

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF JEFFERSON COUNTY, KENTUCKY

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



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JEFFERSON COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





Letter of Transmittal

November 14, 2023

The Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Jefferson County Public School District Louisville, Kentucky

We hereby submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") for Jefferson County Public Schools (the "District" or "JCPS"), a K-12 public school system, for the year ended June 30, 2023. The completeness, accuracy, and clarity of these financial statements and data herein are the responsibility of the District's Chief Financial Officer.

This ACFR is presented in three distinct sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The Introductory Section includes this letter of transmittal, a list of our Board Members and an organizational chart. The reader may use this information to understand the District and our financial condition. Accordingly, we will discuss the Jefferson County economy and tax base, a brief history of the District and education in Kentucky, and our major accomplishments.

The Financial Section contains the general purpose financial statements. Annual audits are required legally by Kentucky Revised Statute 156.265. These statements were audited by Dean Dorton Allen Ford, PLLC, an independent Certified Public Accounting firm. Their opinion is included on page 1 of the financial section. We would like to direct the reader to Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 – 14 of the financial section. This provides an introduction to the financial statements and some financial highlights.

The Statistical Section presents numerous unaudited tables designed to present more detail and trends apparent within the District and Jefferson County.

The report has been prepared by the Finance Department following the requirements and guidelines prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material respects and that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly reflect the financial position and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the District's financial activity have been included.



Personalized and engaging learning experiences

Economic Outlook

As discussed further on page 13 of the Management's Discussion and Analysis in the Financial Section, Jefferson County has a diverse and strong economy but is affected by national social, health and economic trends. The District receives its revenue largely from two sources related to the economy: locally-assessed real estate and property taxes, and locally-assessed occupational taxes. Additionally, the District receives state revenues derived from state income taxes, sales taxes and other taxes, but these state revenues are subject to many non-economic factors, such as political considerations and an allocation formula based on local revenue, student attendance, and transportation expenses. Beyond these sources, we also receive grant and general revenues from federal, state, and local governments, and private sources that are either unqualified gifts or grants based on non-tax determinants.



Real estate and personal property, other than automobile, taxes are assessed by the Property Valuation Administrator ("PVA") annually, and the value is set as of January 1. After taxpayers are afforded a period to dispute the assessment, bills are prepared by the Jefferson County Sheriff and sent to the taxpayers on November 1. Real estate taxes, the largest in this total, typically show an increase in both assessments and tax rate. With growth in parts of Jefferson County and typical housing appreciation, local real estate taxes are becoming a greater percentage of our revenues each year as their growth outpaces other revenues. Motor vehicle taxes are assessed as of January 1 of each year. The PVA office uses standardized guides, provided by the Department of Revenue, to determine the value of a vehicle or boat. For years, the District has levied the statutory maximum motor vehicle tax rate, and increases are derived from assessment increases alone. See the Statistical Section for more details and trend analyses on these taxes.

Locally assessed occupational taxes are levied upon Jefferson County residents who work within Jefferson County at a rate of .75% of salary. This tax tends to be an accurate barometer of the local workforce, and, in some ways, the strength of the local economy. In reviewing past years' revenues, the reader may notice the correlation between occupational tax revenues and the greater United States economy.

State revenues are based on a variety of state taxes and are allocated to the District based on a variety of factors. First, the Commonwealth of Kentucky is inherently a political entity, and the budget is allocated accordingly. Education continues to be a priority of the current government leaders, though funding levels lag behind many adjacent states. Funds are allocated to the various Kentucky school districts by a statutory formula introduced in the Kentucky Educational Reform Act, which is discussed later in this section.

Jefferson County has a long history as a central transportation hub, which fostered a manufacturing center for durable goods, including appliances, cars and trucks. In recent decades, the economy has diversified and is the home of several *Fortune* 500 companies, including Humana, Inc. and Yum! Brands, which includes KFC, Taco Bell, and Pizza Hut. Additionally, headquartered in Louisville is Brown-Forman, makers of numerous beverages such as Jack Daniels Tennessee Whiskey. Louisville is also home to Churchill Downs, United Parcel Service's ("UPS") Worldport Facility, employing over 20,000, two Ford plants, and GE Appliance Park.

Total Population							
2018	770,517						
2019	776,757						
2020	782,969						
2021	783,746						
2022	778,194						

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

Although long-range challenges exist, the District's current finances are strong as well. We aspire to achieve great things in public education. To do this, we must set high goals and be strict stewards of the public funds we have. We believe in budgeting conservatively, which allows us to make continual improvements even during sluggish economies.

In order to achieve far-reaching goals, we must maintain far-reaching funding plans. At any time, we forecast instructional needs and financial trends five years into the future. Additionally, we survey the facility needs of our entire district over the next four years. Each project is prioritized by a committee, and only the top priority projects are funded.



As described further in Notes F and H to the financial statements, the District is challenged by pervasively underfunded or underperforming pension plans in which our employees participate in as well as the related other postemployment benefits. Although the District has made all required contributions at actuarially determined rates, failure to do so by the Kentucky legislature and subpar investing performance has created a financial contingency to both the District and the state. This creates a significant level of financial uncertainty that may necessitate drastic corrections in future budget periods.

The current initiatives discussed on pages x and xi of this Introductory Section are major undertakings that may require dedication over many years. As a practice, we pair our recurrent revenue budget with our recurrent expense budget to eliminate liquidity concerns. In addition, all planning is done in concert with our research team to ensure that funds are allocated to programs that get results.



Prepared, empowered, and inspired!

We also place great emphasis on internal controls. School districts have inherent weaknesses in financial structure, with funds being collected at numerous locations and where optimal segregation of duties is not always practical. However, because the cost of internal control should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective of these controls is to provide reasonable, rather than

absolute, assurance that District assets are protected and that our financial statements are free of material misstatement.

To offset our inherent risks, the District is committed to strengthening its controls at the central office level, where 99% of revenues are received, and reviewing satellite offices and schools regularly. Central office uses positive pay for its disbursements and staff review bank information daily. Audits are performed using an enterprise-wide risk assessment. We maintain an anonymous fraud hotline to safeguard our assets. Currently, we are tightening segregation of duties and internal controls at satellite offices.

Our Ethics Guidelines further solidify the District's commitment to always act in the highest ethical manner to preserve the public trust. These guidelines reflect our commitment to creating the Future State of the District and our core values especially relating to respect, diversity, and stewardship.

History of Public Education in Jefferson County

On April 24, 1829, the City of Louisville established the first public schools for children under sixteen years of age and constructed the first school the following year. Although Louisville's charter specified that education would be free, a tuition of \$1 for primary grades and \$1.50 for other grades was assessed. By 1838, the City of Louisville had a full-service school system. Also in 1838, the remaining areas of Jefferson County outside of the City of Louisville incorporated the Common Schools of Jefferson County school district.

In 1870, Louisville Public Schools established its first two schools for African American students, bringing its enrollment up to 13,502. By this time, the Common Schools of Jefferson County operated 68 schools, including 10 for African Americans. Both districts continued to grow consistently over the decades.

In 1956, all public schools in Louisville and Jefferson County were desegregated at a time when the Louisville Public Schools were 26% African American and the Jefferson County Schools were 4% African American. By court order on April 1, 1975, the Louisville Public



Schools and the Jefferson County Public Schools merged into the present Jefferson County Public Schools district in order to address the racial disparity.

At that time, it was determined that all schools in the new district must maintain racial diversity with the minority population between 15% and 50%. In June 2007, the United States Supreme Court held that some aspects of our student assignment plan did not satisfy the Court's "narrow tailoring" requirement. In May 2008, the District unanimously approved a revised student assignment plan which became effective for the 2009-2010 school year. The new plan uses socio-economic factors including educational attainment, household income, and race averages of a student's geographic region as factors when assigning students to schools other than their home school.

The Kentucky Education Reform Act ("KERA") of 1990 formed the basis for massive change to the state's educational system. One of the most comprehensive, statewide restructuring efforts ever attempted in the United States, KERA changed the formula by which Kentucky school districts receive state funding in an effort to achieve equity and educational adequacy regardless of each district's local economic base. KERA created a Site-Based Decision-Making Council system. Each school would have such a council consisting of parents, teachers, and administrators of the school, who would oversee the financial and instructional decisions of the school and hire the Principal. KERA also established a state-wide accountability system that continues to evolve to meet student needs.

Through the resulting emphasis on data-driven educational accountability, Kentucky has gained a reputation as a cutting edge educational system focusing on accountability. The District, as well, has many years of assessment data. We continuously review our curriculum and initiatives to ensure Jefferson County children are being educated to the height of their ability.



Instruction that inspires!

Jefferson County Public School District Today

The current District is very different than our beginnings. We continue to strive for excellence in our educational and financial operations. As much as the world has changed, so too has the District.

Financially, we adjust conservatively to confront economic challenges, and still have sufficient fund balances to continue our plans for the future. We have a policy of reviewing vacancies, especially central office vacancies, to continuously strive for efficiency. We have reviewed many of our purchasing and distribution systems and made efficiency improvements including moving many of our revenue collections to online card payment systems. Our aim is to efficiently and completely support those who provide services to our students.

There were several years due to remote learning with COVID where official verified student enrollment numbers were not published. However, school was back to in-person learning as of March 2021. For fiscal year 2022-2023 we had 96,533 students:

High	28,988
Middle	20,749
Elementary	34,596
Kindergarten	7,001
Preschool	3,080
Special Schools	2,119



For the 2022-2023 school year, we have 165 schools and learning centers:

High	18
Middle	21
Elementary	88
Multi-Level	3
Pre-K Centers	4
Special	18
State Agency	13

We project that our enrollment is stable, with our 2023-2024 forecast of approximately 94,000 students.

Our schools were founded based on the neighborhood schools concept. The majority of our schools are off the major thoroughfares back in neighborhoods, where traffic disruptions are minimized, and as many children can walk to school as possible. As Jefferson County has grown to its current size and complexity, the District has found the need to increase its educational and environmental offerings. While students have the opportunity to attend a school within their regional cluster and a regular school program, they have many additional choices of schools and programs to best fit their needs and wants.

School Choice: A core philosophy within the District is that parents should be allowed to choose the program and the school their child attends. We feel this allows students and their parents the opportunity to meet certain educational needs based on the individual child. Our schools are also able to differentiate themselves if the Site-Based Decision Making Council and the elected Jefferson County Board of Education approves the change. The District embraces many different schools and programs to meet students' diverse needs, interests, and learning styles.



All schools are resourced and equipped to support student needs

Regular Program: Most schools offer a regular curriculum in a typical school setting. This program is the choice of the majority of our parents and gives the Site-Based Decision Making Council much educational latitude.

Magnet and Optional Programs: The District believes that not all students have the same interests or learn in the same way. We offer choices that let elementary, middle, and high school students select a specialized learning environment or a program that focuses on a particular subject.

Magnet Schools and Programs include traditional schools, Montessori schools, magnet programs, and magnet career academies. Traditional schools require uniforms, daily homework, and parent involvement. They teach at grade level in a structured classroom environment. The Montessori approach to learning is designed to encourage critical thinking, exploration, and self-directed education. Magnet programs offer specialized foci incorporated into the curriculum, such as performing arts, math & science, technology, early college, or International Baccalaureate. Magnet career academies offer high school students programs that focus on training for a specific career. There are more than a dozen magnet career academies, and most of them offer multiple career programs. Many of our magnet career academies have received national recognition in their program area. Fifteen of our high schools have Professional Career Theme Programs in such disciplines as Aerospace, Medicine, Engineering, Information Technology and the Environment.



<u>Optional Program</u> is a small, specialized program within a school, such as Creative Arts and Global Communications Optional Program.

Advance Program is for academically gifted students. It stimulates talented young people to stretch their abilities and requires schools to be creative in providing a range of educational opportunities that promote excellence for each child.



Adults model integrity, respect, creativity, and accountability

Alternative Schools:

<u>Binet School</u>: A center that provides successful learning experiences for those students with multiple disabilities who need a more structured and supportive environment.

Breckinridge Metro High: A high school whose students have been referred to the school by the office of student services, the department of juvenile justice and/or other state and county agencies because of code violations in the regular schools or are court ordered to attend.

<u>Churchill Park School</u>: This special school serves students with moderate to severe functional mental disabilities from ages five to twenty-one. While following state-mandated core content, the program focuses on functional life skills, community-based instruction, and occupational work experience that will allow students to access and be successful in their immediate environment.

Pathfinder School of Innovation: A comprehensive virtual school for grades six through twelve. Pathfinder has a goal of producing exemplary levels of achievement through research-based instruction and datadriven assessments as students work through an on-demand curriculum with live support, intensive progress monitoring, and social, emotional, and behavioral support. Students may pursue regular instruction, advanced placement, dual credit, and career and technical education, just as they would at an in-person school.

Minor Daniels Academy: Middle school and high school students with behavioral challenges may be assigned to Minor Daniels Academy. This school uses restorative pathways to create a supportive environment with the goal that students may return to their home schools.

The Phoenix School of Discovery: Established under the federal guidelines of No Child Left Behind, this school relies heavily on technology to prepare students in grades 6-12 to reach state proficiency levels.

<u>Liberty High</u>: A nontraditional, safety-net school that serves students who meet any of the following criteria:

- One year of high school with fewer than five credits
- One to four years in high school and have fewer than 14 credits
- Frequently absent from school
- Failed four or more classes
- At least 16 years old
- Prefer hands-on, collaborative learning
- Prefer a flexible daily/yearly schedule
- Desire a work-based educational component
- Have diverse learning preferences and whose talents are not being developed.



State Agency Schools: Thirteen unique residential and day treatment centers that work collaboratively with treatment partners to provide a therapeutic or rehabilitative school environment. Students are placed in the State Agency Children's Program through court commitment, psychiatric hospitalization, or identified need for long term treatment of emotional or behavioral problems.

Georgia Chaffee Teenage Parent Program: A school designed to prevent school dropout due to teen pregnancy and parenting for middle and high school students. This award-winning program includes home-school coordinators and regular classroom instruction with a hospital-quality nursery.

<u>Waller-Williams Environmental</u>: A special school for students with severe and profound emotional and/or behavioral disabilities. Serving K-8th grade in a highly structured environment, this school utilizes a behavior management system where students earn tokens for good behavior and may use these tokens to purchase items in the school store.

Youth Performing Arts School ("YPAS"): One of only 100 schools of its kind in the nation. YPAS offers courses in dance, theater acting, musical theater, vocal music, piano, concert band, concert orchestra, visual arts, design and production. Students take their academic classes at an adjacent JCPS high school.

Adult Education: Total Adult Education enrollment in Adult Basic Education/General Education Development ("GED") Program was 2,056 earning 152 GED Certificates.

- GED Preparation Classes
- Academic Life Skills ESL Classes
- Family Education Programs
- College & Career Navigation Support
- Workforce Education & Soft Skills Training
- Educational Enrichment Services



A safe and welcoming learning community

Current Initiatives

The District is moving boldly toward a Future State of JCPS that has been re-envisioned through the bold leadership of Dr. Pollio and a daring Board of Education. This Future State focuses on new facilities that support the best educational environments and athletic facilities throughout our District. Teachers in the Future State of JCPS will be exceptionally resourced and paid at levels that reflect their worth to our students, their education and the future of our community. The Future State meets the individualized student needs and gives students one-to-one technology access, individualized student supports, and access to optional programs throughout Jefferson County as well as the right to stay at the school nearest their home if they prefer this educational environment. The Future State of JCPS will accomplish broad goals by focusing on three main pillars: Positive Culture & Climate, the Backpack of Success Skills, and the JCPS Racial Educational Equity Plan.





Engaging learning activities for all students

Positive Climate and Culture: Empowered employees create confident students. The sense of trust that students need to excel in the classroom and in extracurricular activities must be honed with extraordinary care. In addition, students must have the individualized resources they require to be at their best. This includes mental health, suicide prevention, and bullying prevention. To provide these resources and let each student achieve their individual best, we have added mental health practitioners into every school. All staff must come together to work with a passion for the students we are serving and focus on our mission and vision. This is the only way we can be confident in our success and convey that confidence to the parents entrusting us with their children.

Backpack of Success Skills: The Backpack of Success Skills was the first initiative of its kind where students will show how they have become effective communicators, emerging innovators, prepared and resilient learners, globally and culturally competent citizens and productive collaborators. At the end of key transition points in their education (5th, 8th and 12th grades), students will have the opportunity to defend what they've learned thus far in their educational journey using the evidence in their virtual backpack. This endeavor is a critical component of the District's Vision 2020, which includes a targeted focus on improving student literacy and increasing high school graduation rates.

Engaging every student, every day, in meaningful learning is the goal. JCPS is excited to see the transformation occurring in our classrooms as more students are prepared, empowered and inspired to reach their fullest potential. This also allowed us to adjust to nontraditional instruction required by the pandemic since our academic focus was already online.

JCPS Racial Educational Equity Plan: The District's Commitment to Racial Educational Equity policy was established to increase access for students of color, strengthen opportunities, and create a more diverse instructional staff in JCPS. This transformative policy is the first step toward building the academic programs and services that meet the needs of a diverse student population and eliminate achievement gaps. To create this organization-wide transformation, we are in our fourth year of a district-wide professional development initiative. Additionally, our students have created Justice Now projects, transformative and significant equity projects that highlight and act upon racial, gender, and other equity matters. These projects culminated in Justice Fest, a televised event where the student groups promoted their projects to support the changes they champion.





Evidence of Success

The District is working hard on its vision of a Future State. Outstanding performance within the District has been validated by our continued progress while confronting a pandemic and its challenges.

Current Year Highlights/Initiatives

- 6,574 graduates from JCPS schools.
- 71.5 percent of the class of 2023 earning postsecondary readiness standards for higher education or a career.
- 29 National Merit Finalists, 28 National Merit Semi-Finalists and 16 National Merit Commended Scholars.
- 121 rising seniors participated in the coveted Governor's Scholars Program.
- 145 graduates joined the United States Armed Forces.
- Served nearly 10,000 students through summer learning opportunities in conjunction with Evolve 502 and other community partners.
- Gave 102 conditional contracts to graduates of the Teaching & Learning pathway; if they graduate from college with an education degree, they are guaranteed a job in JCPS.
- Johnsontown Road Elementary students recognized in the opinion section of the national publication New York Times.
- JCPS and Pleasure Ridge Park High School host the first-ever Women In Welding competition.
- Novelist, philanthropist and billionaire
 MacKenzie Scott donated \$20 million to the
 Jefferson County Public Education Foundation,
 which provides direct financial support for
 JCPS.
- Launched the JCPS Adapted Sports program, which offers multiple sport opportunities for students who have a physical disability that impacts mobility.
- Partnered with Care Solace to help find and coordinate mental health and substance abuse treatment for students, staff, and their families.

- Provided free, virtual tutoring available 24 hours per day for students in grades 3-12.
- Received a more than \$3 million federal Project Prevent grant to prevent school and community violence and address student trauma from exposure to violence. JCPS was one of only 11 districts nationwide to receive U.S. Department of Education Project Prevent funding this grant cycle.
- Installed Audio Enhancement systems in every JCPS classroom to help amplify teacher's and student's voices. The technology includes a security button that teachers can press to call for immediate help.
- Partnered with T-Mobile to ensure students have internet access anytime, anywhere.
- Administered 6,000 vaccinations to students or staff by JCPS nursing staff and at JCPS sponsored events.
- Conducted 405,000 school nurse visits with students and staff for sickness or chronic illnesses. 267,170 visits were for sickness or for chronic disease management.
- Sent more than 11,000 COVID tests home to families or staff who requested them.
- Administered more than 5,000 COVID tests for students and staff at school or work.
- Opened two brand new, state-of-the-art school buildings: Indian Trail Elementary and Wilkerson Elementary.
- 17 seniors were awarded \$12,000 scholarships through the Vogt Educational Leadership Scholarship established by Henry V. Heuser, Sr.
- \$70,000 in scholarships awarded to seven JCPS seniors through the JCPS Employee-Sponsored Student Scholarship Fund to go toward fouryear tuition and college expenses.



Acknowledgements

We would like to thank all of the staff who assisted with closing the District's financial records and preparing this report. We would be remiss without specifically mentioning the twenty years of hard work as Chief Financial Officer by recently-retired Cordelia Hardin. As a stalwart of stewardship and responsibility, she touched many lives and established the best in financial operations for the District. She will be missed but her systems will benefit the District for years to come.

In addition, we want to thank those at all levels of the District who do their part to provide relevant, comprehensive, quality instruction in person or through remote learning. We are inspired by the diligence of our student-focused educators at all levels of JCPS who are working tirelessly toward the Future State of JCPS.

Respectfully submitted,

Marty Pollio, Ed. D. Superintendent

Edward D. Muns Chief Financial Officer / Treasurer

- Br. Clarty Pollis





June 30, 2023

To the Citizens of Jefferson County, Kentucky:

We, the Jefferson County Board of Education (the "Board"), are proud to serve as the collective voice and representation for the students, parents, staff, community members and taxpayers of Jefferson County. We are committed to providing clear direction to build the Future State of Jefferson County Public Schools ("JCPS"), and we firmly believe in setting high standards and using data-driven accountability measures to reach our goals.

To support our students at the level they deserve and require, the Board has said in one voice that it plans to make intentional investments in the future of all of our children, including those who may have been traditionally marginalized. These investments must meet the critical elements needed for all JCPS students to fulfill their academic, creative and social potential. This vision of our Future State includes bold strides toward engaging 21st century facilities; targeted resources for our highest-need schools; additional instructional time and continued focus on racial equity initiatives.

This Future State will stand on three pillars:

The Backpack of Success Skills, our first pillar, allows all JCPS students to develop key skills so they can be successful in all areas of influence: school, life and career. Students fill their virtual backpacks with school work and projects throughout their school years and present a defense of their learning accomplishments at the end of fifth, eighth and twelfth grades. This emphasis in online learning has been essential as we adjusted to remote learning due to the pandemic and continue remote learning for those in quarantine.

Our second pillar is school culture and climate. For students to perform at their best, they must be educated in an environment that not only delivers high-yield learning, but also provides them with individualized behavioral, social and emotional supports. To realize this goal, we have added mental health practitioners to all of

our schools to address bullying, suicide prevention and the ongoing mental health challenges affecting our nation. We are aggressively managing the pandemic by providing nursing services in every school and testing throughout our community. In addition, we are ensuring that the curriculum stimulates student interest by investing in career and technical education through the Academies of Louisville programs, which offer hands-on learning opportunities and real-world student apprenticeships.

The third pillar is our Racial Equity Plan. The Board's Racial Equity Policy commits to supporting educational excellence regardless of ethnicity, race, color, national origin, age, religion, marital or parental status, political affiliations or beliefs, gender, self-identification, gender identity or gender expression. The Board recognizes that multicultural education is a continuous development that is necessary to transform the educational process for our students and ensure that our schools are entirely inclusive. The plan includes a significant professional development investment and additional academic supports and extracurricular programs.

Within our governance responsibilities, we are ensuring that all budgetary decisions are directly linked to the Future State of all JCPS students. There are great things in store for our students and the future of our remarkable community.

On behalf of the Jefferson County Board of Education, I am pleased to present this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Sincerely,

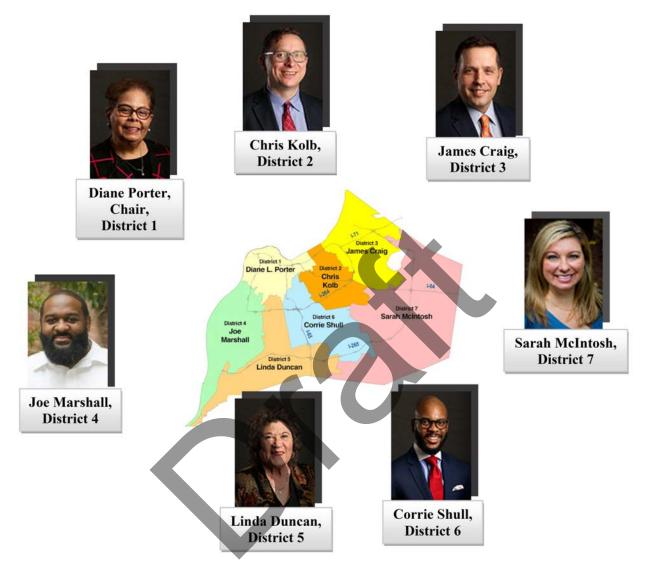
Diane Porter

Chair

Jefferson County Board of Education



Members of the Board of Education as of June 30, 2023:





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Board of Education of Jefferson County Kentucky

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

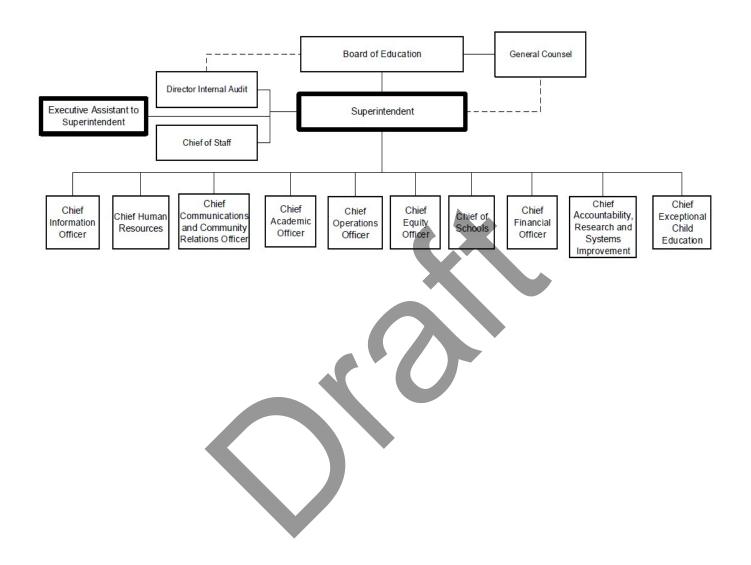
June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

This Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, awarded by the Government Finance Officers Association, is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting, and its attainment represents a significant accomplishment of the District. The District has received this award each year from 2007 through the latest award period for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Organizational Chart



FINANCIAL SECTION



Report of Independent Auditors

Members of the Board Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky Louisville, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Jefferson County Public Education Foundation, which represent 100 percent of the assets, net assets, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Jefferson County Public Education Foundation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements* prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Members of the Board Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky Report of Independent Auditors, continued Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 to 14, Budgetary Comparisons on pages 68 to 70, and Pension and OPEB Information on pages 71 to 83 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Members of the Board Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky Report of Independent Auditors, continued Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparisons on pages 85 to 89 and Combining Nonmajor Fund Information on pages 90 to 94 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

With regards to the Combining Nonmajor Fund Information on pages 90 to 94, the information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Nonmajor Fund Information on pages 90 to 94 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

With regards to the Budgetary Comparisons on pages 85 to 89, we have applied certain limited procedures to the information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the Introductory and Statistical Sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Louisville, Kentucky November 14, 2023



Introduction

Our discussion and analysis of the Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Serving nearly 100,000 students, the District is the largest in Kentucky and the 30th largest in the United States. We maintain 165 schools and education centers: 88 elementary, 21 middle, 18 high, 3 multi-level, 4 pre-k centers, 18 special, and 13 state agency schools. The financial position of the District remains strong and stable with an operating budget of approximately \$2.5 billion.

The District maintains its focus on student achievement. Our students and teachers continue to win awards and reach new goals in numerous academic areas. The student-teacher ratio during the school year was 16 to 1. The student daily attendance rate was not calculated in the 2020-2021 school year due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	Current Year Change
College scholarships earned	\$154 million	\$116 million	\$159 million	32.8 %
Students taking AP tests	5,122	5,061	4,128	1.2 %
Number of tests taken	8,033	8,175	6,673	(1.7)%
AP scores earning college credit	55.9 %	52.3 %	49.5 %	6.9 %
Number of teachers	6,818	6,735	6,890	1.2 %
Teachers with Master's Degree or higher	83 %	83 %	82 %	0.0 %
National Board Certified Teachers	346	434	447	(20.3)%
Student daily attendance rate	89.7 %	89.4 %	N/A	0.3 %

On the District-wide financial statements, the total net position of the District was \$(6.6) million, assets totaled \$1.8 billion, deferred outflows totaled \$375.8 million, liabilities totaled \$1.9 billion, and deferred inflows totaled \$224.1 million. The District's total net position increased by \$109.0 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The District's governmental funds financial statements reported combined ending fund balance of \$574.7 million. Of this total, \$326.9 million is unassigned in the general fund. Due to economic uncertainty, along with the needs of specific instructional priorities, it is necessary to maintain adequate fund balance to support these initiatives.



Overview of the Financial Statements

The annual report contains:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A")
- District-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.
- Notes to Financial Statements
- Other required supplementary information, including various schedules for the District's proportionate share of the net pension and net other postemployment benefit liabilities
- Other supplementary information, including statements for non-major governmental and proprietary funds

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The District-wide statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, provide an overview of the District's finances. The fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as, what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide financial statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the District as a whole begins with the District-wide financial statements. One of the most important questions raised about the District's finances is whether the District as a whole is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector organizations. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes to net position. The District's net position, the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure its financial health. Increases or decreases in the District's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

To evaluate the District's overall health, one may want to review other non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's school buildings and other physical assets.

The District-wide financial statements are divided into two categories:

• Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including instruction, student support services, instructional staff support services, administrative support services, school administrative support services, business support services, transportation, and plant operations and maintenance. Property taxes, occupational taxes, the Commonwealth's Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK"), other Commonwealth support, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



• Business-type activities: School Food Services, Adult Education Lifelong Learning Courses, Tuition-based Preschool, fee-based Day Care, and Enterprise Programs are considered as business-type activities of the District. A fee is charged for these activities to assist the District in covering the cost of these services; therefore, they are classified as business-type activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the District's major activities provides detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and bond covenants. However, other funds are established as needed to help control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that the District is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (for example, grants received from the federal and state governments). The District's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between the governmental activities (reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliations following the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds: When the District charges students or parents for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's proprietary funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the District-wide financial statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the District-wide and fund financial statements.



