CONDITIONALLY PERMITTED USES: Uses which are permitted only with Board of Adjustment approval.</p> <p>A = ACCESSORY USES: Uses and structures permitted which are customarily accessory, clearly incidental and subordinate to permitted uses.</p>													<p>NOTE: Only those uses specifically permitted or substantially similar to permitted uses are permitted in each zone; all uses which lack substantial similarity to permitted uses in each zone are deemed prohibited (as per Article 3 of this Zoning Ordinance).</p> <p>Numbers following the "P", "C" or "A" in the table refer to special conditions, additional information, or detailed use listings which follow in numerical order in Section 8.4.</p> <p>Note: For all properties zoned B-2 within the Downtown Overlay District boundary, please refer to the Schedule of Uses in Article 21 of the Zoning Ordinance. Special requirements are also applicable to properties located within Downtown Overlay District relative to use, site development, and design standards. See Article 21 for specific requirements and Downtown Overlay District Regulating Plan.</p>
ZONES													USES
A-R A-U	R-1A R-1B R-1C	R-1T	R-2MF	R-3MF	R-4DT	P-1	B-1	B-2 ⁵	B-3 B-4	B-5	I-1	I-2	
									A/44	A/44	A/44	A/44	L Storage:
							A	A	A	A			1 Storage, outdoor
													2 Storage (incidental) for retail sales establishment
A	A	A	A	A	A								3 Storage sheds
									A/20	A/20	A/20	A/20	4 Storage for wholesale supply establishment
							A	A	A	A	A	A	5 Storage yards for delivery vehicles
										P	P	P	6 Warehouse
									C/48	P/48	P/48	P/48	7 Individual Storage
										C	C	C	8 Storage facilities, including outdoor storage for merchandise or operable, licensed, vehicles
									C/56	P/56	P/56	P/56	9 Indoor Individual Storage
P/57													10 Storage of Distilled Spirits, principal
C/57													10a Storage of Distilled Spirits, conditional
													M Medical Cannabis
P/61											P/61	P/61	1 Medical Cannabis Cultivator
									P/60	P/60			2 Medical Cannabis Dispensary
											P/61	P/61	3 Medical Cannabis Processor
											P/61	P/61	4 Medical Cannabis Producer
						P/61			P/61	P/61	P/61	P/61	5 Medical Cannabis Safety Compliance Facility

⁵ Shall only apply to B-2 Zones outside the boundaries of the Downtown Overlay District.

8.4 DETAILED USES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS of Zones and Uses Table.

/20. A wholesale supply establishment shall be permitted in the B-3 or B-4 Zone only if indoor or outdoor storage areas of such use contain supplies, parts or other stocks primarily for sale on the premises to the general public. If stored commodities are for sale primarily to purchasing agents and not to the general public, the storage area shall be considered a warehouse or storage yard permitted only in an I-1 or I-2 Zone. Permitted outdoor storage areas must be enclosed on all sides as per #44 of this list.

/32. Establishments and lots for the display, rental, sale and repair of farm equipment.

/33. Grain drying when operated in a fully enclosed building at least three hundred (300) feet from the nearest Residential or Commercial Zone.

/33a. In the A-R, B-5, I-1 and I-2 zones, landscaping services shall be a principally permitted use. In the A-U, B-3 and B-4 zone, landscaping services shall be a conditionally permitted use. The Board of Adjustment, in considering approval of a conditional use permit, may require special conditions related to screening, outdoor storage, and other matters to assure neighborhood compatibility.

/34. Animal burial grounds are prohibited in the A-U Zone.

/35. Kennel, animal hospital, office of veterinarian providing that such structure or use, not including accessory parking areas, shall be at least one hundred (100) feet from any Residential Zone.

/36. Laundry, clothes cleaning or dyeing shop, self-service laundry or laundry pick-up station; in Business Zones clothes-cleaning establishments are limited to a forty (40)-pound capacity, closed-system process.

/37. Retail sales or personal services, including facilities for serving food, only for employees or visitors to any permitted use and having no display space or signs visible from the exterior of the building.

/38. Airports are prohibited in the A-U Zone.

/39. Landfills are prohibited in the A-U Zone. Landfills operated by municipal, county or state entities are permitted in any zone in accordance with KRS 100.361(2) exempting political subdivisions from local land use requirements. A public facility review by the OMPC is required for these facilities. Landfills are not exempt from the requirements of the subdivision regulations.

/40. Municipal, county, state, federal and public school boards are defined in Kentucky revised statutes as political subdivisions and are exempted from local land use requirements by KRS 100.361(2) if these uses and buildings are situated on land owned or leased by the political subdivision. A public facility review by the OMPC is required for these facilities. These facilities and uses are not exempt from subdivision regulations.

/41. (reserved)

/42. Major outdoor recreational uses include private parks, playgrounds, archery and shooting ranges, athletic fields, golf courses, skateboard parks, zoological gardens, country clubs, marinas, riding stables, campgrounds, boat ramps, fishing lakes, amusement parks, water parks, driving ranges, and batting cages

along with their accessory facilities. Commercial recreation areas are prohibited in all Residential zones.

/43. Accessory outdoor recreational uses include swimming pools, tennis courts, putting greens, and other similar recreational uses.

/44. Land-use buffers for outdoor storage areas or storage yards (except employee or customer parking areas) for manufactured products, materials to be used in manufacturing, wholesale commodities, or vehicles junk yards, salvage and scrap-iron yards shall be provided as per Article 17, Landscape and Land Use Buffers.

/48. Individual storage uses shall be prohibited in the B-3 zone. Individual storage uses may be conditionally permitted in B-4 zones in unincorporated Daviess County. Individual storage uses are principally permitted in B-5, I-1 and I-2 zones in Owensboro, Whitesville and unincorporated Daviess County.

The storage of items within any individual storage structure shall conform to the limitations contained in the definition of "individual storage" in Article 14 of this Zoning Ordinance.

In the B-4 zone, conditionally permitted individual storage uses also shall be subject to the following restrictions:

a. Structures to be used as individual storage units shall not be located closer than twenty five (25) feet to any residential zone.

b. An eight-foot (8') high solid wall or fence shall be installed and maintained on all sides that adjoin any other property, except those properties zoned B-1, B-2, B-3, B-4, B-5, I-1 or I-2. Tree plantings may also be required as per Article 17 of this Zoning Ordinance.

c. Building height shall not exceed fifteen (15) feet, measured from the finish grade at the loading door(s), to the top of the roof ridge or edge.

d. Outdoor storage shall be prohibited on the same property as the individual storage structure(s). This shall include vehicles, boats, personal items, etc.

e. All uses other than individual storage shall be prohibited within structures while those structures are being used for individual storage, except for one office or caretaker's residence, which, if present, shall be directly related to the management of the individual storage units.

f. The Owner of the individual storage structure(s) shall be responsible for policing the material and/or items being stored. The Owner shall notify the Zoning Administrator upon discovering any storage not meeting the requirements set forth herein, providing the name, address and phone number of the renter whose storage is in question

/49. Provided that any furniture repair shall be associated with a retail business or service where furniture or upholstery is sold on the premises.

/50. Animal racetracks shall be prohibited in A-U zones.

/51. Without boarding facilities.

/56. Indoor individual storage uses may be conditionally permitted in the B-3 and B-4 zones. Indoor individual storage uses are principally permitted in B-5, I-1 and I-2 zones.

The storage of items within any indoor individual storage structure shall conform to the limitations contained in the definition of "indoor individual storage" in Article 14 of this Zoning Ordinance.

In the B-3 and B-4 zones, conditionally permitted indoor individual storage uses also shall be subject to the following restrictions:

- a.** Indoor individual storage shall be limited to the adaptive reuse of an existing retail storefront of not less than 10,000 square feet in size.
- b.** Structures to be used as indoor individual storage units shall be fully conditioned and enclosed.
- c.** Screening and landscaping shall be required as per Article 17 of this Zoning Ordinance.
- d.** Outdoor storage shall be prohibited on the same property as the indoor individual storage structure(s). This shall include vehicles, boats, personal items, etc.
- e.** All uses other than indoor individual storage shall be prohibited within structures while those structures are being used for individual storage, except for those accessory uses that are clearly incidental to and would also be permitted in a B-4 zone.
- f.** The Owner of the indoor individual storage structure(s) shall be responsible for policing the material and/or items being stored. The Owner shall notify the Zoning Administrator upon discovering any storage not meeting the requirements set forth herein, providing the name, address and phone number of the renter whose storage is in question

/57. Storage of distilled spirits shall be permitted in the A-R and A-U zones only on tracts of at least one hundred (100) acres in size.

Storage of distilled spirits shall be conditionally permitted in the A-R and A-U zones on tracts of at least twenty (20) acres in size.

Prior to the approval of a conditional use permit hereunder, the OMBA must consider the impact of the proposed use upon surrounding properties and insure that the character of the area is protected. This type of establishment shall not be considered as altering the agricultural or residential character of its particular area and shall not be justification for zoning map amendments.

In the A-R and A-U zones, permitted and conditionally permitted storage of distilled spirits also shall be subject to the following restrictions:

- a.** The construction type shall be limited to rack supported structures or pallet storage structures constructed in accordance with the requirements of the current edition of the Kentucky Building Code.
- b.** The size, height and separation of any single structure shall be in accordance with the requirements of the current edition of the Kentucky Building Code.
- c.** The structures shall be used for the storage of distilled spirits only; any change in the product/material stored shall deem the conditional use permit null and void.
- d.** All structures shall be set back at least 200 feet from all property boundaries.

e. All structures shall be located at least 750 feet from any principal structure on an adjoining property; this may be waived if the applicant provides a sworn affidavit from the owner of said structure that he/she is agreeable to the waiver.

f. At least twenty five (25) percent of the property shall be dedicated to agricultural uses as defined in KRS 100 and/or left as open/natural space.

g. As part of the application process, the property owner shall agree that if the use ever exceeds the conditions of an approved permit, the property owner must take the necessary steps to come into compliance, cease operations, and/or relocate to an appropriately zoned location.

/58. Agriculture, Horticulture and Silviculture Industries shall be Conditionally Permitted in A-R and A-U zones located outside of the Urban Service area on parcels of at least twenty-five (25) acres in size. This type of use shall not be considered as altering the agriculture or residential character of its particular area and shall not be justification for zoning map amendments. Conditionally permitted agriculture, horticulture and silviculture industries shall be subject to the following restrictions:

- a.** Any structure associated with the use shall not exceed twenty thousand (20,000) square feet in size and all structures associated with the use shall not exceed fifty thousand (50,000) square feet in total.
- b.** The operation must not employ more than thirty (30) persons unless it is located on a road that is classified as a State Primary or State Secondary route or has any section classified as such, no operation shall employ more than one hundred (100) persons.
- c.** The operation shall be limited to agriculture, horticulture or silviculture activities and their related accessory uses.
- d.** The applicant must submit a full scope of work along with the conditional use permit application showing the operation is limited in size and scope as to not cause a negative impact or nuisance to neighboring properties. If at any time that scope of work changes or any conditions set forth with the approved conditional use permit are not met, the conditional use permit shall be revoked and the operation shall cease.

e. All applicable building codes for commercial/industrial structures shall be followed. The OMPC Building, Electrical, HVAC department shall be contacted regarding any required permits or inspections prior to any construction activity taking place.

/59. Solar Energy Systems (SES) shall comply with the following criteria:

- a.** The height of any ground mounted SES shall not exceed twenty (20) feet as measured from the highest natural grade below each solar panel (excludes utility poles and antennas constructed for the project)
- b.** Setback requirements for Level 1 and Level 2 SES shall be in compliance with the zoning classification for the parcel.
- c.** Setback requirements for Level 3 SES shall be as follows: (1) All equipment shall be at least fifty (50) feet from the perimeter property lines of the project area; (2) No interior property line setbacks shall be required if the project spans multiple contiguous properties, and; (3) All equipment shall be located at least one hundred (100) feet from any residential structure.

d. All Level 3 SES shall be screened with an 8' tall fence and a double row of staggered pines planted 15' on center from any public right-of-way or adjacent residential use. The pine trees shall be located outside of the fence. The use of barbed wire or sharp pointed fences shall be prohibited in or along any boundary adjoining residential or MHP zones

e. There shall be no signs permitted except those displaying emergency information, owner contact information, warning or safety instructions or signs that are required by a federal, state or local agency. Such signs shall not exceed 5 square feet in area.

f. Lighting shall be prohibited except that required by federal or state regulations.

g. Decommissioning of Level 3 SES shall be as follows:

1. The developer shall post a Surety Bond for the abandonment of the site and in the event the Commission must remove the facility. Abandonment shall be when the SES ceases to transfer energy on a continuous basis for twelve (12) months. The surety bond shall be one and one quarter (1.25) percent of the total cost of the installed SES.

2. A decommissioning plan shall be submitted at the time of application by the party responsible for decommissioning and the land owner and must include the following: (1) Defined conditions upon which the decommissioning will be initiated. i.e. there has been no power production for 12 months, the land lease has ended, or succession of use of abandoned facility, etc.; (2) Removal of all non-utility owned equipment, conduit, structures, fencing, roads, and foundations; (3) Restoration of the property to its original condition prior to development of the SES; (4) The time frame for completion of decommissioning activities; (5) the party currently responsible for decommissioning, and; (6) Plans for updating the decommissioning plan.

/60. Medical Cannabis Dispensary shall comply with the following criteria:

a. A Medical Cannabis Dispensary shall not be located within one thousand (1,000) feet of an existing primary or secondary school or daycare for children as measured in a straight line from parcel boundary to parcel boundary. This separation is required by KRS and is not subject to relief by a dimensional variance.

b. A Medical Cannabis Dispensary shall not be located closer than one (1) mile from another approved Medical Cannabis Dispensary and in unincorporated Daviess County shall be limited to one per Rural Community.

c. All business activity must occur indoors, is not permitted in a mobile or temporary building/structure and shall comply with all regulations of KRS and KAR related to Medical Cannabis.

d. The hours of operation for a Dispensary shall be no earlier than eight (8) A.M. and no later than eight (8) P.M.

e. A Medical Cannabis Dispensary shall not be located at the same site and location used for growing, cultivating, or processing medicinal cannabis or in the same office space as a Medicinal Cannabis Practitioner or other physician.

f. A Medical Cannabis Dispensary shall be permitted one (1) monument or pole mounted sign. The sign may be illuminated,

but may not be animated, electronic changeable copy, or digital. The sign height shall not exceed thirty (30) feet and the sign face shall not exceed one hundred fifty (150) square feet. Temporary, wall mounted, and window signs are prohibited.

g. A Medical Cannabis Dispensary shall not operate until it has been issued a license from the Commonwealth of Kentucky pursuant to KRS.

h. A Medical Cannabis Dispensary is not permitted within the Downtown Overlay Districts as determined by Article 21 of this Zoning Ordinance.

