Bellevue Independent School District

Financial Statements
With Supplementary Information
Year Ended June 30, 2022
With Independent Auditors' Report

Year Ended June 30, 2022

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KENTUCKY

CRESTVIEW HILLS OFFICE 2617 Legends Way Crestview Hills, KY 41017 Main: 859.344.6400

Fax: 859.578.7522

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board of Education Bellevue Independent School District Bellevue, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bellevue Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bellevue Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bellevue Independent School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Bellevue Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bellevue Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Bellevue Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bellevue Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the information on pages 4-9, 51-53, and 58-67 as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bellevue Independent School District's basic financial statements. The information on pages 49-50, 54, 55-57, and 68-69 as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information on pages 49-50, 54, 55-57, and 68-69 as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information on pages 49-50, 54, 55-57, and 68-69 as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2022 on our consideration of the Bellevue Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Bellevue Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Bellevue Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Change In Accounting Principle

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As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 87, Leases, effective as of July 1, 2021. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Crestview Hills, Kentucky

December 12, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2022

As management of the Bellevue Independent Board of Education (Board), the governing body for the Bellevue Independent School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the financial statements and notes. All amounts used in this MD&A are approximate amounts, except where more specific.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash balance for the General Fund was \$4,062,817 for fiscal year (FY) 2021-2022 subjective to an ending fund balance of \$3,997,447, compared to the ending cash balance of \$3,740,549 for FY2020-2021 subjective to an ending fund balance of \$3,607,442.
- The General Fund had approximately \$5.76 million in revenue (excluding inter-fund transfers and on-behalf amounts of \$1.85 million) which primarily consisted of the basic state funding program (known as Support Education Excellence in Kentucky, or SEEK), property taxes, and motor vehicle taxes. The General Fund had expenditures of approximately \$5.50 million (excluding inter-fund transfers and on-behalf amounts of \$1.85 million).
- In the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the Bellevue Independent School District adopted a 4% tax increase putting the taxes at 94.1. These higher tax receipts allow the Board to budget for higher expenses, including higher salaries and benefits that are required to compete with other school districts; to fund increases reflected on the District's salary schedules for additional years of experience, and to prepare for ongoing budgetary constraints imposed by the state.
- SEEK funding for the FY 2020-2021 fiscal year was frozen at the same level as the FY 2019-2020 fiscal year (using the 2018-2019 SAAR data) due to an allowance made by SB 177 as passed by the Kentucky General Assembly. The current demographics of the Bellevue neighborhood suggest that we can expect our student populations to show little growth or decline. Any significant changes in SEEK revenue are largely dependent on legislative changes made by the state to the guaranteed base.
- As in prior years, no funds were allocated by the state for professional development and instructional resources, forcing the General Fund to cover this unforeseen shortfall of funds
- The District remains committed to retaining quality teachers by offering competitive salary schedules and by reimbursing them for tuition paid to attain their National Board Certification.
- Safety and academic achievement remain the priority for the Bellevue Independent Schools Board of Education. Grandview Elementary completed a new renovation to include a secure vestibule for safety reasons as outlined by Senate Bill 1. Furthermore, the district has invested heavily in upgraded cameras and will be looking into new radios and the addition of an SRO for the district. As for academic achievement, the district continues to invest in many opportunities for students to attend dual credit classes at Gateway and NKU at no cost to students. Grandview Elementary continues to purchase instructional technology to address the diverse needs of a generation of digital natives. Bellevue Middle/High and Grandview Elementary has seen the introduction of innovation labs and 21st century libraries in addition to Bellevue Middle/High continuing to offer post-secondary options that have become a hallmark of the school. Exceptional grant opportunities are being sought out and awarded, which opens the door to additional educational tools and opportunities. All of these initiatives fall under the umbrella of our K-12 approach to thinking and skill development known as The Bellevue Classroom.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
Year Ended June 30, 2022
(Continued)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED)

- Bellevue Independent Schools is part of the federal program known as the Community Eligibility Program (CEP), whereby the District's food service operations provide meal service to all students at no charge, regardless of the economic status of their families.
- A financial concern of this district is the current condition of our buildings and facilities. The district received \$12.7 million in state funding from the legislature which is allocated to Grandview Elementary. This will definitely help, but there remain many needs in the district where facilities are concerned. Inflation, increased salaries, and a rising portion of the retirement shortfall that continues to be shifted to the backs of school districts is making it increasingly difficult to maintain our facilities as well as continue forward with the high standard of education and programming that our students deserve. The community support behind the passing of a Recallable Nickel in April 2019 has enabled Bellevue Independent Schools to begin to focus efforts on some of these urgent facility needs, with a renovation project ongoing at the time of this analysis. In light of these financially uncertain times, Bellevue Independent Schools will continue to push forward to maintain fiscally responsible policies in order to continue to provide quality academic, extra-curricular and community service programs to all of its students in a safe environment.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) district-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

District-wide financial statements. The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The district-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 and 11 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
Year Ended June 30, 2022
(Continued)

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary fund is food service operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 through 20 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 48 of this report.

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$2,172,562 as of June 30, 2022.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e. land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions, including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Net Position for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

The following is a summary of net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	2022	2021
Current assets	\$ 6,924,562	\$ 4,864,201
Noncurrent assets	8,040,032	3,586,890
Total assets	14,964,594	8,451,091
Total deferred outflows	1,593,130	1,576,702
Current liabilities	671,579	604,697
Noncurrent liabilities	11,760,680	6,754,728
Total liabilities	12,432,259	7,359,425
Total deferred inflows	1,952,903	1,244,286
Net position		
Investment in capital assets (net of debt)	454,666	2,026,276
Restricted	(2,197,635)	(4,098,841)
Unrestricted	3,915,531	3,496,647
Total net position	\$ 2,172,562	\$ 1,424,082

Comments on General Fund Budget Comparisons

- On-Behalf and Budget Variances As part of GASB 34, the District's financial statements include payments made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky that benefited the students or the employees of the District. For the General Fund, these include amounts paid by the state for TRS retirement, health insurance, flexible-spending health benefit contributions, life insurance, certain technology services, and administrative fees. For the audited financial reports, such on-behalf payments were added to the District's related revenue and expenses line items for the General Fund. (See Note 15 On-Behalf Payments of the accompanying Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.)
- It is notable that on-behalf payments represent state obligations that are not District obligations. Therefore, they have not been included as part of the budgeting process for the General Fund. As a result, the variances between amounts budgeted for the General Fund and the actual results (see Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund on Page 51 of the accompanying financial statements) may be skewed by on-behalf payments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents a summary of revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	2022	2021
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 913	\$ 950
Operating grants	2,444,634	2,870,869
Capital grants	193,373	191,902
Total grant revenues	2,638,920	3,063,721
General Revenues		
Taxes	4,587,721	4,570,858
Grants and entitlements	396,633	755,811
Earnings on investments	9,419	62,432
Miscellaneous	310,617	821,405
Total general revenues	5,304,390	6,210,506
Total revenues	7,943,310	9,274,227
Expenses		
Instructional	2,171,386	3,247,623
Student support services	561,925	399,932
Staff support	726,635	827,540
District administration	799,807	735,200
School administration	702,092	728,323
Business support	427,687	361,679
Plant operations	817,264	862,140
Student transportation	66,449	19,957
Community Services	171,861	114,466
Architectural/engineering	-	417,205
Food service operation	535,529	530,048
Miscellaneous	48,058	-
Interest on long-term debt	166,137	59,654
Total expenses	7,194,830	8,303,767
Change in net position	\$ 748,480	\$ 970,460

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

The District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. In Kentucky, the public school fiscal year is July 1 through June 30. Some programs relating to federal and state grants operate on a different fiscal year but are nevertheless reflected in the overall budget. A tentative budget is adopted by the District by the end of May for the subsequent year. A final working budget is adopted by the end of September for each fiscal year following the determination of the enrollment at the beginning of the new school year, the salaries for new employees/positions, and the tax assessments and levied rates that will be used to determine the property tax revenues.