The District as a Whole

The following is a summary of the District's net position:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type	Activities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Current and other assets	\$ 744,532,629	\$ 604,545,941	11,384,611 \$	6,109,951	\$ 755,917,240	\$ 610,655,892	
Capital assets, net of depreciation, and construction in progress	1,019,430,688	935,692,079	15,735,059	16,520,839	1,035,165,747	952,212,918	
Total Assets	1,763,963,317	1,540,238,020	27,119,670	22,630,790	1,791,082,987	1,562,868,810	
Deferred Outflows	356,295,063	205,551,621	19,464,023	12,763,608	375,759,086	218,315,229	
Short-term liabilities	215,227,934	192,706,660	1,007,683	1,281,499	216,235,617	193,988,159	
Other liabilities	1,651,864,893	1,327,955,612	81,257,131	57,603,186	1,733,122,024	1,385,558,798	
Total Liabilities	1,867,092,827	1,520,662,272	82,264,814	58,884,685	1,949,357,641	1,579,546,957	
Deferred Inflows	214,894,349	301,082,422	9,209,875	16,131,092	224,104,224	317,213,514	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	430,126,787	453,726,798	15,735,059	16,520,839	445,861,846	470,247,637	
Restricted	84,679,016	9,236,656			84,679,016	9,236,656	
Unrestricted (476,534,599) (538,9		(538,918,507)	(60,626,055)	(56,142,218)	(537,160,654)	(595,060,725)	
Total Net Position	\$ 38,271,204	\$ (75,955,053) \$	(44,890,996) \$	(39,621,379)	\$ (6,619,792)	\$ (115,576,432)	



The following is a summary of the District's changes in net position:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type	Business-type Activities		Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for service	\$ 508,243	\$ 518,928	\$ 2,513,859 \$	976,431	\$ 3,022,102	\$ 1,495,359		
Operating grants & contributions	260,776,646	381,798,766	77,514,086	71,470,824	338,290,732	453,269,590		
Capital grants & contributions	9,618,677	9,617,566			9,618,677	9,617,566		
General revenues								
Local taxes	908,473,608	907,698,415			908,473,608	907,698,415		
State sources	517,914,507	788,430,037			517,914,507	788,430,037		
Other	57,344,058	28,095,236	235,809	10,437	57,579,867	28,105,673		
Total Revenues	1,754,635,739	2,116,158,948	80,263,754	72,457,692	1,834,899,493	2,188,616,640		
Expenses								
School operation & administration	1,618,744,396	1,812,788,637			1,618,744,396	1,812,788,637		
School food services			84,104,750	58,259,707	84,104,750	58,259,707		
Other business-type activities			193,685	150,581	193,685	150,581		
Interest on debt service	22,900,022	20,268,424			22,900,022	20,268,424		
Total Expenses	1,641,644,418	1,833,057,061	84,298,435	58,410,288	1,725,942,853	1,891,467,349		
Transfers, Net	1,234,936	1,529,187	(1,234,936)	(1,529,187)				
Change in Net Position	114,226,257	284,631,074	(5,269,617)	12,518,217	108,956,640	297,149,291		
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 38,271,204	\$ (75,955,053)	\$ (44,890,996) \$	(39,621,379)	\$ (6,619,792)	\$ (115,576,432)		

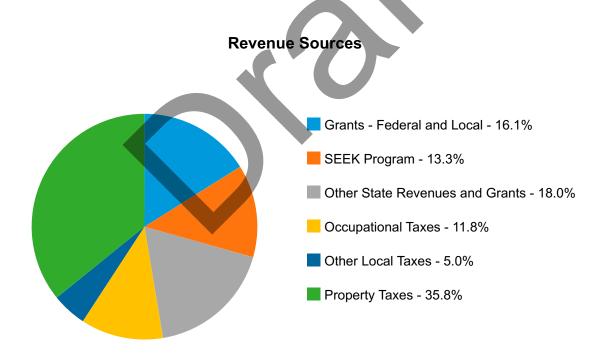
Governmental Activities

The revenues in the governmental activities decreased by \$361.5 million. Although there was a decrease in the current year governmental funds' activity, the prior two years' inflated revenue was due to federal stimulus grants meant to prevent staff layoffs and address learning loss during the shutdown period caused by the pandemic and the transition back to the classroom. In addition, property, occupational, and other taxes increased as our economy stabilized after the initial shutdown eased. Expenses in governmental activities decreased as a whole similar to revenues decreasing as the federal stimulus grants were more heavily spent in prior years.



The following schedule provides a comparison of the District-wide revenues for governmental activities for the current and previous years:

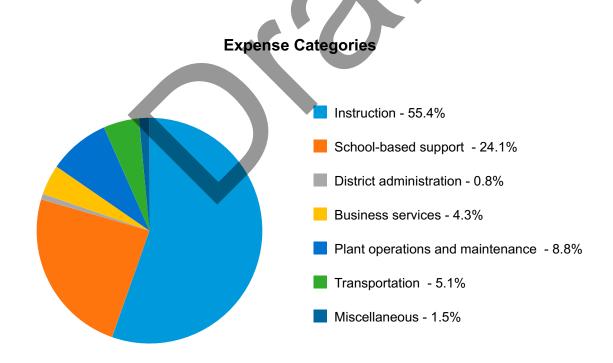
Revenues	2023		2022	Change	% Change
Local Sources:					
Property Taxes	\$	627,463,151 \$	594,308,658 \$	33,154,493	5.6 %
Occupational Taxes		206,342,623	206,474,525	(131,902)	(0.1)%
Other Taxes		74,667,834	106,915,232	(32,247,398)	(30.2)%
State Sources:					
SEEK Program		233,759,766	233,088,270	671,496	0.3 %
Other State Revenues and Grants		284,154,741	555,341,767	(271,187,026)	(48.8)%
KSFCC allocation		9,618,677	9,617,566	1,111	0.0 %
Grants (federal and local)		260,776,646	381,798,766	(121,022,120)	(31.7)%
Interest		21,214,511	833,179	20,381,332	2446.2 %
Other Sources		36,637,790	27,780,985	8,856,805	31.9 %
Total Revenues	\$	1,754,635,739 \$	2,116,158,948 \$	(361,523,209)	(17.1)%





The following schedule provides a comparison of the District-wide expenses for governmental activities:

	2023	2022	Change	% Change
Expenses		-		
Instruction	\$ 909,793,002	\$ 1,023,426,169	\$ (113,633,167)	(11.1)%
Student support services	101,936,000	107,196,262	(5,260,262)	(4.9)%
Instructional staff support services	161,846,403	193,879,118	(32,032,715)	(16.5)%
District administrative support services	11,536,924	11,805,819	(268,895)	(2.3)%
School administrative support services	120,055,049	136,540,514	(16,485,465)	(12.1)%
Business support services	71,290,737	67,673,427	3,617,310	5.3 %
Plant operations and maintenance	144,360,757	158,273,844	(13,913,087)	(8.8)%
Transportation	84,271,519	95,234,280	(10,962,761)	(11.5)%
Food service support	696,185	5,240,409	(4,544,224)	(86.7)%
Community services	12,115,637	12,995,156	(879,519)	(6.8)%
Other	842,183	523,639	318,544	60.8 %
Interest	 22,900,022	20,268,424	2,631,598	13.0 %
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,641,644,418	\$ 1,833,057,061	\$ (191,412,643)	(10.4)%





Business-type Activities

Net Position of the District's business-type activities decreased \$5.3 million. Most of this occurred due to accounting for pension and other postemployment benefits as discussed further in Notes F and H of this report. Business-type activities continued to increase after the previous few years' pandemic-related struggles; however, revenues did not keep up with costs resulting in a loss for the year. School Food Services net position decreased \$5.6 million due to the allocation percentage changes of postemployment benefits as well as the continued food and supply chain issues and increased food costs. The tuition preschool net position increased \$211.4 thousand due to a change in their allocation percentage of the same postemployment benefits.

Fund Budgetary Highlights and Future Budgetary Implications

The District's Draft Budget is presented to the members of the Board of Education by January 31 each year, followed by a Tentative (Original) Budget by May 30, and, once the members of the Board of Education approve tax rates in September, the Working (Final) Budget is submitted to the Kentucky Department of Education by September 30.

General Fund expenditures were \$277.8 million under budget. More than half of this amount was due to \$180.1 million budgeted but not spent in the contingency category. Other categories such as instruction, business support services, and plant operations and maintenance came in less than budget due to vacancies and positions being paid for out of COVID-Relief grants (ESSER), along with conservative budgeting. As a whole, our General Fund increased fund balance by \$82.9 million, much of which was due to staff vacancies and shifting expenses to be paid out of COVID-Relief grants (ESSER). As discussed further in the Local Economic Outlook section on page 14, the local economy has rebounded after the slowdown caused by the COVID-19 pandemic.

General Fund revenues are generally from a combination of local and state sources. While state sources stay flat or decrease each year, local revenues provide for income growth largely through property assessment increases and property tax increases which the elected Board of Education has traditionally supported. The District uses this local revenue growth to remain stable and adjust to student needs.

For the Special Revenue Fund, the fund balance decreased by \$14.7 million due to a large portion of the ESSER grant having been received in the 2022 school year with some funding still coming in during 2023. Some of the cost-reimbursement grant revenue will be received in the following year to reimburse the expenses from the current year.

Our Construction Fund experienced a \$57.6 million increase during the year, as we worked to complete bonded construction projects. The Building Tax Fund decreased \$6.0 million during the year as funds were used on priority renovation projects during the current fiscal year. On the whole, our Construction Fund and Building Tax Fund are well structured for future capital needs. We anticipate our revenue stream remaining stable for routine activities into the future.



In accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Reporting for Pensions and Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District has recorded its proportionate share of certain financial factors of the pensions in which its employees participate. These factors include certain inflows and outflows of funds which will be amortized over future years and net pension and net other postemployment benefits liabilities. The very nature of the net pension and net other postemployment benefits liabilities indicates that these plans have not been fully funded, whether by employee contributions, employer contributions, or investment earnings. Although the District has always paid its entire contribution based on rates determined by each plan, much of the responsibility falls on the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The need to shore up these plans may become a factor in future employer matching rates or State funding.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2023, the District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities was \$1,035.2 million, representing an increase of \$83.0 million (net of depreciation), as shown in the following tables:

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	Percent Change
Governmental activities:			
Land	\$ 29,247,665 \$	29,247,665	0.0 %
Land improvements	51,904,848	50,641,977	2.5 %
Buildings and improvements	1,524,126,999	1,514,134,271	0.7 %
Leased Buildings	430,899	538,624	(20.0)%
Technology	146,393,759	135,510,641	8.0 %
Leased Technology	695,545	755,375	(7.9)%
Subscription Assets	1,551,459		100.0 %
Buses and vehicles	114,938,613	112,379,166	2.3 %
Furniture, fixtures and other	98,096,364	80,309,694	22.1 %
Construction in progress	203,781,267	107,954,167	88.8 %
Total	2,171,167,418	2,031,471,580	6.9 %
Less: accumulated depreciation	1,151,736,730	1,095,779,501	5.1 %
Governmental activities assets, net of depreciation	\$ 1,019,430,688 \$	935,692,079	8.9 %

During the 2022-2023 year, governmental activities capital assets increased due to a District focus on new and improved school facilities and a continued increase of technology in our District. Construction in progress increased significantly as we have continued construction of several new schools. Technology capital assets continued to increase as we continue our initiative toward 1:1 technology in our schools.



Ju	ne 30, 2023	J	June 30, 2022	Percent Change
\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	0.0 %
	4,745		4,745	0.0 %
	17,030,604		17,030,604	0.0 %
	1,329,694		1,337,104	(0.6)%
	2,162,043		2,162,043	0.0 %
	32,329,878		31,821,673	1.6 %
	53,856,964		53,356,169	0.9 %
	38,121,905		36,835,328	3.5 %
\$	15,735,059	\$	16,520,841	(4.8)%
\$	1,035,165,747	\$	952,212,920	8.7 %
	\$	4,745 17,030,604 1,329,694 2,162,043 32,329,878 53,856,964 38,121,905 \$ 15,735,059	\$ 1,000,000 \$ 4,745 17,030,604 1,329,694 2,162,043 32,329,878 53,856,964 38,121,905 \$ 15,735,059 \$	\$ 1,000,000 \$ 1,000,000 4,745 4,745 17,030,604 17,030,604 1,329,694 1,337,104 2,162,043 2,162,043 32,329,878 31,821,673 53,856,964 53,356,169 38,121,905 36,835,328 \$ 15,735,059 \$ 16,520,841

The Local Planning Committee ("LPC") develops a long-range facility plan through evaluation of every building, identification of appropriate renovations, and analysis of demographic census to determine future growth needs. The LPC is comprised of JCPS staff representing school staff, SBDM ("School-Based-Decision Making") councils, PTA ("Parent Teacher Association"), local building officials, and community members. The long-range facility plan details the unmet needs for the District for the next four years. The plan is submitted to the Local Board of Education, the Kentucky Department of Education, and the Kentucky Board of Education for approval. At June 30, 2023, the unmet needs for the District totaled an estimated cost of \$1.3 billion.

Funding for these needs is typically provided from the General Fund, Construction Fund or through Bond issues. Bond issues are paid with Building Tax Funds (local 5-cent property tax), SEEK Capital Outlay Funds at \$100 per student or the Kentucky State Facility Construction Commission ("KSFCC") funds. To ensure continued academic success for our students, we must provide a learning environment that is safe, functional, inviting and well-maintained.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note D of this report. Information concerning bonds and long-term liabilities is in Note E of this report.

Local Economic Outlook

The Jefferson County economy has been strong over the past year, though the world economic instability with supply chain issues and staffing shortages pose similar challenges for JCPS as they do for other organizations. The District experienced continued growth and strength through maintaining a healthy revenue stream with occupational license tax revenue, which is based on net profits and salaries paid in our jurisdiction. Although this year experienced a small decrease, the prior two years had increases of 16.8% and 13.1% respectively, indicating that the local economy has steadily recovered from the COVID shutdowns and is actively growing. Jefferson County property valuation assessments are used to calculate property taxes, our largest revenue source. Since last school year, property taxes have increased 5.6% showing that the economy is bouncing back successfully since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Jefferson County's central location, extensive transportation network and quality of life are factors in this resiliency and in attracting and maintaining a healthy business community.



Overall, with a diverse economy and excellent quality of life, Jefferson County has the stability necessary to minimize the impact of the current and potential future economic downturns.

Contacting the Jefferson County Board of Education Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the Jefferson County Board of Education and to show management's accountability for these funds. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer of the Jefferson County Board of Education, P. O. Box 34020, Louisville, Kentucky 40232-4020.



	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 603,625,818	\$ 7,659,231 \$	611,285,049
Investments	46,963,695		46,963,695
Accounts receivable	88,341,507	249,062	88,590,569
Inventories	5,486,277	3,591,650	9,077,927
Internal balances	115,332	(115,332)	
Land and other nondepreciable assets	233,028,932	1,000,000	234,028,932
Capital assets, net of depreciation	786,401,756	14,735,059	801,136,815
Total Assets	1,763,963,317	27,119,670	1,791,082,987
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Difference between actual and expected experience	14,273,350	1,789,555	16,062,905
Changes in assumptions	91,224,004	3,001,107	94,225,111
Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	36,590,853	2,378,940	38,969,793
Change in proportionate share	148,517,581	6,298,979	154,816,560
Pension and OPEB contributions after measurement date	65,527,135	5,995,442	71,522,577
Deferred savings from refunding bonds	162,140		162,140
Total Deferred Outflows	356,295,063	19,464,023	375,759,086
Liabilities			
Accrued liabilities	166,819,723	1,007,683	167,827,406
Accrued interest payable	3,643,243		3,643,243
Current maturities of:			
worker's compensation claims	1,044,896		1,044,896
accrued vacation pay	1,234,469		1,234,469
accrued sick leave	749,761		749,761
school building revenue bonds	40,548,093		40,548,093
leases	349,474		349,474
subscription obligations	838,275		838,275
Long-term maturities of:			
worker's compensation claims	22,742,841		22,742,841
accrued vacation pay	7,262,258		7,262,258
accrued sick leave	45,639,804		45,639,804
school building revenue bonds	595,380,283		595,380,283
leases	777,193		777,193
subscription obligations	650,638		650,638

Continued

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Net pension liability	500,040,859	62,693,821	562,734,680
Net other post-employment benefits liabilities	479,371,017	18,563,310	497,934,327
Total Liabilities	1,867,092,827	82,264,814	1,949,357,641
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Difference between actual and expected experience	179,877,311	5,092,408	184,969,719
Changes in assumptions	17,787,269	2,230,122	20,017,391
Change in proportionate share	17,229,769	1,887,345	19,117,114
Total Deferred Inflows	214,894,349	9,209,875	224,104,224
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	430,126,787	15,735,059	445,861,846
Restricted for capital projects and construction	84,679,016		84,679,016
Unrestricted (deficit)	(476,534,599)	(60,626,055)	(537,160,654)
Total Net Position	\$ 38,271,204	\$ (44,890,996) \$	(6,619,792)



See Notes to Financial Statements

	_	Program Revenues			
	Total District- wide Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
Functions/Programs					
Governmental activities					
Instruction	\$ 909,793,002	\$ 508,243	\$ 260,776,646		\$ (648,508,113)
Student support services	101,936,000				(101,936,000)
Instructional staff support services District administrative support	161,846,403				(161,846,403)
services School administrative support	11,536,924				(11,536,924)
services	120,055,049				(120,055,049)
Business support services	71,290,737				(71,290,737)
Plant operations and maintenance	144,360,757			\$ 9,618,677	(134,742,080)
Student transportation	84,271,519				(84,271,519)
Community services	12,115,637				(12,115,637)
Food service support	696,185		K 7		(696,185)
Other	842,183				(842,183)
Interest	22,900,022				(22,900,022)
Total governmental activities	1,641,644,418	508,243	260,776,646	9,618,677	(1,370,740,852)
Business-type activities					
School food services	84,104,750	2,175,391	77,297,324		(4,632,035)
Adult education	92,594	80,094	15,021		2,521
Enterprise programs	14,459		13,983		(476)
Tuition-based pre-school	32,055	243,453			211,398
Day care operations	54,577	14,921	187,758		148,102
Total business-type activities	84,298,435	2,513,859	77,514,086		(4,270,490)
Total Activities	\$ 1,725,942,853	\$ 3,022,102	\$ 338,290,732	\$ 9,618,677	\$ (1,375,011,342)

Continued

	Government Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Net revenue (expense)	\$ (1,370,740,852)	\$ (4,270,490) \$	(1,375,011,342)
General revenues			
Taxes			
Property taxes	627,463,151		627,463,151
Occupational taxes	206,342,623		206,342,623
Other taxes	74,667,834		74,667,834
State sources			
SEEK program	233,759,766		233,759,766
Other state revenues and grants	284,154,741		284,154,741
Interest and investment earnings	21,214,511	235,809	21,450,320
Miscellaneous	36,129,547		36,129,547
Total general revenues	1,483,732,173	235,809	1,483,967,982
Transfers, net	1,234,936	(1,234,936)	
Change in net position	114,226,257	(5,269,617)	108,956,640
Net position, beginning of year	(75,955,053)	(39,621,379)	(115,576,432)
Net position, end of year	\$ 38,271,204	\$ (44,890,996) \$	(6,619,792)

See Notes to Financial Statements

	G	eneral Fund	Sp	ecial Revenue Fund		Construction Fund		otal Nonmajor Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	480,291,729			\$	116,703,706	\$	6,630,383	\$	603,625,818
Investments		46,462,561						501,134		46,963,695
Accounts and grants receivable		28,727,540	\$	59,528,558				85,409		88,341,507
Inventories		5,097,598						388,679		5,486,277
Due from other funds		102,728,500		36,024,504		58,385,228		5,738,537		202,876,769
Total Assets	\$	663,307,928	\$	95,553,062	\$	175,088,934	\$	13,344,142	\$	947,294,066
Liabilities										
Accrued liabilities	\$	127,658,724	\$	15,965,474	\$	25,896,408	\$	328,241	\$	169,848,847
Due to other funds		110,023,092		77,298,452		15,439,894				202,761,438
Total Liabilities		237,681,816		93,263,926		41,336,302		328,241		372,610,285
Fund Balances							h			
Nonspendable		5,097,598						388,679		5,486,277
Restricted				2,289,136		133,752,632		12,627,222		148,668,990
Committed		36,000,000					•			36,000,000
Assigned		57,647,612			4					57,647,612
Unassigned		326,880,902								326,880,902
Total Fund Balances		425,626,112	_	2,289,136		133,752,632		13,015,901		574,683,781
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	663,307,928	\$	95,553,062	\$	175,088,934	\$	13,344,142	\$	947,294,066

Continued

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	574,683,781
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the fund financial statements.		1,019,430,688
Bond issuance costs are amortized over the life of the bond on the district-wide financial statements.		(36,746,969)
Bonds are noncurrent liabilities and are excluded from the fund financial statements.		(599,181,407)
Savings from refunding bonds are not current and are not reported in the fund financial statements.		162,140
Leases are noncurrent liabilities that are excluded from the fund financial statements.		(1,126,667)
Subscription obligations are noncurrent liabilities that are excluded from the fund financial statements.		(1,488,913)
Long-term workers compensation liability is noncurrent and is excluded from the fund financial statements.		(22,742,842)
Long-term vacation pay liability is noncurrent and is excluded from the fund financial statements.		(7,262,258)
Long-term sick leave liability is noncurrent and is excluded from the fund financial statements.		(45,639,804)
Bond interest payable is a noncurrent liability and is excluded from the fund financial statements.		(3,643,243)
Net pension liability is noncurrent and is excluded from the fund financial statements.		(500,040,859)
Deferred outflows related to employee pension plans are excluded from the fund financial statements.		90,213,084
Deferred inflows related to pension plans are excluded from the fund financial statements.		(12,394,153)
Net other post-employment benefits liability is noncurrent and is excluded from the fund financial statements.		(479,371,017)
Deferred outflows related to other post-retirement employee benefits are excluded from the fund financial statements.		265,919,839
Deferred inflows related to other post-retirement employee benefits are excluded from the fund financial statements.	_	(202,500,196)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	38,271,204

See Notes to Financial Statements

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 580,019,236			\$ 47,443,915	\$ 627,463,151
Occupational taxes	206,342,623				206,342,623
Other taxes	74,667,834				74,667,834
Grants from local agencies and donors	7,651,942	\$ 5,713,446			13,365,388
State sources					
SEEK program	224,984,448			8,775,318	233,759,766
Other state revenues	414,714,711	41,416,350	\$ 6,811,000		462,942,061
KSFCC allocation				9,618,677	9,618,677
Grants from the United States government		245,424,496		1,986,762	247,411,258
Interest	20,147,815	312,463	754,233		21,214,511
Other sources	5,148,859	274,725		17,929,616	23,353,200
Total Revenues	1,533,677,468	293,141,480	7,565,233	85,754,288	1,920,138,469
Expenditures					
Instruction	772,115,458	175,997,845		18,862,554	966,975,857
Student support services	95,899,669	19,554,373			115,454,042
Instructional staff support services	133,725,146	49,584,819			183,309,965
District administrative support services	9,396,502	491,803			9,888,305
School administrative support services	130,472,811	5,503,562			135,976,373
Business support services	75,958,756	4,751,205			80,709,961
Plant operations and maintenance	148,854,140	13,401,076		55,982	162,311,198
Transportation	79,123,449	10,487,578			89,611,027
Food service operations	182,834	605,677			788,511
Community services	2,852,446	10,809,580			13,662,026
Other instructional support services		33,063			33,063
Building renovations	2,297,926	27,176	101,582,304		103,907,406
Other			920,807		920,807
Debt service	•				
Principal				60,146,721	60,146,721
Interest				22,900,022	22,900,022
Total Expenditures	1,450,879,137	291,247,756	102,503,111	101,965,279	1,946,595,284
Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures	82,798,331	1,893,724	(94,937,878)	(16,210,991)	(26,456,815)

Continued

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Issuance of school building revenue bonds			132,400,000		132,400,000
Premiums on bonds sold			13,284,592		13,284,592
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(2,965,253)				(2,965,253)
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	4,200,189				4,200,189
Transfers in	18,503,595	1,880,977	31,432,019	73,261,677	125,078,268
Transfers out	(19,630,400)	(18,503,595)	(24,587,076)	(62,357,197)	(125,078,268)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	108,131	(16,622,618)	152,529,535	10,904,480	146,919,528
Net Change in Fund Balances	82,906,462	(14,728,895)	57,591,657	(5,306,511)	120,462,713
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	342,719,650	17,018,031	76,160,975	18,322,412	454,221,068
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 425,626,112	\$ 2,289,136	\$ 133,752,632	\$ 13,015,901	\$ 574,683,781

Continued

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the District-wide Statement of Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 120,462,713
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Additions to capital assets capitalized on district-wide statement of net position.	161,873,320
Dispositions of capital assets are reflected on the district-wide statement of activities.	(12,997,002)
Capital asset use is expensed as depreciation on the district-wide statement of activities.	(65,137,709)
Bond principal payments are recorded as a reduction of a liability on the district-wide statement of net position.	60,146,721
Bonds issued are capitalized on the district-wide statement of net position.	(132,400,000)
Bond premiums and discounts must be amortized over the remaining life of the bonds.	(9,830,891)
Capitalized savings from bond refundings must be amortized over the remaining life of the bonds.	(67,474)
Bond interest payable is reflected on the full accrual basis on the district-wide statement of net position.	59,903
Additions to long-term leased assets are capitalized on the statement of net position.	190,139
Long-term subscription assets are capitalized on the statement of net position.	(1,488,913)
Long-term workers compensation liability increased on the district-wide financial statements.	(1,002,184)
Long-term vacation payable decreased on the district-wide financial statements.	(745,167)
Long-term sick leave payable decreased on the district-wide financial statements.	(3,921,846)
Pension expense represents the cost of providing long-term benefits on the district-wide statement of activities.	(100,574,687)
Changes in deferred outflows related to pension plans are long-term in nature and are on the district- wide statement of activities.	38,503,021
Changes in deferred inflows related to pension plans are long-term in nature and are on the district-wide statement of activities.	65,226,523
Changes in deferred outflows related to other post-retirement employee benefits and are on the district- wide statement of activities.	112,307,895
Changes in deferred inflows related to other post-retirement employee benefits and are on the district- wide statement of activities.	20,961,550
Expenses related to other post-retirement employee benefits represents long-term employment costs on the district-wide statement of activities.	 (137,339,655)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 114,226,257

See Notes to Financial Statements

	Enterprise Funds		
	School Food Services	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,339,539	\$ 319,692 \$	7,659,231
Accounts receivable	238,802	10,260	249,062
Inventories	3,591,650		3,591,650
Due from other funds	8,248,260	1,626,563	9,874,823
Total Current Assets	19,418,251	1,956,515	21,374,766
Total Land and Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	15,735,059		15,735,059
Total Assets	35,153,310	1,956,515	37,109,825
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between actual and expected experience	1,787,718	1,837	1,789,555
Changes in assumptions	2,996,698	4,409	3,001,107
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	2,376,150	2,790	2,378,940
Change in proportionate share	6,290,573	8,406	6,298,979
Pension and OPEB contributions after measurement date	5,988,936	6,506	5,995,442
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	19,440,075	23,948	19,464,023
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accrued liabilities	993,233	14,450	1,007,683
Due to other funds	9,973,069	17,086	9,990,155
Total Current Liabilities		31,536	10,997,838
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Unfunded pension liabilities	62,629,444	64,377	62,693,821
Unfunded post-employment benefits liabilities	18,537,715	25,595	18,563,310
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	81,167,159	89,972	81,257,131
Total Liabilities	92,133,461	121,508	92,254,969
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between actual and expected experience	5,084,433	7,975	5,092,408
Changes in assumptions	2,227,832	2,290	2,230,122
Change in proportionate share	1,885,364	1,981	1,887,345
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,197,629	12,246	9,209,875
Net Position			
	15,735,059		15 735 050
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	(62,472,764)	1,846,709	15,735,059 (60,626,055)
Omesuncted	(02,4/2,/04)		
Total Net Position See Notes to Financial Statements	\$ (46,737,705)	\$ 1,846,709 \$	(44,890,996)