/61. Medical Cannabis Cultivator, Processor, Producer, and Safety Compliance Facility shall comply with the following criteria:

a. A Medical Cannabis Cultivator shall be permitted in the A-R and A-U zones only within Unincorporated Daviess County.

b. A Medical Cannabis Cultivator, Processor, Producer or Safety Compliance Facility shall not be located within one thousand (1,000) feet of an existing primary or secondary school or daycare for children as measured in a straight line from parcel boundary to parcel boundary. This separation is required by KRS and is not subject to relief by a dimensional variance.

c. All business activity must occur indoors, is not permitted in a mobile or temporary building/structure and shall comply with all regulations of KRS and KAR related to Medical Cannabis.

d. The cultivation of medicinal cannabis is not permitted as part of any agriculture use allowed in this Zoning Ordinance unless otherwise exempted from local regulation by state law.

e. A Medical Cannabis Cultivator, Processor, Producer or Safety Compliance Facility shall be permitted one (1) monument or pole mounted sign. The sign may be illuminated, but may not be animated, electronic changeable copy, or digital. The sign height shall not exceed thirty (30) feet and the sign face shall not exceed one hundred fifty (150) square feet. Temporary and wall mounted, and window signs are prohibited.

f. A Medical Cannabis Cultivator, Processor, or Producer shall not operate until it has been issued a license from the Commonwealth of Kentucky pursuant to KRS.

g. Medical Cannabis Cultivator, Processor, Producer or Safety Compliance Facility is not permitted within the Downtown Overlay Districts as determined by Article 21 of this Zoning Ordinance.

8.3 GENERAL INDEX.

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8.5 SITE DEVELOPMENT REQUIREMENTS. The following lot, yard, building height, useable open space and other requirements shall apply within each zone as specified in the respective subsection tables that follow, unless adjusted by provisions of articles 3 or 4 of this Zoning Ordinance. The short headings used in the tables are defined as follows:

- ♦ **Minimum Lot Size.** The minimum lot size that is specified by the Site Development Requirements contained in this article.
- ♦ **Minimum Lot Frontage.** The minimum width of a lot at the building setback line that is specified by the Site Development Requirements contained in this article.
- ♦ **Minimum Front Yard or Street Yard.** The minimum building setback that is required from any front lot line, side street lot line, or rear street lot line, or from the centerline of any public right-of-way that adjoins any front lot line, side street lot line, or rear street lot line; except that building setbacks for yards that adjoin alleys shall be the same as for interior side or rear yards, as required by the Site Development Requirements contained in this article.
- ♦ **Minimum Interior Side Yard.** The minimum building setback that is required from any side lot line that adjoins another lot or an alley.
- ♦ **Minimum Interior Rear Yard.** The minimum building setback that is required from any rear lot line that adjoins another lot or an alley.
- ♦ **Maximum Building Height.** The maximum height of a building that is permitted. *See "Building, Height of" in the Definitions article of this Zoning Ordinance.*
- ♦ **Minimum Useable Open Space.** The minimum "useable open space," as defined in this Zoning Ordinance.
- ♦ **Maximum Lot Coverage.** The maximum area of a lot that can be covered by all principal buildings and accessory structures occupying the lot.
- ♦ **Other Requirements.** Other regulations affecting site development as specified.

8.5 SITE DEVELOPMENT REQUIREMENTS (continued)

8.5.1 A-R Rural Agriculture Zone		
8.5.2 A-U Urban Agriculture Zone		
(a) Minimum Lot Size		
A-R Zone	1.0 acre	
A-U Zone	0.5 acre	Where sanitary sewers are not available, the minimum lot size shall be 0.75 acres
(b) Minimum Lot Frontage	100'	at building setback line
(c) Minimum Front Yard or Street Yard		(See Section 8.6 for map of Major Streets)
Freeway, Expressway	20'	from lot line
Arterial Street (two-way)	75'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
(Planned one-way)	60'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
Major Collector Street	60'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
Minor Collector or Local Street	60'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
Alley		(See interior side yard, interior rear yard)
(d) Minimum Interior Side Yard	10'	each side
(e) Minimum Interior Rear Yard	20'	
(f) Maximum Building Height	No limit	except for Kentucky Airport Zoning restrictions
(g) Minimum Useable Open Space	No limit	
(h) Maximum Lot Coverage	50%	
(i) Manufactured homes shall be connected to public water and sanitary sewer facilities when available. In the event public facilities are not available, the sanitary sewer facilities shall receive approval of the Daviess County Health Department.		
(j) Manufactured homes shall be underpinned with a solid form of permanent material placed between the ground and the bottom outside edge of the mobile home to shield against the element of weather and to conserve energy used for heating and cooling.		
(k) Agricultural land which has not been subdivided into customary lots shall not exceed a density of one (1) dwelling unit per ten (10) acre tract, including manufactured homes.		
(l) Building permits for accessory buildings to store farm products and machinery on tracts of land ten (10) acres or more in size shall not be required.		
(m) Structures and/or buildings shall not be placed in the designated flood plain area which tends to increase flood heights or obstruct the flow of floodwaters, and which could cause damage to other properties, as per Article 18 of this Zoning Ordinance.		
8.5.3 I-1 Light Industrial Zone		
8.5.4 I-2 Heavy Industrial Zone		
(a) Minimum Lot Size	No limit	Where sanitary sewers are not available, the minimum lot size shall be 0.75 acres
(b) Minimum Lot Frontage	No limit	
(c) Minimum Front Yard or Street Yard [see (k) below]		(See Section 8.6 for map of Major Streets)
Freeway, Expressway	20'	from lot line
Arterial Street (two-way)	75'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
(Planned one-way)	60'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
Major Collector Street	60'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
(Whitesville only)	75'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
Minor Collector or Local Street	25'	from lot line
Marginal Access Street	0'	from lot line
Alley		(See interior side yard, interior rear yard)
(d) Minimum Interior Side Yard [(see (k) below)]	20'	when adjoining any zone other than business or industrial
	No limit	when adjoining a business or industrial zone or a railroad siding
(e) Minimum Interior Rear Yard [see (k) below]	20'	when adjoining any zone other than business or industrial
	No limit	when adjoining a business or industrial zone or a railroad siding
(f) Maximum Building Height [see (k) below]	No limit	except for Kentucky Airport Zoning restrictions
(g) Minimum Useable Open Space [see (k) below]	No limit	
(h) Maximum Lot Coverage [see (k) below]	No limit	
(i) Certain uses may require greater setbacks from particular non-compatible zones. See Section 8.4, #27 and #28.		
(j) All outdoor areas or yards that are used for the storage of manufactured products, materials to be used in manufacturing, wholesale commodities, trucks or equipment, junk yards, and salvage and scrap-iron yards (not including areas for employee or customer parking, nor areas that are open to the public for the permitted display of operational vehicles or other finished products for retail) shall be enclosed on all sides by a solid wall or fence not less than six (6) feet in height, and not less than eight (8) feet in height for junk yards, salvage and scrap-iron yards. In particular situations, Article 17 of this Zoning Ordinance may require additional landscape easements and materials.		
(k) Special requirements are applicable to properties located within Downtown Overlay Districts relative to use, site development, and design standards. See Article 21 for specific requirements and Downtown Overlay District Regulating Plan.		

8.5 SITE DEVELOPMENT REQUIREMENTS (continued)

8.5.5	R-1A Single-Family Residential Zone
8.5.6	R-1B Single-Family Residential Zone
8.5.7	R-1C Single-Family Residential Zone
8.5.8	R-1T Townhouse Zone
(a) Minimum Lot Size	
R-1A Zone [see (j) below]	10,000sq' except in a planned residential development project (see Art. 10)
R-1B Zone [see (j) below]	7,500sq' "
R-1C Zone [(see (j) below)]	5,000sq' "
R-1T Zone [see (j) below]	2,000sq' "
(b) Minimum Lot Frontage	
R-1A Zone	75' except in a planned residential development project (see Art. 10)
R-1B Zone	60' "
R-1C Zone	50' "
R-1T Zone [see (k) below]	18' "
(c) Minimum Front Yard or Street Yard	
(See Section 8.6 for map of Major Streets)	
Freeway, Expressway	20' from lot line
Arterial Street (two-way)	75' from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
(Planned one-way)	60' from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
Major Collector Street	60' from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
Minor Collector or Local Street	
R-1A, R-1B, R-1C zones	25' from lot line
If corner lots are back to back	15' from side street lot line only
R-1T Zone [see (k) below]	10' from lot line
Alley[see note (k) below]	(See interior side yard, interior rear yard)
(d) Minimum Interior Side Yard	
Regular Building	
R-1A Zone	10' each side
R-1B, R-1C, R-1T zones	5' each side
Adjoins R-1A, P-1, Agri. zone	10' that side

Zero Setback Option (see [i] below)			
R-1A Zone	0'	one side along "internal line", 20' other side	
R-1B, R-1C zones	0'	one side along "internal line", 10' other side	
R-1T Zone [see (k) below]	0'	along "internal lines", 5' along "boundary lines"	
Adjoins R-1A, P-1, Agri. zone	10'	that side	
(e) Minimum Interior Rear Yard [see (k) below]	20'		
(f) Maximum Building Height [see (k) below]	36'		
(g) Minimum Useable Open Space [see (k) below]	No limit		
(h) Maximum Lot Coverage			
R-1A, R-1B, R-1C zones	50%	of total lot area	
R-1T Zone [see (k) below]	50%	of total lot area	
(i) Zero Setback Option. Zero setback lines shall be permitted only along "internal lines", which are property lines between lots that are under single ownership at the time of building construction. Zero setback lines shall not be permitted along "boundary lines", which are property lines of lots that are owned by others. No two dwelling units shall be closer than twenty (20) feet to each other in R-1A zones, nor closer than ten (10) feet to each other in R-1B or R-1C zones. Zero setback walls shall be solid, containing no window or door openings, and may be required to satisfy special building code requirements, depending on the situation. Application of zero setback side yard provisions will require special covenants within the deeds of affected lots. These covenants must respond to issues unique to zero setback dwelling units, whether attached or detached. These issues, among others, will include the following: Exterior zero setback building elements will involve maintenance performed from an adjacent property, thereby necessitating maintenance easements. Common-wall dwelling units should generally correspond in architectural style, color, scheme, etc., which may necessitate a perpetual design control mechanism to define the individual rights and collective responsibilities of affected property owners.			
(j) Where sanitary sewers are not available, the minimum lot size shall be 0.75 acres.			
(k) Special requirements are applicable to properties located within Downtown Overlay District relative to use, site development, and design standards. See Article 21 for specific requirements and Downtown Overlay District Regulating Plan.			

8.5 SITE DEVELOPMENT REQUIREMENTS (continued)

8.5.9 R-2MF Multi-Family Residential Zone		
8.5.10 R-3MF Multi-Family Residential Zone		
8.5.11 R-4DT Inner-City Residential Zone		
(a) Minimum Lot Size (see note [j] below)		
Multi-Family (R-2MF Zone)	13,000sq'	except in a planned residential development project (see Art. 10)
(R-3MF, R-4DT zones)	6,500sq'	"
Two-Family (R-2MF Zone)	10,500sq'	"
(R-3MF, R-4DT zones)	6,000sq'	"
"Split Duplex" (R-2MF Zone)	5,250sq'	"
(R-3MF, R-4DT zones)	3,000sq'	"
Single-Family (only R-4DT Zone)	5,000sq'	"
(b) Minimum Lot Frontage		
Multi-Family (R-2MF Zone)	75'	except in a planned residential development project (see Art. 10)
(R-3MF, R-4DT zones)	70'	"
Two-Family (R-2MF Zone)	70'	"
(R-3MF, R-4DT zones)	60'	"
"Split Duplex" (R-2MF Zone)	35'	"
(R-3MF, R-4DT zones)	30'	"
Single-Family (only R-4DT Zone)	50'	"
(c) Minimum Front Yard or Street Yard (See Section 8.6 for map of Major Streets)		
Freeway, Expressway	20'	from lot line
Arterial Street (two-way) [see (k) below]	75'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
(Planned one-way)	60'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
Major Collector Street [see (k) below]	60'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
Minor Collector or Local Street [see (k) below]	25'	from lot line
Alley [see note (k) below]		(See interior side yard, interior rear yard)
(d) Minimum Interior Side Yard		

All Building Types	5'	each side
Adjoins R-1A, P-1, or Agri. zone	10'	that side
R-4DT Zone Zero Setback Option [see (k) below]		Same as for R-1C Zone (See Section 8.5.7) [see (k) below]
(e) Minimum Interior Rear Yard	20'	
(f) Maximum Building Height		
Multi-Family in R-4DT Zone [see (k) below]	36'	without increased minimum yard dimensions
Building taller than 36' [see (k) below]	3:1	height-to-yard ratio relative to all surrounding yards
All Other	36'	
(g) Minimum Useable Open Space		
Multi-Family [see (k) below]	30%	of lot area
All Other	No limit	
(h) Maximum Lot Coverage		
Multi-Family (R-2MF Zone)	50%	of total lot area with a floor area ratio of 0.25
(R-3MF Zone)	50%	of total lot area with a floor area ratio of 0.40
(R-4DT Zone) [see (k) below]	50%	of total lot area with a floor area ratio of 1.30
All Other	50%	of total lot area
(i) "Split Duplex" Option. Each unit of a two-family building (duplex) may be located on a separate lot. Separate lots for each unit of duplex buildings erected previous to the enactment of this "Split Duplex" option may vary from the minimum lot width and side yard requirements as stated hereinabove if the following two requirements can be met: (a) The original lot width conforms with the minimum required for a two-family building in the zone in which it is located; and, (b) the parking area/driveway access characteristics can comply with the requirements of Article 13 of this Zoning Ordinance. Application of the "split duplex" option will require special covenants within the deeds of affected lots. These covenants must respond to issues unique to dwelling units sharing a common wall. These issues, among others, will include the following: Exterior building elements will involve maintenance performed from an adjacent property, thereby necessitating maintenance easements. Common-wall dwelling units should generally correspond in architectural style, color, scheme, etc., which may necessitate a perpetual design control mechanism to define the individual rights and collective responsibilities of affected property owners.		
(j) Where sanitary sewers are not available, the minimum lot size shall be 0.75 acres.		
(k) Special requirements are applicable to properties located within Downtown Overlay District relative to use, site development, and design standards. See Article 21 for specific requirements and Downtown Overlay District Regulating Plan.		