The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. By law, the General Fund budget must have a minimum 2% contingency based on the total expenses budgeted for the General and Food Service Funds. The District adopted a 2021-2022 budget with \$600,000 in contingency (6.6%) which was approximately \$418,000 more than required by law.

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year 2022, the District had a total of \$8,040,032 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, including \$7,967,612 for governmental activities and \$72,420 for business type activities. Current year capital assets additions totaled \$4,771,814.

Debt

At June 30, 2022, the District had approximately \$7,585,366 in outstanding bonds.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Questions regarding this report should be directed to Ms. Misty Middleton, Superintendent or to his representative Ms. Kelsey Wright, Finance Officer (859) 261-2108 or by mail to: Central Office, 219 Center Street, Bellevue, KY 41073.

Statement of Net Position – District Wide As of June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			'
Current:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,453,403	\$ 204,024	\$ 6,657,427
Accounts receivable	183,807	74,412	258,219
Inventories for consumption		8,916	8,916
Total current	6,637,210	287,352	6,924,562
Noncurrent:			
Nondepreciated capital assets:			
Land	175,987	-	175,987
Construction in progress	5,135,970	-	5,135,970
Depreciated capital assets:			
Land improvements	320,620	-	320,620
Buildings and improvements	8,895,875	-	8,895,875
Furniture and equipment	1,794,663	327,579	2,122,242
Less: accumulated depreciation	(8,355,503)	(255,159)	(8,610,662)
Total noncurrent	7,967,612	72,420	8,040,032
Total assets	14,604,822	359,772	14,964,594
Deferred outflows	1,532,361	60,769	1,593,130
Liabilities and Net Position			
Liabilities			
Current:	220.042		220 642
Current portion of bonds payable	338,643	-	338,643
Accounts payable	1,955	6,442	8,397
Accrued interest	6,642	-	6,642
Accrued sick leave	5,018	-	5,018
Accrued payroll and related expenses Unearned revenue	214,110	-	214,110
	98,769		98,769
Total current	665,137	6,442	671,579
Noncurrent:			
Accrued sick leave	45,165	-	45,165
MIF net OPEB liability	1,826,901	72,450	1,899,351
CERS net pension liability	2,471,431	98,010	2,569,441
Bond obligations	7,246,723		7,246,723
Total noncurrent	11,590,220	170,460	11,760,680
Total liabilities	12,255,357	176,902	12,432,259
Deferred inflows	1,878,411	74,492	1,952,903
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	382,246	72,420	454,666
Restricted	(2,294,362)	96,727	(2,197,635)
Unrestricted	3,915,531		3,915,531
Total net position	\$ 2,003,415	\$ 169,147	\$ 2,172,562

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Statement of Activities – District Wide As of June 30, 2022

Net (expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		Program Revenues			 Net (exp	let Position	Juany	es 			
Function/Programs	 Expenses		rges for rvices	G	Operating brants and entributions	•	ital Grants and ntributions	vernmental Activities	siness-type Activities		Total
Governmental activities:											
Instructional	\$ 2,171,386	\$	-	\$	1,389,243	\$	-	\$ (782,143)	\$ -	\$	(782,143)
Student support services	561,925				8,600		-	(553,325)	-		(553,325)
Staff support services	726,635		_		246,420		-	(480,215)	-		(480,215)
District administration	799,807		_		-		-	(799,807)	-		(799,807)
School administration	702,092		_		-		-	(702,092)	-		(702,092)
Business support services	427,687		-		-		-	(427,687)	-		(427,687)
Plant operation and maintenance	817,264		-		-		-	(817,264)	-		(817,264)
Student transportation	66,449		-		294		-	(66,155)	-		(66,155)
Community service operations	171,861		-		166,842		-	(5,019)	-		(5,019)
Facility acquisition and construction	-		-		-		193,373	193,373	-		193,373
Miscellaneous	48,058		-		-		-	(48,058)	-		(48,058)
Interest on long-term debt	 166,137						<u> </u>	 (166,137)	 <u> </u>		(166,137)
Total governmental activities	 6,659,301				1,811,399		193,373	(4,654,529)	_		(4,654,529)
Business-type activities											
Food service	 535,529		913		633,235		-	-	98,619		98,619
Total business-type activities	 535,529		913		633,235		<u> </u>		98,619		98,619
Total school district	\$ 7,194,830	\$	913	\$	2,444,634	\$	193,373	(4,654,529)	98,619		(4,555,910)
	 ·			Gene	eral revenues:						
				Tax	(es			4,587,721	-		4,587,721
				Sta	te and federal s	ources		396,633	-		396,633
					estment earnin	js		9,419	-		9,419
					cellaneous ecial items:			310,617	-		310,617
					und transfer			 38,054	 (38,054)		
				Tota	general and s	pecial r	evenues	 5,342,444	 (38,054)		5,304,390
				Char	nge in net posi	tion		687,915	60,565		748,480
				Net p	osition - begi	nning		1,315,500	 108,582		1,424,082
				Net p	osition - endi	ng		\$ 2,003,415	\$ 169,147	\$	2,172,562

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Current:					
Cash (overdraft) and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 4,062,817 35,331	\$ 65,657 148,476	\$ 1,679,029 	\$ 645,900 -	\$ 6,453,403 183,807
Total current	\$ 4,098,148	\$ 214,133	\$ 1,679,029	\$ 645,900	\$ 6,637,210
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities Current:					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,932	\$ 23	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,955
Unearned revenue	-	214,110	-	-	214,110
Accrued payroll and related expenses	98,769				98,769
Total current	100,701	214,133			314,834
Fund Balances					
Restricted:					
Capital projects	-	-	1,551,752	416,146	1,967,898
Other Committed:	-	-	127,277	229,754	357,031
Sick Leave	25,091	-	-	_	25,091
Unassigned	3,972,356				3,972,356
Total fund balances	3,997,447		1,679,029	645,900	6,322,376
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,098,148	\$ 214,133	\$ 1,679,029	\$ 645,900	\$ 6,637,210

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2022

Total governmental fund balance	\$	6,322,376
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
,	5,135,970	
	1,187,145	
Accumulated depreciation(8	3,355,503)	
		7,967,612
Deferred Outflows		
MIF contributions made after the measurement date	142,335	
Related to MIF	714,060	
CERS contributions made after the measurement date	295,667	
Related to CERS	380,299	
		1,532,361
Deferred inflows related to CERS	(483,424)	
Deferred inflows related to MIF	1,394,987)	
	<u> </u>	(1,878,411)
Long-term liabilities (including bonds payable) are not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds payable and premium		(7,585,366)
Accrued interest on bonds		(6,642)
MIF net OPEB liability		(1,826,901)
CERS net pension liability		(2,471,431)
Accrued sick leave		(50,183)
Total net position - governmental	\$	2,003,415