Year Ended	June 30), 2023
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Coperating Revenues Services Exercises Contact Process Lunchroom sales \$ 2,175,391 \$ 2,175,310 338,468 333,408 333,408 333,408 32,175,310 338,468 25,175,391 338,468 25,175,391 338,468 25,175,391 338,468 25,178,391 338,468 25,178,391 338,468 25,183,895 30,183,807 30,183,807 338,468 25,183,807 30,183,807 30,183,807 30,183,807 30,183,807 30,183,807 30,183,807 30,183,807 30,183,807 30,183,807 30,183,807 30,183,807 30,183,407 30			Enterprise Funds			ınds		
Lunchroom sales \$ 2,175,391 \$ 338,468 338,468 Total Operating Revenues 2,175,391 338,468 2,513,859 2,000 2,000 2,4155,391 338,468 2,513,859 2,000			S			•	Total	
Tuition and fees \$ 338,468 338,468 Total Operating Revenues 2,175,391 338,468 2,513,859 Operating Expenses 23,423,961 61,118 23,485,079 Employee benefits 24,135,495 16,482 24,157,777 Purchased professional services 151,913 39,589 191,502 Purchased property and maintenance services 3,876,872 739 3,877,611 Other purchased services 127,170 5,301 132,471 Supplies and materials 30,784,800 49,850 3,834,650 Property 71,120 19,816 90,986 Miscellaneous 41,938 70 42,326 Depreciation 4,491,833 19,3685 84,298,435 Income (Loss) From Operations 84,104,750 193,685 84,298,435 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 84,104,750 193,685 84,298,435 Federal grants 66,305,900 447,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414	Operating Revenues						_	
Total Operating Revenues	Lunchroom sales		\$	2,175,391		\$	2,175,391	
Operating Expenses Salaries and personnel services 23,423,961 61,118 23,485,079 Employee benefits 24,135,495 16,482 24,151,977 Purchased professional services 151,913 39,589 191,502 Purchased property and maintenance services 3,876,872 739 3,877,611 Other purchased services 122,170 5,301 132,471 Supplies and materials 30,784,800 49,850 30,834,650 Property 71,170 19,816 90,986 Miscellaneous 41,536 790 42,326 Depreciation 4,419,833 1,491,833 Total Operating Expenses 84,104,750 193,685 84,298,435 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) (81,929,359) 144,783 (81,784,576) Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 447,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414	Tuition and fees				\$	338,468	338,468	
Salaries and personnel services 23,423,961 61,118 23,485,079 Employee benefits 24,135,495 16,482 24,151,977 Purchased professional services 151,913 39,589 191,502 Purchased professional services 3,876,872 739 3,877,611 Other purchased services 127,170 5,301 132,471 Supplies and materials 30,784,800 49,850 30,834,650 Property 71,170 19,816 90,986 Miscellaneous 41,536 790 42,326 Depreciation 1,491,833 1,491,833 1,491,833 Total Operating Expenses 84,104,750 193,685 84,298,435 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) (81,229,359) 144,783 (81,784,576) Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 440,407,500 193,685 84,298,435 Federal grants 66,305,900 66,305,900 66,305,900 66,305,900 66,305,900 66,305,900 84,805,902 4,805,902 4,805,902 4,805,902 4,805,902 4,805,902 4,805	Total Operating Revenues			2,175,391		338,468	2,513,859	
Employee benefits 24,135,495 16,482 24,151,977 Purchased professional services 151,913 39,589 191,502 Purchased property and maintenance services 3,876,872 739 3,877,611 Other purchased services 127,170 5,301 132,471 Supplies and materials 30,784,800 49,850 30,834,650 Property 71,170 19,816 90,986 Miscellaneous 41,556 790 42,326 Depreciation 4,491,833 1,491,833 1,491,833 Total Operating Expenses 84,104,750 193,685 84,298,435 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) (81,929,359) 144,783 (81,784,576) Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 447,414 447,414 447,414 447,414 447,414 447,414 447,414 447,414 447,414 447,414 448,05,902 4,805,902 14,805,902 4,805,902 14,805,902 4,805,902 14,805,902 4,805,902 14,805,902 14,751 17,749,895 14,751 14,751 14,751<	Operating Expenses							
Purchased professional services 151,913 39,589 191,502 Purchased property and maintenance services 3,876,872 739 3,877,611 Other purchased services 127,170 5,301 132,471 Supplies and materials 30,784,800 49,850 30,834,650 Property 71,170 19,816 90,986 Miscellaneous 41,536 790 42,326 Depreciation 4,491,833 1,491,833 1,491,833 Total Operating Expenses 84,104,750 193,685 84,298,435 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) (81,929,359) 144,783 (81,784,576) Nor-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 447,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 Other state revenue 5,640,159 202,960 5,843,119 5,843,119 5,843,119 5,840,119 202,960 5,843,119 5,842,919 1,805,902 1,47,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 7,521,302 228,593 77,749,895 7,749,895 7,7	Salaries and personnel services			23,423,961		61,118	23,485,079	
Purchased property and maintenance services 3,876,872 739 3,877,611 Other purchased services 127,170 5,301 132,471 Supplies and materials 30,784,800 49,850 30,834,650 Property 71,170 19,816 90,986 Miscellaneous 41,536 790 42,326 Depreciation 4,497,833 1,491,833 1,491,833 Total Operating Expenses 84,104,750 193,685 84,298,435 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 66,305,900 14,783 84,298,435 Federal grants 66,305,900 144,783 81,784,576 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Federal grants 66,305,900 66,305,900 State grants 447,414 417,414 417,414 Other state revenue 2,640,159 202,960 5,843,119 Donated commodities 4,805,902 4,805,902 14,751 Total Non-Operating Revenues 77,521,302 28,593 77,749,895	Employee benefits			24,135,495		16,482	24,151,977	
Other purchased services 127,170 5,301 132,471 Supplies and materials 30,784,800 49,850 30,834,650 Property 71,170 19,816 90,986 Miscellaneous 41,536 790 42,326 Depreciation 84,104,750 193,685 84,298,435 Income (Loss) From Operations (81,929,359) 144,783 (81,784,576) Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Federal grants 66,305,900 66,305,900 State grants 417,414 417,414 Other state revenue 5,640,159 202,960 5,843,119 Donated commodities 4,805,902 4,805,902 4,805,902 Interest income 223,978 11,831 235,809 Other revenues 127,949 13,802 141,751 Total Non-Operating Revenues 77,521,302 228,593 77,749,895 Transfers (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 <td colspan<="" td=""><td>Purchased professional services</td><td></td><td></td><td>151,913</td><td></td><td>39,589</td><td>191,502</td></td>	<td>Purchased professional services</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>151,913</td> <td></td> <td>39,589</td> <td>191,502</td>	Purchased professional services			151,913		39,589	191,502
Supplies and materials 30,784,800 49,850 30,834,650 Property 71,170 19,816 90,986 Miscellaneous 41,536 790 42,326 Depreciation 1,491,833 1,491,833 Total Operating Expenses 84,104,750 193,685 84,298,435 Income (Loss) From Operations (81,929,359) 144,783 (81,784,576) Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Federal grants 66,305,900 66,305,900 State grants 417,414 417,414 417,414 Other state revenue 5,640,159 202,960 5,843,119 Donated commodities 4,805,902 4,805,902 Interest income 127,949 13,802 141,751 Total Non-Operating Revenues 77,521,302 228,593 77,749,895 Transfers Transfers to other funds (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234	Purchased property and maintenance service	es		3,876,872		739	3,877,611	
Property 71,170 19,816 90,986 Miscellaneous 41,536 790 42,326 Depreciation 4,491,833 1,491,833 Total Operating Expenses 84,104,750 193,685 84,298,435 Income (Loss) From Operations (81,929,359) 144,783 (81,784,576) Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Federal grants 66,305,900 66,305,900 State grants 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 417,414 405,902 5,843,119 Donated commodities 4,805,902 4,805,902 4,805,902 4,805,902 11,831 235,809 20,902 11,751 <td>Other purchased services</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>127,170</td> <td></td> <td>5,301</td> <td>132,471</td>	Other purchased services			127,170		5,301	132,471	
Miscellaneous 41,536 790 42,326 Depreciation 1,491,833 1,491,833 Total Operating Expenses 84,104,750 193,685 84,298,435 Income (Loss) From Operations (81,929,359) 144,783 (81,784,576) Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Federal grants 66,305,900 66,305,900 State grants 4417,414 417,414 Other state revenue 5,640,159 202,960 5,843,119 Donated commodities 4,805,902 4,805,902 4,805,902 Interest income 223,978 11,831 235,809 Other revenues 77,521,302 228,593 77,749,895 Transfers Transfers to other funds (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year	Supplies and materials			30,784,800		49,850	30,834,650	
Depreciation 1,491,833 1,491,835 Total Operating Expenses 84,104,750 193,685 84,298,435 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) (81,929,359) 144,783 (81,784,576) Federal grants 66,305,900 66,305,900 66,305,900 State grants 4417,414 417,414 417,414 Other state revenue 5,640,159 202,960 5,843,119 Donated commodities 4,805,902 4,805,902 4,805,902 Interest income 223,978 11,831 235,809 Other revenues 77,521,302 228,593 77,749,895 Transfers Transfers to other funds (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Property			71,170		19,816	90,986	
Total Operating Expenses 84,104,750 193,685 84,298,435 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) (81,929,359) 144,783 (81,784,576) Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 66,305,900 66,305,900 Federal grants 417,414 417,414 Other state revenue 5,640,159 202,960 5,843,119 Donated commodities 4,805,902 4,805,902 4,805,902 Interest income 223,978 11,831 235,809 Other revenues 127,949 13,802 141,751 Total Non-Operating Revenues 77,521,302 228,593 77,749,895 Transfers (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Miscellaneous			41,536		790	42,326	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 66,305,900 66,305,900 Federal grants 66,305,900 66,305,900 State grants 417,414 417,414 Other state revenue 5,640,159 202,960 5,843,119 Donated commodities 4,805,902 4,805,902 4,805,902 Interest income 223,978 11,831 235,809 Other revenues 127,949 13,802 141,751 Total Non-Operating Revenues 77,521,302 228,593 77,749,895 Transfers (4,200,189) (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Depreciation			1,491,833			1,491,833	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Federal grants 66,305,900 66,305,900 State grants 417,414 417,414 Other state revenue 5,640,159 202,960 5,843,119 Donated commodities 4,805,902 4,805,902 Interest income 223,978 11,831 235,809 Other revenues 127,949 13,802 141,751 Total Non-Operating Revenues 77,521,302 228,593 77,749,895 Transfers Transfers from other funds (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Total Operating Expenses			84,104,750		193,685	84,298,435	
Federal grants 66,305,900 66,305,900 State grants 417,414 417,414 Other state revenue 5,640,159 202,960 5,843,119 Donated commodities 4,805,902 4,805,902 4,805,902 Interest income 223,978 11,831 235,809 Other revenues 127,949 13,802 141,751 Total Non-Operating Revenues 77,521,302 228,593 77,749,895 Transfers (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Income	(Loss) From Operations		(81,929,359)		144,783	(81,784,576)	
State grants 417,414 417,414 Other state revenue 5,640,159 202,960 5,843,119 Donated commodities 4,805,902 4,805,902 Interest income 223,978 11,831 235,809 Other revenues 127,949 13,802 141,751 Transfers Transfers (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)							
Other state revenue 5,640,159 202,960 5,843,119 Donated commodities 4,805,902 4,805,902 Interest income 223,978 11,831 235,809 Other revenues 127,949 13,802 141,751 Transfers Transfers to other funds (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Federal grants		4	66,305,900			66,305,900	
Donated commodities 4,805,902 4,805,902 Interest income 223,978 11,831 235,809 Other revenues 127,949 13,802 141,751 Transfers Transfers to other funds (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	State grants		7	417,414			417,414	
Interest income	Other state revenue			5,640,159		202,960	5,843,119	
Other revenues 127,949 13,802 141,751 Total Non-Operating Revenues 77,521,302 228,593 77,749,895 Transfers (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Donated commodities			4,805,902			4,805,902	
Total Non-Operating Revenues 77,521,302 228,593 77,749,895 Transfers (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Interest income			223,978		11,831	235,809	
Transfers Transfers to other funds (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Other revenues			127,949		13,802	141,751	
Transfers to other funds (4,200,189) (4,200,189) Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Total Non-Operating Revenues			77,521,302		228,593	77,749,895	
Transfers from other funds 2,965,253 2,965,253 Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Transfers							
Total Transfers (1,234,936) (1,234,936) Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Transfers to other funds			(4,200,189)			(4,200,189)	
Change in Net Position (5,642,993) 373,376 (5,269,617) Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Transfers from other funds			2,965,253			2,965,253	
Net Position, Beginning of Year (41,094,712) 1,473,333 (39,621,379)	Total Transfers			(1,234,936)			(1,234,936)	
		Change in Net Position		(5,642,993)		373,376	(5,269,617)	
Net Position, End of Year \$ (46,737,705) \$ 1,846,709 \$ (44,890,996)	Net Position, Beginning of Year			(41,094,712)		1,473,333	(39,621,379)	
	Net Position, End of Year		\$	(46,737,705)	\$	1,846,709 \$	(44,890,996)	

See Notes to Financial Statements

	Enterpr		
	School Food Services	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,175,391	\$ (28,157)	2,147,234
Cash paid to suppliers	(55,103,890	(68,425)	(55,172,315)
Cash paid to employees	(21,201,151	(88,871)	(21,290,022)
Cash paid for other expenses	(193,449	(40,379)	(233,828)
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities	(74,323,099	(225,832)	(74,548,931)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Interest income	223,978	11,831	235,809
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Investing Activities	223,978	11,831	235,809
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Additions to capital assets	(706,051)	(706,051)
Interest received	127,949		127,949
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(578,102		(578,102)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Cash received for operational grants	78,412,737	216,762	78,629,499
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Noncapital Financing Activities	78,412,737	216,762	78,629,499
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,735,514	2,761	3,738,275
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	3,604,025	316,931	3,920,956
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 7,339,539	\$ 319,692 \$	7,659,231

Continued

		Enterpri		
	s	Services	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals
Reconciliation of Income (Loss) from Operations to Net Cash				
Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities				
Income (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(81,929,359)	\$ 144,783 \$	(81,784,576)
Depreciation		1,491,833		1,491,833
Donated commodities		4,805,902		4,805,902
Transfers		(1,234,936)		(1,234,936)
Change in accounts receivable			1,523	1,523
Change in amounts due from other funds		16,314,721	(368,147)	15,946,574
Change in inventories		598,241		598,241
Change in deferred outflows		(6,695,244)	(5,171)	(6,700,415)
Change in amounts due to other funds		(24,129,382)	(2,605)	(24,131,987)
Change in accrued liabilities		(283,703)	9,885	(273,818)
Change in deferred inflows		(6,909,691)	(11,526)	(6,921,217)
Change in unfunded post-employment benefits liabilities		4,674,692	5,045	4,679,737
Change in unfunded pension liability		18,973,827	381	18,974,208
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	(74,323,099)	\$ (225,832) \$	(74,548,931)
Summary of Noncash Financing Activity				
Donated commodities from the US Dept of Agriculture	\$	4,805,902		
District facilities support - rent forgiven on cafeterias	\$	2,965,253		
Depreciation	\$	1,491,833		
Adjustments in Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activity				
Accounts receivable related to grant revenues	\$	6,049,264		

See Notes to Financial Statements

Jefferson County Public Education Foundation, a Major Component Unit of the Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky June 30, 2023

		Total
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,001,834
Investments		12,583,152
	Total Assets	21,584,986
Net Assets		
Without donor restrictions	\$	28,719
Without donor restrictions, board designated		19,402,428
With donor restrictions		2,153,839
То	otal Net Assets \$	21,584,986

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Operating Revenues			
Contributions	\$ 20,016,553 \$	257,338 \$	20,273,891
Fundraising, net of event expenses of \$16,919 in fiscal year 2023		32,697	32,697
Net investment income	547,151	197,196	744,347
Net assets released from restriction	29 2,836	(292,836)	
Total Operating Revenues	20,856,540	194,395	21,050,935
Operating Expenses			
Program services	1,442,770		1,442,770
Management and general	16,806		16,806
Total Operating Expenses	1,459,576		1,459,576
Change in Net Assets	19,396,964	194,395	19,591,359
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	34,183	1,959,444	1,993,627
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 19,431,147 \$	2,153,839 \$	21,584,986

See Notes to Financial Statements



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity–The Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky (the "District") is established under and governed by the Kentucky School Laws and maintains a system of schools primarily for kindergarten through twelfth grade, but also includes preschool, vocational and adult education. The District is a school district of the Commonwealth of Kentucky having boundaries coterminous with the boundaries of Jefferson County, excluding the City of Anchorage.

The accompanying financial statements include all funds and activities of the District, including the Jefferson County School Board Finance Corporation (the "Corporation"), a non-stock, not-for-profit Corporation. The Corporation is a blended component unit and was created to act as an agency in the acquisition and financing of any capital project which may be undertaken by the District. Accounts of the Corporation are included in the financial statements as a capital projects fund.

The District is not includable as a component unit within another reporting entity. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

Accounting Standards—The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

District-wide and Fund Financial Statements—The District-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements report information on all the activities of the District. The doubling-up effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely significantly on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to students or parents who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The District allocates certain indirect costs to be included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities in the District-wide Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the District-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting—The District-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible during the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to pensions, other post employment benefits, compensated absences and workers' compensation claims, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue and charges for services. Occupational tax revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund, which accounts for all of the activities of the general government not required to be accounted for in another fund. Local taxes account for 56.6% of the General Fund revenues, while the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") program accounts for 14.7% of General Fund revenues. SEEK is a program that began in 1990 as the result of the Kentucky Education Reform Act ("KERA"), and is the basic State funding spent by the District. Other State Revenues are 27.0% of General Fund revenues and are principally health insurance for all employees and teachers' pension match paid by the State on the District's behalf, as discussed further on page 34 in Note A.

The Special Revenue Fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for the activities of specific education related programs in accordance with restrictions established by the various grantors (primarily the United States Government and state and local governments). This includes certain KERA grants which carry grantor restrictions related to expenditures.

The Construction Fund accounts for funds from three sources. First, funds generated by sales of bond issues are used for various construction projects at educational facilities. Second, proceeds from the sale of properties and equipment owned by the District are to be used at the discretion of the District for future construction projects. Last, any funds remaining in the Capital Outlay and Building Tax Funds at the end of the year are escrowed to pay for categorical priorities listed in the Long-Range Facility Plan, discussed on page 13 in the MD&A.



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services or producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The District reports as a major proprietary fund the School and Community Nutrition Services ("School Food Services") Program which provides certain food preparation at the Nutrition Center and serves breakfast and lunch at schools throughout Jefferson County.

Component Unit—The Jefferson County Public Education Foundation ("JCPEF") is a 501(c)(3) public charity whose predominate mission is to support Jefferson County Public Schools, its students, and its staff. It maintains separate accounting records with full financial authority and a completely independent Board. As the only component unit, it qualifies as major and is reported as a separate financial statement of major component units. JCPEF maintains its financial records using the modified cash basis. These records have been audited separately and a copy of their financial statements can be obtained at Jefferson County Public Education Foundation, VanHoose Education Center, 3332 Newburg Road, Louisville, KY, 40218.

JCPEF reports net assets and revenues, expenses, gains, and losses based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of JCPEF and changes are reported as follows:

<u>Without donor restriction</u> – Portion of expendable funds available for support in the JCPEF operation. <u>With donor restrictions</u> – Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations. These net assets include those that may or will be met either by actions of JCPEF and/or the passage of time and also include \$1,491,825 permanent endowment funds.

JCPEF maintains cash in a bank account insured by the Federal Depositors Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). When balances exceeded FDIC limits, excess amounts exposed to credit risk were secured by United States Treasury repurchase agreements. Investments remain subject to custodial credit risk, interest rate risk, and concentration of credit risk as outlined in Note B. All investments have been measured and reported at fair value according to the hierarchy explained in Note B:

					Fair Va	llue	Measurements	Using:
Investments by Fair Value Level		Jı	ıne 30, 2023	Ac	oted Prices in itve Markets or Identical sets – Level 1	•	gnificant Other Observable puts – Level 2	Significant Other Unobservable Inputs – Level 3
Corporate Bonds		\$	1,593,571			\$	1,593,571	
Treasury Notes			6,698,444	\$	6,698,444			
Mutual funds – fixed income			81,917		81,917			
Equities			3,231,214		3,231,214			
Mutual funds – equity			179,403		179,403			
Exchange Traded Funds			798,603		798,603			
	Total	\$	12,583,152	\$	10,989,581	\$	1,593,571	



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Cash and Cash Equivalents—The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories—Inventories are valued at the lower of cost, using the first in, first out method, or market. Generally, the only inventory items marked to market are diesel, gasoline, and items determined to be obsolete with no current market value. The Food Service Fund's inventories consist of food and supplies valued at cost and U. S. Government commodities whose value is determined by the U.S.D.A.

In the governmental funds balance sheet, reported inventories in the general fund are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of total assets.

Capital Assets—Capital assets include land, buildings, vehicles, leased assets, subscription-based information technology assets, office equipment, school equipment, and food service equipment, and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the District-wide Statement of Net Position and in the Statement of Net Position — Proprietary Funds. The District maintains a record of its capital assets, and those with a cost of \$1,000 or more are capitalized. All computers, regardless of cost, are capitalized. Additions to capital assets are recorded at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method. Capital assets are depreciated over estimated useful lives as determined by the Kentucky Department of Education, as follows:

	Estimated life (years)
Land improvements	20
Buildings	50
Building improvements	25
Carpet/tile	7
Technology equipment	5
School buses	10
Other vehicles	5
Rolling stock	15
Food service equipment	12
Furniture and fixtures	20
Audio-visual equipment	15
Other general equipment	10
Musical instruments	10

The same asset classifications may be leased over a period exceeding 12 months instead of purchased, which would qualify as leases or subscription assets. These assets are amortized over the remaining term of the lease/subscription agreement, rather than in accordance with the depreciable life table.

Estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements





Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Fund Balance—Fund balance is separated into five categories, as follows:

Category	Definition		District Purpose					
Nonspendable	such as an endowme used for another pur	lable by decree of the dono ent, or items which may not pose, such as amounts used ses or already-purchased	e					
Restricted	Legally restricted unde authority, or grantor	r federal or state law, bond contract	Grant funds, bond proceeds, and for by specific state laws	unds governed				
Committed	Resolution and can r	by the elected Board through not be used for any other ified or rescinded by Board	gh a Required reserves to meet payroll a payable cash flow requirements	and accounts				
Assigned	Spendable fund balanc management priority encumbrances	te amounts authorized by y including issued	Encumbered purchase orders (budge money allocated/assigned to a pyet spent) and other specific purpositions considered restricted or of the specific purpositions are specific purpositions.	urchase but not poses that are				
Unassigned	Funds available for futu	ure operations	Funds available for future operation	ns				
Category	District Purpose	Spec General Fund Rever		Purpose Total				
Nonspendable	Prepaid expenses and inventory on hand	\$ 5,097,598	\$ 388,679	\$ 5,486,277				
Restricted	Grant or donor-directed funds	\$ 2,28	89,136 5,558,835	7,847,971				
	Unspent bond proceeds and unallocated project residuals		\$ 133,752,632	133,752,632				
	Funds governed by specific state laws		7,068,387	7,068,387				
Committed	Cash flows protection	36,000,000		36,000,000				
Assigned	Encumbered purchase orders (budgeted, approved money allocated/assigned to a purchase but not yet spent)	57,647,612		57,647,612				
Unassigned	Funds available for future operations	326,880,902		326,880,902				



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Unassigned fund balance is generally only reported in the General Fund. However, if expenditures for a governmental fund other than the General Fund exceeded amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

It is the District's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, District, or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. Encumbrances remaining open at the end of the fiscal year are automatically re-budgeted in the following fiscal year. Encumbrances are considered a managerial assignment of fund balance in the General Fund balance sheet. Board policy 04.31 grants this authority to the Superintendent or the Superintendent's designee. The Superintendent has granted fund balance assignment authority to the Director of Purchasing.

Statutorily, the Kentucky Department of Education may assume financial control over any school district whose fund balance drops below 2% of the total expenditures of certain funds. To maintain balances above this level, they recommend reserving at least 5%. The elected Jefferson County Board of Education committed funds to ensure fund balance remains above these levels. While these funds have been properly committed and not budgeted for future years' expenditures, there is no mandate on how the committed funds would be used if the District fell below the 2% floor.

Property Tax Revenues–Property taxes are levied each November on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property in Jefferson County. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual due date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing.

On-Behalf Payments—The Commonwealth of Kentucky pays certain expenses on behalf of the District. In the financial statements, these payments are recorded as an expense and other state revenue. These expenses include the following:

	 2022-23
Health insurance	\$ 116,335,073
KTRS employer match	304,330,885
HRA, dental, vision, and life insurance	4,182,024
State administration fee	1,320,742
Reimbursement from federal programs	(8,447,782)
State facility construction support	9,618,677
Technology systems	807,590
	\$ 428,147,209
State facility construction support	\$ 9,618,677 807,590



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Budgetary Principles—The Superintendent must submit the proposed budget for all funds other than school-based activity funds to members of the Board each year. The Board Members will then discuss and, where so desired, amend the proposed budget and will adopt a final budget by September 30 of each fiscal year. Any adjustments to the adopted budget must be approved by the Board.

Budget information is presented for the General Fund and other funds with a legally-adopted budget. This budgetary data is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgetary revenues represent original estimates modified for any adjustments authorized by the Board during the fiscal year. Budgetary expenditures represent original appropriations adjusted for budget transfers and additional appropriations approved during the fiscal year. Although budgets are prepared on a line-item basis by cost center for each department, expenditures may legally exceed budget in these areas but may not exceed the budget in total. District Activity Funds and Student Activity Funds do not have legally-adopted budgets and budgetary information is not presented for these funds.

Interfund Receivables and Payables—Each fund is a separate fiscal and accounting entity, and thus interfund transactions are recorded in each fund affected by a transaction. Interfund receivables and payables for the District arise generally from two types of transactions. 1) all funds are initially received into the General Fund, thus a payable and receivable are established in the appropriate funds; and 2) payments are from the General Fund checking account, which may not have the legal liability for the expenditure, thus a payable from the fund having the legal liability is established at such time. Typically, interfund receivables and liabilities are resolved monthly, and all of these balances should be resolved within a year. All interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated on the District-wide Statement of Net Position.

	Due from other Funds Reported in General Fund		Due to other Funds Reported in General Fund		
Special Revenue Fund	\$	77,298,452	\$	36,024,504	
Construction Fund		15,439,894		58,385,228	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds				5,738,537	
Food Service Fund		9,973,069		8,248,260	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		17,086		1,626,563	
	\$	102,728,500	\$	110,023,092	



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Transfers to Other Funds—Although each fund is its own distinct reporting entity, periodically, funds have cause to make transfers to other funds. The most common reasons necessitating interfund transfers are for debt service payments and grant matching funds. Debt service payments may be paid from the Capital Outlay Fund, Building Tax Fund, or Construction Fund, but the expenditures are recorded in the Debt Service Fund with transfers recorded to keep the funds in balance. At times, the District receives grants which require an amount of matching funds. Usually, the General Fund supplies this match offset by transfers to the Special Revenue Fund. The following is a schedule of the District's transfers during the year:

	 ransfers from other funds	Transfers to other funds	
General Fund	\$ 22,703,784	\$ 22,595,653	Food Service facilities rent forgiven, grant matching, and construction funding
Special Revenue Fund	1,880,977	18,503,595	Grant matching funds and accounting changes Debt service payments and escrowed funds used for current
Construction Fund Nonmajor Governmental	31,432,019	24,587,076	construction Debt service payments and escrowed funds used for current
Funds	73,261,677	62,357,197	construction
Food Services Fund	 2,965,253	4,200,189	Facilities vent forgiven by General Fund
	\$ 132,243,710	\$ 132,243,710	

Pensions—For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kentucky Teachers Retirement System and the County Employees Retirement System and additions to/deductions from these pensions' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by those pensions. The pensions' financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions ("OPEB")—For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kentucky Teachers Retirement System and the County Employees Retirement System and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the respective plans. The plans' financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. For this purpose, the plans recognize benefit payments when due and payable, in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.



Note B—Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District's deposits are maintained in five designated financial institutions. Deposits at all these financial institutions are entirely insured by the FDIC or by collateral held by the financial institutions in the District's name, as is required by the District's investment policy, though custodial credit risk is not specifically mentioned in this policy. During the year, the District invests excess cash into short-term United States Government obligations or bank certificates of deposit collateralized by U.S. Government securities. These investments are either insured or securities are held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the District's name.

In compliance with Kentucky Statutes, the District's investment policy 04.6 specifies that the District's investment objectives, in order of priority, are the following:

- a. Legality
- b. Safety of principal
- c. Liquidity to enable the District to meet all operating requirements
- d. Return on Investment

The complete investment policy 04.6 is available at http://policy.ksba.org/Chapter.aspx?distid=56. Investments consist of certificates of deposit and U.S. Government agency securities. The certificates of deposit are held by various schools' activity funds in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds at several financial institutions located in Jefferson County, Kentucky, and have various rates of interest and maturity dates greater than ninety days. Such investments are stated at fair value as of June 30. These investments are covered by depositor insurance or by collateral held by the financial institutions in the District's name. The U.S. Government Securities also have maturities greater than ninety days and their value has been adjusted to fair value. As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Fund Type	Investment Type	Fair Value	Moody's Rating	Weighted Average Maturity in Years
Governmental	Federal Agencies	\$ 46,462,561	Aaa	2.58
	Certificates of Deposit	 501,134		1.23
		\$ 46,963,695		

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



Note B—Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments—Continued

Credit Risk—Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. In an effort to minimize the likelihood that an issuer will default, the District has limited the number of permissible investments under its investment policy to certain highly rated investments. In accordance with this policy, the District is authorized to invest in the following:

- a. Obligations of the United States and of its agencies, national corporations, and instrumentalities, including repurchase agreements
- b. Certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan institutions
- c. Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and of its agencies and municipalities
- d. Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality or agency thereof, in the United States, but only if fully defeased by direct obligations of or guaranteed by the United States of America
- e. Interest bearing deposits in national and state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount so insured, and in larger amounts providing such bank shall pledge as security obligations having a current quoted market value at least equal to any uninsured deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All investments held by the District are insured or collateralized with securities held in the District's name. The securities held as collateral are maintained either by the Federal Reserve or in the trust area of major national banks.

Interest Rate Risk–Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair value by purchasing a combination of cash holdings, shorter-term, and longer-term investments. Some of the District's investments in federal agency securities are callable instruments and particularly carry this form of risk. The District has no formal policies relating to interest rate risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk—The District's investment policy places no limit on the amount the District may invest with any one issuer; however, all holdings must be collateralized with securities held in the District's name. As of June 30, 2023, the District had \$1,750,000 of deposits insured by the FDIC. Amounts on deposit in excess of FDIC insurance required to be collateralized were collateralized by securities held in the District's name and none were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Fair Value Measurement–The District's investments are measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 Investments reflect prices that are based on similar observable assets either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.



Note B—Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments—Continued

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk. Debt securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor. Assets classified in Level 2 are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information available by the primary vendor.

			Fair Value Measurements Using:			Using:	
Investments by Fair Value Level	Jui	ne 30, 2023		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets – Level 1	•	gnificant Other Observable puts – Level 2	Significant Other Unobservable Inputs – Level 3
Certificates of Deposit	\$	501,134			\$	501,134	
U.S. Agency Obligations		46,462,561	\$	46,462,561			
Total Debt Securities	\$	46,963,695	\$	46,462,561	\$	501,134	

Note C—Receivables

The District recognizes revenues as receivable when they are measurable and receipt is certain. Concentration of credit risk with respect to the receivables from federal and state governments is limited due to the historical stability of those institutions. While the District receives revenues from many different outside sources throughout the year, the accounts and grants receivable from outside sources may be grouped into the following categories:

	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Total
Accounts and grants receivable from outside			
sources			
Accounts receivable	\$ 2,131,944	\$ 249,062	\$ 2,381,006
Taxes receivable	26,681,005		26,681,005
Grants receivable	59,528,558		59,528,558
	\$ 88,341,507	\$ 249,062	\$ 88,590,569

Federal and state grants to be used or expended as specified by the grantor are recognized as revenue and recorded as receivables as qualifying expenditures are made.