8.5 SITE DEVELOPMENT REQUIREMENTS (continued)

8.5.12 P-1 Professional/Service Zone

8.5.13 B-2 Central Business Zone

(a) Minimum Lot Size		
P-1 Zone (see note [i] below)	7,500sq'	(For Professional Office Projects, see [i] below)
B-2 Zone (see note [i] below)	No limit	
(b) Minimum Lot Frontage		
P-1 Zone	60'	(For Professional Office Projects, see [i] below)
B-2 Zone	No limit	
(c) Minimum Front Yard or Street Yard		
(See Section 8.6 for map of Major Streets)		
P-1 Zone		
Freeway, Expressway	20'	from lot line
Arterial Street (two-way)) [see (k) below]	75'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
(Planned one-way)	60'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
Major Collector Street) [see (k) below]	60'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
Minor Collector or Local Street) [see (k) below]	25'	from lot line
Marginal Access Street) [see (k) below]	0'	from lot line
Alley		(See interior side yard, interior rear yard)
B-2 Zone (existing buildings)) [see (k) below]	0'	
(New buildings, ground floor)) [see (k) below]	3'	"
(Floors above/below ground)) [see (k) below]	0'	"
(Along any alley)) [see (k) below]		(See interior side yard, interior rear yard)
(d) Minimum Interior Side Yard		
P-1 Zone) [see (k) below]	10'	each side (For Professional Office Projects, see [i] below)
B-2 Zone, when side yard adjoins...		

R-1A, P-1, or Agri. zone) [see (k) below]	10'	that side
Other Residential or MHP zone) [see (k) below]	5'	that side
Any other zone) [see (k) below]	No limit	
(e) Minimum Interior Rear Yard		
P-1 Zone) [see (k) below]	20'	(For Professional Office Projects, see [i] below)
B-2 Zone, when rear yard adjoins...		
Res., MHP, P-1, or Agri. zone) [see (k) below]	20'	
Any other zone) [see (k) below]	No limit	
(f) Maximum Building Height		
P-1 Zone[see note (k) below]	3:1	
B-2 Zone[see note (k) below]	No limit	
(g) Minimum Useable Open Space		
P-1 Zone	No limit	
B-2 Zone	No limit	
(h) Maximum Lot Coverage		
P-1 Zone) [see (k) below]	35%	of total lot area with a floor area ratio of 1.30 (See [i] below)
B-2 Zone) [see (k) below]	No limit	
(i) A Professional Office Project may be permitted for a tract of land with a minimum of five (5) acres upon the approval of a preliminary development plan and a final development plan as provided in Article 16, and subject to the P-1 Zone regulations. Subdivision of a Professional Office Project is permitted subject to the following regulations: There shall be no minimum lot size, lot frontage, yard, nor maximum lot coverage or height requirements for each subdivided lot; however, all said requirements for the approved final development plan shall be applicable to the overall subdivision; each subdivided lot shall have access to adjacent streets or joint parking areas as provided by appropriate easement shown on the final development plan and subdivision plat.		
(j) Where sanitary sewers are not available, the minimum lot size shall be 0.75 acres.		
(k) Special requirements are applicable to properties located within Downtown Overlay District relative to use, site development, and design standards. See Article 21 for specific requirements and Downtown Overlay District Regulating Plan.		

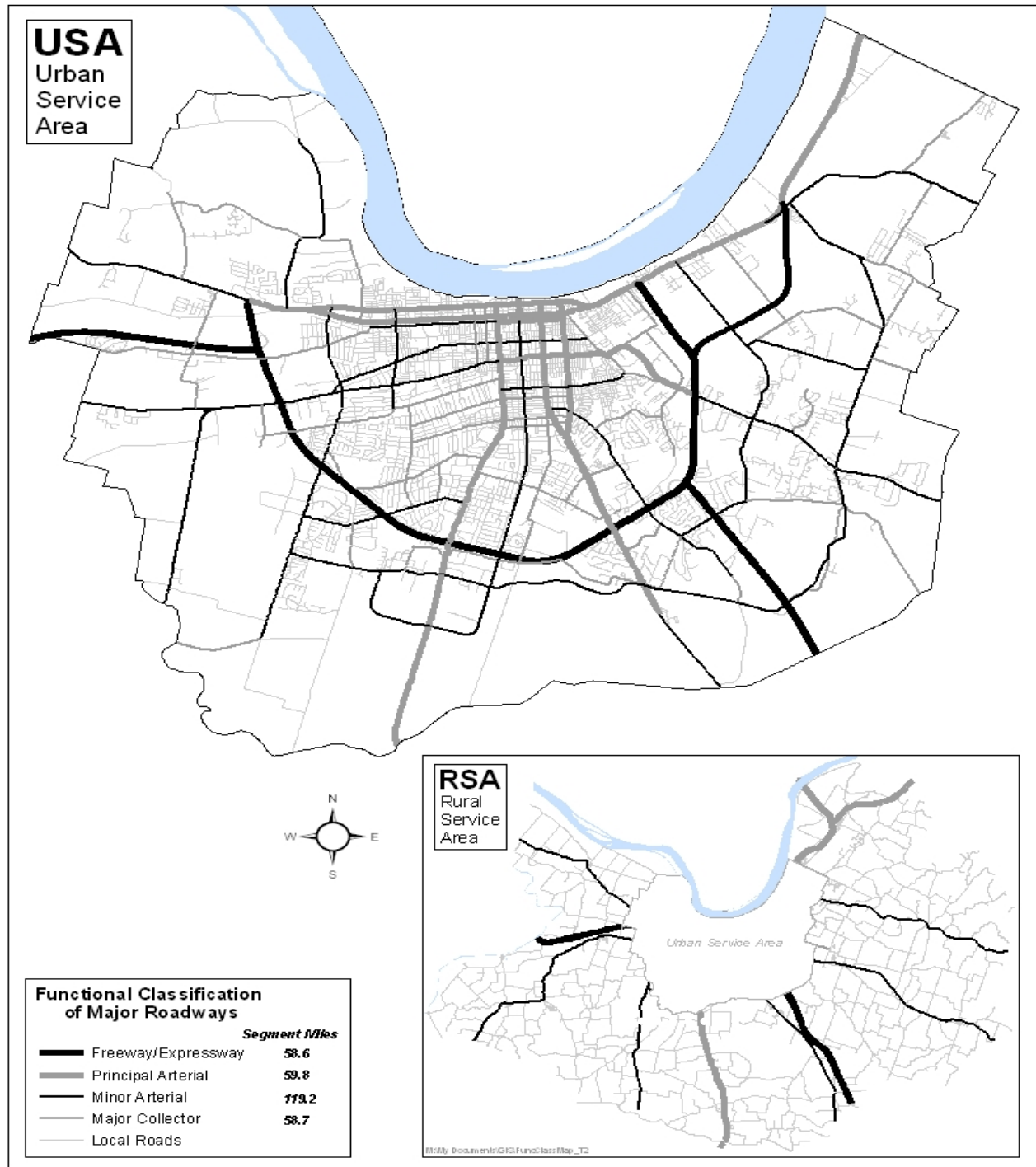
**8.5 SITE DEVELOPMENT REQUIREMENTS
(continued)**

8.5.14	B-1 Neighborhood Business Center Zone		
8.5.15	B-3 Highway Business Center Zone		
8.5.16	B-4 General Business Zone		
8.5.17	B-5 Business/Industrial Zone		
(a) Minimum Lot Size			
	B-1 Zone (see notem] below)	No limit	within a business center of 5 acres to 15 acres in size
	B-3 Zone (see notem] below)	No limit	within a business center of 15 acres or larger in size
	B-4, B-5 Zone (see notem] below)	No limit	
(b) Minimum Lot Frontage		No limit	
(c) Minimum Front Yard or Street Yard		(See Section 8.6 for map of Major Streets)	
	Freeway, Expressway	20'	from lot line
	Arterial Street (two-way) [see note(k) below]	75'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
	(Planned one-way) [see note (k) below]	60'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
	Major Collector Street) [see note (k) below]	60'	from street centerline or 25' from lot line, whichever is greater
	Minor Collector or Local Street) [see note (k) below]	25'	from lot line
	Marginal Access Street[see note (k) below]	0'	from lot line
	Alley [see note (k) below]		(See interior side yard, interior rear yard)
(d) Minimum Interior Side Yard			
	When side yard adjoins...		
	R-1A, P-1, or Agri. zone	10'	that side
	Other Residential or MHP zone	5'	that side
	Any other zone	No limit	
(e) Minimum Interior Rear Yard			
	When rear yard adjoins...		
	Res., MHP, P-1, or Agri. zone[see note (k) below]	20'	
	Any other zone[see note (k) below]	No limit	

(f) Maximum Building Height [see note (k) below]	No limit	except for Kentucky Airport Zoning restrictions
(g) Minimum Useable Open Space	No limit	
(h) Maximum Lot Coverage		
B-1 Zone	35%	of total area of lot or tract in project development plan
B-3 Zone	25%	of total area of lot or tract in project development plan
B-4, B-5 Zone, when lot adjoins...		
Residential, MHP, or P-1 zone	50%	of total area of lot or tract in project development plan
Any other zone	No limit	
(i) Development plans are required for the creation of, expansion of, or alteration of multi-business structures, whether on one or more parcels or lots as per Article 16 of this Zoning Ordinance. Also, development plans, or subdivision plats (if found to be an acceptable substitution by the OMPC), shall be required for zoning map amendments to a B-1 or B-3 zone, and for building development in those zones.		
(j) Zero Setback Walls. In all business zones, where land subdivision is proposed, and zero yard setback is permitted, shared or common walls which would straddle a lot line are prohibited. There shall be two, structurally independent walls adjacent to each other along the property line.		
(k) Special requirements are applicable to properties located within Downtown Overlay District relative to use, site development, and design standards. See Article 21 for specific requirements and Downtown Overlay District Regulating Plan.		
(l) All outdoor areas or yards that are used for the storage of manufactured products, materials to be used in manufacturing, wholesale commodities, s, trucks or equipment, junk yards, and salvage and scrap-iron yards (not including areas for employee or customer parking, nor areas that are open to the public for the permitted display of operational vehicles or other finished products for retail) shall be enclosed on all sides by a solid wall or fence not less than six (6) feet in height, and not less than eight (8) feet in height for junk yards, salvage and scrap-iron yards. In particular situations, Article 17 of this Zoning Ordinance may require additional landscape easements and materials.		
(m) Where sanitary sewers are not available, the minimum lot size shall be 0.75 acres.		

8.6 MAP OF MAJOR STREETS

Major Street Setbacks and Buffers revised by TAC 04/07/2009



Article amendments approved unless noted:

	OMPC	Owensboro	Daviess Co.	Whitesville
Revised zoning ordinance	08-Sep-1979	14-Mar-1980	27-Dec-1979	07-Apr-1980
Parking access to local streets, parking & landscaping setback	17-Apr-1981	22-May-1981	26-Apr-1981	06-Jul-1981
Parking lot paving, parking for major outdoor recreation	12-Jan-1984	06-Mar-1984	22-Feb-1984	?
Automobile body shops	15-Nov-1990	not adopted	26-Dec-1990	not adopted
Retail parking requirements	09-May-1991	04-Jun-1991	25-Jun-1991	no action
Bed and breakfast homes	09-Feb-1995	21-Mar-1995	15-Nov-1995	?
Extensive amendments: Amount of parking required {13.7, 13.8}; no paving required for parking areas in agricultural zones {13.12}; comp. plan stds. for roadway buffers {13.622}; parking area dimensions {13.16}; driveway widths, locations {13.2}; paving exception for display of manuf. homes & large farm vehicles {13.511}; stacking area for uses with drive-up facilities {13.52}; off-site accessory parking {13.42}; storm water retention in parking areas {13.14}	18-Apr-1996	21-May-1996	22-May-1996	?
"Individual storage" defined (mini-warehouses, proposed by Daviess Co.) {13.8-L7}	14-Nov-1996 denied	not applic.	12-Feb-1997 approved	not applic.
"Landscaping services" replaced "Horticultural services" {13.8-H8}	13-Nov-1997	06-Jan-1998	23-Dec-1997	?
2003 Review Committee: Definitions and regulations made consistent across all jurisdictions; up to 10% of required off-street parking spaces may be parallel spaces {13.16}; off-site parking permitted under specific criteria tied to non-residential final development plan {13.17}; calculation of off-street parking requirements in B-1 and B-3 zones changed from an area ratio to minimum requirements by uses listed in Section 13.8 table {13.73}; added off-street parking requirement for new uses that have been added to Article 8 {13.8}; changed calculation of off-street parking for retail uses to 1/300 SF for premises with buildings under 10,000 SF of gross floor area and 1/200 for premises with buildings of 10,000 SF or more of GFA {13.8 E2, E3, E4}.	11-Dec-2003	02-Mar-2004	05-Feb-2004	06-Apr-2004
Revised Parking Requirements for Mercantile and Home Improvement	14-Sept-2006	7- Nov-2006	21-Nov-2006	05-Dec-2006
Revisions to reference new regulations contained in Article 21 relative to properties within Downtown Overlay Districts	10-Sep-2009	20-Oct-2009		
Revisions to parking requirements to include uses incorporated in Article 8, reduce fast food parking requirements to 1 to 200 sf and reduce indoor assembly parking requirements to 1 to 200 sf	8-July-2010	3-Aug-2010	19-Aug-2010	

Medical Cannabis

13.1 PARKING AREA DEVELOPMENT AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS. Every parcel of land hereafter used as a parking area, loading or unloading area, parking lot, or stacking area, for the purposes of this Article, may be referred to collectively as "parking area" or "parking areas." Every parking area shall be developed and maintained in accordance with the following requirements:

13.11 Size, Shape, Access. Off-street parking areas shall equal or exceed the number of spaces or area required and shall be of useable shape and surface, and shall have appropriate ingress and egress. Aisles and access drives shall be designed so as to provide adequate vehicular maneuvering upon the property being served and in no case shall off-street parking areas be permitted which encourage or require the backing onto or maneuvering within any public right-of-way, unless otherwise specifically permitted in this Zoning Ordinance.

13.111 Specific Provision to Allow Backing onto Local or Minor Collector Street Public Rights-of-Way. In all residential zones except R-1T, driveways and parking areas for dwelling units not sharing a common parking area may allow the backing onto a public right-of-way that is designated by the OMPC as a local street or minor collector street, provided that said driveways or parking areas shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) coverage of the total required front yard or side-street yard. In planned residential development projects, any individual driveway or common parking area may allow the backing onto internal public or private street rights-of-way, as delineated on the development plans approved by the OMPC.

13.112 Specific Provision to Allow Backing onto Public Alleys. In any zone, any parking area, except a loading or unloading area, may allow the backing onto public alleys. Vehicular use area **perimeter** landscape easements may be eliminated where continuous pavement would preclude the application of the landscape easement along the alley.

13.12 Paving. Except for single-family residential uses and A-U, A-R, and EX-1 zones, where parking areas are provided, they shall be improved within six (6) months of application of any base material with an asphalt, concrete, brick or other properly bound surface, so as to

be durable and dustless, unless otherwise specifically permitted in this Zoning Ordinance.

13.13 Lighting. Any lighting used to illuminate off-street parking areas shall be arranged so as to reflect away from any adjoining Residential zone or uses and any public right-of-way.