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 4,105,671	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 482,050	\$ 4,587,721
Earnings on investments	9,211	-	-	208	9,419
State sources	3,388,332	418,671	-	193,373	4,000,376
Federal sources	58,002	1,388,798	-	-	1,446,800
Other sources	54,412	3,930		240,066	298,408
Total revenues	7,615,628	1,811,399		915,697	10,342,724
Expenditures					
Instructional	3,584,437	1,368,401	-	207,420	5,160,258
Student support services	553,325	8,600	-	-	561,925
Staff support services	480,215	246,420	_	_	726,635
District administration	795,509		_	_	795,509
School administration	663,919	-	_	_	663,919
Business support services	427,687	-	_	_	427,687
Plant operation and maintenance	766,165	-	_	_	766,165
Student transportation	66,155	294	-	-	66,449
Community service operations	3,459	166,842	_	_	170,301
Facility acquisition and construction	· -	· -	4,718,765	-	4,718,765
Debt service:			, ,		, ,
Principal	10,037	-	-	330,000	340,037
Interest	756	-	-	166,399	167,155
Bond costs			48,058	<u> </u>	48,058
Total expenditures	7,351,664	1,790,557	4,766,823	703,819	14,612,863
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	263,964	20,842	(4,766,823)	211,878	(4,270,139)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Loan and bond proceeds	-	-	6,110,000	-	6,110,000
Bond premium	-	-	274,704	-	274,704
Operating transfers in	138,050	27,000	15,465	391,299	571,814
Operating transfers out	(12,009)	(47,842)	(82,610)	(391,299)	(533,760)
Total other financing sources (uses)	126,041	(20,842)	6,317,559		6,422,758
Net change in fund balance	390,005	-	1,550,736	211,878	2,152,619
Fund balance, July 1, 2021	3,607,442		128,293	434,022	4,169,757
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 3,997,447	\$ -	\$ 1,679,029	\$ 645,900	\$ 6,322,376

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Net changes-governmental funds	\$ 2,152,619
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures because they use current financial resources. However in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation expense for the year. Depreciation expense (308,913)	
Capital outlays 4,762,614	4 450 704
Bond and capital lease proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.	4,453,701
Bond principal paid Proceeds from sale of bonds	340,037 (6,110,000)
Bond premium Amortization of bond premium	(274,704) 19,915
Deferred outflows related to pensions	(142,816)
Deferred outflows related to other post-employment retirement benefits	158,955
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(309,094)
Deferred inflows related to other post-employment retirement benefits	(372,760)
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	
	772,062
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 687,915

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund As of June 30, 2022

	Food Service	Total
Assets		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 204,024	\$ 204,024
Accounts receivable	74,412	74,412
Inventories for consumption	8,916	8,916
Total current	287,352	287,352
Noncurrent		
Buildings and Improvements	\$ -	\$ -
Furniture and Fixtures	327,579	327,579
Less: accumulated depreciation	(255,159)	(255,159)
Total noncurrent	72,420	72,420
Total assets	359,772	359,772
Deferred outflows	60,769	60,769
Liabilities and Net Position		
Liabilities		
Current		
Accounts payable	6,442	6,442
Total current	6,442	6,442
Noncurrent		
MIF net OPEB liability	72,450	72,450
CERS net pension liability	98,010	98,010
Total noncurrent	170,460	170,460
Total liabilities	176,902	176,902
Deferred inflows	74,492	74,492
Net Position		
Invested in assets, net of debt	72,420	72,420
Restricted	96,727	96,727
Total net position	\$ 169,147	\$ 169,147

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Food Service	Total
Operating revenues		
Lunchroom sales	\$ 108	\$ 108
Other operating revenues	805	805
Total operating revenues	913	913
Operating expenses		
Salaries and benefits	251,940	251,940
Contract services	31,094	31,094
Materials and supplies	242,736	242,736
Depreciation	9,759	9,759
Other operating expenses		
Total operating expenses	535,529	535,529
Operating loss	(534,616)	(534,616)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Federal grants	563,712	563,712
State grants	34,476	34,476
Donated commodities and other donations	35,047	35,047
Transfers	(38,054)	(38,054)
Total nonoperating revenues	595,181	595,181
Change in net position	60,565	60,565
Total net position, July 1, 2021	108,582	108,582
Total net position, June 30, 2022	\$ 169,147	\$ 169,147

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Food Service Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from lunchroom sales	\$ 108	\$ 108
Cash received from other activities	(38,489)	(38,489)
Cash payments to employees for services	(256,474)	(256,474)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(273,830)	(273,830)
Cash transfers	(38,054)	(38,054)
Net cash used in operating activities	(606,739)	(606,739)
Cash flows from capital financing activities		
Purchase of capital assets	(9,200)	(9,200)
Net cash used in capital financing activities	(9,200)	(9,200)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Non-operating revenues received	633,235	633,235
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	633,235	633,235
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	17,296	17,296
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	186,728	186,728
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 204,024	\$ 204,024
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash		
used in operating activities		
Operating loss	\$ (534,616)	\$ (534,616)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to		
net cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation	9,759	9,759
Transfers	(38,054)	(38,054)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) in deferred outflows	(289)	(289)
Increase in deferred inflows	26,763	26,763
(Increase) in accounts receivable	(45,736)	(45,736)
Increase in accounts payable	6,442	6,442
Decrease in MIF net pension liability	(15,196)	(15,196)
Decrease in CERS net pension liability	(15,812)	(15,812)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (606,739)	\$ (606,739)
Schedule of non-cash transactions:		
Donated commodities received from federal government	\$ 35,047	\$ 35,047
On behalf payments	\$ 29,362	\$ 29,362

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Fund As of June 30, 2022

	Trust Fund	Total
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 42,103	\$ 42,103
Total current assets	\$ 42,103	\$ 42,103
Net Position		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$ 42,103	\$ 42,103
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 42,103	\$ 42,103

Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Trust/Agency Fund	Total
Additions Investment income	<u>\$ -</u>	<u> </u>
Total additions	<u> </u>	
Change in net position	-	-
Net position - July 1, 2021	42,103	42,103
Net position - June 30, 2022	\$ 42,103	\$ 42,103

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Bellevue Independent Board of Education (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Bellevue Independent School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Bellevue Independent Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Bellevue Independent School District Finance Corporation - The Board authorized the establishment of the Bellevue Independent School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Bellevue Independent Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

District-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The district-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the district-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The district-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in total net position. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards included in this report on page 68. This is a major fund of the District.

Special Revenue Activity Fund is used to support co-curricular activities and includes funds that are not raised and expended by student groups. District activity funds accounted for in the District bank account are not subject to the state Redbook Accounting Regulations and may be expended with more flexibility than school activity funds but must meet the "educational purpose" standard for all District expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

I. Governmental Fund Types (cont'd)

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky Fund (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This District is committed to construction contracts in the amount of \$1,679,029 for ongoing projects.

The Activity Funds account for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds.

II. Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and, for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law.

III. Proprietary Fund (Enterprise Fund)

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). The Food Service fund is a major fund of the District.

IV. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency and Trust Funds)

The District applies all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Basis of Accounting

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The GASB is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local government through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. District-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending approximately 60 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are received by the Campbell County Sheriff, who collects taxes for the District. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP of the United States of America. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased, except for inventories in the Proprietary Fund, which are capitalized at the lower of cost or market.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the district-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the district-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

	Governmental Activities
<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the District's experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the district-wide financial statements.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Fund Balance Reserves

Beginning with fiscal year 2012 the District implemented GASB Statement 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the District's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the action to remove or change the constraint.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance Reserves (Continued)

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – amounts the District intends to use for specific purpose (such as encumbrances); intent can be expressed by the District or by an official or body to which the District delegates the authority.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> – amounts that are available for purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General fund.