The following is the District's property tax calendar:

Date	Event
January 1, year of levy	Assessment date
October 1, year of levy	Taxes levied
November 30, year of levy	2% discount allowed
December 31, year of levy	1% discount allowed
January 31, following year	Gross amount due
February 1, following year	Delinquent date, 1½ % interest added per month
April 1, following year	10% penalty added



Note C—Receivables—Continued

Unpaid property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of the delinquent date. The Jefferson County Clerk's Office collects personal property tax on vehicles when registered. The Jefferson County Sheriff's Office bills and collects all property taxes on real estate and other personal property on behalf of the District. District property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

Although the District has taxes receivable from a variety of constituents, a substantial portion of the debtors' ability to honor this debt is dependent upon the widely diverse economic environment of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and the local area.

Note D—Capital Assets

Activity in capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2022	Additions	Dispositions	Balance June 30, 2023	
Governmental Activities					
Land	\$ 29,247,665	A . 4		\$ 29,247,665	
Construction in progress	107,954,167	\$ 107,554,773	\$ 11,727,673	203,781,267	
	137,201,832	107,554,773	11,727,673	233,028,932	
Land improvements	50,641,977	1,299,474	36,603	51,904,848	
Buildings & building improvements	1,514,134,271	11,164,603	1,171,875	1,524,126,999	
Leased buildings	538,624		107,725	430,899	
Technology equipment	135,510,641	16,677,230	5,794,112	146,393,759	
Leased technology equipment	755,375	147,731	207,561	695,545	
Subscription assets		1,551,459		1,551,459	
Vehicles	112,379,166	3,707,142	1,147,695	114,938,613	
General equipment	80,309,694	19,770,908	1,984,238	98,096,364	
	1,894,269,748	54,318,547	10,449,809	1,938,138,486	
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization					
Land improvements	33,105,542	1,677,244	36,503	34,746,283	
Buildings & building improvements	834,858,998	38,315,607	1,058,007	872,116,598	
Leased buildings		107,725		107,725	
Technology equipment	91,549,893	13,597,494	5,357,695	99,789,692	
Leased technology equipment	418,558	252,728		671,286	
Subscription assets		775,729		775,729	
Vehicles	89,594,784	5,465,378	1,147,695	93,912,467	
General equipment	46,251,726	4,945,804	1,580,580	49,616,950	
	1,095,779,501	65,137,709	9,180,480	1,151,736,730	
	\$ 935,692,079	\$ 96,735,611	\$ 12,997,002	\$ 1,019,430,688	

Included in this table is current construction in progress. Items are not depreciated until placed into service. Accordingly, these items have no accumulated depreciation. Please note that minor adjustments or corrections are included in the dispositions column above and may cause small variances.



Note D—Capital Assets—Continued

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2022	A	Additions	Dis	positions	Balance ne 30, 2023
Business-type Activities							
Land	\$	1,000,000					\$ 1,000,000
Land improvements		4,745					4,745
Buildings & building improvements		17,030,604					17,030,604
Technology equipment		1,337,104			\$	7,410	1,329,694
Vehicles		2,162,043					2,162,043
General equipment		31,821,673	\$	721,773		213,568	32,329,878
		53,356,169		721,773		220,978	53,856,964
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Land improvements		1,995		238			2,233
Buildings & building improvements		7,837,485		340,782			8,178,267
Technology equipment		1,231,411		46,584		7,410	1,270,585
Vehicles		2,071,339		40,309			2,111,648
General equipment		25,693,098		1,063,920		197,846	26,559,172
		36,835,328		1,491,833		205,256	38,121,905
	\$	16,520,841	\$	(770,060)	\$	15,722	\$ 15,735,059

Please note that minor adjustments or corrections are included in the dispositions column above and may cause small variances. The District implemented Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement no. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, "SBITAs", during the fiscal year, in accordance with the statement requirements. No adjustments to beginning net position were necessary as a result of this implementation. Under GASB 87, leased buildings include office and classroom space at a local university with a five year term. Leased technology equipment includes copiers for use in the District print shop (six year term) and various schools (five year terms). Each leased asset is amortized over the term of the lease and each subscription assets is amortized over the term of the subscription-based information technology agreement.

Depreciation expense for business-type activities was entirely incurred in the operation of the District's school food services program. Depreciation and amortization for governmental activities is included in the following functional categories:

Instruction	\$ 56,039,286
Student support services	345
District administrative support services	2,806,430
Business support services	31,017
Plant operations and maintenance	1,054,399
Transportation	5,152,949
Community services	 53,283
	\$ 65,137,709



Note D—Capital Assets—Continued

Net Investment in Capital Assets—On the District-wide Statement of Net Position, capital assets from Note D and Long-term Debt represent material portions of the District's net position. This calculation is as follows:

	Governmental	Business-type
Capital assets, net of related depreciation	\$ 1,019,430,688 \$	15,735,059
Less: lease liability	(1,126,667)	
Less: subscription agreement liability	(1,488,913)	
School building revenue bonds	(599,181,407)	
Net premiums/discounts on bonds	(36,746,969)	
Deferred savings from refunding bonds	162,140	
Bond proceeds not yet spent on capital projects	49,077,915	
	\$ 430,126,787 \$	15,735,059

Note E—Long-Term Liabilities

School Building Revenue Bonds

		Original	Outstanding
2008	Series B QZAB, non-interest bearing and full bond liability paid at maturity in December 2022	\$ 5,200,000	_
2010	Series C QSCB, interest rate of 5.125%, principal and interest payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1, with maturities through November 2029	27,483,000	\$ 7,117,050
2011	Series A QSCB, interest rate of 4.650%, principal and interest payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, with maturities through June 2026	30,352,000	29,357
2012	Series A, interest rates ranging from 2.625% to 3.375% principal and interest payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, with maturities through March 2032	13,850,000	7,115,000
2012	Series B, interest rates ranging from 2.3% to 2.6% principal and interest payable semiannually on July 1 and January 1, with maturities through January 2024	20,510,000	2,190,000
2012	Series C, interest rate of 1.9%, principal and interest payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, with maturities through September 2024	18,730,000	3,815,000
2012	Series D, interest rates ranging from 2% to 3.125%, principal and interest payable semiannually on October 1 and April 1, with maturities through October 2032	27,235,000	21,835,000
2013	Series A, interest rates ranging from 2% to 2.375%, principal and interest payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, with maturities through June 2025	22,860,000	7,215,000
2013	Series B, interest rates ranging from 2% to 4%, principal and interest payable semiannually on July 1 and January 1, with maturities through July 2026	35,550,000	17,270,000
2013	Series C, interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on November 1 and May 1, with maturities through November 2033	33,005,000	25,290,000
2014	Series A, interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on November 1 and May 1, with maturities through May 2034	42,890,000	38,205,000
2015	Series A, interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on October 1 and April 1, with maturities through April 2035	16,465,000	11,645,000
2015	Series B, interest rate set at 4%, principal and interest payable semiannually on December 1 and June 1, with maturities through December 2026	36,285,000	24,630,000
2015	Series C, interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on December 1 and June 1, with maturities through December 2035	15,160,000	12,455,000

Continued



Note E—Long-Term Liabilities—Continued

			Original	Outstanding
2016	Series A, interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 4%, principal and interest payable semiannually on July 1 and January 1, with maturities through July 2036		39,855,000	32,060,000
2016	Series B, interest rate set at 2%, principal and interest payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1, with maturities through October 2028		7,120,000	3,700,000
2017	Series A, interest rate set at 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on August 1 and February 1, with maturities through August 2029		31,270,000	26,795,000
2018	Series A, interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1, with maturities through October 2038		29,625,000	26,925,000
2019	Series A, interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on December 1 and June 1, with maturities through June 2037		54,860,000	48,210,000
2020	Series A, interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on December 1 and June 1, with maturities through June 2037		57,795,000	55,020,000
2021	Series A, interest rates ranging from 2% to 4%, principal and interest payable semiannually on August 1 and February 1, with maturities through February 20	41	36,350,000	34,580,000
2021	Series B, interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, with maturities through June 2041		86,445,000	83,880,000
2022	Series A, interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, with maturities through June 2032		74,475,000	51,275,000
2023	Series A, interest rates ranging from 4% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1, with maturities through May 2043		57,925,000	57,925,000
		Total —	821,295,000	599,181,407
	Previous balance of (discounts)/premiums		39,168,424	26,916,078
	Premiums on bonds sold during current year		13,284,592	13,284,592
	Current year amortization of discounts/(premiums)			(3,453,701)
	Unamortized (discounts)/premiums at issuance of bonds		52,453,016	36,746,969
		Total	873,748,016 \$	635,928,376

Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are reported in the accompanying District-wide Statement of Net Position as follows:

	Current	Long-Term	Total
Governmental activities \$	40.548.093 \$	595.380.283 \$	635.928.376

The School Building Revenue Bonds listed below are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity dates at the option of the Board. The redemption prices include a premium of 1% to 3% of the outstanding principal amounts. The earliest allowable redemption dates for each Series are as follows:

2010 Series C November 2020	2013 Series A June 2023	2015 Series C December 2025	2020 Series A June 2029
2011 Series A June 2021	2013 Series B July 2023	2016 Series A July 2036	2021 Series A February 2028
2012 Series A March 2022	2013 Series C November 2023	2016 Series B October 2028	2021 Series B December 2031
2012 Series B January 2024	2014 Series A May 2024	2017 Series A February 2027	2022 Series A June 2032
2012 Series C September 2024	2015 Series A April 2035	2018 Series A October 2026	2023 Series A May 2031
2012 Series D October 2022	2015 Series B December 2026	2019 Series A June 2026	



Note E-Long-Term Liabilities-Continued

Bondholders are protected against default by a mechanism whereby the Commonwealth of Kentucky would withhold state SEEK payments and remit required debt service payments directly to the debt service paying agent. All bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations.

In connection with most of the above listed bond issues, the District has entered into participation agreements with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission") which provides that the Commission will remit a stated amount of bond principal and interest payments annually, subject to biennial approval by the Kentucky General Assembly. Should approval not be received in future periods, the District remains obligated for the full amount of the bond principal and interest payments.

Assuming no issues are called prior to scheduled maturity and continued Commission participation, the minimum obligations of the District at June 30, 2023 for debt service is as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total R	epayments	Less: Commission Participation	Net Repayments
2024	\$ 37,385,000 \$	21,059,095	\$	58,444,095	10,495,459	\$ 47,948,636
2025	36,570,000	19,846,238	`	56,416,238	8,569,017	47,847,221
2026	38,009,357	24,003,662		62,013,019	8,605,269	53,407,750
2027	39,300,000	16,893,035		56,193,035	8,344,339	47,848,696
2028	39,890,000	15,519,641		55,409,641	7,561,089	47,848,552
2029-2033	222,247,050	63,143,092	2	285,390,142	33,917,307	251,472,835
2034-2038	160,215,000	16,948,246	•	177,163,246	21,526,414	155,636,832
2039-2043	25,565,000	1,377,725		26,942,725	7,523,855	19,418,870
TOTAL	\$ 599,181,407 \$	178,790,734	\$ 7	777,972,141	\$ 106,542,749	\$ 671,429,392

All bonds issued by the District were revenue bonds or refunding bonds of revenue bonds, and the proceeds were used to construct or renovate schools and other facilities. The bonds payable are collateralized by the educational facilities constructed by the District with bond proceeds. Bonds are repaid principally from state revenues in the Capital Outlay Fund and local revenues in the Building Tax Fund. General Fund revenues are available to pay for debt service but have not been needed for this purpose.

As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal amount of indebtedness that is considered to be extinguished under "in substance defeasance" and therefore excluded from the District-wide financial statements was \$41,544,200. Although defeased, the funded debt will not be actually retired until the call dates have come due or until maturity if they are not callable issues.

Qualified School Construction Bonds ("QSCB")—The District has issued two taxable Qualified School Construction Bonds with direct payment to issuer. As part of this program, the District pays interest to the purchaser at taxable interest rates and receives a refund from the US Department of Treasury for those interest payments. The official bond statements specify that the District will make payments, which will be held in trust for the sole purpose of redeeming the bonds held by the bondholders at maturity. Accordingly, as principal payments are made, both the cash held in trust and the payments made into the trust will be excluded from the District's assets and liabilities, respectively.



Note E—Long-Term Liabilities—Continued

Qualified Zone Academy Bonds ("QZAB")—On December 23, 2008, the District issued \$5,200,000 in Special Obligations School Financing Bond Series 2008B as a QZAB to finance capital projects at Cane Run and Shacklette Elementary Schools. On December 23, 2009, the District began making annual payments of \$371,429 to an escrow account at a local bank. Such payments are being held in trust and invested at an interest rate of 6.0% in accordance with the funding agreement. The final annual payment was made on December 23, 2022 and the principal was paid in full from the escrow account.

Lease Obligations—The District has leases providing access to building space and copiers owned by the University of Louisville. The lease obligations are valued at the present value of each lease discounted at the District's average borrowing rate for the term of each lease. All leases are for fixed payment amounts and none have early termination penalties. This schedule shows the remaining lease obligation payments over the life of the leases:

Year Ending June 30	ne 30 Payments		Interest	Net Repayments
2024	\$	376,392	\$ 26,9	918 \$ 349,474
2025		349,636	25,	195 324,441
2026		302,357	21,9	280,450
2027		173,586	12,3	393 161,193
2028		12,746	1,0	11,109
TOTAL	\$	1,214,717	\$ 88,0	050 \$ 1,126,667

Subscription Obligations—The District's subscription obligations are valued at the present value of each subscription discounted at the District's average borrowing rate for the term of each subscription contract. This schedule shows the remaining payments over the life of the subscriptions:

Year Ending June 30	Payments	Interest	Total Repayments
2024 \$	880,390 \$	42,115 \$	838,275
2025	685,290	34,652	650,638
TOTAL \$	1,565,680 \$	76,767 \$	1,488,913

Estimated Liability for Workers' Compensation Benefits—The estimated liability for workers' compensation benefits consists of claim settlements for reported and outstanding claims and estimated claim settlements for incurred but not reported claims (based upon historical experience and an actuarial study). Estimated claim settlements for incurred but not reported claims are discounted at 3% over the anticipated payment periods to reflect the time value of money. This liability, along with certain related assets and liabilities, is accounted for within the Workers' Compensation Trust Fund, which is a self-insurance fund administered by the District for the purpose of providing workers' compensation insurance to employees of the District.

The District maintained reinsurance covering that portion of risks in excess of \$1,000,000 for any one occurrence with a \$500,000 deductible for the year ended June 30, 2023. The limit is subject to audit by the District's insurer. The District remains liable to the extent that claims are less than the amount of reinsurance coverage or if the reinsuring company is unable to pay its portion of claims. Workers' Compensation liability is charged against the same fund from which each employee's salary is paid. The majority of these payments are charged to the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and School Food Services Fund.



Note E-Long-Term Liabilities-Continued

Accrued Vacation Pay and Sick Leave—Accrued vacation pay, which may be accumulated for a period of up to two years, is payable upon termination of employment. Accrued sick leave, which has no maximum accumulation, is payable upon retirement at 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Both accrued sick leave and accrued vacation pay liabilities are charged against the same fund from which each employee's salary is paid. The majority of these payments are charged to the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and School Food Services Fund.

Activity in long-term liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2022	Additions	De	eductions	J	Balance une 30, 2023	nounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:								
School building revenue bonds	\$	526,928,129	\$ 132,400,000	\$	60,146,722	\$	599,181,407	\$ 37,385,000
Net bond premiums/discounts		26,916,078	13,284,592		3,453,701		36,746,969	3,163,093
Lease liabilities		1,316,806	147,731		337,870		1,126,667	349,474
Subscription agreements liabilities			2,327,188		838,275		1,488,913	838,275
Estimated liability for workers' compensation claims		22,669,962	6,492,734		5,374,959		23,787,737	1,044,896
Accrued vacation pay		7,782,398	6,884,589		6,170,260		8,496,727	1,234,469
Accrued sick leave		42,830,043	22,547,491	7	18,987,969		46,389,565	749,761
	\$	628,443,416	\$ 184,084,325	\$	95,309,756	\$	717,217,985	\$ 44,764,968

On the Government-wide and Proprietary Funds Statements of Net Position, long-term liabilities are split between the current maturities, which are expected to be paid within one year, and the long-term maturities, which are expected to be paid beyond one year later.

Note F—Retirement Plans

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. Both plans use the entry age normal actuarial funding method and the accrual basis of accounting.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous Plan ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the CERS Board of Trustees under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") 61.646. CERS is governed by a 9-member board of trustees. Another 9-member board of trustees called the Kentucky Retirement Systems oversees the Kentucky Employees Retirement Systems ("KERS") and the State Police Retirement System ("SPRS").



Note F-Retirement Plans-Continued

The administrative entity comprising the office of counselors and professional staff is referred to as the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority ("KPPA"). It is governed by a third 8-member board composed of trustees from the boards of trustees of CERS and the Kentucky Retirement Systems. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/, by writing to the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by calling (502) 696-8800.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement and other postemployment benefits, which are described further in Note H. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date	Before September 1, 2008		
	Unreduced retirement	27 years service or 65 years old		
	Reduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age		
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013		
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87		
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old		
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013		
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87		
	Reduced retirement	Not available		

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement benefits are based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings for Tier 1 employees, or the average of the last five fiscal years' earnings for Tier 2 and Tier 3 employees. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components.

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits equal the employee's final full-year salary.

Contributions—Contribution rates are actuarially determined per KRS Section 78.454 (33) each year. The District's contribution rate to the pension and insurance (OPEB) funds was 26.79%, 26.95% and 24.06% for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Required contributions by the employee to the pension and insurance (OPEB) funds (see Note H for OPEB information) are based on the tier:

	Required contribution		
Tier 1	5%		
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance fund		
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance fund		



Note F—Retirement Plans—Continued

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor of Kentucky on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute 5% of their creditable compensation each month to their own account, and 1% to the Insurance Fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems and CERS based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit of 4% is deposited to the member's account. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

General information about the Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through KTRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the State. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/employers/information/gasb-65-67/.

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees who` retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to 2% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.5% (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. Employees (including second retirement accounts) establishing an account between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2008 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. Employees establishing an account between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2008 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2008, will receive monthly benefits equal to the average of their top three salary years multiplied by a sliding scale rate from 1.7% up to 2.5% based on years of service up to 30 years. Beyond 30 years of service, the rate increases to 3.0%.



Note F-Retirement Plans-Continued

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by KRS. Employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the pension plan. The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired on or after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 15.355% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon their request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$562,734,680 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$ 562,734,680
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension liability associated with the District	3,264,487,687
	\$ 3,827,222,367



Note F-Retirement Plans-Continued

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the District's actual contributions to the pension plan relative to the actual contributions of all participating organizations. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 7.78%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$52,326,882 related to CERS and \$119,068,168 related to KTRS, of which \$297,855,488 was recognized on the fund financial statements as it represented amounts paid on the District's behalf during the year. The District also recognized revenue of \$119,068,168 for KTRS support provided by the Commonwealth. As of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 601,648	\$ 5,011,396
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	14,426,490	
Change in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	40,098,619	8,936,704
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	46,397,009	
Total	\$ 101,523,766	\$ 13,948,100

The District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized over a period of either five years for investments-related deferrals or the estimated remaining service life for active participants in the CERS pension plan for other deferred items. As of June 30, 2022 plan year, the estimated remaining service life was 2.90 years. The net increase (decrease) in pension expense related to the amortization of these deferred inflows and outflows of resources is as follows:

Ye	ar ended .	June 30:
2024	1 \$	11,548,607
2025	5	18,372,869
2026	, D	(4,728,897)
2027	7	15,986,078
2028	3	_
Th	£	



Note F—Retirement Plans—Continued

Actuarial assumptions—For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 was performed by Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company ("GRS") for CERS and was performed by Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC ("Cavanaugh") for KTRS. The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2022 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2021) to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, using generally accepted actuarial principles. There have been no changes in the CERS or KTRS actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2021. There were no material plan provision changes. Total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CERS	KTRS	
Inflation	2.30%	2.50%	
Payroll growth rate	2.00%	0.25%	
	3.30-10.30%, varies by service for CERS non- 3.00-7.50%, including		
Projected salary increases	hazardous	wage inflation	
Investment rate of return, net of investment expense & inflation	6.25%	7.10%	

For CERS, the mortality table used for active members was a PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the non-hazardous employees, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP- 2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for non-disabled retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2019, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

For KTRS, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five-year period ended June 30, 2016.



Note F—Retirement Plans—Continued

For CERS, the long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class for CERS are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%
Fixed Income - Core Bonds	10.00%	28.00%
Fixed Income - Specialty Credit/High	10.00%	2.28%
Fixed Income - Cash	0.00%	(0.91)%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	13.00%	4.07%
Total	100%	

For KTRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	37.4%	4.2%	High Yield Bonds	2.0%	1.7%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	4.7%	Other Additional Categories	5.0%	2.2%
Developed International Equity	16.5%	5.3%	Real Estate	7.0%	4.0%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.5%	5.4%	Private Equity	7.0%	6.9%
Fixed Income	15.0%	(0.1)%	Cash	2.0%	(0.3)%
			Total	100.0%	

Discount rate—For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at required contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.



Note F-Retirement Plans-Continued

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made by the Commonwealth at the required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) that discounts the entire projected benefit stream to the same amount as the sum of the present values of the two separate benefit payments streams was used to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the CERS and KTRS net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS discount rate	5.25 %	6.25 %	7.25 %
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 703,348,541 \$	562,734,680 \$	446,435,348
KTRS discount rate	6.10 %	7.10 %	8.10 %
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ - \$	_ \$	_

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and KTRS.

Other Retirement Plans—The District makes available various 401(k) and 403(b) defined contribution pension plans for all employees. These plans are administered by independent third party administrators. Employees are allowed to contribute any amount to the plans up to the Internal Revenue Code maximum allowable amount. The District does not contribute to the plans, but the District retains authority to amend or terminate these plans. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, employees of the District contributed \$2,329,273 to 401(k) plans and \$7,005,301 to 403(b) plans.

Note G—Deferred Compensation

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, as amended, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement and who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District therefore does not show these assets and liabilities on its financial statements. The District does not contribute to the Plan, and employees of the District contributed \$2,600,006 to the Plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.



Note H—Post-employment Benefits

District employees may receive post-employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) through the same fiduciary OPEB system to which they contributed during their employment. In accordance with KRS, these benefits are provided and advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis through the CERS and the KTRS plans. KTRS maintains two separate OPEB plans for its retirees. The structure and how to access the financial and actuarial reports of CERS and KTRS are discussed further in Note F. Both plans offer OPEB benefits that are not based on level of employee pay or contributions.

CERS

The Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems and CERS administer the Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund (the Insurance Fund). KRS provides for a single insurance fund to provide group hospital and medical benefits to retirees drawing a benefit from the three pension funds: (1) KERS; (2) CERS; and (3) SPRS. The assets of the Insurance Fund are also segregated by plan. CERS provides health insurance, disability insurance and death benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. As discussed in Note F, pension benefits are grouped into three tiers based on participation date with benefits adjusted based on tier. OPEB are not adjusted by tier other than the determination of retirement eligibility.

Benefits provided—For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution benefits are as follows:

Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund
20 or more	100%
15 -19	75%
10 - 14	50%
4-9	25%
Less than 4	_

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members who commenced participating between July 1, 2003 and September 1, 2008 reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, and members who commenced participating on or after September 1, 2008 reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, they earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index prior to July 1, 2009 and by 1.5% annually after July 1, 2009. Health insurance benefits are not protected under the inviolable contract provisions of Kentucky Revised Statutes 16.652, 61.692, and 78.852. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce this benefit if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands.

Contributions—The combined contribution rates for the CERS pension and insurance (OPEB) funds are contained in Note F.



Note H—Post-employment Benefits—Continued

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$153,601,327 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's actual contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the actual contributions of all participating organizations. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 7.78%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$23,379,820. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 15,461,257	\$ 35,224,323
Change of assumptions	24,293,111	20,017,391
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	6,234,303	
Change in proportion and difference between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	12,577,941	7,918,410
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,721,618	
Total	\$ 65,288,230	\$ 63,160,124

The District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized over a period of either five years for investments-related deferrals or the estimated remaining service life for active participants in the CERS OPEB plan for other deferred items. As of June 30, 2022 plan year, the estimated remaining service life was 4.82 years. The net increase (decrease) in OPEB expense related to the amortization of these deferred inflows and outflows of resources is as follows:

Year	ended June 30	
	2024	\$ (202,031)
	2025	(445,187)
	2026	(7,381,608)
	2027	3,435,314
	2028	_
	Thereafter	_

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



Note H—Post-employment Benefits—Continued

Actuarial assumptions—For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 was performed by GRS. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2022 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2021) to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Senate Bill 209, passed during the 2022 legislative session, increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2003, by \$5 for each year of service a member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023. Senate Bill 209 also allows members receiving the insurance dollar contribution to participate in a medical insurance reimbursement plan that would provide the reimbursement of premiums for health plans other than those administered by KPPA. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, is determined using these updated benefit provisions. There were no other material plan provision changes.

The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2021 valuation process and was updated to better reflect the plan's anticipated long-term healthcare cost increases. In general, the updated assumption is assuming higher future increases in healthcare costs. There were no other material assumption changes.

The actuarial assumptions are:

Investment rate of return 6.25% Payroll growth rate 2.00%

Projected salary increases 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous

Inflation rate 2.30%

Mortality:

Pre-retirement PUB-2010 General Mortality table for the non-hazardous plan, projected with the ultimate rates from

the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010

Post-retirement (nondisabled) System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the

ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Post-retirement (disabled)

PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and females rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year

of 2010

Healthcare cost trend

rates:

Under 65 Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2024, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate

of 4.05% over a period of 13 years

Over 65 Initial trend starting at 9.0% in 2024, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

over a period of 13 years

Municipal bond index rate 1.92%

Municipal bond index Fidelity Index's 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index as of June 30, 2021

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using an asset valuation method where 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized.



Note H—Post-employment Benefits—Continued

Discount rate—The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability increased from 5.20% to 5.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 25 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of CERS's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in Note F above.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate— The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate selected by CERS, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease (4.70%)	nt Discount 5.70%)	1% Increase (6.70%)	
District's proportionate share of net OPEB Liability	\$ 205,340,482	\$ 153,601,327 \$	110,830,289	

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates—The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Health Care					
	1	% Decrease	Tre	end Rate	1	% Increase
District's proportionate share of net OPEB Liability	\$	114,199,185	\$	153,601,327	\$	200,915,889

OPEB plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

KTRS Medical Insurance Plan

Benefits provided—To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired based on service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. KTRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the KTRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.



Note H—Post-employment Benefits—Continued

Contributions—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, 6.75% of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. 3% is paid by member contributions, 0.75% from State appropriation and 3% from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$344,333,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for Commonwealth's OPEB support provided to the District. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 13.87%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate s	share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 344,333,000
Commonwealth's propo	ortionate share of the District's	
net OPEB liability		113,112,000
Total		\$ 457,445,000

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$10,736,000. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 eferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience		\$ 144,734,000
Change of assumptions	\$ 69,932,000	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	18,309,000	
Change in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	102,140,000	2,262,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	18,403,950	
Total	\$ 208,784,950	\$ 146,996,000

The District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized over a period of either five years for investments-related deferrals or the estimated remaining service life for active participants in the OPEB plan for other deferred items. As of June 30, 2022 plan year, the estimated remaining service life was 6.43 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



Note H—Post-employment Benefits—Continued

The net increase (decrease) in OPEB expense related to the amortization of these deferred inflows and outflows of resources is as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2024	\$ (1,677,000)
2025	(402,000)
2026	955,000
2027	20,776,000
2028	16,600,000
Thereafter	7,133,000

Actuarial assumptions—For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation for KTRS as of June 30, 2022 was performed by Cavanaugh. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2022 was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021, using the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2021 valuation based on the experience investigation for the five-year period ended June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including Inflation
Projected salary increases	3.00% - 7.50%, including wage inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage inflation	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates:	
Under 65	7.00% for FY2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY2032
Ages 65 and older	5.125% for FY2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY2025
Medicare Part B premiums	6.97% for FY2022 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY2034
Municipal bond index rate	3.37%
Discount rate	7.10%
Single equivalent interest rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five-year period ended June 30, 2016. The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.



Note H—Post-employment Benefits—Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	% of Assets in Category	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	5.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	(0.1)%
Real Estate	6.5%	4.0%
Private Equity	8.5%	6.9%
High Yield	8.0%	1.7%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	2.2%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.0%	(0.3)%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate—The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10% The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate— The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate selected by KTRS, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Discount Rate (7.10%)		1% Increase (8.10%)
\$ 432,020,000	\$ 344,333	3,000 \$	271,734,000

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



Note H—Post-employment Benefits—Continued

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates—The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		(Current Trend	
1	% Decrease		Rate	1% Increase
\$	258,123,000	\$	344,333,000	\$ 451,527,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KTRS financial report.

KTRS Life Insurance Plan

As provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655, KTRS administers the Life Insurance Plan for eligible active and retired members. The KTRS Life Insurance Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes to the Plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided—The KTRS Life Insurance Plan provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 payable for members who retire based on service or disability. Active members may receive a \$2,000 lump sum payable. The benefit is payable to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions—In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, 0.03% of the gross payroll of members is contributed by the Commonwealth.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the District's net OPEB liability	\$ 5,622,000
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	
Total	\$ 5,622,000



Note H—Post-employment Benefits—Continued

The District does not recognize revenue or expense associated with this plan. At June 30, 2023, the District did not have any deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to the net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits.

Actuarial assumptions—For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation for KTRS as of June 30, 2022 was performed by Cavanaugh. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2022 was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021, using the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2021 valuation based on the experience investigation for the five-year period ended June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment
	expense, including inflation
Projected salary increases	3.00% - 7.50%, including wage inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage inflation	2.75%
Municipal bond index rate	2.13%
Discount rate	7.10%
Single equivalent interest rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.



Note H—Post-employment Benefits—Continued

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	% of Assets in Category	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.4%
International Equity	23.0%	5.6%
Fixed Income	18.0%	(0.1)%
Real Estate	6.0%	4.0%
Private Equity	5.0%	6.9%
Other Additional Categories	6.0%	2.1%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.0%	(0.3)%
Total	100.0%	-

Discount rate—The discount rate used to measure the state's total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KTRS financial report.