13.14 Drainage. Every parking area shall be graded and drained so as to dispose of all surface water within the parking area without carrying the accumulated water over a public sidewalk. Piping the water to a suitable outfall may be required. For any parking area, permanent storm water retention may be required by the official storm drainage engineer having jurisdiction, upon the determination that the lack of said retention would cause or aggravate flooding or other drainage problems on surrounding or downstream properties.

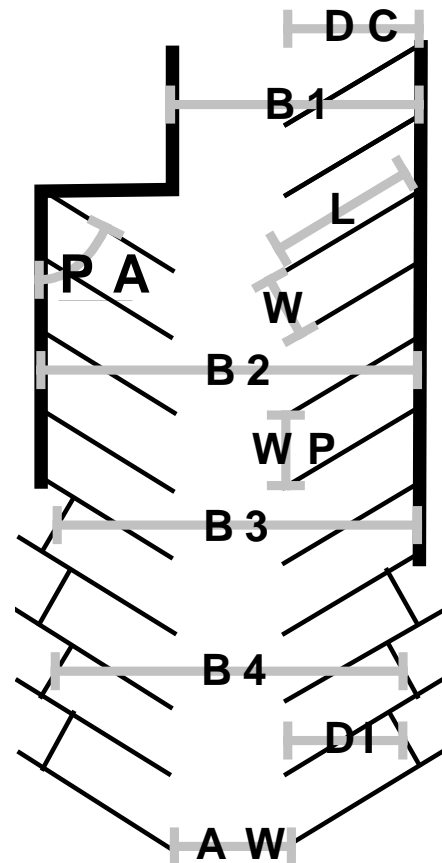
13.15 Landscaping. Off-street parking areas shall be landscaped and screened as required by other provisions of this Zoning Ordinance. Landscaping and screening for off-street parking areas within the Downtown Overlay District shall meet the standards in Article 21.

13.16 Size and Arrangement of Parking Spaces. The minimum width of a parking space shall be nine feet (9'). The minimum length shall be based on the parking angle. Parking space and parking area dimensions shall comply with the specifications in the following exhibit. ADA parking standards shall comply with current federal ADA parking sizes and requirements.

A maximum of ten percent (10%) of off-street parallel parking spaces may be included as required parking spaces. Parallel spaces exceeding ten percent (10%) of the total required off-street parking shall be considered as accessory parking spaces and shall not count toward the required number of spaces needed for a use.

13.161 Parking Space and Parking Area Dimensions

Minimum Dimensions in Feet				
PA	Parking Angle	90°	60°	45°
L	Stall length	18	21.9	24.7
W	Stall width	9	9	9
WP	Stall width parallel to aisle	9	10.4	12.7
AW	Aisle width	24	16	12
B1	Bay width curb-to-curb, single-loaded	42	35	29.5
B2	Bay width curb-to-curb, double-loaded	60	54	47
B3	Bay width interlock-to-curb, double-loaded	60	52.5	44.8
B4	Bay width interlock-to-interlock, double-loaded	60	51	42.6
DC	Depth of stall to curb, perpendicular to aisle	18	19	17.5
DI	Depth of stall to interlock, perpendicular to aisle	18	17.5	15.3



13.17 Location of Parking Spaces. Wherever possible, parking spaces shall be provided on the same lot as the building being served. In the event off-street parking requirements cannot be met on the lot, the Owensboro Metropolitan Planning Commission may approve a final development plan with required parking spaces provided on a separate lot under the following criteria: For residential properties, parking shall be provided on the same lot with the building it is required to serve; for uses located or permitted in the Professional/Service or any Business zone, not more than two hundred (200) feet from the lot the parking spaces are required to serve; for hospitals, nursing, convalescent and rest homes, orphanages, private clubs, dormitories and churches, not more than three hundred (300) feet from the lot the parking spaces are required to serve; for uses permitted in the Industrial zones, not more than five hundred (500) feet from the lot the parking spaces are required to serve. Legal documentation tying the required parking to the permitted use must be submitted with the final development plan. No portion of off-site parking designated for a lot containing the use for which the parking is designated may be located at a greater distance than allowed by these regulations. The Owensboro Metropolitan Board of Adjustment shall not have the authority to grant dimensional variances from this requirement.

[13.18] Right-of-Way Construction Permits. No curbs on streets shall be cut or altered without written approval of the City Engineer, County Engineer, or state highway department, as appropriate to the situation.

13.2 LOCATIONS AND WIDTHS OF VEHICULAR ACCESS POINTS ALONG STREETS. The locations of vehicular access points along streets shall be based on the functional class of each street. The widths of driveways shall be based upon the uses they serve.

13.21 Access Management for Major Streets. Access to building developments located along arterial or major collector streets in the Owensboro Urban Service Area shall be subject to the driveway spacing standards and the policies for applying those standards, as specified in the adopted "Access Management Manual for the Owensboro-Daviess County Urban Area."

13.22 Access on Other Streets. Access to building developments located along all minor collector or local streets, and along major streets or roads outside the Urban Service Area, shall be limited as follows: The total width of all driveways shall not exceed forty percent (40%) of the lot width as measured at the

building setback line. For residential development, no point of access shall be allowed within ten feet (10') of the right-of-way line of an intersecting street. For non-residential development, no point of access to a street or to a shared development driveway shall be allowed within fifty feet (50') of the right-of-way line of an intersecting street (disregarding alleys), unless less existing lot frontage exists, in which case it shall be located as far from the intersecting street as possible.

13.23 Maximum Driveway Widths. The width of each driveway along any street, as measured at the property line, shall not exceed the maximum dimensions in the following exhibit. All driveway widths in the Downtown Overlay District shall conform to Article 21.

13.231 Maximum Driveway Widths

as measured at the property line	
Two-way Driveway	Maximum
Residential	30 feet
Commercial, single lot	40 feet
Large planned development with median	60 feet
Industrial, single lot	50 feet
Large planned development with median	60 feet
One-way Driveway	Maximum
Residential	16 feet
Non-residential	26 feet

13.24 Access Exceptions. The foregoing provisions of this section may be superseded in the following cases.

13.241 Alleys. Access points to any lot where it adjoins an alley may be established as necessary.

13.242 Planned Developments. The OMPC may apply less restrictive access standards along internal public or private local street rights-of-way for planned development projects, as delineated on the development plans approved by the OMPC.

13.243 Subdivision Plats. The OMPC may apply more restrictive access standards to subdivision plats, depending on lot arrangement, as provided in the metropolitan subdivision regulations and public improvement specifications.

13.3 LOADING AND UNLOADING SPACES REQUIRED.

13.31. In any zone every building hereafter erected that is to be occupied by uses requiring the receipt or distribution by large vehicles of material objects or

merchandise, there shall be provided and maintained not less than one (1) loading and unloading space.

13.32. Each loading space shall not be less than ten (10) feet in width, twenty-five (25) feet in length and a minimum vertical clearance of fourteen (14) feet, except that the minimum vertical clearance for funeral homes may be reduced to eight (8) feet. Except in the B-2 zone, each space shall be so located with respect to access drives and aisles so as to preclude backing onto or occupying any public right-of-way.

13.33. Each loading space may occupy all, or any part, of any required yard space, except as otherwise provided in this Zoning Ordinance. No such space shall be located closer than fifty (50) feet to any other lot in a Residential zone unless wholly within a completely enclosed building or enclosed on all sides by a wall or a uniformly painted solid board fence not less than five (5) feet in height. Location of loading spaces for all properties within the Downtown Overlay District shall comply with standards in Article 21.

13.4 PARKING OR LOADING SPACES ESTABLISHED PRIOR TO ADOPTION OR AMENDMENT OF THIS ZONING ORDINANCE; CHANGE OF USE AND OFF-SITE ACCESSORY PARKING.

13.41 Existing Parking Areas. Any parking or loading spaces established prior to the adoption or amendment of this Zoning Ordinance and which are used or intended to be used in connection with any principal building, structure or use, or any spaces designed and intended to comply with the requirements of this Zoning Ordinance for any principal building or structure erected after the adoption or amendment date shall hereafter be maintained so long as said building, structure or use remains, unless the owner provides and maintains in another location an equivalent number of required spaces in conformance with the provisions of this Zoning Ordinance.

13.42 Change of Use and Off-Site Accessory Parking. Where the principal use is changed and additional parking space is required under the terms of this Zoning Ordinance as a result of the change, it shall be unlawful to begin or maintain the altered use until the required off-street parking is provided. If the additional parking area cannot be consolidated into the lot containing the principal building due to intervening street rights-of-way, the OMPC may approve a development plan that binds additional parking located off-site to the principal

use, as "off-site accessory parking." However, off-site accessory parking shall be regulated as a "parking lot" for the purposes of the Zones and Uses Table of this Zoning Ordinance.

13.5 SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR PARTICULAR USES.

13.51 Automobile, Manufactured Housing or Other Vehicle Sales Lots, Automobile Service Stations, and Farm Equipment Dealers. Every parcel of land hereafter used to display, rent, sell, or service automobiles, motorcycles, trucks, boats, recreational vehicles, manufactured homes, farm equipment, or used for the minor repair thereof, or used as an automobile service station shall be subject to the requirements of this Zoning Ordinance concerning paving, lighting landscaping, drainage, and minimum yards and setbacks, and shall be considered, in the application thereof, as the equivalent of a parking area for more than six (6) vehicles, regardless of size.

13.511 Paving Exception for Display of Manufactured Homes and Large Farm Vehicles.

As an exception to the foregoing, the surface of parking spaces designated for the display of manufactured homes or large farm vehicles may be exempted from the full paving specification, subject to the following conditions: A development plan is approved by the OMPC; the plan designates the location of parking spaces to contain the large vehicles on display; the spaces are surfaced in some manner so that the large vehicles to be displayed thereon will not deform wet ground; and aisles that are used to access the spaces are fully paved.

13.52 Stacking Area for Uses with Drive-up Facilities.

For any use with drive-up facilities where vehicles line up awaiting use of those facilities, such as at fast-food restaurants, bank teller machines, car-washes, etc., a vehicular stacking area shall be provided so that a minimum of four (4) vehicles may line up behind one (1) vehicle while it is standing at the facility's first stopping point (such as an order board, etc.). Each vehicular stacking area shall be provided wholly on the property, shall not occupy any street right-of-way, shall be arranged so as to allow vehicles entering the property from the right-of-way to bypass any stacking area, and shall be subject to all other requirements of a vehicular use area as contained in this Zoning Ordinance. A stacking area shall not apply to designated parking spaces at drive-in restaurants from which food is ordered and to which food is delivered.

13.53 Dwelling Units Permitted Tandem Parking Spaces. For any dwelling unit requiring two (2) off-street parking spaces, one space may be behind the other **only** if said dwelling unit does not share a common parking area with other units.

13.6 PARKING AREAS IN REQUIRED YARDS.

13.61 Where Permitted. Off-street parking areas may be located in any required yard unless prohibited in the subsection below or by minimum distance requirements from non-compatible uses as specified elsewhere in this Zoning Ordinance. Location of parking areas for all properties within the Downtown Overlay District shall be governed by Article 21.

13.62 Where Prohibited. Off-street parking areas shall be prohibited in the following yards or portions of yards, except for permitted access drives:

13.621 R-1T Zones. In the R-1T Zone, driveways or parking areas shall not be permitted in required front or side-street yards, and access to driveways and parking areas shall be gained only from public alleys.

13.622 Roadway Buffers. In all zones other than R-1T or B-2, all off-street parking areas and all other vehicular use areas shall be subject to a roadway buffer that specifies a minimum parking and landscaping setback requirement in any yard adjacent to major streets. No portion of parking areas or other vehicular use areas (except for permitted access drives), and no associated landscape areas and materials that are required by this Zoning Ordinance, shall be located within the roadway buffer. The following exhibit specifies the minimum dimensions for required roadway buffers and the streets to which they apply.

13.6221 Minimum Dimensions of Required Roadway Buffers along Major Streets *1 *3

Functional Class of Major Street adjacent to Yard	Min. Dimension from Centerline of Street Right-of-way
PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL	
Above 20,000 projected ADT *2	60 feet
Up to 20,000 projected ADT	50 feet
Planned one-way traffic	40 feet
MINOR ARTERIAL	
Above 10,000 projected ADT	50 feet
Up to 10,000 projected ADT	40 feet
Planned one-way traffic	30 feet
MAJOR COLLECTOR	30 feet
*1 Roadway buffers shall not apply along any streets in B-2 and R-1T zones. *2 Projected ADT shall mean the projected Average Daily Traffic volumes, measured in vehicles per day, derived from the Long-Range Transportation Plan, as adopted by the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for the Owensboro-Daviess County Urban Transportation Study. For roadways not included in the Transportation Plan, ADT shall be derived from current volumes. *3 Major streets and their associated ADTs that shall apply to Roadway Buffers are shown in the map at the end of Article 8 of this Zoning Ordinance.	

13.7 NUMBER OF OFF-STREET PARKING SPACES OR OFF-STREET PARKING AREA REQUIRED. In all zones the following off-street parking space minimum requirements shall apply to each permitted principal, conditional or accessory use, as provided. .

13.71 B-2 Zone. In the B-2 Zone the only off-street parking required is that listed in the following table for principal and accessory residential dwellings. Refer to Article 21 for parking requirements within the Downtown Overlay Zones.

13.72 P-1 and B-4 Zones. In the P-1 and B-4 Zones the off-street parking space minimum requirements in the following table shall apply. Refer to Article 21 for parking requirements within the Downtown Overlay Zones.

13.73 B-1 and B-3 Zones. In the B-1 and B-3 Zones, the off-street parking space minimum requirements in the following Table 13.8 shall apply.

13.74 All Other Zones In all zones other than those provided for in the subsections above, the off-street parking space minimum requirements in the following table shall apply. Refer to Article 10 and Article 11 for additional spillover parking requirements for planned

residential development projects and manufactured housing parks. Refer to Article 21 for parking requirements within the Downtown Overlay Zones.

13.75 Where Use Not Specifically Mentioned; Combined Uses. Parking requirements for a use not specifically mentioned shall equal the minimum required for a similar use. If different uses are combined and the requirements of the following table apply, then required minimum off-street parking shall be calculated as follows: First, for each type of use respectively, total the appropriate measurement for all areas occupied by that use (for example, total retail square footage); second, apply the appropriate parking space ratios from the table to those measured totals; finally, sum the resulting parking space amounts to arrive at the required parking space total.

13.76 Units of Measurement for Parking Areas. For the purposes of this Zoning Ordinance, "floor area" as used in computing the required off-street parking or loading areas shall mean "parking floor area" as defined in this Zoning Ordinance. In stadiums, sports arenas, churches, schools, and other places of assembly where the required parking ratio is based on seats, one (1) seat shall equal the following: (a) Each fixed seat with arms; (b) each twenty-four (24) inches of fixed seating without arms; (c) each seven (7) square feet of seating area without fixed seats where only chairs will be used; (d) each fifteen (15) square feet of seating area without fixed seats where both tables and chairs will be used. When units of measurement determining the number of required parking spaces result in the requirement of a fractional space, any fraction up to one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) shall be disregarded, and fractions of one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) or more shall require one (1) parking space.