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

Encumbrances are not liabilities and are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. Encumbrances remaining open at the end of the fiscal year are automatically re-budgeted in the following fiscal year. Encumbrances are considered a managerial assignment of fund balance in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and as non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

NOTE 2 ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The amounts exceeding the federally insured limits are covered by a collateral agreement and the collateral is held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name. The District has not experienced any losses in such accounts and the District believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2022
Land	\$ 175,987	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 175,987
Land improvements	291,480	29,140	-	320,620
Buildings and improvements	8,895,875	-	-	8,895,875
Technology equipment	1,237,887	-	-	1,237,887
Vehicles	298,391	-	-	298,391
General equipment	243,676	14,709	-	258,385
Construction work in progress	417,205	4,718,765		5,135,970
Totals at historical cost	11,560,501	4,762,614		16,323,115
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	112,383	11,115	-	123,498
Buildings and improvements	6,251,976	286,957	-	6,538,933
Technology equipment	1,265,777	2,516	-	1,268,293
Vehicles	204,541	-	-	204,541
General equipment	211,913	8,325		220,238
Total accumulated depreciation	8,046,590	308,913		8,355,503
Governmental activities capital				
assets - net	\$ 3,513,911	\$ 4,453,701	\$ -	\$ 7,967,612
Business - Type Activities				
General equipment	\$ 313,605	\$ 9,200	\$ -	\$ 322,805
Technology equipment	4,774			4,774
Totals at historical cost	318,379	9,200		327,579
Less: accumulated depreciation				
General equipment	240,626	9,759	-	250,385
Technology equipment	4,774			4,774
Total accumulated depreciation	245,400	9,759		255,159
Business - type activities				
capital assets - net	\$ 72,979	\$ (559)	\$ -	\$ 72,420

Depreciation expense by function for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Governmental		_	Business-Type	
Instructional	\$	213,783		\$	_
District administration		4,298			-
School administration		38,173			-
Plant operation and maintenance		51,099			-
Community service operations		1,560			-
Food service		-			9,759
Total	\$	308,913	_	\$	9,759
			_	_	

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 5 ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon providing proof of qualification as an annuitant from the Kentucky Teacher's Retirement System, certified and classified employees will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. At June 30, 2022 this amount totaled approximately \$50,183 for those employees with twenty-seven or more years of experience.

NOTE 6 LEASE OBLIGATIONS AND BONDED DEBT

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as lease obligations represents the District's future obligations to make lease payments relating to the bonds issued.

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Proceeds	Rates
March 2014	\$ 95,633	2.000% - 3.000%
June 2019	690,000	1.600% - 3.000%
February 2021	815,000	3.000%
August 2021	6,110,000	2.000% - 4.000%

The District, through the General Fund (including the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Bellevue Independent School District Finance Corporation to construct and improve school facilities.

The District entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission (Commission). The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. Note 16 sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal has been recorded in the financial statements.

All issues may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2022 for debt service (principal and interest) are reported in Note 16.

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System ("CERS") covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System ("TRS") covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous

Plan description

Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided

CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. One month's service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 75% of the decedent's monthly average rate of pay. If the surviving spouse remarries, the monthly rate will be recalculated to 25% of the decedent's monthly average rate of pay up to 75% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Required contributions by the employee are based on the following tier:

	Required contribution
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

The contribution requirement for CERS for the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$371,155, which consisted of \$307,392 from the District and \$63,763 from the employees. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were \$310,108 and \$293,968, respectively. The contributions required of the state have been contributed in full for fiscal years 2022, 2021 and 2020.

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky

Plan description

Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.TRS.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided

For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes. Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. University employees are required to contribute 10.400% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its employees by 2.215%; therefore, university employees contribute 8.185% of their salary to TRS. The contribution requirement for TRS for the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$614,775, which consisted of \$150,556 from the District and \$464,219 from the employees. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were \$555,879 and \$575,942, respectively. The contributions have been contributed in full for fiscal years 2022, 2021 and 2020.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description

In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy

In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, 6.59% of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. 3.75% is paid by member contributions, 0.16% is credited to the Commonwealth, and 3.00% is contributed by the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$ 2,569,441
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension	
liability associated with the District	12,936,092
	\$ 15,505,533

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.040300% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized a reduction of pension expense of \$76,586 related to CERS. The District also recognized a reduction of expense of \$3,047,834 and a reduction of revenue of \$3,047,834 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth due to a change in assumptions. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Outflows of Inflows	
Difference between expected and actual performance	\$	29,505	\$	24,938		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		99,677		442,141		
Change of Assumptions		34,485		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		231,714		35,516		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		307,392				
Total	\$	702,773	\$	502,595		

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

\$307,392 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:				
2023	\$	98,309		
2024		(24,019)		
2025		(74,261)		
2026		(107,243)		
2027		-		

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	TRS
Inflation	2.30%	3.00%
Projected salary increases	3.30%	3.5 - 7.3%
Investment rate of return, net of		
investment expense and inflation	6.25%	7.10%

For CERS, mortality rates used for active members was PUB-2010 General Mortality table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on a mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

For TRS, mortality rates were based on Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each groups: service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 6-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 10, 2021.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2014 through 2018, is outlined in a report dated April 18, 2019. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS' and CERS' investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TRS Target Allocation	TRS Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	CERS Target Allocation	CERS Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US equity	40.0%	4.20%	21.8%	5.70%
International Equity	22.0%	22.00%	21.8%	6.35%
Core bonds			10.0%	0.00%
Private equity	7.0%	6.90%	10.0%	9.70%
High yield	2.0%	1.70%	15.0%	2.80%
Fixed income	15.0%	-0.10%		
Additional categories	5.0%	2.20%		
Real estate	7.0%	4.00%	10.0%	5.40%
Opportunistic			0.0%	N/A
Real return			10.0%	4.55%
Cash	2.0%	-0.30%	1.5%	-0.60%
Total	100%		100%	

Discount rate

For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount rate (Continued)

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS District's proportionate share of net	5.25%		6.25%	7.25%
pension liability	\$ 3,295,430	\$	2,569,441	\$ 1,968,702
TRS District's proportionate share of net pension liability	6.10% -		7.10% -	8.10% -

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS.

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System OPEB Plan

Plan description

Teaching-certified employees of the Bellevue Independent School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provided retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description

In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous OPEB Plan

Plan description

Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided

CERS provides health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date. See Note 7 for tier classifications.

Contributions

Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier disclosed in Note 7.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the Bellevue Independent School District reported a liability of \$1,899,351 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.05 percent for TRS, which was a decrease of 0.04 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020 and 0.43 percent for CERS, which was an increase of 0.01 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability	\$ 771,351
District's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB liability	1,128,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	916,000
	\$ 2,815,351

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,725 and revenue of \$75,801 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual performance	\$	121,295	\$	901,300
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		38,863		279,530
Change of Assumptions		499,500		717
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		88,364		268,761
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		142,335		
Total	\$	890,357	\$	1,450,308

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$142,335 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:			
2023	\$	(148,278)	
2024		(166,619)	
2025		(150,895)	
2026		(187,494)	
2027		(48,000)	
Thereafter		(1,000)	

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	TRS	CERS
Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.	6.25%
Projected salary increases	3.50 - 7.20%, including inflation	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Inflation rate	2.50%	2.30%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%	
Wage Inflation	2.75%	
Healthcare cost trend rates		
Under 65	7.00% for FY 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY 2031	Initial trend starting at 6.25% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Ages 65 and Older	5.00% for FY 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY 2024	Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years.
Medicare Part B Premiums	4.40% for FY 2021 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034	
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.13%	1.92%
Discount Rate	7.10%	5.20%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	

For TRS, mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most actuarial experience studies, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

For CERS, mortality rates used for active members was PUB-2010 General Mortality table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on a mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	5.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	-0.1%
Real Estate	6.5%	4.0%
Private Equity	8.5%	6.9%
Other Additional Categories	17.0%	3.9%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.0%	-0.3%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate

For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease Current Discount (6.10%) Rate (7.10%)		•		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Increase (8.10%)
TRS Districts' net OPEB liability	\$ 1,44	5,000 \$	1,128,000	\$	867,000		
	1% Decre (4.20%		rrent Discount Rate (5.20%)	• • •	Increase (6.20%)		
CERS Districts' net OPEB liability	\$ 1,059	9,059 \$	771,351	\$	535,239		