Note I—Commitments

On June 30, 2023, the District had outstanding commitments for construction of \$165,853,813.

Note J—Contingencies

The District is subject to legal actions in various stages of litigation. Based on the advice of counsel, management of the District does not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the financial position of the District as a result of the litigation presently in progress beyond the settlements recorded as liabilities as of June 30, 2023.

In the normal course of operations, the District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its expenditures. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed expenditures, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantor's satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.



Note J—Contingencies—Continued

In addition, the District operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the District are subject to the administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal and state regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to, the U.S. Department of Education and the Kentucky Department of Education. Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or the Kentucky Legislature or an administrative change mandated by the Kentucky Department of Education. Such changes may occur with little or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including the additional administrative burden to comply with a change.

Note K—Insurance and Risk Financing Related Activities

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicle accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. To further reduce financial risk to the District, additional policies are purchased to address the risk that claims could exceed the insurance coverage limits. Over the past three years, the District has not had claims that exceeded its insurance policies and excess policies. Since claims are entirely managed through commercial insurance, the District has no claims liability as of June 30, 2023.

Note L—Encumbrances

The District classifies encumbrances as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund and as Restricted Fund Balance in other funds on its Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds in accordance with a directive from the Kentucky Department of Education. Issuing and controlling purchase orders is traditionally a management function, and encumbering and releasing the encumbrance of fund balance is a function of the District's management with approval of members of our Board of Education. As of June 30, 2023, encumbrances were included in our Fund Balances as follows:

General Fund assigned fund balance	\$ 57,647,612
Special Revenue Fund restricted fund balance	40,467,148
Construction Fund restricted fund balance	101,898,272
Nonmajor governmental funds restricted fund balance	567,910
Total Encumbrances	\$ 200,580,942



Note M—Recent GASB Pronouncements

The GASB has issued several reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal 2024 and later years' financial statements:

- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62.
- Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences.

The District is currently evaluating the impact that will result from adopting these GASB standards and is therefore unable to disclose the impact that adopting these standards will have on the District's financial position and the results of its operations when the standards are adopted.

Note N—Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, management of the District has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 14, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On July 10, 2023, the District entered into a lease of a 60,000 square foot facility that will be used for meeting and office space. The lease agreement extends through July 9, 2025 at a charge of \$78,606 per month.



Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual **Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky** Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund								
	Working Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues									
Local sources									
Property taxes	\$ 581,840,841	\$ 581,840,841 \$	580,019,236 \$	(1,821,605)					
Occupational taxes	203,200,000	203,200,000	206,342,623	3,142,623					
Other taxes	68,940,541	68,940,541	74,667,834	5,727,293					
State sources									
SEEK program	214,730,514	214,489,238	224,984,448	10,495,210					
Other state revenues	324,528,633	324,528,633	414,714,711	90,186,078					
Interest	1,500,000	1,500,000	20,147,815	18,647,815					
Transfers from Proprietary Funds			4,200,189	4,200,189					
Operating transfers in	11,519,669	6,437,669	18,503,595	12,065,926					
Other sources		5,082,000	12,800,801	7,718,801					
Total Revenues	1,406,260,198	1,406,018,922	1,556,381,252	150,362,330					
Expenditures									
Instruction	813,221,235	784,112,855	772,115,458	11,997,397					
Student support services	89,394,577	89,214,776	95,899,669	(6,684,893)					
Instructional staff support services	131,557,576	130,021,321	133,725,146	(3,703,825)					
District administration support services	21,839,464	22,131,706	9,396,502	12,735,204					
School administration support services	125,733,875	133,009,782	130,472,811	2,536,971					
Business support services	97,220,841	99,452,095	75,958,756	23,493,339					
Plant operations and maintenance	165,453,824	188,565,149	148,854,140	39,711,009					
Transportation	83,460,517	84,556,300	79,123,449	5,432,851					
Other	179,566	165,606	182,834	(17,228)					
Community services	3,517,211	3,509,391	2,852,446	656,945					
Building renovations	2,832,242	3,454,300	2,297,926	1,156,374					
Transfers to Proprietary Funds			2,965,253	(2,965,253)					
Operating transfers out	17,666,800	32,990,619	19,630,400	13,360,219					
Contingency	199,882,470	180,068,163		180,068,163					
Total Expenditures	1,751,960,198	1,751,252,063	1,473,474,790	277,777,273					
Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures	\$ (345,700,000)) \$ (345,233,141) \$	82,906,462 \$	428,139,603					
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (2,980,350)) \$ (2,513,491) \$	425,626,112						

See page 69 for explanation of significant budget variances

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual—Continued **Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky** Year Ended June 30, 2023

Special Revenue Fund Variance with Final Budget **Positive Working Budget Final Budget** Actual (Negative) Revenues Grants 125,895,768 \$ 177,484,424 \$ 292,554,292 \$ 115,069,868 Interest 4,927 168,594 143,869 312,463 Other Sources 12,032 12,032 274,725 262,693 Transfers from other funds 1,815,000 1,896,693 1,880,977 (15,716)**Total Revenues** 127,727,727 179,561,743 295,022,457 115,460,714 **Expenditures** Instruction 71,751,060 117,566,884 175,997,845 (58,430,961) Student support services 5,849,471 7,433,904 19,554,373 (12,120,469)Instructional staff support services 32,423,887 36,019,016 49,584,819 (13,565,803) District administration support services 106,900 79,608 491,803 (384,903)233,886 School administration support services 232,300 5,503,562 (5,269,676) 364,595 645,525 4,751,205 (4,105,680) Business support services 1,354,449 13,401,076 Plant operations and maintenance 1,121,292 (12,046,627)569,956 948,843 10,487,578 Student transportation (9,538,735) 45,000 Other 60,239 (15,239)Food service operation 605,677 (605,677)Community services 12,897,889 13,870,733 10,809,580 3,061,153 2,437,670 Transfers to other funds 3,164,096 18,503,595 (15,339,499)**Total Expenditures** 127,727,728 181,389,236 309,751,352 (128, 362, 116)Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures (1,827,493) \$ (14,728,895) \$ (12,901,402) 17,018,030 \$ Fund Balance, End of Year 15,190,538 \$ 2,289,136

See page 69 for explanation of significant budget variances

Explanation of significant budget variances:

General Fund

Local sources of revenue aligned with budget compared to the prior few years as the economy stabilized after the COVID-19 shutdowns. Other taxes were \$5.7 million higher than budget due to collection of delinquent taxes from the previous year's levy. Other state revenues were significantly higher than budget due to on-behalf payment increased revenue in the current year. See Note A for more details. SEEK also had a change in the guaranteed base in the current year, going from \$4,000 to \$4,100. Transportation expense reimbursements also went up to 70% in the current year (compared to 50% in prior years). Operating transfers in were significantly higher due to collection of indirect cost from large ESSER COVID-19 stimulus grants. Many of the expense categories were under budget due to many expenses still being able to be claimed and paid under the ESSER grants. Another reason for the decrease compared to budget was due to hiring challenges that are still lingering after the shutdown period. Last, we are required to budget our ending unassigned fund balance in a Contingency category. These funds will not be spent.

Special Revenue Fund

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for grants whose term may extend more than one fiscal year, while the budget presented shows only current-year (new) grants, and doesn't show the remaining budget of grants awarded in previous fiscal years. Grant revenues and most expenses are significantly over budget as the ESSER COVID-Relief stimulus grant money awarded in previous fiscal years continued to be recognized and spent during the current fiscal year to combat learning loss and transition students back into the classroom. Since these grants have a greater than 12-month term, they are considered multi-year and some of the budgets of the prior year were higher than anticipated, with expenses being paid out the following (current) year.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

– County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

June 30, 2023

	2022-23		2021-22		2020-21	2019-20	2018-19
District's proportion of the net pension liability	7.78 %		6.95 %		7.31 %	7.60 %	7.74 %
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 562,734,680	\$	443,185,785	\$	560,507,655 \$	534,348,849	\$ 471,620,358
District's covered payroll*	219,184,480		180,625,616		190,153,756	194,138,549	194,383,907
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of District's covered payroll	256.74 %	%	245.36 %	, 5	294.77 %	275.24 %	242.62 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	52.42 %		57.33 %		58.27 %	50.45 %	53.54 %
	2017-18		2016-17		2015-16	2014-15	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	7.75 %	%	7.83 %	, 5	8.05 %	8.15 %	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 453,555,175	\$	385,681,594	\$	346,318,819 \$	264,419,000	
District's covered payroll*	191,038,985		188,718,277		189,331,814	187,829,142	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of District's covered payroll	237.41 %	%	201.08 %	5	183.51 %	139.66 %	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	55.30 %	%	55.50 %	5	59.97 %	66.80 %	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.

^{**} Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

- Kentucky Teachers Retirement System

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

June 30, 2023

	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19
District's proportion of the net pension liability	_	_	_	_	_
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	_	_	_	_	_
Commonwealth's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the District	19.27 %	19.56 %	19.62 %	19.52 %	18.95 %
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	\$3,264,487,687	\$2,545,897,736	\$2,780,312,359	\$2,663,581,788	\$2,481,543,345
Total	\$3,264,487,687	\$2,545,897,736	\$2,780,312,359	\$2,663,581,788	\$2,481,543,345
District's covered payroll*	\$ 752,953,376	\$ 673,774,895	\$ 656,440,928	\$ 639,689,235	\$ 622,457,214
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	_		-	_	_
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of District's covered payroll	433.56 %	377.86 %	423.54 %	416.39 %	398.67 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	56.41 %	65.59 %	58.27 %	58.80 %	59.30 %
	2017-18	2016-1	17 2015-1	6 2014-1	5
District's proportion of the net pension liability			_	_	_
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	7 7	_	_	_	_
Commonwealth's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the District	18	8.59 % 18	3.59 % 18	3.48 % 17.	.89 %
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	\$ 5,016,422,	,679 \$5,016,422	2,679 \$4,301,069	2,425 \$3,675,381 _,	,169
Total	\$ 5,016,422,	,679 \$5,422,750	0,549 \$4,301,069	,425 \$3,675,381 _,	,169
District's covered payroll*	\$ 600,769,	,995 \$588,915,	332 \$ 575,283,	426 \$ 560,665,9	234
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		_	_	_	_
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of District's covered payroll	83!	5.00 % 902	2.63 % 730	0.34 % 638.	88 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	30	9.83 % 35	5.22 % 78	3.53 % 45.	59 %

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.

^{**} Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

- County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

June 30, 2023

	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	7.78 %	6.95 %	7.31 %	7.60 %	7.74 %
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$153,601,327	\$133,043,933	\$176,415,272	\$127,756,181	\$137,485,575
District's covered-employee payroll*	219,184,480	180,625,616	190,153,756	194,138,549	194,383,907
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	70.08 %	73.66 %	97.67 %	65.81 %	70.73 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	60.95 %	62.91 %	51.67 %	60.44 %	57.62 %
	2017-18	2016-17			
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	7.75 %	N/A			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$155,775,355	\$122,185,342			
District's covered-employee payroll*	191,038,985	188,718,277			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	81.54 %	64.74 %			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.40 %	52.40 %			

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.

^{**} Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

- Kentucky Teachers Retirement System - Medical Insurance

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

June 30, 2023

		2022-23		2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		13.87 %	,	10.39 9	%	10.47 %	6	10.36 %	6	9.74 %
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	344,333,000	\$	222,871,000	\$	264,226,000	\$	303,280,000	\$	338,031,000
Commonwealth's proportion of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		4.56 %	, D	8.44 9	%	8.39 %	6	8.37 %	6	8.40 %
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		113,112,000		180,997,000		211,644,000		244,916,000		291,312,000
Total	\$	457,445,000	\$	403,868,000	\$	475,870,000	\$	548,196,000	\$	629,343,000
District's covered-employee payroll*	\$	752,953,376	\$	673,774,895	\$	656,440,928	\$	639,689,235	\$	622,457,214
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		45.73 %	ò	33.08 9	%	39.22 %	6	47.41 %	6	54.31 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		47.75 %		51,74 9	%	39.05 %	6	32.58 %	6	25.50 %
	_	2017-18	- /							
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		9.78 %				Y				
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	348,684,000								
Commonwealth's proportion of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		7.99 %								
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		284,824,000	_							
Total	\$	633,508,000	=							
District's covered-employee payroll*	\$	600,769,995								
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		56.02 %	, D							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		21.18 %	,							

- * The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.
- ** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

- Kentucky Teachers Retirement System - Life Insurance

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

June 30, 2023

		2022-23		2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		_		_		_		_		_
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		_		_		_		_		_
Commonwealth's proportion of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		18.09 %	6	18.40 %	%	18.44 %	6	18.31 %	6	17.73 %
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	_	5,622,000		2,410,000		6,402,000		5,688,000		5,001,000
Total	\$	5,622,000	\$	2,410,000	\$	6,402,000	\$	5,688,000	\$	5,001,000
District's covered-employee payroll*	\$	752,953,376	\$	673,774,895	\$	656,440,928	\$	639,689,235	\$	622,457,214
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		_		_	<u>_</u>	_		_		_
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		73.97 9	6	89.15 9	6	71.57 9	6	73.40 %	6	75.00 %
		2017-18	_							
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		_								
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability										
Commonwealth's proportion of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		17.36 9	6							
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		3,805,000	_							
Total	\$	3,805,000	=							
District's covered-employee payroll*	\$	600,769,995								
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		_								
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		79.99 %	6							

- * The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.
- ** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Pension: County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous
 Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

June 30, 2023

	2022-23		2021-22		2020-21		2019-20	2018-19		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 46,397,009	\$	46,332,246	\$	34,730,614	\$	36,514,460	\$	31,349,330	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	46,397,009		46,332,246		34,730,614		36,514,460		31,349,330	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$		
District's covered payroll	\$ 198,517,980	\$	219,184,480	\$	180,625,616	\$	190,153,786	\$	194,138,549	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.37 9	%	21.14 9	%	19.23 %	6	19.20 %	, 5	16.15 %	
	2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15	_		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 22,849,672	\$	26,605,500	\$	23,316,728	\$	33,301,465			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	22,849,672		26,605,500		23,316,728		33,301,465	_		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$	_	\$		\$	_	-		
District's covered payroll	\$ 194,383,907	\$	191,038,985	\$	188,718,277	\$	189,329,298	•		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.75 %	, 5	13.93 %	6	12.36 %		17.59 %			

^{**} Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Pension: Kentucky Teachers Retirement System Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

June 30, 2023

		2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19
Contractually required contribution		_	_	_	_	_
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_					
District's covered payroll	\$	743,542,273 \$	752,953,376 \$	673,774,895 \$	656,440,928 \$	639,689,235
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		_	_	_	_	_

	 2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15
Contractually required contribution	_	_	_	_
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	^ -	_	_
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _ \$	9	- \$	
District's covered payroll	\$ 622,457,214 \$	600,769,995	5 588,915,332 \$	575,283,426
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	-/	<u> </u>	-	_

^{**} Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

OPEB: County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous
 Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

June 30, 2023

	2022-23		2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 6,721,618	\$	12,649,994	\$	8,565,685	\$	9,005,639	\$	10,166,306	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	6,721,618		12,649,994		8,565,685		9,005,639		10,166,306	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$	_	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 198,517,980	\$	219,184,480	\$	180,625,616	\$	190,153,786	\$	194,138,549	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	3.39 %	%	5.77 %	6	4.74 %	6	4.74 %	6	5.24 %	

	2017-18		2016-17
Contractually required contribution	\$ 7,616,557	\$	8,868,500
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	7,616,557		8,868,500
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 194,383,907	\$	191,038,985
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	3.92 %	6	4.64 %

^{**} Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

OPEB: Kentucky Teachers Retirement System – Medical Insurance
 Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

June 30, 2023

	 2022-23		2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19
Contractually required contribution	\$ 18,403,950	\$	18,436,483	\$	18,489,424	\$	18,043,085	\$	17,354,459
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	18,403,950		18,436,483		18,489,424		18,043,085		17,354,459
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 743,542,273	\$	752,953,376	\$	673,774,895	\$	656,440,928	\$	639,689,235
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	2.48 %		2.45 %		2.46 %		2.75 %		2.71 %

	 2017-18
Contractually required contribution	\$ 16,753,572
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 16,753,572
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 622,457,214
Contributions as a percentage of covered-	

employee payroll

2.69 %

^{**} Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.



OPEB: Kentucky Teachers Retirement System – Life Insurance
 Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

June 30, 2023

	2022-23	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19
Contractually required contribution	_	_	_	_	_
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution					
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _ \$	_ \$	_ \$	_ \$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 743,542,273 \$	752,953,376 \$	673,774,895 \$	656,440,928 \$	639,689,235
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	_	_	_	_	_

	 2017-18	
Contractually required contribution	_	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 622,457,214	
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	_	

^{**} Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.



Notes to Required Supplementary Information

- County Employee Retirement System

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky June 30, 2023

Changes of Benefit Terms and Assumptions:

2023 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2022)

Since the prior measurement date, there have been no significant assumption changes. However, Senate Bill 209, passed during the 2022 Legislative Session, increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2003 and was first payable January 1, 2023.

2022 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2021)

Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session increased the disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty related disability.

The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed from 5.34% to 5.20% for the non-hazardous plan.

2021 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2020)

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 Legislative Session changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. House Bill 271 passed during the 2020 Legislative Session removed provisions that reduce the monthly payment to a surviving spouse of a member whose death was due to a duty-related injury upon remarriage of the spouse. It also increased benefits for a very small number of beneficiaries.

The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2019 valuation process and was updated to better reflect more current expectations relating to anticipated future increases in the medical costs. The actuarial information was also updated to reflect the anticipated savings from the repeal of the "Cadillac Tax" and "Health Insurer Fee", which occurred in December of 2019. The assumed load on pre-Medicare premiums to reflect the cost of the Cadillac Tax was removed and the Medicare premiums were reduced by 11% to reflect the repeal of the Health Insurer Fee.

The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed from 5.68% to 5.34% for the non-hazardous plan.

2020 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2019)

Annual salary increases were updated based on the 2018 Experience Study; annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal, and mortality were updated based on the 2018 Experience Study; the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members; the assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was increased to better reflect more current expectations relating to anticipated future increases in the medical costs for postage 65 retirees; and the assumed impact of the Cadillac Tax was changed from a 3.6% to a 0.9% load on employer paid premiums for Non-Medicare retirees who became participants prior to July 1, 2003.

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the non-hazardous plan, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

- County

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

June 30, 2023

2020 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2019)-continued

The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was Pub-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The salary increase assumption changed from 3.30% - 11.55% to 3.30% - 10.30% for the non-hazardous plan. The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed from 5.85% to 5.68% for the non-hazardous plan.

2019 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2018)

During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a

surviving spouse, benefits paid to surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children.

The payroll growth assumption was changed from 4,00% to 2.00%.

The salary increase assumption changed from 3.05% to 3.30% - 11.55% for the non-hazardous plan.

The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed from 5.84% to 5.85% for the non-hazardous plan.

2018 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2017)

The salary increases assumption was changed from 2.00% to 3.05%.

The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%.

The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.3%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service.

The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed from 6.89% to 5.84% for the non-hazardous plan.

2017 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2016)

None

2016 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2015)

The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%. The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%. The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%. The payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.

The mortality table used for active members was the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

- Teachers Retirement System

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky June 30, 2023

2016 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2015)-continued

For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used was the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) was used for the period after disability retirement.

The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

Changes of Benefit Terms and Assumptions:

Pension

2022

The municipal bond index rate decreased from 2.19% to 2.13%.

2021

The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.19%.

2020

The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.89% to 3.50%.

2019

The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The discount rate increased from 4.49% to 7.5%.

2018

The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.01% to 3.56%.

The discount rate increased from 4.20% to 4.49%.

2017

The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.82% to 3.01%.

The discount rate decreased from 4.88% to 4.20%.

2016

The municipal bond index rate decreased from 4.35% to 3.82%.



Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual **Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky** Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Construction Fund										
	Wo	orking Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Bud	ance with Final dget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues											
Interest					\$	754,233	\$	754,233			
Proceeds from the sale of bonds	\$	66,813,444	\$	81,611,938		145,684,592		64,072,654			
Other state revenues						6,811,000		6,811,000			
Transfers from other funds						31,432,019		31,432,019			
Total Revenues		89,381,244		81,611,938		184,681,844		103,069,906			
Expenditures											
Building renovations		65,299,433		82,174,907		102,503,111		(20,328,204)			
Transfers to other funds						24,587,076		(24,587,076)			
Total Expenditures		65,299,433		82,174,907		127,090,187		(44,915,280)			
Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures			\$	(562,969)	\$	57,591,657	\$	58,154,626			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	100,242,786	\$	75,598,006	\$	133,752,632					

	School Food Services Fund									
	Working Budg	get Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues										
Lunchroom sales	\$ 2,950,0	2,950,000	\$ 2,175,391	\$ (774,609)						
Federal grants	79,781,7	765 80,879,112	66,305,900	(14,573,212)						
State revenues	111,0	000 111,000	6,057,573	5,946,573						
Donated commodities			4,805,902	4,805,902						
District support			2,965,253	2,965,253						
Interest	2,0	2,000	223,978	221,978						
Other local revenue	99,7	789 99,789	127,949	28,160						
Total Revenues	82,944,5	84,041,901	82,661,946	(1,379,955)						
Expenses										
Food service operations	71,690,5	83,574,722	84,104,750	(530,028)						
Transfers to other funds	4,090,0	4,000,000	4,200,189	(200,189)						
Total Expenses	75,780,5	555 87,574,722	88,304,939	(730,217)						
Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expense		\$ (3,532,821)) \$ (5,642,993)	\$ (2,110,172)						
Net Position, End of Yea	ar \$ (41,094,7	712) \$ (44,627,533)) \$ (46,737,705)							

Basis of budgeting – The Board accounts for and budgets operations according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

See page 88 for explanation of significant budget variances See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Funds-continued **Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky**

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund									
	Wor	king Budget	Final Budget	Ac	tual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues										
State SEEK program	\$	8,775,318	\$ 8,775,318	\$ 8	3,775,318					
Expenditures										
Transfers to other funds		8,775,318	8,775,318	۶	3,775,318					
Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures		G , , G G . G	0,7,7,0,0,10		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
Fund Balance, End of Year										
		(A X	Tax Fund		Variance with Final Budget Positive				
	Wor	king Budget	Final Budget	Ac	tual	(Negative)				
Revenues	.	47 442 045	¢ 47.442.045	4	7 442 045					
Property taxes Other sources	\$	47,443,915 99,364	\$ 47,443,915 99,364	\$ 47	7,443,915 100,464 \$	1,100				
				>						
Total Revenues		47,543,279	47,543,279	47	7,544,379	1,100				
Expenditures										
Transfers to other funds	4	47,543,279	47,543,279	53	3,581,879	(6,038,600)				
Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures				\$ (6	5,037,500) \$	(6,037,500)				
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	6,041,799	\$ 6,041,799	\$	4,299					

See page 88 for explanation of significant budget variances See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Funds-continued **Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky**

Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Debt Service Fund								
		Workin	ng Budget	Final	Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues										
KSFCC allocation		\$ 1	10,000,000	\$ 1	10,000,000 \$	9,618,677				
Other sources			2,600,000		2,600,000	1,986,762	\$	(613,238)		
Transfers from other fu	unds		56,318,597	į	56,318,597	71,441,304		15,122,707		
Total Revenues	i	6	88,918,597	6	68,918,597	83,046,743		14,128,146		
Expenditures										
Debt service		6	51,330,974	(58,918,597	83,046,743		(14,128,146)		
	Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures									
F	und Balance, End of Year									
				Da	y Care Opera	tions Fund	•			
						>		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Workin	ng Budget	Final	Budget	Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues				勽						
Tuition and fees				\$	14,921 \$	14,921				
Other local, state and	federal revenues	41			167,046	187,758	\$	20,712		
Total Revenues					167,046	202,679		35,633		
Expenses										
Day care operations			675,128		746,333	54,577		(691,756)		
	Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenses	\$	(675,128)	\$	(579,287) \$	148,102	\$	(671,044)		
	Net Position, End of Year	\$	(2,874)	\$	92,967 \$	820,356				

See page 88 for explanation of significant budget variances See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Funds-continued **Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky**

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Adult Education Fund							
	Working	Budget	Final	Budget	Actual	,	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Adult education tuition	\$	4,934	\$	104,590	\$ 80,094	\$	(24,496)	
Interest				655	11,831		11,176	
Other state revenues					15,021		15,021	
Total Revenues		5,367		105,245	106,946		1,701	
Expenses								
Instructional staff support services		302,620		393,323	92,594		300,729	
Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenses				<u> </u>	\$ 14,352	\$	307,430	
Net Position, End of Year	\$	(85,868)	\$	(81,693)	\$ 225,737	_		
	Tuition Preschool Fund							
						,	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Revenues	Working	Budget	Final	Budget	Actual		(Negative)	
Pre-School Tuition	\$	2,556	\$	171,002	\$ 243,453	\$	72,451	
Total Revenues		2,556		171,002	243,453	-	72,451	
Expenses								
Instruction		269,142		345,307	32,055		313,252	
Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenses			\$	(174,305)	\$ 211,398	\$	385,703	

265,947 \$

358,228 \$

743,931

See page 88 for explanation of significant budget variances See Report of Independent Auditors

Net Position, End of Year \$

	Enterprise Programs							
	Work	ing Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
State revenues				\$	181	\$ 181		
Donations			\$ 7,557	13	,802	6,245		
Transfers from other funds	\$	95,000	95,000			(95,000)		
Total Revenues		95,000	102,557	13	3,983	(88,574)		
Expenses								
Instruction		113,315	113,315	14	,459	98,856		
Instructional staff support		37,696	36,723			36,723		
Community services		1,555	1,555			1,555		
Total Expenditures		152,566	151,593	14	,459	137,134		

Explanation of significant budget variances:

(57,566) \$

(405) \$

(49,036)\$

8,125

(476) \$

56,685

48,560

Revenues in Excess of

Net Position, End of Year \$

(Less Than) Expenses \$

Construction Fund

Construction revenues are higher than the final budget due to the sale of a bond in the current year, resulting in \$7.5 million in premiums on bonds sold and transfers from other funds are higher due to construction projects in process during the current year. Expenses exceeded budget due to the construction fund being a multi-year fund where project costs are expensed over several years and the Working Budget is programmed to show only single-year budgeted activity.

School Food Services

State revenues were up significantly as Kentucky districts received a stimulus that the state intended as a rescue of school lunch programs hurt by the COVID-19 pandemic. Federal grant revenues were lower due to continued lower numbers of meals served. Food service operation expenses were up slightly as a result of supply chain issues and food costs continuing to increase.

Building Tax Fund

Transfers to other funds were \$6 million over budget as the District spent the funding reserved in the prior year for renovation projects performed during the current fiscal year.

Debt Service Fund

Revenues and expenses exceeded budget due to a one-time principal payment on the 2022A bond supported by a General Fund tax set aside specifically for facility improvements. This allocation was made available after the budget was created.

Nonmajor proprietary funds

Prior year accumulated net position is carried forward with the budget, which is why there is a large swing in these funds' budget to actual variances.