13.77 Deviations from Minimum Parking Requirements. Deviations from the minimum parking requirements shall be allowed only for planned residential development projects or planned multi-family developments and shall be presented to the OMBA for approval.

13.8 Table of Minimum Off-Street Parking Requirements

Key: 1 / 100 SF = Minimum of 1 parking space for every 100 square feet of "parking floor area" (see definitions)		
** = No minimum established or not applicable Fractional spaces: <½ disregarded; >=½ requires 1 space 1 Seat: See 13.76		
USE from "Zones and Uses Table" Required Number of Parking Spaces		
(Section 8.2)		
A RESIDENTIAL		
1A	Bed and breakfast home	2 / each dwelling unit + 1 / room rented other than the first room
1B	Boarding or lodging house	5 + 1 / every 5 beds
2	Dwelling: Accessory	1 / each dwelling unit
3	Dwelling: Multi-family	for efficiency apts. & one-bedroom: 1.5 / each dwelling unit; for two+ bedrooms: 2 / each dwelling unit
4	Dwelling: Single-family detached	2 / each dwelling unit
5	Dwelling: Townhouse	2 / each dwelling unit
6	Dwelling: Two-family	for one bedroom: 1.5 / each dwelling unit; for 2+ bedroom: 2 / each dwelling unit
6A	Residential Care Facilities	2 / each dwelling unit
7	Fraternity or sorority house, dormitory, other group housing such as rehabilitation and transitional homes	5 + 1 / every 5 beds
8	Guest quarters	**
9	Keeping of roomers or boarders by a resident family	1 / every 2 roomers or boarders
10	Manufactured Home, Classes 1 -3	2 / each manufactured home
11	Motel or hotel	(Owensboro, Unincorporated Daviess Co.) 1 / suite + 75% of the requirement for other associated uses (minimum of 5); (Whitesville) 1 / suite (minimum of 5)
12	Planned residential development project	(see each type of dwelling unit)
B ASSEMBLY		
1	Amusements, indoor	for theaters: 1 / every 5 seats under maximum occupancy (minimum of 5); for skating rinks: 1 / 250 SF of skating floor area; for pool, pinball, dance halls and other amusement places without fixed seats: 1 / 200SF + 1 / every 3 employees on maximum shift
2	Amusements, outdoor	for drive-in theaters: **; for miniature golf courses: 1.5 / every hole on main course
3	Child day-care centers, child nurseries, adult day care centers	2 + 1 / every 10 persons under care
4	Churches, Sunday schools, parish houses	for churches and Sunday schools: 1 / every 5 seats in the main auditorium (minimum of 5); for parish houses: 1 / each bed
5	Circuses and carnivals, temporary	1 / 100 SF of area occupied
6	Civic center, auditorium, exhibition halls, amphitheater	**
7	Community centers, public	1 / 600 SF
8	Libraries, museums, art galleries, reading rooms	1 / 600 SF
9	Passenger transportation terminals	4 + 1 / each employee on maximum shift
10	Philanthropic institutions and clubs	1 / 250 SF
11	Recreational activities, indoor	1 / each employee on maximum shift + 1 / every 2 participants + 1 / every 3 spectator seats
12	Cocktail lounges, night clubs	cocktail lounges, night clubs: 1 / 100 SF + 1 / every 3 employees on maximum shift
13	Restaurants, including drive-in or drive through windows	1 / 200SF
14	Schools, colleges, academic, technical, vocational or professional, private elementary and secondary schools	for elementary schools: 1 / every 15 seats in main auditorium, or 1 / every classroom + 1 / each employee on maximum shift, whichever is greater; for colleges, high and middle schools, vocational and professional schools: 1 / every 5 seats in main auditorium, or 1 / every 5 gymnasium seats, or 1 / every 5 classroom seats, whichever is greatest;
14A	Photography, art, and music studios	1/400 SF
15	Sidewalk cafe	**
16	Any ASSEMBLY USES above deemed to be adult entertainment establishments	(as required for the particular use as classified in this ordinance)
17	Public auction houses	1 / 100 SF
18	Banquet halls	1 /200 SF

13.8 Table of Minimum Off-Street Parking Requirements

Key: 1 / 100 SF = Minimum of 1 parking space for every 100 square feet of "parking floor area" (see definitions)		
** = No minimum established or not applicable Fractional spaces: <½ disregarded; >=½ requires 1 space 1 Seat: See 13.76		
USE from "Zones and Uses Table" Required Number of Parking Spaces		
(Section 8.2)		
C INSTITUTIONAL		
1	Hospitals; surgical centers; convalescent and rest homes; orphanages, rehabilitation facilities, assisted living facilities	1 / every 4 beds + 1 / each employee on maximum shift
2	Penal or correctional institution	1 / each employee on maximum shift + 1 / every 25 inmates
D BUSINESS		
1	Banks, credit agencies, security and commodity brokers and exchanges, credit institutions, savings and loan companies and holding and investment companies; with or without drive-in facilities	1 / 200 SF
2	Computer, data and business processing centers, and call centers	1 / 200 SF
3	Hair styling, beauty and barber shops, tanning salons, nail salons, piercing or tattoo parlors	1 / 200 SF
4	Home appliance and computer repair	1 / 600 SF
5	Home occupation	**
6	Medical and dental offices, clinics and laboratories	1 / 200 SF
7	Offices for business, professional, governmental, civic, social, fraternal, political, religious and charitable organizations	1 / 400 SF
8	Office projects, professional	1 / 400 SF
9	Pawnshops	1 / 600 SF
10	Research, development and testing laboratories or centers	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use
11	Shoe repair	1 / 600 SF
12	Telephone exchanges, radio and television studios	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use
13	Ticket and travel agencies	1 / 400 SF
14	Quick copy services, not utilizing offset printing methods	1 / 400 SF
15	Any BUSINESS USES above deemed to be adult entertainment establishments	(as required for the particular use as classified above)
E MERCANTILE		
1	Farmers market	6 + 1 / 250 SF
2	Retail sale of food products	1 / 400 SF for premises with buildings 5,000 square feet or less of gross floor area
3	Retail sale of merchandise	1 / 300 SF for premises with buildings 5,001 square feet or more of gross floor area
3A	Vendor stands	
4	Retail sale of plant, nursery or greenhouse products	
5	Produce stands	6 + 1 / 250 SF
6	Sale of feed, grain or other agricultural supplies	1 / 600 SF (minimum of 5)
7	Wholesale supply establishment	1 / 600 SF (minimum of 5)
8	Convenience stores with or without fuel stations	1 / 300 SF
9	Big Box Home Improvement Retailers	1 / 300 SF

13.8 Table of Minimum Off-Street Parking Requirements

Key: 1 / 100 SF = Minimum of 1 parking space for every 100 square feet of "parking floor area" (see definitions)		
** = No minimum established or not applicable Fractional spaces: <½ disregarded; >=½ requires 1 space 1 Seat: See 13.76		
USE from "Zones and Uses Table" (Section 8.2)		Required Number of Parking Spaces
10	Any MERCANTILE USES above deemed to be adult entertainment establishments	(as required for the particular use as classified above)
F VEHICLE AND TRUCK RELATED		
1	Vehicle or boat rental	1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use + 1 / each employee on maximum shift
2	Vehicle or other vehicle sales lot, establishment	1 / 600 SF (minimum of 5)
3	Vehicle race tracks	1 / every 5 seats under maximum occupancy
4	Vehicle service/fuel stations without convenience stores	1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use + 1 / each employee on maximum shift
5	Vehicle repair, major (<i>only O'boro, Whitesville</i>)	1 / 600 SF (minimum of 5)
5	Vehicle repair, major (including automobile body shop)	1 / 600 SF (minimum of 5)
5A	Vehicle body shop (<i>only Unincorporated Daviess Co.</i>)	1 / 600 SF (minimum of 5)
6	Vehicle and truck repair, minor	1 / 600 SF (minimum of 5)
6A	Vehicle detail shop	1/600 SF (minimum of 5)
7	Car-wash; self-serve or automatic	1 / each employee on maximum shift
8	Loading and unloading facilities	**
9	Parking areas, private garages	**
10	Parking areas or structures	**
11	Parking lots or structures	**
12	Tire re-treading and recapping	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use (minimum of 5)
12A	Tire recycling collection center	1/every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1/each vehicle owned or operated by use (minimum of 5)
13	Truck rental	1 / each employee on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use
14	Truck terminals and freight yards	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use (minimum of 5)
15	Taxi cab or limousine service	1 / each employee and 1 / vehicle that provides service
16	Vehicle auction facilities	1 / 500 SF of gross floor area of sales and service building
16A	Vehicle impound yards or vehicle salvage yards	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift (minimum of 5)
G INDUSTRIAL		
1	Contractor equipment dealer	1 / 600 SF (minimum of 5)
1A	Lumber and construction material yards	1/600 SF (minimum of 5)
2	Dairy or other food product bottling plants	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use (minimum of 5)
3	Extraction of crude petroleum, natural gas; quarrying of sand, gravel, etc	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift (minimum of 5)
3A	Quarrying of sand, gravel, etc.	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift (minimum of 5)
4	Heavy industrial uses, conditional	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift (minimum of 5)
4A	Salvage yards, refuse yards or dumps	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift (minimum of 5)
5	Heavy industrial uses, principal	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift (minimum of 5)
5A	Processing timber for firewood	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift (minimum of 5)
6	Ice plant	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use (minimum of 5)
7	Machine, welding and other metal work shops	1 / 600 SF
8	Manufacturing, compounding, processing, packaging and assembling, light	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift (minimum of 5)
9	Medical waste disposal	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift (minimum of 5)
10	Making of articles to be sold at retail on the premises	**

13.8 Table of Minimum Off-Street Parking Requirements

Key: 1 / 100 SF = Minimum of 1 parking space for every 100 square feet of "parking floor area" (see definitions)		
** = No minimum established or not applicable Fractional spaces: <½ disregarded; >=½ requires 1 space 1 Seat: See 13.76		
USE from "Zones and Uses Table" Required Number of Parking Spaces		
(Section 8.2)		
11	Printing, publishing, lithographing, blueprinting	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use (minimum of 5)
12	Sale of manufactured goods	**
13	Shops of special trade and general contractors	1 / 600 SF + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use
14	Furniture repair and upholstery	1 / 1000 SF (minimum of 5)
15	Furniture restoration and refinishing	1 / 1000 SF (minimum of 5)
16	Recycling Collection Centers	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1/ each vehicle operated or operated by use (minimum of 5)
OTHER		
H Agriculture:		
1	Agricultural structures, stables	**
2	Dairying and stock-raising	**
3	Farming	**
4	Farm equipment dealer	1 / 600 SF (minimum of 5)
5	Forestry	**
6	Grain drying	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use (minimum of 5)
7	Livestock sales and auction	**
8	Landscaping services	**
9	Agri-tourism	Minimum of 5
I Animal related:		
1	Animal burial grounds	**
1A	Animal race tracks	1 / every 5 seats under maximum occupancy
2	Animal hospital or clinic	1 / 200 SF
2A	Pet grooming	1 / 300 SF
2B	Pet training	1 / 1000 SF + 1 / each employee (minimum 5)
3	Hunting, fishing, trapping, game preserves	5 + 1 / each employee on maximum shift
3A	Taxidermy	1 / 1000 SF + 1 / each employee (minimum 5)
4	Kennel, commercial	5 + 1 / each employee on maximum shift
5	Kennel, non-commercial	**
6	Veterinarian office	1 / 200 SF
J Personal service:		
1	Cemetery, mausoleum, columbarium, crematory	**
2	Funeral home, with or without crematory	1 / every 5 seats under maximum occupancy + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use
3	Laundry, clothes cleaning	for self serve laundry: 1 / every 6 machines (washers, dryers, etc.)
3A	Dry cleaning or laundry drop off and pick up stations with or without drive-through windows, where no cleaning of garments occurs on site	1 / 300 SF
4	Pharmaceuticals and medical supplies, sale of	1 / 600 SF
5	Retail sales or personal services	1 / 600 SF
K Public and semi-public:		
1	Airport	**
2	Land fill	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift (minimum of 5)
3	Municipal, county, state, public school or federal buildings and uses	(see specific use type)
4	Public utility facilities not otherwise permitted within this table and not excepted by Article 3 herein	**
5	Bus Terminals	1 / 100 SF of waiting area

13.8 Table of Minimum Off-Street Parking Requirements

Key: 1 / 100 SF = Minimum of 1 parking space for every 100 square feet of "parking floor area" (see definitions)		
** = No minimum established or not applicable Fractional spaces: <½ disregarded; ≥½ requires 1 space 1 Seat: See 13.76		
USE from "Zones and Uses Table" (Section 8.2)		Required Number of Parking Spaces
6	Radio or TV transmitting or relay facilities including line of sight relays	**
7	Recreational uses, major outdoor	1 / each employee on maximum shift + 1 / every 3 participants + 1 / every 3 spectator seats
8	Recreational uses, accessory outdoor	**
L Storage:		
1	Storage, outdoor	**
2	Storage (incidental) for retail sales establishment	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift
3	Storage sheds	**
4	Storage for wholesale supply establishment	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift
5	Storage yards for delivery vehicles	**
6	Warehouse	1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use (minimum of 5)
7	Individual storage	**
8	Storage facilities, including outdoor storage for merchandise or operable, licensed vehicles	**
M Medical Cannabis:		
1	<u>Medical Cannabis Cultivator</u>	<u>1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use (minimum of 5)</u>
2	<u>Medical Cannabis Dispensary</u>	<u>1 / 300 SF (minimum of 5)</u>
3	<u>Medical Cannabis Processor</u>	<u>1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use (minimum of 5)</u>
4	<u>Medical Cannabis Producer</u>	<u>1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use (minimum of 5)</u>
5	<u>Medical Cannabis Safety Compliance Facility</u>	<u>1 / every 2 employees on maximum shift + 1 / each vehicle owned or operated by use (minimum of 5)</u>