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	1% Decrease		ent Trend Rate	1% Increase	
TRS Districts' net OPEB liability	\$	820,000	\$	1,128,000	\$	1,512,000
	1%	1% Decrease		ent Trend Rate	19	% Increase
CERS Districts' net OPEB liability	\$	555,281	\$	771,351	\$	1,032,151

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description

TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided

TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the Bellevue Independent School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	
associated with the District	12,000
	\$ 12,000

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$-0- and revenue of \$1,876 for support provided by the State.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.3.00 - 7.50%, including wage inflation
Projected salary increases	2.50%
Inflation rate	0.25%
Real Wage Growth	2.75%
Wage Inflation	2.13%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	7.50%
Discount Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	price inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most actuarial experience studies, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.4%
International Equity	23.0%	5.6%
Fixed Income	18.0%	-0.1%
Real Estate	6.0%	4.0%
Private Equity	5.0%	6.9%
Other Additional Categories	6.0%	2.1%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.0%	-0.3%
Total	100.0%	

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 8 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1% D	1% Decrease		t Discount	1% Increa	
	(6.	10%)	Rate (7.10%)		(8.1	10%)
Districts' net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

NOTE 9 CONTINGENCIES

Grant Fund Approval

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue the programs.

NOTE 10 INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated, which includes workers' compensation insurance.

NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District obtains general insurance and unemployment insurance in accordance with the Kentucky Department of Education requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 12 DEFICIT OPERATING/FUND BALANCES

There are no funds of the District that currently have a deficit fund balance. However, the following funds have operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures, resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

Grandview Elementary \$ 191

NOTE 13 COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE 14 TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year.

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount	
General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Matching	\$ 1	12,009
Building Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Service	38	36,320
Food Service Fund	General Fund	Indirect Cost Transfer	3	38,054
Special Revenue Funds	General Fund	Indirect Cost Transfer	1	18,402
Special Revenue Funds	Special Revenue Funds	Flex Funds	1	14,991
Special Revenue Funds	Construction Fund	Construction	1	14,449
Construction Fund	Construction Fund	Construction		1,016
Construction Fund	General Fund	Construction	8	31,594
School Activity Funds	District Activity Fund	Operations		4,979

NOTE 15 ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2022 total payments of \$1,990,412 were made for life insurance, health insurance, TRS matching and administrative fees by the Commonwealth of Kentucky on behalf of the District. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the statement of activities.

General Fund	\$ 1,850,971
Debt Service Fund	110,079
Food Service Fund	 29,362
Total On-Behalf	\$ 1,990,412

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 16 SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

2014 KISTA, 2019, 2021 and 2021B Issues

Fiscal Year	В	ellevue Independe School District	ent	K Cons			
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Total Requirements
	TillCipal	interest	Iotai	Tillcipal	III CO COL	Total	Requirements
2022-2023	\$ 257,654	\$ 157,219	\$ 414,873	\$ 80,989	\$ 29,092	\$ 110,081	\$ 524,954
2023-2024	265,690	149,512	415,202	83,232	26,850	110,082	525,284
2024-2025	264,399	141,564	405,963	85,601	24,480	110,081	516,044
2025-2026	276,889	131,524	408,413	88,111	21,969	110,080	518,493
2026-2027	284,306	120,909	405,215	90,694	19,385	110,079	515,294
2027-2028	296,642	110,021	406,663	93,358	16,723	110,081	516,744
2028-2029	311,251	98,660	409,911	43,749	13,946	57,695	467,606
2029-2030	319,962	86,681	406,643	45,038	12,655	57,693	464,336
2030-2031	328,811	79,864	408,675	46,189	11,505	57,694	466,369
2031-2032	334,663	72,827	407,490	40,337	10,323	50,660	458,150
2032-2033	343,545	66,096	409,641	41,455	9,204	50,659	460,300
2033-2034	347,394	59,146	406,540	42,606	8,054	50,660	457,200
2034-2035	356,211	52,128	408,339	43,789	6,872	50,661	459,000
2035-2036	364,995	44,945	409,940	45,005	5,655	50,660	460,600
2036-2037	368,744	37,596	406,340	46,256	4,404	50,660	457,000
2037-2038	377,457	30,132	407,589	47,543	3,118	50,661	458,250
2038-2039	366,135	22,506	388,641	48,865	1,794	50,659	439,300
2039-2040	374,264	15,066	389,330	10,736	434	11,170	400,500
2040-2041	379,050	7,581	386,631	10,950	219	11,169	397,800
	\$ 6,218,062	\$ 1,483,977	\$ 7,702,039	\$ 1,034,503	\$ 226,682	\$ 1,261,185	\$ 8,963,224

A summary of the changes in the principal of the outstanding bond obligations and sick leave liability for the District during the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2021 Increases			<u>D</u>	ecreases	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2022	
Bond Obligations	\$	1,482,602	\$	6,110,000	\$	340,037	\$	7,252,565
Bond Premium	\$	78,012	\$	274,704	\$	19,915	\$	332,801
Sick Leave Liability	\$	68,757	\$	35,974	\$	54,548	\$	50,183

NOTE 17 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective July 1, 2021, the District elected to adopt Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement no. 87, Leases, as it relates to accounting and financial reporting for leases. Under this Statement, a single model for lease accounting is established based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Leases are recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the period of implementation. There was no material impact on the financial statements as a result of this change in accounting principle.

NOTE 18 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were considered through December 12, 2022, which represents the release date of our report.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2022

Debt District School Capital Outlay Building Service Activity Activity Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund	Non-major Government Funds
Assets	
Current:	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 236,574 \$ 179,572 \$ - \$ 4,029 \$ 225,725	\$ 645,900
Total assets \$ 236,574 \$ 179,572 \$ - \$ 4,029 \$ 225,725	\$ 645,900
Fund Balances:	
Assigned	
Restricted:	
Capital projects fund \$ 236,574 \$ 179,572 \$ - \$ -	\$ 416,146
Other 4,029 225,725	229,754
Total fund balances 236,574 179,572 - 4,029 225,725	645,900
Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 236,574 \$ 179,572 \$ - \$ 4,029 \$ 225,725	\$ 645,900

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Capital Outlay Fund	Building Funds	Debt Service Fund	District Activity Fund	School Activity Fund	Total Nonmajor Government Funds
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ 482,050	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 482,050
Earnings on investments	ψ - -	φ 402,030	Ψ -	ψ - -	208	208
State sources	57,186	26,108	110,079	-	<u>-</u>	193,373
Other sources				4,741	235,325	240,066
Total revenues	57,186	508,158	110,079	4,741	235,533	915,697
Expenditures:						
Instructional	-	-	-	8,262	199,158	207,420
Principal	-	-	330,000	-	-	330,000
Interest			166,399			166,399
Total expenditures			496,399	8,262	199,158	703,819
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	57,186	508,158	(386,320)	(3,521)	36,375	211,878
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers in	-	-	386,320	4,979	-	391,299
Operating transfers out		(386,320)			(4,979)	(391,299)
Total other financing sources(uses)		(386,320)	386,320	4,979	(4,979)	
Net change in fund balance	57,186	121,838	-	1,458	31,396	211,878
Fund balance, July 1, 2021	179,388	57,734		2,571	194,329	434,022
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 236,574	\$ 179,572	\$ -	\$ 4,029	\$ 225,725	\$ 645,900