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds **Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky** June 30, 2023

		E	Building Tax Fund	D	istrict Activity Funds	St	tudent Activity Funds	tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents						\$	6,630,383	\$ 6,630,383
Investments							501,134	501,134
Accounts receivable				\$	50,280		35,129	85,409
Inventories							388,679	388,679
Due from other funds	<u>-</u>	\$	4,299		5,734,238			5,738,537
	Total Assets	\$	4,299	\$	5,784,518	\$	7,555,325	\$ 13,344,142
Liabilities								
Accrued liabilities				\$	225,683	\$	102,558	\$ 328,241
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable							388,679	388,679
Restricted	_	\$	4,299		5,558,835		7,064,088	12,627,222
1	Total Fund Balances		4,299		5,558,835		7,452,767	13,015,901
Total Liabilities	and Fund Balances	\$	4,299	\$	5,784,518	\$	7,555,325	\$ 13,344,142



Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Building Tax Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Debt Service Fund	District Activity Funds	Student Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Local sources						
Property taxes	\$ 47,443,915					\$ 47,443,915
State sources						
SEEK program		\$ 8,775,318				8,775,318
KSFCC allocation			\$ 9,618,677			9,618,677
US government sources			1,986,762			1,986,762
Other Sources	100,464		9	4,640,086	\$ 13,189,066	17,929,616
Total Revenues	47,544,379	8,775,318	11,605,439	4,640,086	13,189,066	85,754,288
Expenditures						
Instruction				3,784,313	15,078,241	18,862,554
Plant operations and maintenance				55,982		55,982
Debt service						
Principal			60,146,721			60,146,721
Interest			22,900,022			22,900,022
Total Expenditures			83,046,743	3,840,295	15,078,241	101,965,279
Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures		8,775,318	(71,441,304)	799,791	(1,889,175)	(16,210,991)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in			71,441,304		1,820,373	73,261,677
Transfers out	(53,581,879)	(8,775,318))			(62,357,197)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(53,581,879)	(8,775,318)	71,441,304		1,820,373	10,904,480
Net Change in Fund Balances	(6,037,500)			799,791	(68,802)	(5,306,511)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	6,041,799			4,759,044	7,521,569	18,322,412
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 4,299			5 5,558,835	\$ 7,452,767	\$ 13,015,901

Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds **Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky** June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds									
	Adu Educa			erprise ograms		Fuition eschool	Day C Operat		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Assets										
Current Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3	19,692							\$	319,692
Accounts receivable					\$	10,260				10,260
Due from other funds			\$	56,685		733,671	\$ 83	36,207		1,626,563
Total Current Assets	3	19,692		56,685		743,931	83	36,207		1,956,515
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Difference between actual and expected										
experience		1,803						34		1,837
Changes in assumptions		4,337						72		4,409
Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		2,741			7			49		2,790
Changes in proportionate share		8,265						141		8,406
Pension and OPEB contributions after measurement date		6,389						117		6,506
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		23,535						413		23,948
	•	20,000								2077.10
Liabilities										
Current Liabilities								4.4.50		44.450
Accrued liabilities		7004						14,450		14,450
Due to other funds Total Current Liabilities	$\overline{}$	17,086		$\overline{}$				14 450		17,086
		17,086						14,450		31,536
Noncurrent Liabilities		10.405						4 400		
Unfunded pension liabilities		33,195						1,182		64,377
Unfunded post-employment benefits liabilities		25,169						426		25,595
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		38,364						1,608		89,972
Total Liabilities	10	05,450						16,058		121,508
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Differences between actual and expected										
experience		7,847						128		7,975
Changes in assumptions		2,248								2,290
Changes in proportionate share		1,945						36		1,981
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		12,040						206		12,246
Net Position										
Unrestricted	2	25,737		56,685		743,931	82	20,356		1,846,709
Total Net Position	\$ 2:	25,737	\$	56,685	\$	743,931	\$ 82	20,356	\$	1,846,709

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Enterpri	se F	unds				Total
	Adult Education		Enterprise Programs	Tuition Preschool		Day Care Operations		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Operating Revenues									
Tuition and fees	\$	80,094		\$	243,453	\$	14,921	\$	338,468
Operating Expenses									
Salaries and personnel services		59,082	1,325			\$	711		61,118
Employee benefits		18,046	36		(1,673)		73		16,482
Purchased professional services		5,042	6,561				27,986		39,589
Purchased property and maintenance services							739		739
Other purchased services		4,209					815		5,301
Supplies and materials		6,215	6,260		28,845		8,529		49,850
Property					4,883		14,933		19,816
Miscellaneous							790		790
Total Operating Expenses		92,594	14,459	2	32,055		54,577		193,685
Income (Loss) From Operations		(12,500)	(14,459)		211,398		(39,656)		144,783
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)									
State revenues		15,021	181				187,758		202,960
Other revenues			13,802						13,802
Interest income		11,831							11,831
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		26,852	13,983				187,758		228,593
Change in Net Position		14,352	(476)		211,398		148,102		373,376
Net Position, Beginning of Year		211,385	57,161		532,533		672,254		1,473,333
Net Position, End of Year	\$	225,737	56,685	\$	743,931	\$	820,356	\$	1,846,709

Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds **Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky** Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds								
	E	Adult ducation		terprise ograms	Tuitior Prescho		Day Care Operations	To Nonn Enter Fur	najor prise
Cash Flows From Operating Activities									
Cash received from customers	\$	80,094	\$	852	\$ 33,7	28 \$	(142,831)	\$ (2	28,157)
Cash paid to suppliers		(13,029)		(6,767)	(33,7	'28)	(14,901)	(6	68,425)
Cash paid to employees		(86,114)		(1,507)			(1,250)	(8	38,871)
Cash paid for other expenses		(5,042)		(6,561)			(28,776)	(4	10,379)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		(24,091)		(13,983)			(187,758)	(22	25,832)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities									
Interest earned		11,831						1	11,831
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities									
Cash received for operational grants		15,021	<u> </u>	13,983			187,758	21	16,762
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,761	}						2,761
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		316,931						31	16,931
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	319,692						\$ 31	19,692
Reconciliation of Income (loss) from Operations to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities									
Income (loss) from operations	\$	(12,500)	\$	(14,459)	\$ 211,3	398	(39,656)	\$ 14	14,783
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to cash provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Change in accounts receivable	7				1,5	523			1,523
Change in amounts due from other funds				852	(211,2	248)	(157,751)	(36	68,147)
Change in deferred outflows		(5,714)		46	4	184	13		(5,171)
Change in amounts due to other funds		(2,605)							(2,605)
Change in accrued liabilities				(230)			10,115		9,885
Change in deferred inflows		(10,272)		(80)	(7	'95)	(379)	(1	11,526)
Change in unfunded pension liabilities		617			(3	310)	74		381
Change in unfunded post-employment benefits liabilities		6,383		(112)	(1,0)52)	(174)		5,045
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	(24,091)	\$	(13,983)			(187,758)	\$ (22	25,832)

STATISTICAL SECTION



Statement of Net Position - Total Primary Government

Ten Years' Trend Data

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net Position–Governmental					_
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 430,126,787 \$	453,726,798 \$	390,804,563 \$	391,290,718 \$	317,513,387
Restricted	84,679,016	9,236,656	37,931,143	49,382,505	108,849,948
Unrestricted	(476,534,599)	(538,918,507)	(789,321,833)	(815,433,064)	(798,527,587)
Total Net Position– Governmental	38,271,204	(75,955,053)	(360,586,127)	(374,759,841)	(372,164,252)
Net Position–Proprietary					
Net investment in capital assets	15,735,059	16,520,839	17,880,919	18,766,848	19,426,763
Restricted					
Unrestricted	(60,626,055)	(56,142,218)	(70,020,515)	(58,942,282)	(43,776,173)
Total Net Position– Proprietary	(44,890,996)	(39,621,379)	(52,139,596)	(40,175,434)	(24,349,410)
Net Position–Total Primary Government	\$ (6,619,792) \$	(115,576,432) \$	(412,725,723) \$	(414,935,275) \$	(396,513,662)



Statement of Net Position - Total Primary Government - Continued

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Net Position–Governmental					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 332,102,798 \$	257,181,853 \$	220,528,391 \$	238,955,851 \$	239,644,360
Restricted	7,214,591	98,476,559	47,703,418	12,434,324	7,061,287
Unrestricted	(638,516,160)	(613,519,116)	(570,364,032)	(538,173,679)	(539,172,442)
Total Net Position– Governmental	(299,198,771)	(257,860,704)	(302,132,223)	(286,783,504)	(292,466,795)
Net Position–Proprietary					
Net investment in capital assets	18,613,750	18,266,563	17,407,358	16,825,680	16,617,456
Restricted					
Unrestricted	(40,830,969)	(33,574,071)	(10,804,307)	(9,815,795)	(8,919,629)
Total Net Position– Proprietary	(22,217,219)	(15,307,508)	6,603,051	7,009,885	7,697,827
Net Position–Total Primary Government	\$ (321,415,990) \$	(273,168,212) \$	(295,529,172) \$	(279,773,619) \$	(284,768,968)



Statement of Activities – Governmental Activities

Ten Years' Trend Data

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Governmental activities					
Instruction	\$ 909,793,002 \$	1,023,426,169	\$ 944,387,244 \$	842,004,783 \$	864,509,475
Student support services	101,936,000	107,196,262	88,749,846	77,156,556	69,122,283
Instructional staff support services	161,846,403	193,879,118	180,993,573	158,415,899	184,473,830
District administrative support services	11,536,924	11,805,819	10,222,935	9,945,307	9,417,079
School administrative support services	120,055,049	136,540,514	123,139,817	117,806,382	127,163,050
Business support services	71,290,737	67,673,427	50,311,515	58,354,230	65,847,780
Community services	12,115,637	12,995,156	18,342,055	14,013,430	28,399,457
Transportation	84,271,519	95,234,280	85,005,627	99,810,412	124,412,708
Plant operations and maintenance	144,360,757	158,273,844	111,513,734	116,274,445	118,239,225
Other instructional support services		21,637	22,631	20,340	64,987
Transfers	(1,234,936)	(1,529,187)	(811,842)	3,057,374	3,067,836
Miscellaneous	1,538,368	5,742,411	15,672,270	468,918	539,714
Interest expense	22,900,022	20,268,424	18,860,600	18,418,910	16,106,729
Total governmental activities	1,640,409,482	1,831,527,874	1,646,410,005	1,515,746,986	1,611,364,153
Program Revenues					
Tuition	508,243	518,928	483,205	494,442	508,252
Operating grants	260,776,646	381,798,766	167,393,988	87,494,202	83,432,587
Facility grants	9,618,677	9,617,566	9,878,203	10,257,913	10,982,285
Total program revenues	270,903,566	391,935,260	177,755,396	98,246,557	94,923,124
Net expense	\$ (1,369,505,916) \$	(1,439,592,614)	\$ (1,468,654,609) \$	5 (1,417,500,429) \$	(1,516,441,029)

Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities - Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Governmental activities					
Instruction	\$ 848,894,722	\$ 781,439,409	\$ 742,294,075 \$	729,319,975 \$	633,177,394
Student support services	66,627,124	63,459,349	58,812,027	60,064,328	50,729,048
Instructional staff support services	191,939,436	241,610,652	187,114,423	133,254,466	118,955,171
District administrative support services	8,792,408	8,409,278	7,872,803	7,711,286	6,972,822
School administrative support services	108,309,775	107,624,194	99,473,707	94,277,648	84,150,967
Business support services	70,521,907	90,097,373	81,828,482	33,236,652	38,844,491
Community services	26,377,760	33,835,506	25,466,326	16,012,870	9,134,416
Transportation	158,063,796	131,587,727	89,762,735	87,973,527	84,374,237
Plant operations and maintenance	118,322,852	109,198,091	110,347,315	108,222,195	103,975,188
Other instructional support services	60,065	32,859	31,660	34,945	10,000
Transfers	3,054,027	3,099,486	3,099,316	3,116,640	3,019,304
Miscellaneous	21,617	282,916	349,122	466,078	553,066
Interest expense	17,204,330	16,139,220	16,116,139	16,244,178	14,825,786
Total governmental activities	1,618,189,819	1,586,816,060	1,422,568,130	1,289,934,788	1,148,721,890
Program Revenues					
Tuition	479,270	393,452	647,118	586,509	902,489
Operating grants	103,181,009	105,014,680	105,081,380	99,577,458	104,010,029
Facility grants	10,808,651	9,709,125	9,449,764	8,171,637	7,638,789
Total program revenues	114,468,930	115,117,257	115,178,262	108,335,604	112,551,307
Net expense	\$ (1,503,720,889)	\$ (1,471,698,803)	\$ (1,307,389,868) \$	(1,181,599,184) \$	(1,036,170,583)

Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities - Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net expense	\$ (1,369,505,916) \$	(1,439,592,614) \$	(1,468,654,609) \$	(1,417,500,429) \$	(1,516,441,029)
General revenues					
Taxes					
Property taxes	627,463,151	594,308,658	530,248,112	502,604,410	480,070,360
Occupational taxes	206,342,623	206,474,525	176,787,809	156,348,315	165,754,818
Other taxes	74,667,834	106,915,232	63,516,855	54,014,453	56,671,549
State sources					
SEEK program	233,759,766	233,088,270	231,277,657	234,116,356	256,564,394
Other state revenues and grants	284,154,741	555,341,767	466,477,021	434,461,333	455,839,757
Interest and investment earnings	21,214,511	833,179	330,027	4,786,365	7,473,913
Miscellaneous	36,129,547	27,262,057	14,190,842	28,573,608	21,100,757
Total general revenues	1,483,732,173	1,724,223,688	1,482,828,323	1,414,904,840	1,443,475,548
Change in net position	114,226,257	284,631,074	14,173,714	(2,595,589)	(72,965,481)
Net position, beginning of year	(75,955,053)	(360,586,127)	(374,759,841)	(372,164,252)	(299,198,771)
Net position, end of year	\$ 38,271,204 \$	(75,955,053) \$	(360,586,127) \$	(374,759,841) \$	(372,164,252)

Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities - Continued

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Net expense	\$ (1,503,720,889) \$	(1,471,698,803) \$	(1,307,389,868) \$	(1,181,599,184) \$	(1,036,170,583)
General revenues					
Taxes					
Property taxes	456,911,397	432,706,453	416,365,932	397,722,644	388,628,855
Occupational taxes	162,374,610	156,387,646	151,821,629	139,825,242	132,569,312
Other taxes	53,658,834	51,729,620	47,796,163	49,482,553	46,500,119
State sources					
SEEK program	256,709,740	269,121,859	274,943,838	277,043,057	270,658,773
Other state revenues and grants	512,980,545	583,777,579	383,488,212	311,578,993	196,206,023
Interest and investment earnings	3,284,271	2,347,241	1,677,255	1,389,755	1,663,952
Miscellaneous	16,463,425	19,899,924	15,948,120	10,240,231	10,032,096
Total general revenues	1,462,382,822	1,515,970,322	1,292,041,149	1,187,282,475	1,046,259,130
Change in net position	(41,338,067)	44,271,519	(15,348,719)	5,683,291	10,088,547
Net position, beginning of year	(257,860,704)	(302,132,223)	(286,783,504)	(292,466,795)	(302,555,342)
Net position, end of year	\$ (299,198,771) \$	(257,860,704) \$	(302,132,223) \$	(286,783,504) \$	(292,466,795)

Statement of Activities – Business-Type Activities

Ten Years' Trend Data

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Business-type activities					
School food services	\$ 84,104,750 \$	58,259,707 \$	45,091,851 \$	77,606,712 \$	72,200,866
Adult education	92,594	65,346	170,977	204,046	171,152
Enterprise programs	14,459	11,674	75,949	157,228	141,308
Tuition-based pre-school	32,055	(1,364)	(648,751)	451,880	707,730
Day care operations	54,577	74,925	(39,664)	130,385	(435,894)
Total business-type activities	84,298,435	58,410,288	44,650,362	78,550,251	72,785,162
Program Revenues					
Lunchroom sales	2,175,391	697,576	29,248	2,325,026	3,023,797
Tuition and fees	338,468	278,855	156,180	714,674	990,066
Grants	77,514,086	71,470,824	33,311,123	56,531,963	63,395,302
Total program revenues	 80,027,945	72,447,255	33,496,551	59,571,663	67,409,165
Net expense	(4,270,490)	14,036,967	(11,153,811)	(18,978,588)	(5,375,997)
General revenues					
Interest	235,809	10,437	1,491	95,190	175,970
Transfers	(1,234,936)	(1,529,187)	(811,842)	3,057,374	3,067,836
Total general revenues	 (999,127)	(1,518,750)	(810,351)	3,152,564	3,243,806
Change in net position	(5,269,617)	12,518,217	(11,964,162)	(15,826,024)	(2,132,191)
Net position, beginning of year	(39,621,379)	(52,139,596)	(40,175,434)	(24,349,410)	(22,217,219)
Net position, end of year	\$ (44,890,996) \$	(39,621,379) \$	(52,139,596) \$	(40,175,434) \$	(24,349,410)

Statement of Activities - Business-Type Activities - Continued

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Business-type activities					
School food services	\$ 76,915,589 \$	90,450,953 \$	68,262,191 \$	62,724,047 \$	57,940,891
Adult education	168,158	193,589	260,184	568,257	479,264
Enterprise programs	157,129	142,516	156,576	97,329	97,470
Tuition-based pre-school	1,097,840	1,317,912	885,771	785,927	721,285
Day care operations	237,015	652,491	428,715	480,892	712,447
Total business-type activities	78,575,731	92,757,461	69,993,437	64,656,452	59,951,357
Program Revenues					
Lunchroom sales	3,004,729	3,685,798	4,031,184	5,929,215	8,115,697
Tuition and fees	1,167,663	1,250,197	1,130,336	1,191,051	1,184,280
Grants	64,335,594	62,744,604	61,296,869	53,716,102	45,615,744
Total program revenues	68,507,986	67,680,599	66,458,389	60,836,368	54,915,721
Net expense	(10,067,745)	(25,076,862)	(3,535,048)	(3,820,084)	(5,035,636)
General revenues			X = X		
Interest	104,007	66,817	28,898	15,502	19,302
Transfers	3,054,027	3,099,486	3,099,316	3,116,640	3,019,304
Total general revenues	3,158,034	3,166,303	3,128,214	3,132,142	3,038,606
Change in net position	(6,909,711)	(21,910,559)	(406,834)	(687,942)	(1,997,030)
Net position, beginning of year	(15,307,508)	6,603,051	7,009,885	7,697,827	9,694,857
Net position, end of year	\$ (22,217,219) \$	(15,307,508) \$	6,603,051 \$	7,009,885 \$	7,697,827

Statement of Activities – Total Primary Government

Ten Years' Trend Data

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Primary government activities					
Instruction	\$ 909,793,002	\$ 1,023,426,169	\$ 944,387,244	\$ 842,004,783 \$	864,509,475
Student support services	101,936,000	107,196,262	88,749,846	77,156,556	69,122,283
Instructional staff support services	161,846,403	193,879,118	180,993,573	158,415,899	184,473,830
District administrative support services	11,536,924	11,805,819	10,222,935	9,945,307	9,417,079
School administrative support services	120,055,049	136,540,514	123,139,817	117,806,382	127,163,050
Business support services	71,290,737	67,673,427	50,311,515	58,354,230	65,847,780
Community services	12,115,637	12,995,156	18,342,055	14,013,430	28,399,457
Transportation	84,271,519	95,234,280	85,005,627	99,810,412	124,412,708
Plant operations and					
maintenance	144,360,757	158,273,844	111,513,734	116,274,445	118,239,225
Other	845,325	1,102,962	356,108	489,258	604,701
School food services	84,797,793	62,920,793	60,430,645	77,606,712	72,200,866
Adult education	92,594	65,346	170,977	204,046	171,152
Enterprise programs	14,459	11,674	75,950	157,228	141,308
Tuition-based pre-school	32,055	(1,364)	(648,751)	451,880	707,730
Day care operations	54,577	74,925	(39,665)	130,385	(435,894)
Interest expense	22,900,022	20,268,424	18,860,600	18,418,910	16,106,729
Total primary activities	1,725,942,853	1,891,467,349	1,691,872,210	1,591,239,863	1,681,081,479
Program revenues					
Lunchroom sales	2,175,391	697,576	29,248	2,325,026	3,023,797
Tuition and fees	846,711	797,783	639,385	1,209,116	1,498,318
Grants	347,909,409	462,887,156	210,583,315	154,284,078	157,810,174
Total program revenues	350,931,511	464,382,515	211,251,948	157,818,220	162,332,289
Net expense	\$ (1,375,011,342)	\$ (1,427,084,834)	\$ (1,480,620,262)	\$ (1,433,421,643) \$	(1,518,749,190)

Statement of Activities – Total Primary Government – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Primary government activities						
Instruction	\$ 848,894,722	\$ 781,439,409	\$ 742,294,075	\$ 729,319,975 \$	633,177,394	
Student support services	66,627,124	63,459,349	58,812,027	60,064,328	50,729,048	
Instructional staff support services	191,939,436	241,610,652	187,114,423	133,254,466	118,955,171	
District administrative support services	8,792,408	8,409,278	7,872,803	7,711,286	6,972,822	
School administrative support services	108,309,775	107,624,194	99,473,707	94,277,648	84,150,967	
Business support services	70,521,907	90,097,373	81,828,482	33,236,652	38,844,491	
Community services	26,377,760	33,835,506	25,466,326	16,012,870	9,134,416	
Transportation	158,063,796	131,587,727	89,762,735	87,973,527	84,374,237	
Plant operations and maintenance	118,322,852	109,198,091	110,347,315	108,222,195	103,975,188	
Other	81,682	315,775	380,782	501,023	563,066	
School food services	76,915,589	90,450,953	68,262,191	62,724,047	57,940,891	
Adult education	168,158	193,589	260,184	568,257	479,264	
Enterprise programs	157,129	142,516	156,576	97,329	97,470	
Tuition-based pre-school	1,097,840	1,317,912	885,771	785,927	721,285	
Day care operations	237,015	652,491	428,715	480,892	712,447	
Interest expense	17,204,330	16,139,220	16,116,139	16,244,178	14,825,786	
Total primary activities	1,693,711,523	1,676,474,035	1,489,462,251	1,351,474,600	1,205,653,943	
Program revenues						
Lunchroom sales	3,004,729	3,685,798	4,031,184	5,929,215	8,115,697	
Tuition and fees	1,646,933	1,643,649	1,777,454	1,777,560	2,086,769	
Grants	178,325,254	177,468,409	175,828,013	161,465,197	157,264,562	
Total program revenues	182,976,916	182,797,856	181,636,651	169,171,972	167,467,028	
Net expense	\$ (1,510,734,607)	\$ (1,493,676,179)	\$ (1,307,825,600)	\$ (1,182,302,628) \$	(1,038,186,915)	

Statement of Activities – Total Primary Government – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net expense	\$ (1,375,011,342) \$	(1,427,084,834) \$	(1,480,620,262) \$	(1,433,421,643) \$	(1,518,749,190)
General revenues					
Taxes					
Property taxes	627,463,151 594,308,658 530,248,112 502,604,410				480,070,360
Occupational taxes	206,342,623	206,474,525	176,787,809	156,348,315	165,754,818
Other taxes	74,667,834	106,915,232	63,516,855	54,014,453	56,671,549
State sources					
SEEK program	233,759,766	233,088,270	231,277,657	234,116,356	256,564,394
Other state revenues	284,154,741	555,341,767	466,477,021	434,461,333	455,839,757
Interest and investment					
earnings	21,450,320	843,616	331,518	4,881,555	7,649,883
Miscellaneous	36,129,547	27,262,057	14,190,842	28,573,608	21,100,757
Total general					
revenues	1,483,967,982	1,724,234,125	1,482,829,814	1,415,000,030	1,443,651,518
Change in net position	108,956,640	297,149,291	2,209,552	(18,421,613)	(75,097,672)
Net position, beginning of year	(115,576,432)	(412,725,723)	(414,935,275)	(396,513,662)	(321,415,990)
Net position, end of year	\$ (6,619,792) \$	(115,576,432) \$	(412,725,723) \$	(414,935,275) \$	(396,513,662)

Statement of Activities – Total Primary Government – Continued

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Net expense	\$ (1,510,734,607) \$	(1,493,676,179) \$	(1,307,825,600) \$	(1,182,302,628) \$	(1,038,186,915)
General revenues					
Taxes					
Property taxes	456,911,397	432,706,453	416,365,932	397,722,644	388,628,855
Occupational taxes	162,374,610	156,387,646	151,821,629	139,825,242	132,569,312
Other taxes	53,658,834	51,729,620	47,796,163	49,482,553	46,500,119
State sources					
SEEK program	256,709,740	269,121,859	274,943,838	277,043,057	270,658,773
Other state revenues	512,980,545	583,777,579	383,488,212	311,578,993	196,206,023
Interest and investment earnings	3,388,278	2,414,058	1,706,153	1,405,257	1,683,254
Miscellaneous	16,463,425	19,899,924	15,948,120	10,240,231	10,032,096
Total general revenues	1,462,486,829	1,516,037,139	1,292,070,047	1,187,297,977	1,046,278,432
Change in net position	(48,247,778)	22,360,960	(15,755,553)	4,995,349	8,091,517
Net position, beginning of year	(273,168,212)	(295,529,172)	(279,773,619)	(284,768,968)	(292,860,485)
Net position, end of year	\$ (321,415,990) \$	(321,415,990) \$	(295,529,172) \$	(279,773,619) \$	(284,768,968)

Balance Sheets – Governmental Funds

Ten Years' Trend Data

	2023		2022		2021	2020		2019
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$ 650,589,513	\$	531,341,486	\$	319,947,620	\$ 309,534,145 \$		327,791,345
Accounts and grants receivable	88,341,507		61,057,760		53,850,968	32,124,286		41,527,426
Prepaid expenditures	1,200,000			2,423,932				
Inventories	5,486,277		3,845,950		4,972,608	3,613,216		3,324,186
Due from other funds	202,876,769		159,186,531		124,072,584	111,823,383		121,012,589
Total Assets	\$ 947,294,066	\$	755,431,727	\$	504,043,780	\$ 457,095,030 \$		496,079,478
Liabilities								
Accrued liabilities	\$ 169,848,847	\$	150,324,873	\$	144,857,329	\$ 124,595,791 \$		136,245,944
Due to other funds	202,761,438		150,885,786		113,609,966	104,624,399		107,049,722
Total Liabilities	372,610,285		301,210,659		258,467,295	229,220,190		243,295,666
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	5,486,277		3,845,950		6,172,608	3,613,216		5,460,600
Restricted								
Capital Projects & Special Revenue Fund	136,041,768		93,179,006		83,202,728	103,870,057		97,624,465
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	12,627,222		18,092,307		10,379,429	29,047,895		23,368,618
Committed, General Fund	36,000,000		36,000,000	7	36,000,000	36,000,000		36,000,000
Assigned, General Fund	57,647,612		25,081,718		27,039,251	32,748,001		16,244,256
Unassigned, General Fund	326,880,902		278,022,087		82,782,469	22,595,671		74,085,873
Total Fund Balances	 574,683,781	1	454,221,068		245,576,485	227,874,840		252,783,812
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 947,294,066	\$	755,431,727	\$	504,043,780	\$ 457,095,030 \$,	496,079,478

Balance Sheets - Governmental Funds - Continued

	2018		2017		2016		2015	2014	
Assets									
Cash and investments	\$ 308,987,719 \$	\$	363,476,682	\$	284,375,743	\$	276,582,060 \$		305,860,390
Accounts and grants receivable	35,188,994		33,293,705		73,660,969		37,762,695		32,898,857
Prepaid expenditures	3,202,317 3,048,750 3,149,580 4,203,103			4,556,994					
Inventories	3,197,796		3,221,436		3,462,986		3,992,197		4,623,166
Due from other funds	133,328,815		134,756,547		128,054,736		129,948,408		110,049,883
Total Assets	\$ 483,905,641 \$	5	537,797,120	\$	492,704,014	\$	452,488,463 \$		457,989,290
Liabilities									
Accrued liabilities	\$ 138,516,380 \$	5	134,584,582	\$	114,393,488	\$	104,691,277 \$		110,401,094
Due to other funds	127,964,466		129,600,827		123,038,113		124,267,169		103,504,919
Total Liabilities	266,480,846		264,185,409		237,431,601		228,958,446		213,906,013
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable	6,113,779		5,982,668		6,325,049		7,907,782		8,892,642
Restricted									
Capital Projects & Special Revenue Fund	46,860,175		97,632,001		92,548,558		86,087,451		100,950,255
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	29,017,136		22,163,113		29,748,282		18,234,685		23,052,462
Committed, General Fund	36,000,000		36,000,000		36,000,000	•	36,000,000		36,000,000
Assigned, General Fund	15,843,169		17,338,950	7	18,887,348		17,456,000		8,737,485
Unassigned, General Fund	83,590,536		94,494,979		71,763,176		57,844,099		66,450,433
Total Fund Balances	217,424,795	9	273,611,711		255,272,413		223,530,017		244,083,277
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 483,905,641	5	537,797,120	\$	492,704,014	\$	452,488,463 \$		457,989,290

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Ten Years' Trend Data

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Revenues					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 627,463,151	\$ 594,308,658	\$ 530,248,112	502,604,410 \$	480,070,360
Occupational taxes	206,342,623	206,474,525	176,787,809	156,348,315	165,754,818
Other taxes	74,667,834	106,915,232	63,516,855	54,014,453	56,671,549
Grants from local agencies and donors	13,365,388	5,217,631	3,496,477	3,429,761	4,216,634
State sources					
SEEK program	233,759,766	233,088,270	231,277,657	234,116,356	256,564,394
Other state resources	472,560,738	371,572,407	369,100,158	366,710,242	346,822,857
Grants	247,411,258	376,581,135	163,897,511	84,064,441	79,215,953
Interest	21,214,511	833,179	330,027	4,786,365	7,473,913
Other sources	23,353,200	19,770,433	25,035,352	28,672,444	18,036,912
Total Revenues	1,920,138,469	1,914,761,470	1,563,689,958	1,434,746,787	1,414,827,390
Expenditures					
Instruction	966,975,857	909,687,365	829,625,034	785,031,827	763,641,366
Student support services	115,454,042	100,581,583	87,150,824	76,482,424	68,161,539
Instructional staff support services	183,309,965	181,917,323	149,690,833	150,231,095	140,842,072
District administrative support services	9,888,305	8,775,830	7,417,507	7,508,254	6,814,225
School administrative support services	135,976,373	128,116,349	118,604,248	115,548,045	115,027,172
Business support services	80,709,961	63,469,064	46,446,098	52,741,427	45,822,235
services	14,450,537	17,057,896	26,169,664	10,643,474	11,083,836
Transportation	89,611,027	83,808,103	68,093,453	85,493,451	89,192,089

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Expenditures-continued					
Plant operations and maintenance	\$ 162,311,198	\$ 147,494,935	\$ 110,961,638 \$	116,158,197 \$	117,438,367
Other instructional support services	33,063	20,302	22,631	20,340	64,987
Building renovations	103,907,406	104,094,794	73,247,112	63,116,051	54,170,060
Other	920,807	471,030	8,868,088	2,944,210	2,785,186
Debt service					
Principal	60,146,721	36,338,627	36,235,188	33,245,188	35,151,226
Interest	22,900,022	20,268,424	18,791,141	18,100,298	16,569,151
Total Expenditures	1,946,595,284	1,802,101,625	1,581,323,459	1,517,264,281	1,466,763,511
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Bond proceeds net of discounts and refunding issues	145,684,592	94,455,551	38,324,988	57,608,522	90,362,974
Transfers to Proprietary Funds	(2,965,253)	(3,002,495)	30,324,700	37,000,322	70,302,774
Transfers from Proprietary Funds	4,200,189	4,531,682			
Transfers in	125,078,268	86,205,468	62,140,257	52,169,348	56,942,430
Transfers out	(125,078,268)	(86,205,468)	(62,140,257)	(52,169,348)	(60,010,266)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	146,919,528	95,984,738	35,335,146	57,608,522	87,295,138
Sources (Oses)	140,717,320	73,704,730	33,333,140	37,000,322	07,273,130
Net Change in Fund Balances	120,462,713	208,644,583	17,701,645	(24,908,972)	35,359,017
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	454,221,068	245,576,485	227,874,840	252,783,812	217,424,795
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 574,683,781	\$ 454,221,068	\$ 245,576,485 \$	227,874,840 \$	252,783,812
Ratio of total debt service expenditures to total noncapital expenditures	0.039	0.040	0.039	0.038	0.040