Article amendments approved unless noted:	OMPC	Owensboro	Daviess Co.	Whitesville
Revised zoning ordinance	08-Sep-1979	14-Mar-1980	27-Dec-1979	07-Apr-1980
Surgical centers, medical clinics	08-Mar-1980	22-Feb-1980	08-Apr-1980	07-Apr-1980
Political signs, collector streets	17-Apr-1981	22-May-1981	26-Apr-1981	06-Jul-1981
Manufactured housing & housing park classifications	11-Sep-1982	09-Nov-1982	19-Oct-1982	16-Nov-1982
Sign definitions moved to Article 9	11-Feb-1988	15-Mar-1988	20-Jul-1988	11-Oct-1988
Automobile body shops	15-Nov-1990	not adopted	26-Dec-1990	not adopted
Parking floor area	09-May-1991	04-Jun-1991	25-Jun-1991	no action
Bed and breakfast homes	09-Feb-1995	21-Mar-1995	15-Nov-1995	?
Parking space, removed dimensions from definition {14.86}	18-Apr-1996	21-May-1996	22-May-1996	?
"Individual storage" defined (mini-warehouses, proposed by Daviess Co.) {14.21A, 14.47A, 14.77, 14.108A}	14-Nov-1996 denied	not applic.	12-Feb-1997 approved	not applic.
"Landscaping services" defined {14.54A}	13-Nov-1997	06-Jan-1998	23-Dec-1997	?
2003 Review Committee: Clarified definition of floor area to advise that floor area not used in calculating lot coverage {14.39}; revised manufactured home definitions to be in accordance with KRS 100.348 and KRS 227.550 and consistent with the Kentucky Manufactured Housing Institute definitions {14.752}; added definition of "Persons with Disabilities", "Residential Care Facility" and "Residential Care Services" as defined in KRS 100.982 {14.87A, 14.88A, 14.88B}.	11-Dec-2003	02-Mar-2004	05-Feb-2004	06-Apr-2004
Add definition of "dormitory", "rehabilitation home", "rehabilitation facility", "seasonal farm worker housing" and "transitional home"	10-Mar-2005	17-May-2005	5-May-2005	
Revised definitions, added new definitions, eliminated enumeration of definitions	8-July-2010	3-Aug-2010	19-Aug-10	
Updated agritourism; added brewery, distillery, micro-brewery, micro-distillery, outdoor display and outdoor storage	11-May-2017	15-Aug-2017	01-Jun-2017	14-Jun-2017
Updated home occupation, added distilled spirits, home occupation-conditionally permitted, indoor individual storage, and solar energy systems brewery, distillery, micro-brewery, micro-distillery, outdoor display and outdoor storage	11-Apr-2019	07-May-2019	02-May-2019	28-May-2019
Updated solar energy systems to make Level 3 SES Conditionally Permitted in A-R, A-U, I-1 and I-2 zoning classifications only.	10-Feb-2022	15-Mar-2022	08-Mar-2022	01-Mar-2022
<u>Medical Cannabis</u>				

DEFINITIONS. For the purpose of this Zoning Ordinance, certain terms are herewith defined. When not inconsistent with the context, words used in the present tense include the future, words in the singular number include the plural, words in the plural number include the singular; the word **person** includes association, firm, partnership, trust, governmental body, corporation, organization, as well as an individual; the word **structure** includes building, the word **occupied** includes arranged, designed, or intended to be occupied, the word **used** includes arranged, designed or intended to be used; the word **shall** is always mandatory and not merely directive; the word **may** is permissive; and the word **lot** includes plot or parcel. Words with self-evident meanings are not defined herein. Other words and terms shall have the following respective meanings:

ACCESSORY USES OR STRUCTURE. A use or structure subordinate to the principal use of a building or to the principal use of land and which is located on the same lot serving a purpose customarily incidental to the principal building or land use. No accessory structure or building shall be used as a dwelling.

AGRICULTURE. The use of land for farming, dairying, pasturage, animal and poultry husbandry and other similar uses; and the necessary accessory uses for packing, treating or storing the produce; providing, however, that the operation of any such accessory uses shall be secondary to that of the principal agricultural activities and; provided, further, that the above uses shall not include the commercial feeding of garbage or offal to swine or other animals.

AGRITOURISM. Is any activity that is carried out on a farm, ranch, agricultural operation, horticultural operation, or agribusiness operation and allows or invites participants to view or participate in activities for recreational, entertainment, or educational purposes. Qualifying activities may include farming, ranching, historic, cultural, civic, or ceremonial activities, including but not limited to weddings and ancillary events; harvest-your-own operations; farmers' markets; or natural resource-based activities. The activities may qualify as agritourism activities whether or not a participant pays to view or to participate in the activity.

ALTERATIONS. Any change or addition to the supporting members or foundation of a structure.

APARTMENT. A room or suite of rooms in a multi-family building, consisting of at least one (1) habitable room, together with kitchen or kitchenette and sanitary facilities.

BANQUET HALL. Any structure maintained, in whole or part, for public rental for profit or non-profit for the purpose of private party events, whether family, group or corporate in nature, where access by the general public is restricted, and with or without the sale, serving or consumption of beverages, alcoholic beverages, and food.

BASEMENT. A story whose floor line is below grade at any entrance or exit and whose ceiling is not more than five (5) feet above grade at any such entrance or exit.

BED AND BREAKFAST HOME. A private, owner-occupied, single-family detached dwelling, where guest rooms are provided for rent to transients and in which the only meal served to guests is breakfast. A bed and breakfast home is further subject to the following conditions:

- (1) Bed and breakfast activities shall be clearly incidental and secondary to the use for single-family dwelling purposes, and there shall not be more than one (1) kitchen in the structure;
- (2) The use shall be carried on only by owners who reside on the premises and who have at least a fifty-one (51) percent ownership interest;
- (3) The use shall not require external alteration of the dwelling except as may be required to meet fire and building codes;
- (4) Each room to be rented shall accommodate no more than two (2) persons, except that when one (1) or two (2) adults occupy a room, up to two (2) children also may occupy the room;
- (5) Each room shall be rented for no longer than fourteen (14) consecutive days to the same person(s). Any facility which rents rooms for more than fourteen (14) consecutive days to the same person(s) shall be regulated as a boarding house;
- (6) The use shall not adversely affect the uses permitted in the immediate neighborhood by excessive traffic generation, noise and the like;

(7) The owner-operator shall maintain a guest log and other records, which shall be subject to annual review and inspection;

(8) The use shall not be conducted within any accessory building;

(9) The conditional use permit shall become null and void upon the sale or transfer of the property;

(10) The use shall be in compliance with all other applicable state and local laws, including health department rules and regulations.

BIG BOX HOME IMPROVEMENT CENTER . a large retail establishment, usually part of a chain, with a minimum of 75,000 square feet of conditioned space, offering home improvement products to the general public.

BOARD. The Owensboro Metropolitan Board of Adjustment.

BOARDING HOUSE. A building or part thereof, including a lodging house, with sleeping rooms available for hire with or without meals to four (4) or more persons primarily not transients. Where cooking equipment or provisions for the same are included in a sleeping room, such room shall be deemed a dwelling unit.

BREEZEWAY. Any open, unenclosed structure consisting of a roof and its support and used as a connecting wall between a main residence building and an accessory building.

BREWERY. Industrial facility that manufactures, blends, ferments, processes, packages and distributes alcoholic beverages.

BUILDING. Any structure for the shelter or enclosure of persons, animals or property.

BUILDING, HEIGHT OF. The vertical distance from the average contact ground level at the front wall of the building to the highest point of the coping of a flat roof or to the deck line of a mansard roof, or to the mean height level between eaves and ridge for gable, hip or gambrel roofs.

BUILDING LINE. The line beyond which no building or part thereof shall project, except as otherwise provided by this Ordinance.

BUILDING PERMIT. A permit issued by the Zoning Administrator authorizing the construction or alteration of a specific building or parking on a specific lot.

CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY. A certificate issued by the Zoning Administrator, after construction has taken place, which certifies that the building meets minimum standards for human occupancy.

CLINIC OR MEDICAL OFFICE. A facility for diagnosis and treatment of outpatients which would not fall under the definition of surgical center.

COMMISSION, LEGISLATIVE. Legislative Officials for the City of Owensboro, the City of Whitesville, or the Fiscal Court of Daviess County, Kentucky.

COMMISSION, OWENSBORO METRO- POLITAN PLANNING. Planning Commission of Owensboro, Whitesville and Daviess County, Kentucky.

COMMODITY. (*only Unincorporated Daviess County*) A product of agriculture or mining; an article of commerce.

COMMUNITY CENTER. Buildings and facilities for a social, educational or recreational purpose generally open to the public, but not primarily for profit or to render a service customarily carried on as a business.

CONDITIONAL USE. A use which is essential to or would promote the public health, safety and/or welfare in one or more zones, but which would impair integrity and character of the zone in which it is located or of adjoining zones, unless restrictions on location, size, extent and character of performances are imposed in addition to those set forth by the zoning regulations.

CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT. Legal authorization to undertake a conditional use; issued by the Board of Adjustment, consisting of two parts:

- (1) A statement of the factual determination by the Board of Adjustment, which justified the issuance of the permit and,
- (2) A statement of the specific conditions which must be met in order for the use to be permitted.

CONVALESCENT OR NURSING HOME. An establishment which provides full-time convalescent or chronic care or both for three (3) or more individuals who are not related by blood or marriage to the operator and who

by reason of chronic illness or deformity are unable to care for themselves.

COURT. An open unoccupied and unobstructed space, other than a yard on the same lot with a building or group of buildings.

CLUB, PRIVATE. Building and facilities for a social, educational or recreational purpose, generally open only to members, but not primarily for profit or to render a service which is customarily carried on as a business.

DISTILLERY. Industrial facility that manufactures, blends, ferments, processes, packages and distributes alcoholic beverages.

DISTILLED SPIRITS. An alcoholic beverage that is obtained by distillation from wine, fermented fruit or plant juice or from a starch material that has first been brewed, having an alcoholic content higher than that of beer or wine.

DISTRICT. A portion of the territory within Daviess County within which certain regulations and requirements apply under the provisions of this Zoning Ordinance in addition to other regulations and requirements for the property imposed by the zone in which said property is located.

DORMITORY. A building used to house a group of persons needing residential lodging for a specific and common purpose, but not including housing for seasonal farm workers. Dormitories do include rehabilitation homes and transitional homes as defined in this ordinance.

DOWNTOWN CORE AND FRAME. The Downtown Core is bounded as follows: Ohio River on the north; Crittenden Street on the east; Fifth Street on the south; Walnut Street on the west. The Downtown Frame surrounds the core and is bounded as follows: Ohio River and core on the north; Triplett Street on the east; Ninth Street on the south; Orchard Street on the west.

DRIVEWAY. A private vehicular access serving as required off-street parking area or extending on the shortest reasonable path through the front yard or side-street yard to the required off-street parking area. All other areas for vehicular use within any front yard or side-street yard shall be considered additional parking and be subject to the area limitations and landscaping requirements of this Zoning Ordinance.

DWELLING. A building or portion thereof designed or used exclusively as the residence or sleeping place of one or

more persons, but not including a tent, cabin, mobile home, camping trailer, boarding or rooming house, hotel or motel.

DWELLING, SINGLE-FAMILY. A detached building for residential purposes by one (1) family and quarters for nurses, maids, and parental relatives.

DWELLING, TWO-FAMILY. A building designed for or occupied by two families living independently of each other, commonly known as a duplex.

DWELLING, MULTI-FAMILY. A building or portion thereof designed for or occupied by three (3) or more families living independently of each other.

DWELLING UNIT. One room or a suite of two or more rooms, designed for or used by one (1) family for living and sleeping purposes and having only one (1) kitchen or kitchenette.

DWELLING GROUP. A group of two or more detached dwellings, located on a parcel of land having any yard or court in common.

EASEMENT. An acquired privilege or right to use or the enjoyment which a person or entity may have in or on the land of another.

ENTERTAINMENT, LIVE. Any performance at a restaurant, cocktail lounge, or night club by any person, including but not limited to a patron of such establishment if such performance is part of a regularly occurring event. Live entertainment includes, but is not limited to, singing, dancing, musical performance, comedy acts, magic acts, variety acts, or performance contests engaged in by patrons.

FAMILY. A person living alone, or two or more persons customarily living together as a single housekeeping unit and using common cooking facilities, but not including a group occupying a hotel, club, boarding, lodging, fraternity or sorority house, institution for human care or other similar building.

FLOOR AREA. The sum of the gross areas of the several floors of a building or buildings, measured from the exterior faces of exterior walls or from the centerlines of walls separating two buildings.

FLOOR AREA, PARKING. The floor area of a structure as defined herein, excluding any covered, common pedestrian area in a mall and any storage, warehouse areas and mechanical areas used principally for non-public purposes of said structure.

FLOOR AREA RATIO. Floor area of buildings on a lot divided by ground area of the lot on which it is located.

GARAGE, COMMERCIAL PARKING. A building or structure used for the parking of vehicles on an intended profit basis.

GARAGE, PRIVATE. A detached accessory building or a portion of the principal building used by the occupants of the premises for the shelter or storage of vehicles owned or operated by the occupants of the principal building.

GUEST QUARTERS. A room or group of rooms without kitchen facilities located within a principal residence to provide quarters for guests to occupy and not rented, leased or sold independently from the principal residence. Guest quarters shall not have separate utility meters.

HEIGHT-TO-YARD RATIO. Height of building as related to minimum rear and each side yard permitted as used in the R-4DT zone; i.e., for 3:1 ratio a sixty (60) -foot building must have a minimum rear and each side yard of twenty (20) feet.

HOME OCCUPATION – ACCESSORY USE. Occupations of dressmaking, handicrafts, millinery, laundering, preserving and home cooking and professional services, but excluding barber shops and beauty parlors, but only when said permitted occupations are performed under the following conditions: (1) The use is clearly incidental and secondary to use for dwelling purposes; (2) The use is conducted entirely within a dwelling and not in any accessory building; (3) The use is carried on only by residents of the dwelling, with no non-resident employees or agents; (4) No commodities are sold except as are produced on the premises; (5) The use does not require external alteration of the dwelling; and (6) The use does not adversely affect the uses permitted in the immediate neighborhood by excessive traffic generation or noise.

HOME OCCUPATION – CONDITIONALLY PERMITTED USE. Occupations include but are not limited to barber shops and beauty parlors, boutiques, school tutors, musical instructors, small tradesman whom store limited supplies in a detached structure, but only when said conditionally permitted occupations are performed under the following conditions: (1) The use is clearly incidental and secondary to use for dwelling purposes; (2) An active business license is on file with the appropriate jurisdiction; (3) If operation from a detached structure, the floor area utilized from business related purposes shall not exceed four hundred (400) square feet. ; (4) Up to one (1)

non-resident employee may be allowed to report to the site; (5) Customers shall be allowed at the residence; (6) Parking requirements will be dependent on the specific use and in accordance with Article 13 of this ordinance, all parking shall be off-street; (7) The use does not require external alteration of the dwelling; (8) The use does not adversely affect the uses principally permitted in the immediate neighborhood by excessive traffic generation or noise; (9) A floor plan and site plan shall be submitted as part of the conditional use permit application demonstrating compliance with these requirements, and; (10) The OMBA may waive any of the requirements listed herein or revoke the conditional use permit if any conditions set forth are violated.

HOSPITAL OR SANITARIUM. An establishment which provides accommodations, facilities, and services over a continuous period of twenty-four (24) hours or more for observation, diagnosis, and care for two (2) or more individual suffering from illness, injury, deformity, or abnormally from any condition requiring obstetrical, medical, or surgical services.

