BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Elizabethtown Independent School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Elizabethtown Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Elizabethtown Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Elizabethtown Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Elizabethtown Independent School Districts ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2022, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 87, Leases and Statement 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 10, budgetary comparison information on pages 57 to 58, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities on pages 59 to 63 and schedule of contributions on pages 64 to 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Elizabethtown Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining financial statements, school schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements, school schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Heartland CPH and admins, PLAC

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 24, 2022, on our consideration of Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Heartland CPAs and Advisors. PLLC

Elizabethtown, Kentucky

October 24, 2022



ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT – ELIZABETHTOWN, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2022

The discussion and analysis of Elizabethtown Independent School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to review the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning cash and investment balance for the District was \$12.2 million. Ending cash and investments were \$17.4 million.
- Following the completion of the District long-range plan for facilities, there is a focus on investing in plant management with the age and size of our facilities reflective of this need.
- The District's General Fund fund balance improved. Fund balance increased by \$.8 million.
- The General Fund had \$24.3 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), state on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance and property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding inter-fund transfers, there were \$23.1 million in General Fund expenditures.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Capital assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 12 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. There is a state mandated uniform accounting system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. The proprietary funds include the food service operation. The fiduciary funds are agency funds and private purpose trust funds. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 21 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 56 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, net position was \$10.1 million as of June 30, 2022.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2022 and 2021 (Table 1)

Description	Governmental	Governmental	Bu	siness-type	Bu	siness-type	Total	Total
	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>			<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Current and								
Other Assets	\$ 16,738,938	\$ 13,755,759	\$	1,368,628	\$	813,200	\$ 18,107,566	\$ 14,568,959
Capital Assets	30,774,828	31,611,270		40,036		66,308	30,814,864	31,677,578
Total Assets	47,513,766	45,367,029		1,408,664		879,508	48,922,430	46,246,537
Deferred Outflows	3,095,379	3,391,317		393,032		505,578	3,488,411	3,896,895
Long-term Debt	32,768,049	35,908,974		1,560,281		2,042,772	34,328,330	37,951,746
Other Liabilities	2,565,883	2,316,333		14,126		22,051	2,580,009	2,338,384
Total Liabilities	35,333,932	38,225,307		1,574,407		2,064,823	36,908,339	40,290,130
Deferred Inflows	4,993,077	2,799,114		416,319		155,430	5,409,396	2,954,544
Net Position								
Net investment in								
capital assets	9,630,292	10,411,411		40,036		66,308	9,670,328	10,477,719
Restricted	10,199,194	8,049,459		-		-	10,199,194	8,049,459
Unrestricted	(9,547,350)	(10,726,945)		(229,066)		(901,475)	(9,776,416)	(11,628,420)
Total Net Position	\$ 10,282,136	\$ 7,733,925	\$	(189,030)	\$	(835, 167)	\$ 10,093,106	\$ 6,898,758

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

The District invested \$.8 million in capital assets and paid principal of \$1.1 million on bonds.

Comments on Budget Comparisons

- The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, net of Interfund transfers, were \$23.5 million.
- General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$7.5 million more than budget or approximately 45%. This variance was related to on-behalf payments that were not budgeted.
- The total cost of all programs and services including debt service was \$18.8 million.
- General fund budget expenditures to actual varied significantly in Instruction and Other Expenses. This resulted from the District not budgeting on-behalf payments made by the State of Kentucky and not having to spend budgeted contingency funds.

The following Table 2 presents a summary of changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Description	Governmental	Governmental	Business-type I	Business-type	Total	Total
	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>
REVENUES:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 638,155	\$ 441,143	\$ 71,070	\$ 14,261	\$ 709,225	\$ 455,404
Operating grants and						
contributions	4,406,655	3,331,644	2,225,923	1,348,007	6,632,578	4,679,651
Capital grants and contributions	2,177,096	1,963,469	-	-	2,177,096	1,963,469
General revenues:						
Property taxes	6,578,878	6,225,525	-	-	6,578,878	6,225,525
Motor vehicle taxes	462,319	401,890	-	-	462,319	401,890
Utility taxes	789,784	760,995	-	-	789,784	760,995
Revenue in lieu of taxes	113,437	112,428	-	-	113,437	112,428
Investment earnings	161,635	195,062	10,332	2,016	171,967	197,078
State and formula grants	5,752,089	6,861,218	-	-	5,752,089	6,861,218
Miscellaneous	132,056	116,829		-	132,056	116,829
Total revenues	21,212,104	20,410,203	2,307,325	1,364,284	23,519,429	21,774,487
EXPENSES						
Program Activities						
Instruction	8,678,527	10,580,990	_	_	8,678,527	10,580,990
Student support	1,233,275	1,260,264	_	_	1,233,275	1,260,264
Instructional staff support	1,218,431	1,088,134	_	_	1,218,431	1,088,134
District administrative support	685,277	628,635	_	_	685,277	628,635
School administrative support	1,650,860	1,373,548	_	_	1,650,860	1,373,548
Business support	751,207	707,616	_	_	751,207	707,616
Plant operation and maintenance	2,537,694	2,198,727	_	_	2,537,694	2,198,727
Student transportation	977,037	866,325	_	_	977,037	866,325
Community service activities	168,239	172,015	_	_	168,239	172,015
Other	· -	· -	_	-	, -	-
Interest costs	866,093	864,786	_	_	866,093	864,786
Business-type Activities:	,	•			,	•
Food service	_	_	1,558,441	1,455,864	1,558,441	1,455,864
Daycare		-	-	10,336	-	10,336
Total expenses	18,766,640	19,741,040	1,558,441	1,466,200	20,325,081	21,207,240
Excess before transfers	2,445,464	669,163	748,884	(101,916)	3,194,348	567,247
Transfers	102,747	84,651	(102,747)	(84,651)	-	
Decrease in net position	\$ 2,548,211	\$ 753,814	\$ 646,137	\$ (186,567)	\$3,194,348	\$ 567,247