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Revenues					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 456,911,397	\$ 432,706,453	\$ 416,365,932 \$	397,722,644	\$ 388,628,855
Occupational taxes	162,374,610	156,387,646	151,821,629	139,825,242	132,569,312
Other taxes	53,658,834	51,729,620	47,796,163	49,482,553	46,500,119
Grants from local agencies and donors	12,003,218	10,059,989	9,339,816	8,435,955	9,881,427
State sources					
SEEK program	256,709,740	269,121,859	274,943,838	277,043,057	270,658,773
Other state resources	344,927,246	240,938,705	237,803,654	229,841,535	203,844,812
Grants	91,177,791	94,954,691	95,633,844	91,141,503	94,128,602
Interest	3,284,271	2,347,241	1,677,255	1,389,755	1,663,952
Other sources	19,512,719	16,260,224	16,611,172	11,654,931	10,814,937
Total Revenues	1,400,559,826	1,274,506,428	1,251,993,303	1,206,537,175	1,158,690,789
Expenditures					
Instruction	754,517,489	659,163,029	651,704,411	626,202,625	599,752,771
Student support services	66,023,129	59,507,080	56,468,739	53,898,592	50,904,421
Instructional staff support services	155,224,231	137,792,548	133,813,433	136,595,787	125,814,940
District administrative support services	5,881,645	5,205,114	4,621,076	4,074,121	3,643,083
School administrative support services	98,562,871	87,953,654	86,072,917	86,706,811	85,727,500
Business support services	49,830,447	43,508,006	41,900,407	40,124,691	42,730,714
Community and food services	10,176,026	9,673,052	9,705,648	9,785,799	9,605,723
Transportation	89,313,077	80,102,175	76,843,087	80,815,562	85,953,279

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Continued

		2018		2017		2016	2015		2014
Expenditures-continued									
Plant operations and maintenance	\$	118,046,299	\$	108,680,821	\$	109,856,870	\$ 107,834,439 \$		103,957,976
Other instructional support services		60,065		32,859		31,660	27,404		10,000
Building renovations		52,752,999		49,013,775		54,066,235	47,130,013		48,640,389
Other		2,606,701		2,771,607		3,276,200	3,475,119		3,358,550
Debt service									
Principal		34,001,290		31,116,591		30,255,122	29,914,485		34,623,248
Interest		16,696,446		16,323,732		16,461,930	16,034,197		15,265,077
Total Expenditures	1,4	453,692,715		1,290,844,043		1,275,077,735	1,242,619,645	1,	209,987,671
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Bond proceeds net of discounts and refunding issues				37,776,399	4	57,926,144	18,645,850		78,820,133
Transfers to Proprietary Funds									
Transfers from Proprietary Funds									
Transfers in		43,815,290		55,738,987	7	41,506,086	53,480,763		77,555,249
Transfers out		(46,869,317)		(58,838,473)	4	(44,605,402)	 (56,597,403)		(80,574,553)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,054,027)		34,676,913		54,826,828	15,529,210		75,800,829
Net Change in Fund Balances		(56,186,916)	7	18,339,298		31,742,396	(20,553,260)		24,503,947
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		273,611,711		255,272,413		223,530,017	244,083,277		219,579,330
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 2	217,424,795	\$	273,611,711	\$	255,272,413	\$ 223,530,017 \$		244,083,277
Ratio of total debt service expenditures to total noncapital expenditures		0.039		0.041		0.039	0.048		0.045

General Government Expenses by Function¹

	Instruction	Student Support Services	Instructional Staff Support Services	District Administrative Support Services	School Administrative Support Services	Business Support Services	Community Services	Transportation	Plant Operations and Maintenance
2023	\$ 909,793,002	\$ 101,936,000	\$ 161,846,403	\$ 11,536,924	\$ 120,055,049	\$ 71,290,737	\$ 12,115,637	\$ 84,271,519	\$ 144,360,757
2022	1,023,426,169	107,196,262	193,879,118	11,805,819	136,540,514	67,673,427	12,995,156	95,234,280	158,273,844
2021	944,387,244	88,749,846	180,993,573	10,222,935	123,139,817	50,311,515	18,342,055	85,005,627	111,513,734
2020	842,004,783	77,156,556	158,415,899	9,945,307	117,806,382	58,354,230	14,013,430	99,810,412	116,274,445
2019	864,509,475	69,122,283	184,473,830	9,417,079	127,163,050	65,847,780	28,399,457	124,412,708	118,239,225
2018	848,894,722	66,627,124	191,939,436	8,792,408	108,309,775	70,521,907	26,377,760	158,063,796	118,322,852
2017	781,439,409	63,459,349	241,610,652	8,409,278	107,624,194	90,097,373	33,835,506	131,587,727	109,198,091
2016	742,294,075	58,812,027	187,114,423	7,872,803	99,473,707	81,828,482	25,466,326	89,762,735	110,347,315
2015	729,319,975	60,064,328	133,254,466	7,711,286	94,277,648	33,236,652	16,012,870	87,973,527	108,222,195
2014	633,177,394	50,729,048	118,955,171	6,972,822	84,150,967	38,844,491	9,134,416	84,374,237	103,975,188

	Other Instruction									-	*				
_	Suppor Services		Other		Interest	S	ichool Food Services		Adult Education		interprise Programs	 ition-based Pre-school	Daycare perations	Total	
2023		\$	845,325	\$	22,900,022	\$	84,797,793	\$	92,594	\$	14,459	\$ 32,055	\$ 54,577	\$1,725,942	2,853
2022			1,102,962		20,268,424		62,920,793		65,346		11,674	(1,364)	74,925	1,891,467	7,349
2021			15,694,901		18,860,600		45,091,852	4	170,977		75,950	(648,751)	(39,665)	1,691,872	2,210
2020			489,258		18,418,910		77,606,712	7	204,046	h	157,228	451,880	130,385	1,591,239	9,863
2019			604,701		16,106,729		72,200,866		171,152	٦	141,308	707,730	(435,894)	1,681,08	1,479
2018			81,682		17,204,330		76,915,589		168,158	4	157,129	1,097,840	237,015	1,693,71	1,523
2017			315,775		16,139,220		90,450,953		193,589		142,516	1,317,912	652,491	1,676,474	4,035
2016			380,782	1	16,116,139		68,262,191		260,184		156,576	885,771	428,715	1,489,462	2,251
2015			501,023		16,244,178		62,724,047		568,257		97,329	785,927	480,892	1,351,474	4,600
2014	\$ 10	,000	563,066		14,825,786		57,940,891		479,264		97,470	721,285	712,447	1,205,663	3,943

¹General government includes all governmental and enterprise funds.

General Government Revenues by Type¹

	Charges for Service	(Grants & Contributions	F	Property Taxes	(Occupational Taxes	Other Taxes
2023	\$ 3,022,102	\$	347,909,409	\$	627,463,151	\$	206,342,623	\$ 74,667,834
2022	1,495,359		462,887,156		594,308,658		206,474,525	106,915,232
2021	668,633		210,583,315		530,248,112		176,787,809	63,516,855
2020	3,534,142		154,284,078		502,604,410		156,348,315	54,014,453
2019	4,522,115		157,810,174		480,070,360		165,754,818	56,671,549
2018	4,651,662		178,325,254		456,911,397		162,374,610	53,658,834
2017	5,329,447		177,468,409		432,706,453		156,387,646	51,729,620
2016	5,808,638		175,828,013		416,365,932		151,821,629	47,796,163
2015	7,706,775		161,465,197		397,722,644		139,825,242	49,482,553
2014	10,202,466		157,264,562		388,628,855		132,569,312	46,500,119

	SEEK State Revenues	Other State Revenues	Interest Income	Other Revenues	Total
2023	\$ 233,759,766 \$	284,154,741	\$ 21,450,320	\$ 36,129,547	\$ 1,834,899,493
2022	233,088,270	555,341,767	843,616	27,262,057	2,188,616,640
2021	231,277,657	466,477,021	331,518	14,190,842	1,694,081,762
2020	234,116,356	434,461,333	4,881,555	28,573,608	1,572,818,250
2019	256,564,394	455,839,757	7,649,883	21,100,757	1,605,983,807
2018	256,709,740	512,980,545	3,388,278	16,463,425	1,645,463,745
2017	269,121,859	583,777,579	2,414,058	19,899,924	1,698,834,995
2016	274,943,838	383,488,212	1,706,153	15,948,120	1,473,706,698
2015	277,043,057	311,578,993	1,405,257	10,240,231	1,356,469,949
2014	270,658,773	196,206,023	1,683,254	10,032,096	1,213,745,460

¹ General government includes all governmental and enterprise funds.

Property Tax Rates

Ten Years' Trend Data

	Real Estate ¹	Tangible Property ¹	Motor Vehicle ¹	Weighted Average Tax Rates ¹
2023	76.0	76.0	58.5	74.7
2022	79.6	79.6	58.5	78.2
2021	80.6	80.6	58.5	79.0
2020	73.6	73.6	58.5	70.7
2019	72.5	72.5	58.5	71.5
2018	70.4	70.4	58.5	70.0
2017	70.8	71.0	58.5	69.9
2016	71.0	71.0	58.5	70.1
2015	71.0	71.0	58.5	69.2
2014	71.0	71.0	58.5	69.2

Real estate & personal property taxes are the District's largest revenue source. Each year's tax rates are approved in September by vote of the elected Board of Education. Statutorily, rates may not be raised to an extent that total revenues are increased by 4% or the tax is subject to referendum.

¹ Cents per \$100 assessment



Real Estate and Personal Property Tax Revenues

Ten Years' Trend Data

	Amount Levied	Collections as of the End of the Levy Year	Levy Year Percent	Omitted and Delinquent Tax Revenue	Total Tax Revenue Received During Fiscal Year	Total Percent
2023	\$ 684,189,342	\$ 746,742,917	109.1 % \$	\$ 13,328,286	\$ 760,071,203	111.1 %
2022	643,990,091	611,503,351	95.0 %	48,964,773	660,468,124	102.6 %
2021	571,206,069	544,761,795	95.4 %	12,040,502	556,802,297	97.5 %
2020	543,290,378	515,985,211	95.0 %	9,183,568	525,168,779	96.7 %
2019	516,657,825	492,745,653	95.4 %	12,269,041	505,014,694	97.7 %
2018	495,210,128	468,396,336	94.6 %	10,892,385	479,288,721	96.8 %
2017	464,203,005	443,500,395	95.5 %	9,968,631	453,469,026	97.7 %
2016	447,424,580	425,810,369	95.2 %	9,753,569	435,563,938	97.3 %
2015	427,603,120	406,858,768	95.1 %	11,523,771	418,382,539	97.8 %
2014	417,767,614	396,380,679	94.9 %	11,872,790	408,253,469	97.7 %

Tax collections consist of property taxes and franchise taxes. These revenues are split between General Fund and Building Tax Fund in the Financial Section, where franchise taxes are included with Other Taxes.

Omitted and delinquent taxes are remitted to the District when collected by our tax collection agencies. These collections are not identified by year, occasionally resulting in the percent of collections exceeding 100%.

Property Tax Assessments

Ten Years' Trend Data

Weighted Average Tax Rate Applied to Assessments (cents per

	Real Estate	Tangible Property	Franchise	Motor Vehicle	Distilled Spirits	Total Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	\$100 assessment)	
2023	\$ 83,113,100,488 \$	8,758,741,763 \$	3,796,855,976	\$ 7,586,718,275	\$ 323,203,025	\$ 103,578,619,527	\$ 103,578,619,527	74.72	
2022	71,098,214,497	5,458,828,137	3,172,778,255	5,789,431,042	256,182,196	85,775,434,127	85,775,434,127	78.18	
2021	66,800,455,676	5,118,571,261	2,892,140,795	5,797,471,887	259,276,546	80,867,916,165	80,867,916,165	79.02	
2020	65,141,054,707	5,403,545,336	2,868,841,228	5,720,667,808	283,410,346	79,417,519,425	79,417,519,425	72.51	
2019	62,682,776,578	4,798,195,140	2,655,839,191	5,478,733,432	270,677,922	75,886,222,263	75,886,222,263	71.49	
2018	61,046,926,653	5,307,565,850	2,568,249,146	5,272,908,093	270,677,922	74,466,327,664	74,466,327,664	69.56	
2017	57,871,202,283	4,980,355,366	2,296,268,627	5,109,701,374	291,093,494	70,548,621,144	70,548,621,144	69.93	
2016	54,932,805,754	5,042,138,245	2,250,950,826	4,907,345,575	274,684,465	67,407,924,865	67,407,924,865	70.09	
2015	52,476,956,219	4,711,452,019	2,096,989,899	4,729,846,285	280,681,766	64,295,926,188	64,295,926,188	70.08	
2014	51,682,382,456	4,879,662,128	2,003,135,948	4,564,604,680	268,980,462	63,398,765,674	63,398,765,674	70.10	

Source: Jefferson County Property Valuation Administration



Property Taxes, As Assessed

Ten Years' Trend Data

	Real Estate	Tangible Property	Franchise	Motor Vehicle	Distilled Spirits	Total Property Taxes as Assessed	Estimated Actual Tax Value
2023	\$ 631,659,564 \$	66,566,437 \$	28,856,105	\$ 44,382,302 \$	2,456,343	\$ 773,920,751	\$ 773,920,751
2022	565,941,787	43,452,272	25,255,315	33,868,172	2,039,210	670,556,756	670,556,756
2021	538,411,673	41,255,684	23,310,655	33,915,211	2,089,769	638,982,992	638,982,992
2020	479,438,163	39,770,094	21,659,751	33,465,907	2,085,900	576,419,815	576,419,815
2019	454,450,130	34,786,915	19,254,834	32,050,591	1,962,415	542,504,885	542,504,885
2018	432,212,241	37,683,718	18,234,569	30,846,512	1,921,813	520,898,853	520,898,853
2017	409,728,112	35,360,523	16,303,507	29,891,753	2,066,764	493,350,659	493,350,659
2016	390,022,921	35,799,182	15,981,751	28,707,972	1,950,260	472,462,086	472,462,086
2015	367,338,694	32,980,164	14,678,929	27,669,601	1,964,772	444,632,160	444,632,160
2014	361,776,677	34,157,635	14,021,952	26,702,937	1,882,863	438,542,064	438,542,064

Source: Assessments from Jefferson County Property Valuation Administration multiplied by tax rates



Principal Real Estate Taxpayers

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and nine comparison years

Company	2022-23 School Tax Paid	% Total Rev	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14
LOUISVILLE GAS & ELECTRIC	\$17,466,220	2.5 %	\$16,716,985	\$14,097,643	\$12,391,757	\$12,246,131	\$10,556,090	\$ 9,852,494	\$ 8,576,005	\$ 7,425,245	**
W W GRAINGER INC #009	3,273,219	0.5 %	4,381,401	1,270,929	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNI CATIONS	2,576,179	0.4 %	2,452,842	2,051,701	1,444,283	1,396,092	1,276,264	910,013	889,611	897,653	1,191,344
BT PROPERTY LLC	2,372,432	0.3 %	2,331,349	2,279,316	2,094,564	1,778,260	1,308,112	1,305,761	1,280,785	931,639	779,381
HUMANA INC	2,233,575	0.3 %	1,878,279	1,820,080	1,696,056	1,260,698	2,583,952	**	1,294,204	1,270,617	**
PC ROLLING HILLS LOUISVILLE LLC	2,079,019	0.3 %	1,684,166	1,948,116	1,585,336	**	**	**	**	**	**
SPECTRUM MID- AMERICA LLC	1,816,651	0.3 %	1,595,007	1,400,517	1,218,076	1,406,678	1,095,192	1,770,143	1,169,732	831,367	897,930
UNITED PARCEL SERVICE CO	1,783,058	0.3 %	1,512,871	1,426,368	1,418,139	1,468,730	**	**	**	**	874,965
SCHNEIDER GROUND CO LLC	1,715,508	0.2 %	1,318,145	1,253,928	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
WAL MART REAL ESTATE BUSINESS TR	1,445,783	0.2 %	955,610	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**

^{**} For years marked, taxpayer was not one of the principal taxpayers to the Board.

Source: Jefferson County Sheriff

Percent of total revenues is based on percent of total real estate and other property taxes as follows:

Property taxes	\$ 627,463,151
Other taxes	74,667,834
	\$ 702,130,985

Overlapping Tax Rates

For Tax Year 2022

	Real Estate ¹	Tangible Property ¹	Motor Vehicle ¹	_	Real Estate ¹	Tangible Property ¹	Motor Vehicle ¹
Jefferson County Boa revenue (cents per \$1			ect rate of larg	jest own source	76.30	76.80	79.60
Metro Louisville							
Government	12.40	16.41	16.60	Glenview	11.00	_	_
Anchorage	32.90	16.00	32.90	Glenview Hills	11.00	_	_
Audubon Park	24.00	_	28.00	Glenview Manor	13.45	_	_
Bancroft	28.80	_	_	Goose Creek	13.70	_	_
Barbourmeade	20.90	_	_	Graymoor-Devondale	20.00	_	_
Beechwood Village	10.00	_	_	Green Spring	14.50	14.50	_
Bellemeade	6.60	_	_	Heritage Creek	19.20	_	_
Bellewood	19.00	_	_	Hickory Hill	19.00	_	_
Blue Ridge Manor	20.00	_	_	Hills and Dales	18.90	_	_
Briarwood	29.00	_	_	Hollow Creek	34.00	_	_
Broeck Pointe	16.30	_	_	Houston Acres	14.70	_	_
Brownsboro Farm	21.80	_	_	Hurstbourne	14.90	_	_
Brownsboro Village	21.23	_	_	Hurstbourne Acres	14.00	_	_
Cambridge	16.80	_	_	Indian Hills	19.10	_	_
Coldstream	10.00	_	_	Jeffersontown	13.09	_	_
Creekside	22.00	_	_	Kingsley	27.80	_	_
Crossgate	22.50	_		Langdon Place	28.00	_	_
Douglas Hills	13.40	_	_	Lincolnshire	22.00	_	_
Druid Hills	10.00	_		Lyndon	12.00	_	_
Fincastle	20.00	_		Lynnview	10.00	_	11.90
Forest Hills	12.00	_	2.00	Manor Creek	29.00	_	_

¹ Cents per \$100 assessment

Overlapping Tax Rates – Continued

For Tax Year 2022

	Real Estate ¹	Tangible Property ¹	Motor Vehicle ¹		Real Estate ¹	Tangible Property ¹	Motor Vehicle ¹
Maryhill Estates	13.00	_	_	Saint Regis Park	9.60	_	_
Meadow Vale	10.30	_	_	Seneca Gardens	21.31	_	_
Meadowbrook Farm	5.60	_	_	Shively	35.40	37.70	37.70
Meadowview Estates	10.50	_	_	Spring Mill	20.00	_	_
Middletown	13.40	_	_	Spring Valley	17.00	_	_
Mockingbird Valley	10.00	_	_	Strathmoor Manor	30.00	_	_
Moorland	22.00	_	_	Strathmoor Village	21.00	_	_
Murray Hill	15.60	_	_	Ten Broeck	7.94	_	_
Norbourne Estates	16.80	_	_	Thornhill	12.00	_	_
Nothfield	14.40	_	_	Watterson Park	5.80	5.00	7.00
Norwood	14.10	_	_	Wellington	13.38	_	
Old Brownsboro				West Buechel	18.30	_	_
Place	34.00	_	_	Westwood	11.00	_	_
Parkway Village	14.60	_	_	Wildwood	13.90	_	_
Plantation	26.00	_	_	Windy Hills	17.00	_	_
Prospect	17.30	_	_	Woodland Hills	9.50	_	_
Richlawn	11.40	_	_	Woodlawn Park	14.70	_	_
Riverwood	17.92	_	_	Worthington Hills	16.25	_	_
Rolling Fields	15.40	_	_				
Rolling Hills	15.67	_	-				
Saint Matthews	20.00	_	_ +				

¹ Cents per \$100 assessment

Overlapping Tax Rates – Continued

For Tax Year 2022

	Real Estate ¹	Tangible Property ¹	Motor Vehicle ¹
Anchorage/Middletown Fire & EMS	16.00	16.00	16.60
Buechel Fire District	18.00	18.00	_
Fairdale Fire District	10.00	10.00	10.00
Fern Creek Fire District	18.00	18.00	18.00
Highview Fire District	18.00	18.00	18.00
Jeffersontown/McMahan Fire District	15.00	15.00	15.00
Louisville Downtown Management District	8.31	_	_
Lynnview Garbage Fund	10.00	_	10.00
Okolona Fire District	17.00	17.00	10.00
Pleasure Ridge Park Fire District	20.00	20.00	20.00
St Matthews/Lyndon Fire District	15.00	15.00	15.00
Urban Services District/Louisville ¹ Cents per \$100 assessment	35.80	56.00	58.50

Principal Employers by Number of Employees

For Tax Year December 31, 2022 and Nine Comparison Years

		Percent of Jefferson County's									
-	2022	Employees	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
United Parcel Service	25,169	6.4 %	24,110	25,090	23,533	23,533	21,233	22,354	22,189	20,931	20,117
Norton Healthcare Inc.	14,413	3.7 %	14,403	13,828	12,579	12,579	12,247	11,944	10,739	10,245	9,658
Jefferson County Public Schools	13,596	3.4 %	14,056	14,484	14,250	14,250	14,476	14,553	14,719	14,676	14,366
UofL Health Inc.	13,183	3.3 %									
Ford Motor Co.	13,020	3.3 %	13,020	13,020	13,042	13,042	12,600	12,600	9,028	8,987	8,696
Humana Inc.	11,243	2.9 %	12,526	12,360	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,500	12,900	12,371	11,000
Baptist Healthcare System	9,030	2.3 %	9,666	7,346	8,143	8,143	6,159	6,786	5,116	5,339	4,219
Walmart, Inc.	8,600	2.2 %	7,500	6,650							
GE Appliances. a Haier company	8,100	2.1 %	7,100	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,230	5,000
University of Louisville	6,585	1.7 %	6,574	6,620	6,394	6,394	6,933	7,065	6,264	6,161	6,273
Louisville/Jeff Co. Metro Government	5,702	1.4 %	5,628	5,646	5,987	5,987	6,226	6,192	5,584	5,654	5,698
Amazon.com LLC	5,700	1.4 %	5,700	5,700	5,700	5,700	6,500				
The Kroger Co	5,000	1.3 %	7,421	9,300	9,235	9,235	3,079	3,079	4,892		
Manna Inc.	2,300	0.6 %	2,325	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,600	2,400		
Archdiocese of Louisville	2,193	0.6 %	2,202	2,202	2,202	2,202	2,252	2,660	2,237	2,260	2,352
LG&E and KU Energy LLC	2,084	0.5 %	2,209	2,240	2,208	2,208	2,162	2,201	1,993	2,178	2,066
Robley Rex VA Medical Center	2,084	0.5 %	2,002	1,922	1,876						
Bullitt County Public Schools	1,716	0.4 %	1,737								
Oldham County Public Schools	1,704	0.4 %	1,777								
Samtec Inc.	1,575	0.4 %	1,601								
Source: Business First magazine					•						

Occupational Tax Revenues

Ten Years' Trend Data

2023	\$ 206,342,623
2022	206,474,525
2021	176,787,809
2020	156,348,315
2019	165,754,818
2018	162,374,610
2017	156,387,646
2016	151,821,629
2015	139,825,242
2014	132,569,312

Occupational tax rates have been 0.75% of salaries & wages of Jefferson County workers for the entire period.



Total Bonded Debt by Responsible Party

Presented for Life of Bonds

Year Ending			Total
June 30	Principal	Interest	Repayments
2024	\$ 37,385,000	\$ 21,059,095	\$ 58,444,095
2025	36,570,000	19,846,238	56,416,238
2026	38,009,357	24,003,662	62,013,019
2027	39,300,000	16,893,035	56,193,035
2028	39,890,000	15,519,641	55,409,641
2029-2033	222,247,050	63,143,092	285,390,142
2034-2038	160,215,000	16,948,246	177,163,246
2039-2043	25,565,000	1,377,725	26,942,725
	\$599,181,407	\$178,790,734	\$777,972,141

Metro Louisville											
Year Ending June 30	Principal			Interest	Total Repayments						
2024	\$	100,385	\$	2,610	\$	102,995					
2025											
2026											
2027											
2028											
2029-2033											
2034-2038											
2039-2043											
	\$	100.385	\$	2.610	\$	102.995					

Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission Year Ending Total

June 30	Principal	Interest	Repayments
	A 7 (04 000 A		* 10 105 150
2024	\$ 7,631,323 \$	2,864,136	\$ 10,495,459
2025	5,986,312	2,582,705	8,569,017
2026	6,173,850	2,431,419	8,605,269
2027	6,141,347	2,202,992	8,344,339
2028	5,572,695	1,988,394	7,561,089
2029-2033	26,824,517	7,092,790	33,917,307
2034-2038	18,627,751	2,898,663	21,526,414
2039-2043	6,804,722	719,133	7,523,855

\$ 83,762,517 \$ 22,780,232 \$106,542,749

Total Principal payments	\$683,044,309
Total Interest payments	201,573,576
Total Repayments	\$884,617,885

These schedules present the total debt service payable over the life of each bond issue. The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission and the Metro Louisville government have pledged to pay the debt service on certain issues as documented by a Memorandum of Agreement or a legislative pronouncement; however, all debt was issued in the Board's name and the full liability is reflected in the Financial Section of this ACFR.

Detail of Bonds by Responsible Party

Presented for Life of Bonds

Bond Issue	erson County Board of Education	C	tucky School Facilities onstruction ommission	Me	tro Louisville		Net Bond Premiums/ (Discounts)	Total
2010C QSCB	\$ 7,117,050					\$	(48,288) \$	7,068,762
2011A QSCB	29,357						(86,258)	(56,901)
2012A		\$	7,115,000				(115,158)	6,999,842
2012B	279,534		1,810,081	\$	100,38	5	(16,378)	2,173,622
2012C	3,815,000						(5,974)	3,809,026
2012D	21,835,000						(107,581)	21,727,419
2013A	7,158,010		56,990				(44,564)	7,170,436
2013B	13,578,216		3,691,784				212,096	17,482,096
2013C	25,290,000						203,394	25,493,394
2014A	32,313,570		5,891,430				1,373,326	39,578,326
2015A			11,645,000				659,271	12,304,271
2015B	24,630,000						1,273,873	25,903,873
2015C	12,455,000						697,271	13,152,271
2016A	16,365,271		15,694,729			7	1,191,707	33,251,707
2016B			3,700,000				25,553	3,725,553
2017A	26,795,000						3,234,700	30,029,700
2018A	15,389,579		11,535,421				426,315	27,351,315
2019A	48,210,000					•	4,113,176	52,323,176
2020A	55,020,000			7			2,349,428	57,369,428
2021A	23,476,077		11,103,923				1,741,119	36,321,119
2021B	83,880,000		· '				7,435,221	91,315,221
2022A	51,275,000						5,953,901	57,228,901
2023A	46,406,841	\$	11,518,159				5,812,162 \$	63,737,162
	\$ 515,318,505	\$	83,762,517	\$	100,38	5 \$	36,278,312 \$	635,459,719

Overlapping/Direct Debt and Bond Analysis Ratios

As of June 30, 2023

Governmental Unit		Gross Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Jefferson County Taxpayers	Jefferson County Taxpayers Share of Debt		
Direct Debt:						
Jefferson County Public Schools	\$	635,459,719	100%	\$	635,459,719	
Overlapping Debt ¹ :						
Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government						
Revenue Bonds		22,413,190	100%		22,413,190	
General Obligation Debt	_	657,454,363	100%	_	657,454,363	
	_	679,867,553		_	679,867,553	
Total Overlapping and Direct Debt	\$	1,315,327,272	:	\$	1,315,327,272	
			Total Overlapping and Direct to			
Total Overlapping and Direct Debt Per Capita		0.0275	Total Personal Income		0.027506486	
Direct Debt Per Capita						
Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value		0.0133	Total Direct Debt to Total Personal Income		0.01328891	
Debt Service Expenditures to Total Governmental Expenditures		0.0481	Percent of overlapping debt applicable taxpayers calculated as 100% due to oboundaries			
Governmental Revenues Coverage (Divided by Debt Service Expenditures)		22.0948				

Ratios of Debt Outstanding

Ten Year Trend

Fiscal Year	Jefferson Co. Board of Education Government	Jefferson Co. Board of Education Proprietary	Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission	School Based Neighborhood Places funded by Metro Louisville	Net Bond Premiums/ (Discounts)	Total	Debt Service Coverage ¹	Percent of Personal Income	Debt Per Capita
2023	\$ 515,318,505	_	\$ 83,762,517	\$ 100,385	\$ 26,916,078	\$ 626,097,485	0.82	1.31 % \$	805
2022	447,492,339	_	79,237,470	198,320	26,916,078	553,844,207	1.13	1.25 %	707
2021	390,495,488	_	86,032,214	294,054	20,979,847	497,801,603	1.12	0.0115	615
2020	395,097,655	_	81,221,655	387,635	20,819,807	497,526,752	1.19	0.0119	615
2019	363,089,854	_	88,588,121	479,158	20,174,605	472,331,738	1.15	0.0124	583
2018	359,092,880	1,113,962	83,177,234	568,886	20,174,605	443,952,962	1.17	0.0136	573
2017	380,821,200	2,237,862	91,111,285	753,653	N/A	474,924,000	1.19	0.0145	621
2016	371,614,934	3,339,736	97,532,246	932,084	N/A	473,419,000	1.17	0.0145	623
2015	358,747,835	4,378,081	83,443,649	1,104,435	N/A	447,674,000	1.14	0.0137	589
2014	383,549,548	5,383,481	73,011,023	1,270,948	N/A	463,215,000	1.02	0.0142	609

¹ Statutorily, revenues in two funds are used for debt service, with any remainder paid by General Fund. Coverage ratio is the total revenues in Capital Outlay and Building Fund divided by debt service expenses for the year.



Jefferson County Demographics

Updated as of 2023

Population by Selected Age Groups	Jefferson County	Number Percentage			Number Percentage
0-4	44,614	5.7 %	Caucasian	474,060	60.9 %
5-9	46,667	6.0 %	African-American	158,522	20.4 %
10-19	94,363	12.1 %	American Indian	1,641	0.2 %
20-29	103,331	13.3 %	Asian	30,888	4.0 %
30-39	108,580	14.0 %	Native Hawaiian / Pacific		
40-49	93,617	12.0 %	Islander	318	—%
50-59	102,674	13.2 %	Other / Multirace	40,504	5.2 %
60-64	50,869	6.5 %	Hispanic Origin	61,473	7.9 %
65+	133,479	17.3 %	Population Estimates ¹	767,406	100.01 %
Total Population	778,194	100.0 %			

Source: US Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

Source: US Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census $\,$

¹ The groupings in this chart allow for some individuals to be counted twice, such as the Hispanic Origin. For this reason, totals are slightly different from the chart on the left. Chart also includes rounding adjustment.