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,104,271	\$ 3,876,200	\$ 4,105,671	\$ 229,471
Earnings on investments	4,000	3,000	9,211	6,211
State sources	1,537,080	1,533,359	3,388,332	1,854,973
Federal sources	55,000	55,000	58,002	3,002
Other sources	65,500	77,500	192,462	114,962
Total revenues	5,765,851	5,545,059	7,753,678	2,208,619
Expenditures				
Instructional	3,713,546	3,396,338	3,584,437	(188,099)
Student support services	534,198	446,951	553,325	(106,374)
Staff support services	512,267	449,648	480,215	(30,567)
District administration	856,941	855,985	795,509	60,476
School administration	519,353	468,013	663,919	(195,906)
Business support services	425,242	362,378	427,687	(65,309)
Plant operation and maintenance	1,979,860	2,356,679	766,165	1,590,514
Student transportation	132,576	132,576	66,155	66,421
Community service operations	1,762	1,762	3,459	(1,697)
Architecture/engineering	25,000	25,000	-	25,000
Other	653,910	622,793	22,802	599,991
Total expenditures	9,354,655	9,118,123	7,363,673	1,754,450
Net change in fund balance	(3,588,804)	(3,573,064)	390,005	3,963,069
Fund balance, July 1, 2021	3,588,804	3,573,064	3,607,442	34,378
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,997,447	\$ 3,997,447

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual – Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	iginal ıdget	 Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues							
State sources	\$ 410,286	\$ 370,438	\$	418,671	\$	48,233	
Federal sources	458,618	2,474,932		1,388,798		(1,086,134)	
Other sources	 18,318	 26,991		30,930		3,939	
Total revenues	887,222	 2,872,361		1,838,399		(1,033,962)	
Expenditures							
Instructional	574,750	1,330,196		1,368,401		(38,205)	
Student support services	-	100,000		8,600		91,400	
Staff support services	156,264	367,171		246,420		120,751	
Plant operation and maintenance	27,520	670,000		-		670,000	
Student transportation	-	2,239		294		1,945	
Community service operations	128,688	387,764		166,842		220,922	
Other	 _	 14,991		47,842		(32,851)	
Total expenditures	 887,222	 2,872,361		1,838,399		1,033,962	
Net change in fund balance	-	-		-		-	
Fund balance, July 1, 2021	 						
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	-	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual – Construction Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Orig Bud	inal Iget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues					
Earnings on investments	\$	-	\$ 4,056	\$ -	\$ (4,056)
Other sources		-	5,703,298	6,125,465	422,167
Total revenues		<u>-</u>	5,707,354	6,125,465	418,111
Expenditures					
Facility acquisition and construction		-	6,728,968	4,718,765	2,010,203
Other			<u> </u>	(144,036)	144,036
Total expenditures			6,728,968	4,574,729	2,154,239
Net change in fund balance		-	(1,021,614)	1,550,736	2,572,350
Fund balance, July 1, 2021			(1,099,043)	128,293	
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$		\$ (2,120,657)	\$ 1,679,029	\$ 2,572,350

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balance Bond and Interest Redemption Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Issue of 2014 KISTA	Issue of2019	Issue of2021	Issue of 2021B	Total
Cash at July 1, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Receipts: Transfers and miscellaneous deposits	10,793	42,719	110,574	343,106	507,192
Disbursements: Bonds paid Interest coupons Transfers and miscellaneous Call fee	10,037 756 - -	25,000 17,719 - -	85,000 25,574 - -	220,000 123,106 - -	340,037 167,155 - -
Total disbursements	10,793	42,719	110,574	343,106	507,192
Excess of receipts over disbursements					
Cash at June 30, 2022					
Accounts Receivable and Payable Matured interest and bonds outstanding Due from other funds Due to other funds	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Total accounts receivable and payable					
Fund Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balance Bellevue Independent High School Activity Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Fund Balance			Fund Balance
	July 1, 2021	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2022
ACT Prep Program	\$ 4,043	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,043
Art	106	-	-	106
Athletic Account	1,778	61,409	61,030	2,157
Baseball	1,678	5,449	2,706	4,421
Basketball - Boys	10,121	14,062	16,767	7,416
Basketball - Girls	6,791	8,493	13,048	2,236
Basketball - Youth	474	200	674	-
Bellevue FFA	-	247	186	61
Bellevue Lions Club	1,000	-	-	1,000
Ben & Irene Flora Scholarship	1,474	<u>-</u>	-	1,474
BHMS Food Pantry	-	4,700	463	4,237
BHS Alumni Memorial Fund	3,085	-	-	3,085
BHS Athletic Boosters Scholarship	1,500	-	500	1,000
BHS Band	353	3,406	3,316	443
Bluegrass Aerie	4,000	-	-	4,000
Bobby G & ME Scholarship	1,000	1,000	500	1,500
BOE Reimbursements	354	-	354	-
Bumper Mendell Scholarship	6,477	188	-	6,665
Burke Dailey memorial	1,000	-	500	500
CC Retired Teachers Scholarship	2,000	500	1,000	1,500
Charles Grant Scholarship	1,000	-	-	1,000
Cheerleading Account	118	4,407	4,282	243
Clara Kerlin Campbell Sch	2,000	1,000	-	3,000
Class of 2022	124	4,152	4,276	-
Class of 2023	32	615	-	647
Class of 2024	25	-	-	25
Class of 2025	250	-	-	250
Cross Country	1,114	100	438	776
Dead End Haunted House	250	-	250	-
Dennis and Beth West Scholarship	500	-	-	500
Dick Jones Memorial Scholarship	1,280	-	-	1,280
District Tournament Account	321	12,016	12,038	299
Donations/Charity Account	626	-	-	626
Drama Club	1,455	5,237	3,218	3,474
FBLA	122	-	-	122
FCA	1,201	-	99	1,102
Football	11,042	22,168	19,104	14,106
General Basketball Fund	1,449	27,683	14,207	14,925
General Student & Supplies	17,712	12,433	2,765	27,380
Girls Softball Team	295	-	-	295
Golf Team	603	2,675	2,972	306
Gym Concession Stand BKBa	329	-	-	329
Investment CD - Bumper	10,018	-	-	10,018
Investment CD - Spope	7,048	-	-	7,048
J Steely	10,997	638	6,486	5,149
J Steely - Scholarship	-	500	500	-
Jeffrey James Scholarship	4,248	-	250	3,998
John Thorwarth Club 65 Scholarship	20	-	-	20
June M Jana Memorial Scholarship	9,100	-	-	9,100
Kersten O'Day VFW 2899	500	-	-	500
Lambert Stem Scholarship	1,200	200	200	1,200
		55		

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balance Bellevue Independent High School Activity Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Fund Balance July 1, 2021	Receipts	Disbursements	Fund Balance June 30, 2022
Lead by Example Scholarship	500		_	500
Library	168	-	-	168
Little Hoopsters Program	1,115	4,163	1,685	3,593
Maker Space	7	-	7	-
Mary Egan Memorial	791	25	-	816
Middle School Dance	509	-	-	509
MS Academic Team	30	239	251	18
National Honor Society	-	400	-	400
Office/Staff Account	309	374	296	387
Parr Family Memorial Scholarship	205	-	-	205
Party Source Scholarship	3,750	3,000	2,000	4,750
Paul Weber Memorial Scholarship	300	-	-	300
Pep Stidham Memorial Scholarship	1,095	-	-	1,095
Prom	297	4,920	4,137	1,080
Schreiber Memorial Fund	2,660	-	-	2,660
Service Learning	90	-	-	90
Soccer Team	1,956	100	1,773	283
Special Ed.	885	-	-	885
Startup Money	-	3,700	4,700	(1,000)
Stephanie Wilson BB Memorial	5,754	5,126	9,797	1,083
Stephanie Wilson Scholarship	5,237	3,500	500	8,237
STLP	50	-	-	50
Student Incentives	-	475	46	429
Sweep to Board	-	7,430	7,430	-
Swope Family Memorial	1,939	18	-	1,957
Technology	100	5,260	-	5,360
Tennis Team	806	-	181	625
Track Team	3	2,444	1,920	527
Volleyball - Middle School	-	753	463	290
Volleyball Team	528	3,474	2,342	1,660
William & Janet Dosch Scholarship	3,630	-	-	3,630
William Lubbers Estate	8,931	2,150	-	11,081
Yearbook	1,511	798	583	1,726
Transfers		(30,651)	(30,651)	
Total	\$ 175,369	\$ 211,176	\$ 179,589	\$ 206,956