HOTEL. A building or group of buildings containing individual sleeping or living units designed for the temporary occupancy of transient guests and including hotels, tourist courts, motor lodges, motor hotels or auto courts, but not including boarding or lodging houses.

INDIVIDUAL STORAGE. A structure consisting of one or more units, to be used only for the storage of items that are not classified as merchandise or commodities, as defined in this Article, and that are not considered hazardous in nature, such as items that are corrosive, highly toxic, oxidizing, pyrophoric, water reactive, highly combustible, flammable or explosive materials that constitute a high fire, explosion or health hazard, as set forth in the applicable section of the Kentucky Building Code, current edition..

INDOOR INDIVIDUAL STORAGE. A fully enclosed and conditioned structure consisting of one or more units, to be used only for the storage of items that are not classified as merchandise or commodities, as defined in this Article, and that are not considered hazardous in nature, such as items that are corrosive, highly toxic, oxidizing, pyrophoric, water reactive, highly combustible, flammable or explosive materials that constitute a high fire, explosion or health hazard, as set forth in the applicable section of the Kentucky Building Code, current edition.

INDUSTRY, HEAVY. Those industries whose manufacturing of products result in the emission of dust, smoke, noxious fumes or other pollutants altering the

atmospheric condition, light, flashing glare, odor, noise or vibration which may be heard or felt off the premises and those industries which constitute a fire or explosion hazard.

INDUSTRY, LIGHT. Those industries whose manufacturing of products results in none of the conditions described for heavy industry, including such uses as fabricating, warehousing and wholesale distribution..

INSTITUTION FOR HUMAN CARE. Building or group of buildings providing health, medical or rehabilitation services to individuals such as hospitals, convalescent, nursing and rest homes, orphanages, rehabilitation centers.

JUNK YARD. A place where waste of discarded or salvaged materials are bought, sold, exchanged, stored, baled, cleaned, packed, disassembled, handled, including auto wrecking yards, used lumber yards and places or yards for use of salvaged house wrecking structural steel materials and equipment, but excluding such uses when conducted entirely within a completely enclosed building and excluding pawn shops and establishments for the sale, purchase or storage of used cars in operable condition, salvaged machinery, used furniture and household equipment, and the processing of used, discarded or salvaged materials as part of manufacturing operations.

KENNEL, COMMERCIAL. Business for the sale or temporary boarding of dogs, but not including the ownership and occasional sale of dogs at, in, or adjoining a private residence.

KENNEL, NON-COMMERCIAL. Compound in or adjoining a private residence where hunting or other dogs are kept for the hobby of the householder in using them for hunting or practice tracking trails or for exhibiting them in dog shows or field or obedience trials, or for the guarding or protecting the householder's property. The occasional sale of pups by the keeper of a non-commercial kennel does not change the character of the residential property.

LAND USE PLAN. Proposals for the most appropriate, economic, desirable and feasible patterns for the general location, character, extent and interrelationship of the manner of which the community should use its public and private land.

LANDSCAPING SERVICES. Commercial businesses providing services for lawns, gardens, ornamental shrubs, or trees, including fertilizing, maintenance, mowing, mulching, planting, removal, seeding, sodding, sprigging, spraying, trimming, or similar services. This use shall not

be deemed to include individuals who provide limited lawn and garden services when conducted in a manner that is consistent with the provisions herein for home occupations.

LIGHT, DIRECT. Light which travels directly from its source to the viewer's eye.

LIGHT, INDIRECT. Light which travels from its source to an intermediate object such as a sign surface before being seen by the viewer.

LEGISLATIVE BODY. Legislative officials for the City of Owensboro, the City of Whitesville, or the Fiscal Court of Daviess County, Kentucky.

LOADING OR UNLOADING SPACE. An off-street berth on the same lot with a building or contiguous to a group of buildings for the temporary parking of a commercial vehicle while loading or unloading merchandise or material.

LODGING HOUSE. A building or part thereof, including a boarding house, with sleeping rooms available for hire with or without meals to four (4) or more persons primarily not transients. Where cooking equipment or provisions for the same are included in a sleeping room, such room shall be deemed a dwelling unit.

LOT. A piece or parcel of land occupied or intended to be occupied by a principal building or a group of such buildings and accessory buildings, or utilized for a principal use and uses accessory thereto, fronting onto a public right-of-way, and of at least sufficient size to meet the minimum zone requirements for use, coverage and area, and to provide such yards and open spaces as required under the terms of this Zoning Ordinance.

LOT AREA. The computed area contained within the lot lines.

LOT, CORNER. A lot abutting and situated at the intersection of two streets.

LOT COVERAGE. The computed ground area occupied by all buildings within a lot.

LOT DEPTH. The mean horizontal distance between the frontage and rear lot lines.

LOT FRONTAGE. The distance between the side lot lines measured along the front building line of the lot as determined by the prescribed front yard requirement.

LOT, INTERIOR. A lot other than a corner lot.

LOT LINES. The property lines bounding a lot.

LOT LINE, FRONT. Property line separating the lot from the street.

LOT LINE, REAR. The lot line opposite and most distant from the front.

LOT LINE, SIDE. Any lot line other than a front or rear lot line. A side lot line separating a lot from a street is called a side street lot line. A side lot line separating a lot from another lot or lots is called an interior side lot line.

LOT LINE, STREET OR ALLEY. A lot line separating the lot from the street or alley.

LOT OF RECORD. Recorded lot on file in the County Court Clerk's office.

LOT, THROUGH (DOUBLE FRONTAGE LOTS). A lot having frontage on two parallel or approximately parallel streets.

LOT WIDTH. The mean width of the lot measured at right angles to its depth.

MANUFACTURED BUILDING has the following features or characteristics; it is:

- (1) Mass-produced in a factory;
- (2) Designed and constructed for transportation to a site for installation and use when connected to required utilities;
- (3) Either an independent, individual building or a module for combination with other elements to form a building on the site.

(a) The term "manufactured building" is not intended to apply to use of prefabricated panels, trusses, plumbing subsystems, or other prefabricated subelements incorporated in the course of construction of buildings on the site, but only to major elements requiring minor and incidental on-site combination or installation.

(b) **Manufactured Home.** A manufactured building or portion of a building built on a chassis designed for long-term single-family residential use with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and which includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems contained therein. All manufactured homes shall contain an intact "HUD

seal” issued by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, or a **“B1 seal”** issued by the Kentucky Department of Housing, Buildings and Construction, Office of the State Fire Marshall, before an application will be processed for placement. KRS 227.550 defines Class B inspection seals for manufactured homes as follows:

- (1) **“B1 seal”** means the unit has been inspected and found to be in compliance with applicable standards for human habitation.
- (2) **“B2 seal”** means the unit has been inspected and found not to be in compliance with applicable codes and is unfit for human habitation. Units receiving a **“B2 seal”** are prohibited in all zones.

For the purposes of these zoning regulations, manufactured homes are divided into three (3) classes.

(a) Class 1 Manufactured Home. A manufactured home constructed after June 15, 1976, in accordance with the National Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section 5401, et seq., as amended, and designed to be used as a single family residential dwelling. This definition includes “qualified manufactured homes” as defined by KRS 100.348(d). The manufactured home shall be approved by the Zoning Administrator as meeting all of the "Acceptable Installation Standards" and all of the "Acceptable Similarity Appearance Standards" herein below.

(1) Acceptable Installation Standards. Class 1 Manufactured Homes must meet all of the following standards to achieve acceptable installation in Owensboro-Daviess County:

- (a) They shall be permanently installed on a permanent foundation in accordance with KRS 227.550 and KAR 25:090 or American national Standards Institute (ANSI) A.225.1 (the manufacturer’s installation specifications as approved by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development). Permanent foundation means a system of supports that is capable of transferring, without failure, into soil or bedrock, the maximum design load imposed by or upon the structure, constructed of concrete, and placed at a depth below grade adequate of prevent frost damage.
- (b) All wheel, trailer-tongue and hitch assemblies shall be removed upon installation.

- (c) They shall be permanently connected to an approved water and sewer system when available, and shall comply with all public health requirements governing plumbing installation.

(2) Acceptable Similarity Appearance Standards. Class 1 Manufactured Homes must meet all of the following standards to achieve acceptable similarity in appearance between the manufactured home and site-built housing in Owensboro-Daviess County:

- (a) A poured concrete or masonry block skirting wall shall be constructed beneath and along the entire perimeter of the manufactured home, compatible in appearance with community site built housing foundations, even if the wall is not structurally required by the manufacturer's installation specifications.
- (b) Minimum width of main body of the manufactured home as assembled on the site shall not be less than twenty (20) feet at its smallest width measurement unless it is two (2) stories in height and oriented on the lot or parcel so that its main entrance door faces the street.
- (c) The pitch of the main roof shall be not less than two and one-half (2 1/2) feet of rise for each twelve (12) feet of horizontal run. In general, any roofing material may be used that is generally acceptable for housing built on the site, if applied in such a manner as to be similar in appearance.
- (d) Any materials that are generally acceptable for housing built on the site may be used for exterior finish if applied in such a manner as to be similar in appearance, provided, however, that reflections from such exterior shall not be greater than from siding coated with clean, white, gloss, exterior enamel.
- (e) The manufactured home shall have a minimum total living area of nine hundred (900) square feet.

(b) Class 2 Manufactured Home. A manufactured home constructed after June 15, 1976, in accordance with the National Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, and which **does not meet** all of the "Acceptable Installation Standards" and "Acceptable Similarity Appearance Standards" hereinabove. Class 2 Manufactured Homes may include manufactured homes that have received a “B1 seal” provided the date of manufacture is June 15, 1976

or later. All Class 2 Manufactured Homes must meet installation standards described in 14.75211 (a) and (c).

(c) **Class 3 Manufactured Home.** A manufactured home constructed prior to June 15, 1976 and commonly referred to as a “mobile home”, and which **does not meet** all “Acceptable Installation Standards” or “Acceptable Similarity Appearance Standards”, but is found upon inspection to be safe and fit for residential occupancy. Class 3 manufactured homes shall include manufactured homes that have received a “B1 seal”, but does not include those units inspected and receiving a “B2 seal”. All Class 3 Manufactured Homes must meet installation standards described in 14.75211 (a) and (c).

MANUFACTURED HOUSING PARK. A planned development in an MHP Zone of ten (10) acres or more in area, designed for the siting of ten (10) or more manufactured homes.

(1) **Manufactured Housing Park Complex.** A manufactured housing park held under single ownership or control.

(2) **Manufactured Housing Park Subdivision.** A manufactured housing park in which individuals may own their own lots and share in the use and maintenance of common areas and facilities.

MEDICAL CANNABIS. As defined in KRS 218B.010: (a) means marijuana as defined in KRS 218A.010 when cultivated, harvested, processed, produced, transported, dispensed, distributed, sold, possessed, or used in accordance with KRS 218B; (b) includes medicinal cannabis products and raw plant material; and (c) does not include industrial hemp or industrial hemp products as defined in KRS 260.850

MEDICAL CANNABIS CULTIVATOR. A Business that plants, raises, harvests, trims, and cures raw plant material in an indoor facility, licensed as such under KRS 218B.080, 218B.085, and 218B.090.

(1) Medical Cannabis Cultivator Tiers.

(a) Tier I: Total indoor growth area not to exceed two thousand five hundred (2,500) square feet.

(b) Tier II: Total indoor growth area not to exceed ten thousand (10,000) square feet.

(c) Tier III: Total indoor growth area not to exceed twenty-five thousand (25,000) square feet.

(d) Tier IV: Total indoor growth area not to exceed fifty thousand (50,000) square feet.

MEDICAL CANNABIS DISPENSARY. A business that purchases and sells finished products to medical cannabis cardholders, licensed as such under KRS 218B.080, 218B.085, and 218B.090.

MEDICAL CANNABIS PRACTITIONER. As defined in KRS 218B.010, a physician or an advanced practice registered nurse who is authorized to prescribe controlled substances under KRS 314.042, who is authorized by his or her state licensing board to provide written certifications pursuant to KRS 218B.050.

MEDICAL CANNABIS PROCESSOR. A business that processes and packages raw plant material into usable product formats, licensed as such under KRS 218B.080, 218B.085, and 218B.090.

MEDICAL CANNABIS PRODUCER. A Business that acts as both medical cannabis cultivators and medical cannabis processors, licensed as such under KRS 218B.080, 218B.085, and 218B.090.

MEDICAL CANNABIS SAFETY COMPLIANCE FACILITY. A facility involved in contamination and purity testing of raw plant material and medical cannabis products, licensed as such under KRS 218B.080, 218B.085, and 218B.090.

MERCHANDISE. *(only Unincorporated Daviess County)*
The commodities or goods that are sold in a business.

MICRO-BREWER/MICRO-DISTILLERY. A limited production facility that manufactures and produces alcoholic beverages in conjunction with a restaurant, bar, or retail sales. The alcohol production portion of the facility shall be limited to a maximum of 5,000 square feet. Similar to a Cocktail Lounge/Night Club.

MOTEL. A building or group of buildings containing individual sleeping or living units designed for temporary occupancy of transient guests and including hotels, tourist courts, motor lodges, motor hotels or auto courts, but not including boarding or lodging houses.

MULTI-BUSINESS STRUCTURE. Any structure that is originally constructed, converted, altered, or added-to that would create three (3) or more connected business shops of separate use, whether on one or more parcels or lots, connected in any configuration including common walls on property lot lines.

NONCONFORMING USE. A dwelling, building or structure or any land or premises legally existing and/or used at the time of adoption of this Zoning Ordinance and/or any amendment thereto, which does not conform with the use of regulations of the district in which it is located. Any such building, structure or premises conforming in respect to use but not in respect to height, area, yards or courts, or distance requirements from more restricted districts or uses, shall not be considered a nonconforming use.

OMBA. Owensboro Metropolitan Board of Adjustment.

OMPC. Owensboro Metropolitan Planning Commission.

OUTDOOR ADVERTISING DISPLAYS. Any name, identification, display, illustration or device portable or affixed, which directs attention to a product, place, activity, person, institution, or business. (See SIGN for various types of outdoor advertising displays.) *Sign definitions now located in Article 9.*

OUTDOOR DISPLAY. Placement of any items outside a building on concrete or asphalt surfaces in a commercial or industrial zone for the purpose of sales or rental, including but not limited to: vehicles, garden supplies, tires, boats, farm equipment, motor homes, playground equipment, storage sheds and carports. All vehicular use areas shall be paved and vehicular use area screening shall be installed along all public right-of-way and where adjoining residential property in accordance with all applicable provisions of the Zoning Ordinance.

OUTDOOR STORAGE. The keeping or stockpiling of any goods, equipment, merchandise, commodities, or any other item outside of a completely enclosed building in a commercial or industrial zone for any length of time. Outdoor storage areas shall be enclosed on all sides (including gates) by a continuous solid wall or fence not less than six (6) feet in height. Paving is not required within an outdoor storage area, but a durable surface such as gravel must be in place.