Economic Statistics

Ten Years' Trend Data

	Total Personal Wages	ı	Per Capita Income	w	Average eekly Wage	Employment	Unemployment	Unemployment Rate
2023	\$ 47,818,804,000	\$	61,474	\$	1,293	394,404	19,402	4.7 %
2022	44,407,286,000		57,863		1,293	377,469	22,741	5.7 %
2021	41,523,531,000		54,155		1,215	394,405	22,372	5.7 %
2020	40,017,970,000		51,937		1,172	393,650	15,933	3.9 %
2019	36,522,814,038		47,361		1,004	384,318	16,269	4.1 %
2018	36,522,814,038		47,361		1,004	376,784	17,464	4.4 %
2017	36,522,814,038		47,361		988	363,746	16,621	4.4 %
2016	N/A		N/A		1,013	352,193	18,173	4.9 %
2015	N/A		N/A		1,017	356,765	20,345	5.4 %
2014	32,703,660,516		42,996		994	341,120	25,216	6.9 %

Source: US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics



Number of Employees by Functional Duties

Function	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Instruction	4,567	4,638	4,726	4,802	4,918
Home and Hospital Instruction	11	12	8	8	8
Other Instructional Programs	2,981	3,274	3,294	3,201	3,248
Student Support Services	754	715	702	650	568
Instructional Staff Support Services	1,102	1,077	1,095	1,151	1,125
District Administrative Support Services	47	44	43	41	38
School Administrative Support Services	1,108	1,100	1,122	1,148	1,171
Business Support Services	314	300	307	317	297
Plant Operations and Maintenance	1,084	1,046	1,048	1,095	1,114
Student Transportation	862	959	1,014	1,175	1,245
Food Service Operations	1	869	850	914	939
Day Care Operations	839	124		1	1
Community Service Operations	126	9	116	119	122
Architectural and Engineering Services	10		9	9	7
_	13,806	14,167	14,334	14,631	14,801

Enrollment by Level

Ten Years' Trend Data

	Elementary	Middle	High	Kindergarten	E.C.E.	Preschool	Total Enrollment
2023	34,596	20,749	28,988	7,001	2,119	3,080	96,533
2022	33,589	20,965	28,811	6,993	2,269	1,539	94,166
2021	35,763	21,233	28,358	7,183	2,420	2,899	97,856
2020	35,763	21,233	28,358	7,183	2,420	2,899	97,856
2019	35,763	21,233	28,358	7,183	2,420	2,899	97,856
2018	37,428	20,717	28,757	6,294	2,316	3,386	98,898
2017	37,660	20,599	28,689	7,431	2,297	3,203	99,879
2016	37,740	20,703	28,603	7,480	2,305	3,864	100,695
2015	37,514	21,093	28,331	7,659	2,315	3,590	100,502
2014	37,242	21,413	27,840	7,828	2,352	4,020	100,695

Reflects First Month Enrollment

Due to differences in tracking enrollment due to COVID-19, the Kentucky Department of Education used the 2019 enrollment data through 2021.



School Building Capacity Data

Ten Years' Trend Data

		202	2-23	202	1-22	202	0-21	2019	9-20	201	8-19
School Name	Square Footage	Program Capacity	Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month								
Alex R. Kennedy Elementary (2015-16)	45,627	357	342	357	323	357	361	350	361	350	353
Atherton High	204,019	1,262	1,460	1,218	1,486	1,218	1,411	1,490	1,411	1,490	1,462
Atkinson Elementary	73,902	680	324	680	324	680	335	720	335	720	360
Auburndale Elementary	59,966	608	613	608	599	608	603	624	603	624	617
Audubon Traditional Elem.	51,227	665	616	665	600	665	621	628	621	628	622
Ballard High	278,137	2,110	2,021	2,110	1,982	2,110	1,969	2,050	1,969	2,050	1,920
Barret Traditional Middle	107,195	631	633	631	637	631	635	654	635	654	641
Bates Elementary	48,508	546	564	546	550	546	572	571	572	571	560
Blake Elementary	60,916	540	523	540	465	540	508	548	508	548	506
Bloom Elementary	61,676	475	526	475	515	475	552	560	552	535	556
Blue Lick Elementary	55,333	519	487	519	423	519	523	560	523	560	530
Bowen Elementary	63,960	784	695	784	687	784	731	752	731	752	729
Brandeis Elementary	55,400	660	469	660	455	660	529	594	529	594	547
Breckinridge Metropolitan High	61,737	154	68	154	50	154	97	149	97	149	124
Breckinridge/Franklin Elementary	78,293	595	271	595	301	595	447	578	447	578	470
Brown School	157,340	1,562	739	1,562	736	1,562	749	860	749	720	731
Buechel Metropolitan High	53,221										
Butler Traditional High	210,238	1,740	1,428	1,740	1,486	1,740	1,652	1,680	1,652	1,680	1,681
Byck Elementary	72,698	531	286	531	314	531	366	640	366	640	383
Camp Taylor Elementary	58,936	553	454	553	411	553	463	568	463	568	398
Cane Run Elementary	60,107	587	377	587	330	587	394	536	394	536	455
Carrithers Middle	92,976	690	588	690	601	690	681	800	681	800	691
Carter Elementary	96,030	689	552	689	559	689	613	612	613	612	600
Continued											

School Building Capacity Data - Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

	201	7-18	201	6-17	201	5-16	201	4-15	201	3-14
School Name	Program Capacity	Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month								
Alex R. Kennedy Elementary (2015-16)	450	335	450	316						
Atherton High	1,490	1,471	1,350	1,473	1,350	1,365	1,350	1,353	1,350	1,266
Atkinson Elementary	720	444	720	461	720	461	720	436	720	428
Auburndale Elementary	624	609	620	606	620	603	620	624	620	627
Audubon Traditional Elem.	628	618	612	622	612	621	612	616	612	618
Ballard High	2,050	1,895	2,050	1,943	2,050	1,958	2,050	1,978	2,050	2,003
Barret Traditional Middle	654	645	654	647	654	645	654	646	654	639
Bates Elementary	571	553	609	541	609	553	609	550	609	563
Blake Elementary	548	526	548	515	548	506	548	496	548	506
Bloom Elementary	535	549	535	548	535	532	535	521	535	535
Blue Lick Elementary	560	513	560	522	560	513	560	706	560	454
Bowen Elementary	752	712	752	726	752	727	752	706	752	722
Brandeis Elementary	594	561	570	578	570	599	570	586	570	599
Breckinridge Metropolitan High	149	110	106	137	106	140	106	124	122	117
Breckinridge/Franklin Elementary	578	467	578	483	578	479	578	493	578	479
Brown School	720	720	720	701	720	700	720	692	718	739
Buechel Metropolitan High					181		181	153	213	127
Butler Traditional High	1,680	1,686	1,650	1,688	1,650	1,680	1,650	1,695	1,650	1,693
Byck Elementary	640	489	624	532	624	568	624	579	614	621
Camp Taylor Elementary	568	441	598	447	598	449	598	482	568	470
Cane Run Elementary	536	412	574	437	574	424	574	406	574	400
Carrithers Middle	800	712	800	680	800	703	800	559	800	558
Carter Elementary	612	593	612	608	612	617	612	596	612	591
Continued	(

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

		202	2-23	202	1-22	202	.0-21	201	9-20	201	8-19
School Name	Square Footage	Program Capacity	Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month								
Central High	233,564	1,380	1,228	1,380	1,260	1,380	1,249	1,400	1,249	1,400	1,259
Chancey Elementary	76,000	616	559	616	537	616	582	750	582	750	624
Chenoweth Elementary	55,842	632	462	632	461	632	522	640	522	640	525
Churchill Park School	82,200	134	88	134	72	134	104	120	104	80	120
Cochran Elementary	56,645	595	317	595	304	595	330	514	330	514	324
Cochrane Elementary	61,325	544	469	544	458	544	477	520	477	520	476
Coleridge Taylor Elementary	73,437	723	402	723	391	723	481	750	481	750	517
Conway Middle	101,137	832	729	832	791	832	804	950	804	950	814
Coral Ridge Elementary	53,751	527	548	527	527	527	566	562	566	562	548
Crosby Middle	98,894	1,022	1,019	1,022	1,015	1,022	1,060	1,290	1,060	1,290	1,090
Crums Lane Elementary	61,350	595	372	595	384	595	414	542	414	542	432
Dixie Elementary	44,573	459	328	459	316	459	370	500	370	500	436
Doss High	237,309	1,705	938	1,705	987	1,705	973	1,600	973	1,600	1,013
Dunn Elementary	51,816	641	474	641	479	641	536	615	536	615	534
DuPont Maunal High	249,048	2,066	1,930	2,066	1,912	2,066	1,894	1,920	1,894	1,880	1,921
Eastern High	299,962	2,262	2,050	2,262	2,067	2,262	2,128	2,090	2,128	2,090	2,065
Eisenhower Elementary	59,511	665	591	665	563	665	601	672	601	672	582
Engelhard Elementary	56,137	531	273	531	253	531	350	500	350	500	377
MLS Newcomer Academy (2016-17)	97,880	700	648	700	483		537		537		395
Fairdale Elementary	64,726	1,746	595	1,746	1,398	1,746	1,362	669	1,362	669	578
Fairdale High Magnet Career Academy	270,295	638	1,391	638	587	638	602	1,600	602	1,600	1,279
Farmer Elementary	79,550	703	760	703	735	703	776	790	776	760	769
Farnsley Middle	129,979	873	1,043	873	1,026	873	1,134	1,150	1,134	1,150	1,095
Fern Creek Elementary	62,617	659	715	659	664	659	676	727	676	727	634
Fern Creek Traditional High	247,769	1,604	1,699	1,604	1,746	1,604	1,752	1,775	1,752	1,650	1,778
Field Elementary	55,945	451	390	451	384	451	421	446	421	446	407
Foster Traditional Academy	79,800	574	575	574	564	574	563	660	563	660	525

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

	201	7-18	201	6-17	201	5-16	201	4-15	201	3-14
School Name	Program Capacity	Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month								
Central High	1,400	1,183	1,400	1,110	1,400	1,120	1,400	1,107	1,400	1,123
Chancey Elementary	750	653	765	665	765	730	765	710	765	711
Chenoweth Elementary	640	556	640	543	640	513	640	514	640	520
Churchill Park School	80	151	89	136	89	138	89	159	210	161
Cochran Elementary	514	408	514	368	514	267	514	347	514	378
Cochrane Elementary	520	456	520	430	520	438	520	373	520	460
Coleridge Taylor Elementary	750	615	750	649	750	619	750	644	750	641
Conway Middle	950	816	950	833	950	840	950	889	950	925
Coral Ridge Elementary	562	553	562	527	562	524	562	502	562	489
Crosby Middle	1,290	1,131	1,405	1,296	1,405	1,315	1,405	1,417	1,450	1,440
Crums Lane Elementary	542	465	550	481	550	529	550	503	550	491
Dixie Elementary	500	451	480	471	480	469	480	444	480	401
Doss High	1,600	1,102	1,600	1,072	1,600	1,087	1,600	1,049	1,600	1,029
Dunn Elementary	615	528	610	570	610	563	610	580	607	616
DuPont Maunal High	1,880	1,919	1,850	1,901	1,850	1,896	1,850	1,896	1,850	1,877
Eastern High	2,090	2,088	2,090	2,024	2,090	2,073	2,090	2,069	2,090	2,054
Eisenhower Elementary	672	572	584	602	584	612	584	617	584	616
Engelhard Elementary	500	366	530	409	530	435	530	435	530	452
MLS Newcomer Academy (2016-17)		480								
Fairdale Elementary	669	569	669	606	669	621	669	576	669	559
Fairdale High Magnet Career Academy	1,600	1,204	1,600	1,173	1,600	1,164	1,600	1,080	1,600	1,095
Farmer Elementary	760	747	788	765	788	760	788	774	761	763
Farnsley Middle	1,150	1,059	1,150	1,048	1,150	1,067	1,150	1,151	1,120	1,129
Fern Creek Elementary	727	594	788	644	788	669	788	781	780	801
Fern Creek Traditional High	1,650	1,685	1,575	1,599	1,575	1,595	1,575	1,463	1,575	1,454
Field Elementary	446	413	446	405	446	414	446	427	446	424
Foster Traditional Academy	660	584	650	592	650	655	650	632	650	622

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

		202	22-23	202	21-22	202	20-21	201	19-20	201	18-19
School Name	Square Footage	Program Capacity	Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month								
Frayser Elementary	68,142	510	319	510	289	510	331	522	331	522	354
Robert Frost Middle	77,553	761		761	389	761	449	700	449	700	423
Gilmore Lane Elementary	39,483							412		412	258
Goldsmith Elementary	50,464	638	605	638	602	638	597	683	597	683	599
Grace James Academy	62,566	711	362	711	247						
Greathouse/Shryock Elementary	61,555	641	603	641	609	641	619	620	619	620	615
Greenwood Elementary	50,667	468	458	468	429	468	474	570	474	570	488
Gutermuth Elementary	53,378	489	371	489	352	489	394	541	394	541	385
Hartstern Elementary	53,718	553	529	553	452	553	463	592	463	592	463
Hawthorne Elementary	62,659	461	447	461	412	461	457	507	457	507	466
Hazelwood Elementary	104,673	497	459	497	418	497	510	620	510	620	529
Highland Middle	120,249	954	795	954	824	954	928	1,200	928	1,200	900
Hite Elementary	45,720	499	454	499	448	499	486	526	486	526	473
Indian Trail Elementary	45,660	468	533	468	489	468	509	537	509	537	436
Iroquois High	293,374	1,786	1,088	1,786	1,058	1,786	1,182	1,450	1,182	1,450	1,204
Jacob Elementary	64,800	646	484	646	392	646	498	700	498	700	584
Jefferson County Trad. Middle	120,513	935	879	935	879	935	928	929	928	929	921
Jefferson, Thomas Middle	206,213	1,644	898	1,644	964	1,644	1,077	1,425	1,077	1,425	1,082
Jeffersontown Elementary	69,309	638	680	638	624	638	705	766	705	766	684
Jeffersontown High Magnet Career	332,591	1,631	949	1,631	937	1,631	920	1,600	920	1,600	986
Johnson Traditional Middle	136,185	1,022	747	1,022	837	1,022	897	980	897	980	897
Johnsontown Road Elementary	46,556	446	330	446	250	446	322	487	322	487	321
Kammerer Middle	127,480	1,066	721	1,066	811	1,066	940	1,120	940	1,120	969
Kennedy Metropolitan	45,627										
Kennedy Montessori Elementary	58,592	595	434	595	447	595	558	640	558	640	586
Kenwood Elementary	46,843	531	577	531	563	531	587	600	587	600	580

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

	201	7-18	201	6-17	201	5-16	201	4-15	201	3-14
School Name	Program Capacity	Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month								
Frayser Elementary	522	363	522	380	522	380	522	352	522	373
Robert Frost Middle	700	470	700	435	700	169	700	494	700	529
Gilmore Lane Elementary	412	276	412	289	412	293	412	312	412	373
Goldsmith Elementary	683	584	683	611	683	631	683	619	683	678
Grace James Academy										
Greathouse/Shryock Elementary	620	616	612	618	612	612	612	609	612	610
Greenwood Elementary	570	506	565	540	565	535	565	564	565	561
Gutermuth Elementary	541	402	563	414	563	444	563	410	563	443
Hartstern Elementary	592	464	592	469	592	469	592	470	592	448
Hawthorne Elementary	507	467	507	472	507	487	507	496	507	477
Hazelwood Elementary	620	477	696	492	696	471	696	460	696	435
Highland Middle	1,200	919	1,227	929	1,227	1,035	1,227	1,156	1,227	1,189
Hite Elementary	526	491	526	495	526	507	526	500	526	530
Indian Trail Elementary	537	446	537	472	537	447	537	453	537	498
Iroquois High	1,450	1,283	1,450	1,269	1,450	1,173	1,450	1,100	1,450	1,193
Jacob Elementary	700	623	698	656	698	687	698	707	698	688
Jefferson County Trad. Middle	929	930	929	918	929	918	929	922	929	925
Jefferson, Thomas Middle	1,425	998	1,425	901	1,425	858	1,425	896	1,425	898
Jeffersontown Elementary	766	720	819	754	819	766	819	780	819	794
Jeffersontown High Magnet Career	1,600	1,107	1,600	1,158	1,600	1,297	1,600	1,434	1,600	1,471
Johnson Traditional Middle	980	869	980	887	980	904	980	912	980	932
Johnsontown Road Elementary	487	352	487	417	487	416	487	404	487	429
Kammerer Middle	1,120	930	1,120	890	1,120	904	1,120	1,064	1,100	1,074
Kennedy Metropolitan				, I	84		84	71	77	86
Kennedy Montessori Elementary	640	599	620	574	620	559	620	619	620	622
Kenwood Elementary	600	571	615	607	615	588	615	584	615	590

School Building Capacity Data - Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

		202	2-23	202	1-22	202	0-21	2019	9-20	201	8-19
School Name	Square Footage	Program Capacity	Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month								
Kerrick Elementary	46,870	531	390	531	370	531	410	582	410	582	424
King Elementary	67,295	531	301	531	300	531	374	550	374	550	394
Klondike Lane Elementary	57,300	587	454	587	434	587	453	650	453	650	418
Knight Middle	101,218	812	453	812	436	812	471	700	471	700	438
Lassiter Middle	103,834	893	1,012	893	954	893	1,021	1,100	1,021	950	1,071
Laukhuf Elementary	61,426	608	609	608	576	608	521	600	521	600	484
Layne Elementary	50,740	510	392	510	339	510	378	518	378	518	355
Liberty High	100,329	403	116	403	75	403	170	281	170	222	280
Lincoln Elementary Performing Arts	96,825	713	577	713	570	713	574	560	574	566	569
Louisville Male High	187,678	1,588	1,994	1,588	1,984	1,588	2,030	2,050	2,030	1,915	1,958
Lowe Elementary	59,560	546	565	546	565	546	588	620	588	620	584
Luhr Elementary	46,943	446	517	446	501	446	473	524	473	524	478
Maupin Elementary	74,000	638	284	638	293	638	296	675	296	675	328
McFerran Preparatory Academy	160,000	1,288	648	1,288	672	1,288	808	1,020	808	1,020	909
Medora Elementary	39,537	475	464	475	442	475	464	463	464	463	454
Meyzeek Middle	134,645	1,218	939	1,218	994	1,218	1,077	1,200	1,077	1,200	1,112
Middletown Elementary	58,553	570	537	570	527	570	544	645	544	645	562
Mill Creek Elementary	48,611	523	465	523	457	523	513	564	513	564	486
Minor Daniels (2015-16)	46,759	259	175	259	39		222		222		188
Minors Lane Elementary	51,721	480	337	480	297	480	364	529	364	529	395
Moore Middle/High	267,550	2,050	2,339	2,050	2,375	2,050	2,307	2,300	2,307	2,190	2,300
Myers Middle	97,164				· '						
Newburg Middle	119,000	893	943	893	972	893	1,126	1,100	1,126	1,100	1,040
Noe Middle	151,960	1,196	1,345	1,196	1,293	1,196	1,326	1,350	1,326	1,350	1,351
Norton Commons Elementary (2016-17)	86,235	808	609	713	573	713	730	784	730	784	552
Norton Elementary	62,025	713	729	808	698	808	574	768	574	768	710

School Building Capacity Data - Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

	201	7-18	201	6-17	201	5-16	201	4-15	201	3-14
School Name	Program Capacity	Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month								
Kerrick Elementary	582	479	540	455	540	459	540	444	540	480
King Elementary	550	400	550	423	550	470	550	457	550	486
Klondike Lane Elementary	650	438	732	476	732	516	732	617	732	681
Knight Middle	700	419	700	406	700	407	700	435	700	472
Lassiter Middle	950	1,002	900	900	900	913	900	855	900	754
Laukhuf Elementary	600	457	600	443	600	446	600	464	600	448
Layne Elementary	518	417	541	447	541	463	541	472	541	500
Liberty High	222	269	270	275	270	404	270	366	263	349
Lincoln Elementary Performing Arts	566	564	500	562	500	556	500	493	439	445
Louisville Male High	1,915	1,961	1,763	1,891	1,763	1,806	1,763	1,755	1,763	1,735
Lowe Elementary	620	600	620	602	620	606	620	620	615	614
Luhr Elementary	524	503	524	482	524	483	524	486	524	493
Maupin Elementary	675	313	675	367	675	473	675	496	675	497
McFerran Preparatory Academy	1,020	907	1,020	901	1,020	971	1,020	917	1,020	903
Medora Elementary	463	459	463	454	463	455	463	444	463	440
Meyzeek Middle	1,200	1,107	1,200	1,138	1,200	1,101	1,200	1,140	1,200	1,115
Middletown Elementary	645	562	645	595	645	611	645	603	645	620
Mill Creek Elementary	564	503	564	508	564	490	564	475	564	509
Minor Daniels (2015-16)		212		167						
Minors Lane Elementary	529	431	600	454	600	447	600	384	600	383
Moore Middle/High	2,190	2,142	2,190	2,014	2,070	2,004	2,070	1,860	2,050	1,763
Myers Middle			1,010		1,010	129	1,010	785	1,010	731
Newburg Middle	1,100	1,077	1,112	1,040	1,112	1,061	1,112	1,015	1,112	1,046
Noe Middle	1,350	1,336	1,332	1,360	1,332	1,327	1,332	1,330	1,332	1,341
Norton Commons Elementary (2016-17)	784	488								
Norton Elementary	768	722	768	724	768	736	768	726	768	737

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

		202	2-23	202	1-22	202	20-21	2019	9-20	201	8-19
School Name	Square Footage	Program Capacity	Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month								
Okolona Elementary	50,950	434	342	434	305	434	354	501	354	501	326
Olmsted Academy North Middle	152,553	934	510	934	544	934	646	773	646	773	618
Olmsted Academy South Middle	101,082	873	575	873	637	873	771	810	771	810	735
Phoenix School of Discovery (2018-19)	50,063	368	383	368	373	368	358		358		
Pleasure Ridge Park High	284,117	2,091	1,526	2,091	1,558	2,091	1,622	1,885	1,622	1,885	1,582
Portland Elementary	53,599	340	250	340	241	340	263	400	263	400	276
Price Elementary	53,339	531	418	531	399	531	417	590	417	590	394
Ramsey Middle	129,000	1,044	1,013	1,044	997	1,044	1,051	1,075	1,051	1,070	1,083
Rangeland Elementary	54,840	616	438	616	405	616	437	620	437	620	431
Roosevelt Perry Elementary	62,566			574	#N/A	574	198	451	198	451	248
Rutherford Elementary	87,876	587	448	587	468	587	492	630	492	630	452
Sanders Elementary	44,376	446	432	446	372	446	410	517	410	517	420
Schaffner Traditional Elementary	41,156	546	599	546	601	546	593	612	593	612	60
Semple Elementary	73,440	595	570	595	535	595	556	629	556	629	557
Seneca High	226,306	1,726	1,341	1,726	1,243	1,726	1,218	1,685	1,218	1,685	1,209
Shacklette Elementary	55,786	557	387	557	350	557	1,218	616	1,218	616	415
The Academy@Shawnee	333,804	1,705	534	1,441	475	1,441	540	1,175	540	1,400	582
Shelby Elementary	76,343	638	445	638	526	638	757	760	757	760	722
Slaughter Elementary	63,380	468	378	468	399	468	427	475	427	475	392
Smyrna Traditional Elementary	52,176	519	503	519	459	519	500	585	500	585	502
South Park TAPP Program (Combined)	42,440			147		147	7	191	95	191	
Southern High	321,288	1,604	1,396	1,604	1,329	1,604	1,289	1,700	1,289	1,700	1,334
St. Matthews Elementary	44,888	523	561	523	534	523	553	585	553	585	541
Stonestreet Elementary	48,282	485	451	485	432	485	450	500	450	500	450
Stopher Elementary	79,550	727	778	727	745	727	817	820	817	800	807
Stuart Middle	214,706	979	1,106	979	825	979	825	900	825	800	829

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

	201	7-18	201	6-17	201	5-16	201	4-15	201	3-14
School Name	Program Capacity	Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month								
Okolona Elementary	501	324	501	313	501	310	501	329	501	328
Olmsted Academy North Middle	773	587	773	581	773	577	773	653	850	665
Olmsted Academy South Middle	810	692	810	690	810	665	810	721	895	771
Phoenix School of Discovery (2018-19)										
Pleasure Ridge Park High	1,885	1,697	1,850	1,796	1,850	1,895	1,850	1,837	1,850	1,861
Portland Elementary	400	294	400	292	400	294	400	288	450	268
Price Elementary	590	404	590	435	590	501	590	544	590	588
Ramsey Middle	1,070	1,054	950	1,056	950	1,013	950	947	950	877
Rangeland Elementary	620	423	620	461	620	464	620	529	580	580
Roosevelt Perry Elementary	451	278	451	350	451	415	451	413	451	397
Rutherford Elementary	630	482	630	551	630	598	630	608	630	606
Sanders Elementary	517	454	560	480	560	485	560	501	560	498
Schaffner Traditional Elementary	612	596	612	607	612	611	612	610	612	608
Semple Elementary	629	600	629	620	629	581	629	535	629	543
Seneca High	1,685	1,286	1,685	1,369	1,685	1,417	1,685	1,502	1,685	1,482
Shacklette Elementary	616	413	616	418	616	426	616	437	616	433
The Academy@Shawnee	1,400	697	1,449	770	1,449	770	1,449	595	1,400	553
Shelby Elementary	760	728	700	736	700	756	700	704	650	682
Slaughter Elementary	475	390	526	436	526	438	526	439	526	415
Smyrna Traditional Elementary	585	476	585	514	585	559	585	562	575	571
South Park TAPP Program (Combined)	191	40	191	93	191	105	191	157	216	211
Southern High	1,700	1,360	1,700	1,254	1,700	1,213	1,700	1,124	1,700	1,199
St. Matthews Elementary	585	557	597	563	597	567	597	568	597	589
Stonestreet Elementary	500	435	578	452	578	439	578	482	578	515
Stopher Elementary	800	776	832	803	832	822	832	803	820	811
Stuart Middle	800	779	1,500	647	1,500	806	1,500	829	1,500	1,058

School Building Capacity Data - Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

		202	2-23	202	1-22	202	0-21	201	9-20	201	8-19
School Name	Square Footage	Program Capacity	Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month								
Trunnel Elementary	54,086	540	469	540	451	540	450	642	450	642	462
Tully Elementary	105,648	931	766	931	766	931	789	828	789	828	758
Valley Traditional High	275,670	1,320	972	1,320	918	1,320	863	1,600	863	1,600	1,011
Waggener High	185,446	1,482	846	1,482	854	1,482	905	1,300	905	1,300	918
Waller Williams Environmental ¹	54,619	365	87	365	89	365	131	123	131	98	123
Watson Lane Elementary	68,925			663	258	663	297	661	297	661	303
Watterson Elementary	52,105	489	501	489	459	489	507	600	507	600	499
W.E.B. Dubois Academy (2018-19) Middle	100,460	934	421	934	430	934	290		290		153
W.E.B. Dubois Academy High	44,332	934	169	934	124						
Wellington Traditional Elementary	56,924	531	410	531	371	531	409	547	409	547	425
Western High	202,622	1,441	859	1,441	810	1,441	673	1,300	673	1,300	683
Western Middle	133,525	1,035	1,178	1,035	674	1,035	665	825	665	825	616
Westport ECH (combined 2018-19)	78,043	374	162	374	96	374	153	148	153	148	74
Westport Traditional Middle	169,768	1,340	1,178	1,421	1,128	1,421	1,344	1,310	1,344	1,300	1,281
Wheeler Elementary	53,443	618	611	618	616	618	651	688	651	688	644
Wilder Elementary	49,424	594	561	594	522	594	533	613	533	613	532
Wilkerson Traditional Elementary	43,795	565	562	565	442	565	483	534	483	534	474
Wilt Elementary	50,481	537	518	537	471	537	518	566	518	566	511
Young Elementary	73,437	723	210	723	227	723	340	650	340	650	397
Zachary Taylor Elementary	60,043	531	308	531	312	531	377	585	377	585	417

¹ Students at these alternative schools are counted in the enrollment at their home school for years prior to 2011-12.

School Building Capacity Data - Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

	201	7-18	201	6-17	201	5-16	201	4-15	201	3-14
School Name	Program Capacity	Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month								
Trunnel Elementary	642	530	662	562	662	561	662	485	662	632
Tully Elementary	828	747	828	733	828	708	828	738	828	792
Valley Traditional High	1,600	1,038	1,600	1,271	827	1,481	827	1,481	1,600	1,087
Waggener High	1,300	908	1,300	868	1,300	827	1,300	763	1,300	782
Waller Williams Environmental ¹	98	98	98	87	98	94	98	86		
Watson Lane Elementary	661	315	661	364	661	364	661	395	661	443
Watterson Elementary	600	532	615	564	615	555	615	593	615	605
W.E.B. Dubois Academy (2018-19) Middle										
W.E.B. Dubois Academy High										
Wellington Traditional Elementary	547	484	547	484	547	492	547	457	547	482
Western High	1,300	731	1,300	789	1,300	825	1,300	806	1,300	798
Western Middle	825	629	825	603	825	575	825	555	825	387
Westport ECH (combined 2018-19)	148	76	148	76	148	147	148	158	228	154
Westport Traditional Middle	1,300	1,251	1,300	1,244	1,300	1,205	1,300	1,124	1,300	928
Wheeler Elementary	688	660	680	667	680	679	680	681	680	631
Wilder Elementary	613	563	613	548	613	544	613	572	613	566
Wilkerson Traditional Elementary	534	468	534	470	534	448	534	479	534	490
Wilt Elementary	566	519	566	507	566	498	566	485	566	460
Young Elementary	650	514	650	525	650	553	650	535	650	531
Zachary Taylor Elementary	585	463	585	444	585	464	585	525	585	430

¹ Students at these alternative schools are counted in the enrollment at their home school for years prior to 2011-12.

Enrollment presented is as of the end of the first pupil month. This is not typically our highest enrollment month during the school year, but this is when the program budget is set and students are assigned to each school within program capacity guidelines.

Due to differences in tracking enrollment due to COVID-19, the Kentucky Department of Education used 2019 enrollment data through 2021

Miscellaneous Statistics

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Student Demographics