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balance School Activity Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 andview ementary	 Total
Fund balances at July 1, 2021	\$ 18,960	\$ 18,960
Add: receipts	24,357	24,357
Less: disbursements	 (24,548)	 (24,548)
Fund balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 18,769	\$ 18,769

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - TRS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	*	*
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	*	*
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	12,936,092	14,299,424	14,920,545	15,085,899	32,522,032	34,953,498	26,350,126	24,267,058	*	*
Total	\$ 12,936,092	\$ 14,299,424	\$ 14,920,545	\$ 15,085,899	\$ 32,522,032	\$ 34,953,498	\$ 26,350,126	\$ 24,267,058	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,528,568	\$ 3,417,543	\$ 3,621,709	\$ 3,665,764	\$ 3,705,343	\$ 3,632,924	\$ 3,548,887	\$ 3,690,245	\$ 3,391,195	\$ 3,106,096
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.59%	58.27%	58.76%	59.27%	39.83%	35.22%	42.49%	45.59%	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms: None

Changes of assumption: In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Table rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2011. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation, the Board adopted an interest smoothing methodology to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions.

Changes of assumption: In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

Changes of assumption: In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

Changes of assumption: In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation for the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

Changes of assumption: In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

Changes of assumption: In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

Schedule of District Contributions - TRS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 150,556	\$ 160,552	\$ 136,617	\$ 145,009	\$ 131,242	\$ 124,474	\$ 126,380	\$ 113,879	\$ 84,061	\$ 59,777
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(150,556)	(160,552)	(136,617)	(145,009)	(131,242)	(124,474)	(126,380)	(113,879)	(84,061)	(59,777)
Contribution deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,611,190	\$ 3,528,568	\$ 3,417,543	\$ 3,621,709	\$ 3,665,764	\$ 3,705,343	\$ 3,632,924	\$ 3,548,887	\$ 3,690,245	\$ 3,391,195
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	4.17%	4.55%	4.00%	4.00%	3.58%	3.36%	3.48%	3.21%	2.28%	1.89%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013	2012
District's proportion of net pension liability		0.040300%		0.038688%		0.032223%		0.037848%		0.038260%		0.039498%		0.036667%		0.035635%	*	*
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,569,441	\$	2,967,338	\$	2,266,399	\$	2,305,059	\$	2,239,475	\$	1,944,735	\$	1,576,495	\$	1,156,000	*	*
Total net pension liability	\$ 6	,375,784,388	\$ 7	669,917,211	\$ 7	033,044,552	\$ 6	,090,304,793	\$ 5	,853,307,482	\$ 4,	923,618,237	\$ 4	299,525,565	\$ 3,	,244,377,000	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,045,574	\$	991,002	\$	812,845	\$	938,069	\$	923,820	\$	950,681	\$	847,210	\$	828,925	\$ 843,836	\$ 786,693
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		245.7%		299.4%		278.8%		245.7%		242.4%		204.6%		186.1%		139.5%	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.33%		47.81%		50.45%		53.54%		53.30%		55.50%		59.97%		66.80%	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms: The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2009: A new benefit tire for members who first participate on or after September 1, 2008 was introduced which included the following changes:

- 1. Tired structure for benefit accrual rates
- 2. New retirement eligibility requirements
- 3. Different rules for the computation of final average compensation

2014: As cash balance plan was introduced for member whose participation date is on or after January 1, 2014.

Changes of assumption: The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2015

- The assumed investment rate of return decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.
- The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).
- For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scall BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disable Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in the mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation conducted
- The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

2017

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%.
- The assumed rate of salary growth was reduced from 4.00% to 3.05%.

Schedule of District Contributions – CERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 307,392	\$ 251,128	\$ 238,435	\$ 174,599	\$ 179,922	\$ 172,569	\$ 162,186	\$ 149,702	\$ 156,584	\$ 164,970
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(307,392)	(251,128)	(238,435)	(174,599)	(179,922)	(172,569)	(162,186)	(149,702)	(156,584)	(164,970)
Contribution deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,125,263	\$ 1,045,574	\$ 991,002	\$ 812,845	\$ 938,069	\$ 923,820	\$ 950,681	\$ 847,210	\$ 828,925	\$ 843,836
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	27.32%	24.02%	24.06%	21.48%	19.18%	18.68%	17.06%	17.67%	18.89%	19.55%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability - LIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
District's proportion of the collective trust OPEB liability		0% 0%	0%	0%	0%	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	*	*	*	*	*
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	12,00	00 33,000	32,000	30,000	25,000	*	*	*	*	*
Total net OPEB liability	\$ 12,0	00 \$ 33,000	\$ 32,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 25,000	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,528,50	\$ 3,417,543	\$ 3,621,709	\$ 3,665,764	\$ 3,705,343	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	*	*	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	89.1	5% 71.57%	73.40%	74.97%	79.99%	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms - None.

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions - The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Valuation date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization period	26 Years
Asset valuation method	Five-year smoothed value
Inflation	3.00%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50% - 7.20%
Discount rate	7 50%

Schedule of District Contributions - LIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution						*	*	*	<u>*</u>	*
Contribution deficiency						*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,611,190	\$ 3,528,568	\$ 3,417,543	\$ 3,621,709	\$ 3,665,764	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. No changes were made to the assumptions or benefit terms.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability - MIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2021	 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
District's proportion of the collective trust OPEB liability	0.052584%	0.094296%	0.057618%	0.058999%	0.063103%	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 1,128,000	\$ 1,351,000	\$ 1,686,000	\$ 2,047,000	\$ 2,250,000	*	*	*	*	*
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$ 916,000	\$ 1,082,000	\$ 1,362,000	\$ 1,764,000	\$ 1,838,000	*	*	*	*	*
Total net OPEB liability	\$ 2,044,000	\$ 2,433,000	\$ 3,048,000	\$ 3,811,000	\$ 4,088,000	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,528,568	\$ 3,417,543	\$ 3,621,709	\$ 3,665,764	\$ 3,705,343	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	32.0%	39.5%	46.6%	55.8%	60.7%	*	*	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	51.74%	39.05%	32.58%	25.54%	21.18%	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms - None

The Health Trust is not funded based on actuarily determined contribution, but instead is funded based on statutorily determined amounts as noted in the assumed asset allocation for MIF.

Schedule of District Contributions - MIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 93,337	\$ 94,555	\$ 100,328	\$ 105,096	\$ 108,114	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(93,337)	(94,555)	(100,328)	(105,096)	(108,114)	*	*	*	*	*
Contribution deficiency						*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,611,190	\$ 3,528,568	\$ 3,417,543	\$ 3,621,709	\$ 3,665,764	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	2.58%	2.68%	2.94%	2.90%	2.95%	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms -None

The Health Trust is not funded based on actuarily determined contribution, but instead is funded based on statutorily determined amounts as noted in the assumed asset allocation for MIF.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – MIF (CERS)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
District's proportion of the collective trust OPEB liability	0.040291%	0.038677%	0.032216%	0.037847%	0.038260%	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 771,351	\$ 933,932	\$ 541,859	\$ 671,966	\$ 769,157	*	*	*	*	*
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	*	*	*	*	*
Total net OPEB liability	\$ 771,351	\$ 933,932	\$ 541,859	\$ 671,966	\$ 769,157	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,045,574	\$ 991,002	\$ 812,845	\$ 938,069	\$ 923,820	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	73.8%	94.2%	66.7%	71.6%	83.3%	*	*	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	62.91%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.40%	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes in assumptions: None

2018: Updated healthcare trend rates were implemented.