PARKING AREA OR STRUCTURE. An off-street area or structure for required parking or loading spaces including driveways, access ways, aisles, parking and maneuvering space, but excluding required front yard, or public right-of-way.

PARKING LOT OR STRUCTURE. An off-street area or structure, other than the parking or loading spaces or areas required or permitted under this Zoning Ordinance, for the parking of automobiles, and available to the public free or for a fee.

PARKING SPACE. A permanent area of a lot, either when in an enclosure or in the open, exclusively for the parking of a motor vehicle.

PERSONAL SERVICES OR PERSONAL SERVICE ESTABLISHMENTS. Commercial business providing services to individuals such as beauty and barber shops, shoe repair, dressmaking and tailoring.

PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES. A person with a physical, emotional, or mental disability including but not limited to mental retardation, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, autism, deafness or hard of hearing, sight impairments, and orthopedic impairments, but not including convicted felons or misdemeanants on probation or parole or receiving supervision or rehabilitation services as a result of their prior conviction, or mentally ill persons who have pled guilty but mentally ill to a crime or not guilty by reason of insanity to a crime. "Person with Disability" does not include persons with current, illegal use of or addition to alcohol or any controlled substance as regulated under KRS Chapter 218A.

PLANNED DEVELOPMENT PROJECT. A use of land which is arranged, designed or intended as a development, located on a single tract of land, planned as an entity and susceptible to development and regulation as one complex land use unit.

PRODUCE STAND. A temporary structure designed or used for the display or sale of agricultural or other products grown or produced by the owner of the premises upon which such a stand is located.

RECYCLING COLLECTION CENTERS. A facility for the collection and temporary storage of segregated, non-hazardous, non-special, homogenous, non-putrescible household materials such as aluminum cans, steel cans, glass, dry paper, plastics for subsequent use in the secondary materials market, which are to be transported to another location for processing.

REHABILITATION HOMES. A residence operated and maintained by a sponsoring private or governmental agency to provide rehabilitation services to the residents, excluding residences classified as residential care facilities.

REHABILITATION FACILITIES. An institution operated and maintained by a sponsoring private or governmental agency to provide rehabilitation services in an institutional setting.

RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITY. A residence operated and maintained by a sponsoring private or governmental agency to provide services in a homelike setting for persons with disabilities.

RESIDENTIAL CARE SERVICES. Services means, but is not limited to, supervision, shelter, protection, rehabilitation, personal development and attendant care.

RESTAURANT. A place of business that prepares and serves food or beverage to seated customers. A restaurant is designed to operate so that its customers consume the food or beverages while seated at table or counters on the premises. A restaurant may provide carryout service as an accessory use without being deemed a fast food restaurant only if it's carryout facilities are clearly subordinate to its primary use as a restaurant.

RESTAURANT, FAST FOOD. A place of business that prepares and sells quickly prepared food or beverages for consumption on or off the premises. A business may be classified as a fast food restaurant with or without a drive through window. Drive-in restaurants shall be classified as fast food restaurants for the purposes of this ordinance.

RESTAURANT, DRIVE-IN. A place of business that prepares and sells ready to consume or quickly prepared food or beverages for consumption in an automobile parked on the premises. For the purposes of this ordinance, drive-in restaurants are classified as fast food restaurants.

SEASONAL FARM WORKER HOUSING. A residence operated and maintained by a sponsoring private agency or individual or governmental agency to provide safe and sanitary housing on a seasonal basis for farm workers.

SHOPPING CENTER, PLANNED. A retail business development, planned as a unit, and characterized by groups of retail uses having the common use of specifically designated off-street areas for access, parking and service.
(*Sign definitions, see Article 9*)

SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM (SES). The components and subsystems required to convert solar energy into electric energy suitable for use. The area of the system includes all the land inside the perimeter of the system, which extends to any fencing.

For the purposes of these zoning regulations, solar energy systems are divided into three (3) classes.

(a) **Level 1 Solar Energy System.** A roof mounted system on any code compliant structure or any ground mounted system on an area of up to fifty (50) percent of the footprint of the primary structure on the parcel but not more than one (1) acre and not more than twenty (20) feet tall or any building integrated system (i.e. shingle, hanging solar, canopy, etc.)

(b) **Level 2 Solar Energy System.** Any ground mounted system not included in a Level 1 SES and meets the following area restrictions:

- (1) In an agricultural zone the area of the SES shall not exceed one half (1/2) acre in size
- (2) In a residential zone the area of the SES shall not exceed one half (1/2) acre in size
- (3) In a professional/service or business zone the SES shall not exceed ten (10) acres in size and shall require a conditional use permit
- (4) In an industrial zone an SES of any size shall require a conditional use permit

(c) **Level 3 Solar Energy System.** Any system that does not satisfy the parameters for a Level 1 or Level 2 SES. Level 3 Solar Energy Systems shall require a Conditional Use Permit in the A-R Rural Agriculture, A-U Urban Agriculture, I-1 Light Industrial and I-2 Heavy Industrial zones and shall be prohibited in all other zones.

STORY. That portion of a building, other than a cellar or mezzanine, including between the surface of any floor and the surface of the floor next above it, or, if there is no floor above it, then the space between the floor and ceiling next above it.

STREET. Any vehicular way -- a general term used to describe right-of-way which provides a channel for vehicular and pedestrian movement between certain points in the community which may provide for vehicular and pedestrian access to properties adjacent to it, and which may also provide space for the location of under or above ground utilities. Streets are classified by function as follows:

(1) **Freeways.** Hold the first rank in the classification of streets, and are used only for movement of vehicles, providing for no vehicular or pedestrian access to adjoining properties; interchange of traffic between a freeway and any other streets is accomplished by grade separated interchanges with merging deceleration and acceleration lanes, and no at-grade intersections are permitted. Freeways generally carry higher volumes,

require greater right-of-way width, and permit higher speed limits than any other class of street, and should be depressed in urban and urbanizing areas. Arterials are the only class of street which generally should be connected with expressways at interchange points.

(2) Expressways/Arterials. Hold the second rank in the classification, and should be used primarily for the movement of vehicles. Expressways should not provide for vehicular access to adjacent properties. Arterials should provide controlled vehicular access to adjacent properties. Interruption of traffic flow should be permitted only at street intersections which should contain medians, deceleration lanes, and left turn storage lanes. Expressways and arterials are the link between freeways and collectors, and rank next to freeways in traffic volumes, speed limit, and right-of-way width.

(3) Collectors. Hold the third rank in the classification of street, and are used more for movement of vehicles than for providing access to adjacent properties. Access to adjoining properties should be planned and controlled so that minimum disturbance is made to the traffic moving efficiency of the collector street. Intersections should contain medians, deceleration lanes, and left turn storage lanes. Collectors are the link between arterials and local streets, and generally rank next to arterials in traffic volumes, speed limit, and right-of-way width.

(a) Major Collectors. Those collector streets which continue through neighborhoods for **distance greater than one (1) mile**, serving vehicular destinations both within and beyond the neighborhoods through which they pass. Access to major collectors shall be controlled for all adjacent land uses.

(b) 14.10232 Minor Collectors. Those collector streets which do not continue through neighborhoods and are generally **less than one (1) mile** in length. They serve vehicular destinations within particular neighborhoods, and access to them is generally controlled only for certain land uses where higher levels of vehicular turn movement typically occur.

(4) Locals. Hold the fourth rank in the classification of streets, and are used primarily for providing access to adjacent properties. Vehicles moving on these streets should have an origin or destination in the immediate vicinity, and all types of through traffic should be eliminated through initial design of its connections with other streets. Local streets are the primary link between trip generation points (homes, offices, stores, work) and collector streets. Locals have the least right-of-way, the

lowest speed limit, and the least amount of vehicular traffic. Local streets can be subdivided further into the following six sub-classes:

(1) Continuing Streets. Are local streets having two open ends: each end generally connects with different streets; one or more other streets may intersect it between its two open ends; and property fronts on both sides of the streets.

(2) Marginal Access Streets. Are local streets (or service roads) generally having two (2) or more open ends which are sometimes referred to as access point, but herein are considered to be a full part of the marginal access street; the ends generally connect with the same street, other streets may intersect between the ends and property fronts on only one side of the street (the other street side is parallel, and adjacent, to a higher classification street such as a collector or arterial).

(3) Loop Streets. Are local streets having two (2) open ends; each end generally connects with the **same** street; other streets generally intersect between its two ends, and property fronts on both sides of the street.

(4) Cul-De-Sac Streets. Are local streets having only one (1) end and providing access to another street; the closed end provides a turnaround circle for vehicles; no other street generally intersects between the two ends, and property fronts on both sides of the streets.

(5) Dead-End Streets. Are similar to cul-de-sacs except that they provide no turnaround circle at their closed end, and are not permitted as streets, in any proposed subdivision. Stub streets, planned for future continuation are not considered to be dead-end streets.

(6) Alleys. Alleys generally have two (2) open ends, each end connects with different streets, and property generally **backs** onto both sides of the alley. Special permission from the Commission is required whenever alleys are used.

(7) Private Street. A means of access within a Planned Development Project which gives access to a public street being owned and maintained by the project owner.

STRUCTURE. Anything constructed, the use of which requires permanent location on the ground, or attached to something having permanent location on the ground.

STUDIO. A workplace for the teaching or the practice of an art.

SURGICAL CENTER. An intermediate health care facility for persons in need of medical attention which is specially designed, organized and equipped with one or more operating and recovery rooms so as to **substantially involve and provide surgery** on an outpatient basis. Such facilities involve special pre-operative and post-operative equipment and bed rest for patients. These facilities may incorporate the use of general and/or regional anesthesia but do not involve overnight stay.

THOROUGHFARE PLAN. Proposal for the most desirable, appropriate, economic and feasible pattern for the general location, character and extent of the channels, routes and terminals for transportation facilities for the circulation of persons and goods for specified times as far into the future as is reasonable to foresee.

TOWNHOUSE. A single-family dwelling, each dwelling designed and erected as a structurally independent unit on a separate lot and separate lot and separated from one another by a yard or by sidewalls of zero-setback from an intervening side lot line.

TIRE RECYCLING CENTER. A facility for the collection and temporary storage of vehicle tires which are to be transported to another location for processing..

TRAILER. Any portable structure having no foundation other than wheels, jacks, or skirtings, or vehicle so designed or constructed as to permit, (1) temporary occupancy for dwelling or sleeping purposes (2) the conduct of any business, trade, occupation, profession, or use as a selling or advertising device, or (3) the transportation of personal property; and including automobile trailers, campers, and tourist trailers but not including a mobile home.

TRANSITIONAL HOMES. A residence operated and maintained by a sponsoring private or governmental agency to provide transitional housing for persons. Transitional homes include but are not limited to homeless shelters, half-way houses, and spouse abuse centers, but do not include those residences classified as residential care facilities.

USABLE OPEN SPACE. Outdoor area of a lot or tract which is designed and used for outdoor living, recreation, pedestrian access, or landscaping. Such areas may be ground or roof spaces seventy-five (75) percent open to the sky, balconies a minimum of five (5) feet wide, an enclosed deck, port, or ground floor portions of a building constructed on columns. Off-street parking and loading

areas, driveways, or unenclosed fire escapes do not qualify as usable open space.

VARIANCE, DIMENSIONAL. A departure from the terms of the zoning regulations pertaining to height or width of structures and size of yards and open spaces where such departure will not be contrary to the public interest and where owing to conditions peculiar to the property because of its size, shape and topography and not as a result of actions of the applicant, the literal enforcement of a zoning regulation would result in unnecessary and undue hardship.

VEHICLE BODY SHOP. (*Unincorporated Daviess County only*) Collision or reconditioning services for passenger vehicles, including body or fender straightening, painting, upholstering, auto glass work, and the like.

VEHICLE DETAIL SHOP. Restoration, reconditioning, and maintenance services for appearance of a vehicle including buffing, polishing, waxing, extensive interior and exterior cleaning.

VEHICLE REPAIR, MAJOR. Repair of motor vehicles or trailers, including rebuilding or reconditioning of engines and/or transmissions; collision services including body, frame, or fender straightening or repair, overall painting or paint shop, vehicle steam cleaning.

VEHICLE REPAIR, MINOR. Incidental minor repair, upholstering, replacement of parts and motor service to passenger cars and trucks not exceeding one and one-half (1½) tons capacity but not including any operation named under "Automobile and Truck Repair, Major" or any other similar operation thereto. Cars or trucks being repaired or under repair shall not be stored outside the building for more than ninety six (96) hours.

VEHICLE SERVICE STATION. A building or structure used for the retail sale and dispensing of fuel, lubricants, tires, batteries, accessories, and supplies, including installation and minor services customarily incidental thereto; facilities for washing and for chassis and gear lubrication of not more than five (5) vehicles are permitted if enclosed in a building.

VEHICLE WRECKING. The dismantling or disassembling of used motor vehicles, or the storage, sale or dumping of dismantled, obsolete or wrecked vehicles or the sales of their parts.

VEHICULAR USE AREA. A vehicular use area (VUA) is any open or enclosed area used by vehicles of any type, whether moving or at rest, including but not limited to

parking lots or areas, loading and unloading areas, mobile home yards, sales and service areas, and driveways.

VENDOR STAND. Seasonal, temporary, portable, transient or mobile building, stands, tents or premises occupied for the purpose of exhibiting and selling merchandise, food products or beverages to the public.

WAREHOUSE. *(only Unincorporated Daviess County)* A structure primarily used for the storage of merchandise or commodities, as defined in this Article.

YARD. The space or grounds surrounding or surrounded by a building or group of buildings.

YARD, FRONT. That portion of the yard extending the full width of the lot and extending between the front lot line and the nearest point of the foundation of the principal building wall, excluding overhangs of thirty (30) inches or less, stoops, patios, and landings at or below the first floor level.

YARD, REAR. That portion of the yard extending the full width of the lot and extending between the rear lot lines and nearest part of the foundation of the principal building wall, excluding overhangs of thirty (30) inches or less, stoops, patios and landings at or below the first floor level.

YARD, SIDE. Those portions of the yard extending from the nearest part of the foundation of the principal building to the side lot lines, excluding overhangs of thirty (30) inches or less, stoops, patios, and landings at or below the first level.

ZONE. A portion of the territory within Daviess County within which certain regulations and requirements apply under the provisions of this Zoning Ordinance.

ZONE, AGRICULTURAL. An A-R or A-U zone.

ZONE, BUSINESS. A B-1, B-2, B-3 or B-4 zone.

ZONE, INDUSTRIAL. An I-1 or I-2 zone.

**ZONE, PROFESSIONAL OR PROFESSION- AL/
SERVICE.** The P-1 Zone.

ZONE, RESIDENTIAL. An R-1A, R-1B, R-1C, R-1T, R-2MF, R-3MF, or R-4DT zone.