Schedule District Contributions - MIF (CERS)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 48,998	\$ 47,172	\$ 42,756	\$ 44,089	\$ 44,062	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(48,998)	(47,172)	(42,756)	(44,089)	(44,062)	*	*	*	*	*
Contribution deficiency						*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,125,263	\$ 1,045,574	\$ 991,002	\$ 812,845	\$ 938,069	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	4.35%	4.51%	4.31%	5.42%	4.70%	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. No changes were made to the assumptions or benefit terms.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Federal Assistance Listing		Federal Expenditures for FYE	Expenditures to
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Number	Agreement Number	June 30, 2022	Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education				
Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States	84.027	3810002 20	\$ 5,904	\$ -
Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States	84.027 84.027	3810002 21	\$ 5,904 26,718	5 -
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	3810002 22	178,242	-
Special Education Grants to States	84.173	3800002 21	18,849	-
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002 22	22,503	-
OOVID malated from the m				
COVID-related funding	04.007	4910002 21	0.070	
Special Education Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants	84.027 84.173	4900002 21	8,272 617	-
Special Education Preschool Grants	04.173	1000002 2 1		
Total Special Education Cluster			261,105	-
		0.400000.00		•
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 20	22,620	-
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 21 3100002 22	68,963	-
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 22	135,783	
Total CFDA #84.010			227,366	
Title II Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	320002 20	9,723	-
Title II Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	320002 21	19,400	
Title II Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	320002 22	9,454	
Total CFDA #84.367			38,577	_
		00740470045		
Striving Readers	84.371C	S371C170015 S371C170016	545	-
Striving Readers	84.371C	53/101/0016	40,026	
Total CFDA #84.371C			40,571	
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	3420002 20	14,991	
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425C	GEER 20	3,717	_
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425C	CARE 20	41,415	-
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	4000002 20	7,192	-
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	4200002 21	294,222	
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	4300002 21	9,994	-
Total CFDA #84.425D			356,540	
Direct from U.S. Department of Education				
Innovative Approaches to Literacy	84.215G	S215G180045	437,587	201,301
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,376,737	201,301
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education				
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575		12,058	-
·				
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			12,058	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster				
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 21	66,653	-
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 22	320,513	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	9980000 22	19,786	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 21	19,028	-
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 22	102,013	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024 21	1,704	-
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024 22	1,539	-
Summer Food Service Program for Children Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559 10.559	7740023 21 7740023 22	16,887 14,975	-
Passed through Kentucky Department of Agriculture	10.559	1140023 22	14,973	-
National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555	4000814	35,049	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			598,147	
	40.50-	7700004 = :		
State Administrative Expenses for Children P-EBT Administrative Costs	10.560	7700001 21 9990000 21	966	
	10.649	3330000 Z I	614	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			599,727	-
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,988,522	\$ 201,301

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Bellevue Independent School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022, and is reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Bellevue Independent School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District reported food commodities expended in the amount of \$35,049.

NOTE 4 INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.



KENTUCKY

CRESTVIEW HILLS OFFICE 2617 Legends Way Crestview Hills, KY 41017 Main: 859.344.6400

Fax: 859.578.7522

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Board of Education Bellevue Independent School District Bellevue, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bellevue Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bellevue Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Bellevue Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bellevue Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bellevue Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bellevue Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted other matters that we reported to management of the District on pages 77-79.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crestview Hills, Kentucky

Gunes, Dunig & Co., Std.

December 12, 2022



KENTUCKY

CRESTVIEW HILLS OFFICE 2617 Legends Way Crestview Hills, KY 41017

Main: 859.344.6400 Fax: 859.578.7522

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Education Bellevue Independent School District Bellevue, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Bellevue Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Bellevue Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Bellevue Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Bellevue Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Bellevue Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Bellevue Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Bellevue Independent School District's federal programs.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE (CONTINUED)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Bellevue Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Bellevue Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding Bellevue Independent School District's compliance with the
 compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Bellevue Independent School District's internal control over compliance
 relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
 and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance,
 but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bellevue Independent
 School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE (CONTINUED)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crestview Hills, Kentucky December 12, 2022

Gunes, Dunig & Co., Std.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION I -SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: <u>Unmodified</u>			
Internal control over financial reporting: • Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X	None noted
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X	No
Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: • Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X	None noted
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: <u>Unmodified</u>			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?		_ Yes	X No
Identification of major programs			
CFDA No. Name of Federal Program or Clu	ster		
10.553/10.555/10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X	\$750 Yes	,000	No
SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS			
No matters are reportable			
SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST			
No matters are reportable			

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION I -SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDITORS' RESULTS

No matters are reportable

SECTION II - PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters are reportable

SECTION III - PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST

No matters are reportable

Management Letter Comments Year Ended June 30, 2022

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Bellevue Independent School District for the year ended June 30, 2022, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

This letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. A separate report dated December 12, 2022 contains our report on significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the District's internal control structure. This letter does not affect our report dated December 12, 2022, on the financial statements of the Bellevue Independent School District.

CURRENT YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

CENTRAL OFFICE

2022-01: Food service cash balance

Criteria – Per federal regulation 210.14(b), the school food authority shall limit its net cash resources to an amount that does not exceed three months average expenditures.

Condition – During the testing of the food service funds, it was noted that the cash balance exceeded three months average expenditures.

Effect – Proper procedures over food service funds were not followed.

Cause – Internal controls were not properly followed as designed by the District.

Recommendation – We recommend developing and following a plan to spend down the excess funds in the Food Service fund during fiscal year 2023.

Board response – The Superintendent, Food Service Director, and Finance Director will be taking a look at where the Food Service funds ended and make a fresh plan for how to spend down any excess balance between now and June 30.

ACTIVITY FUNDS

Bellevue Independent High School

2022-02: Negative account balance

Criteria – Per best practices recommended by the Kentucky Department of Education, individual school activity accounts should not end the fiscal year with a negative (deficit) balance.

Condition – During the testing of the Activity Fund, it was noted that an individual school account had a negative (deficit) balance at the end of the fiscal year.

Effect – Proper documentation over reporting were not followed.

Cause – Internal controls were not properly followed as designed by the District.

Recommendation – We recommend that the financial secretary and principal review all accounts at fiscal year end to ensure that there are no negative (deficit) balances. If any activity account ends with a negative balance, then the general activity account must cover the deficit by June 30.

Board response - The bookkeeper will perform a monthly financial review to go over budget expenses. There will also be a financial review at the end of the year and transfer between funds to cover any deficits that could happen in the future.

Management Letter Comments (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

Grandview Elementary

2022-03: Negative account balance

Criteria – Per best practices recommended by the Kentucky Department of Education, individual school activity accounts should not end the fiscal year with a negative (deficit) balance.

Condition – During the testing of the Activity Fund, it was noted that an individual school account had a negative (deficit) balance at the end of the fiscal year.

Effect – Proper documentation over reporting were not followed.

Cause - Internal controls were not properly followed as designed by the District.

Recommendation – We recommend that the financial secretary and principal review all accounts at fiscal year end to ensure that there are no negative (deficit) balances. If any activity account ends with a negative balance, then the general activity account must cover the deficit by June 30.

Board response – The bookkeeper will perform a monthly financial review to go over budget expenses. There will also be a financial review at the end of the year and transfer between funds to cover any deficits that could happen in the future.

Management Letter Comments (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

CENTRAL OFFICE

No matters were reportable

ACTIVITY FUNDS

Bellevue Independent High School

No matters were reportable

Grandview Elementary

No matters were reportable