Governmental Activities

Instruction comprises 46% of governmental program expenses. Support services expenses make up 48% of government expenses. The remaining expense for community services and interest accounts for the remaining 6% of total government expense.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

	Go	overnmenta Cost o	ıl Act		Net Cost of Services				
Description		Total		Total	Net			Net	
		2022		<u>2021</u>		2022		<u>2021</u>	
Instruction	\$	8,678,527	\$	10,580,990	\$	4,547,269	\$	7,324,932	
Support Services		9,053,781		8,123,249		8,308,399		7,778,477	
Community Services		168,239		172,015		69		58	
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		-		(1,377,472)		(1,402,554)	
Interest costs		866,093		864,786		66,469		303,871	
		·		·		·			

\$ 18,766,640 \$

(Table 3)

Business-Type Activities

Total expenses

The business-type activities include the food service and daycare operations. These programs had total revenues of \$2,307,325 and expenses of \$1,558,421 for fiscal year 2022. Of the revenues, \$71,070 was charges for services, \$2,225,923 was from State and Federal grants and \$10,332 was from investment earnings. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of this activity. If it becomes necessary, the School District will increase the charges for these activities.

19,741,040 \$11,544,734 \$14,004,784

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 13. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$35.2 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$32.2 million.

General Fund-Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process.

For the General Fund, revenues were budgeted at \$16.7 million, with actual amounts of \$24.3 million. Budgeted expenditures of \$21.1 million compare with actual expenditures of \$23.1 million. The most significant fluctuation is for unbudgeted on-behalf payments.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022 the School District had \$30.8 million invested in land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and construction in progress and \$30.7 million in governmental activities. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2022 and 2021 balances.

(Table 4)
Capital Assets at June 30, 2022 and 2021
(Net of Depreciation)

Description	Governmental	Governmental	Busir	ness-type	Total	Total	
	2022	<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Land and land improvements	\$ 282,910	\$ 293,015	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 282,910	\$ 293,015
Buildings and improvements	29,097,310	30,657,682		-	-	29,097,310	30,657,682
Technology	(7,709)	(4,174)		-	-	(7,709)	(4,174)
Vehicles	602,894	351,674		-	-	602,894	351,674
General equipment	252,141	313,073		40,036	66,308	292,177	379,381
Total	30,227,546	31,611,270		40,036	66,308	30,267,582	31,677,578
Construction in progress	547,282	-		-	-	547,282	_
Total	\$30,774,828	\$ 31,611,270	\$	40,036	\$ 66,308	\$ 30,814,864	\$ 31,677,578

Table 5 shows changes in capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Description	Governmental	Governmental	Bus	iness-type	Total	Total	
	2022	<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>
Beginning balance	\$31,611,270	\$ 33,146,836	\$	66,308	\$ 94,799	\$ 31,677,578	\$ 33,241,635
Additions	845,854	1,793,228		-	-	845,854	1,793,228
Retirements	(21,676)	(1,678,251)		-	-	(21,676)	(1,678,251)
Depreciation	(1,660,620)	(1,650,543)		(26,272)	(28,491)	(1,686,892)	(1,679,034)
Ending balance	\$30,774,828	\$ 31,611,270	\$	40,036	\$ 66,308	\$ 30,814,864	\$ 31,677,578

Debt

At June 30, 2022, the School District had \$21.2 million in bonds outstanding, of this amount \$2.1 million is to be paid from KSFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. A total of \$1.3 million is due within one year.

District Challenges for the Future

Elizabethtown Independent School District's financial status ended strongly in the last fiscal year due to the support of Federal Funds. However, as we look forward, we expect unfunded mandates and the national economic climate to have an impact on our District, as well as reduction in federal support funding.

The District is experiencing increased personnel costs associated with preschool and special needs programs that have not been funded in full through state or federal programs. In addition, retirement costs of TRS and CERS continue to increase.

Increased costs have, in the past, been offset due to increased student enrollment producing additional state funding, and continued increases in business and residential property subject to tax within the School District. Our property tax base remained steady; however our School District, like all Kentucky School Districts, is limited to a 4% annual growth in property tax revenue on existing property.

With careful planning and monitoring of our finances, Elizabethtown Independent Schools' goal is to continue to provide a quality education for our students and a secure financial future for the School District.

Future Budgetary Implications

In Kentucky, the public schools fiscal year is July 1 - June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2022-23 with a 16% contingency. Significant Board action that impacts the finances includes pay increases for all employees, additional spending for facility repairs outside of bonded building and renovation projects, as well as continued funding of instructional initiatives.

The district's primary concern for the future are projected costs of personnel to include the cost of employer contributed pension. For the 2022-23 budget year, the cost of personnel to include benefits is 81.4% of the general fund budget.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information contact Denise Morgan, Director of Finance, 219 Helm Street, Elizabethtown, Kentucky, 42701, (270) 765-6146.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

Cash cash equivalents and investments \$ 16,117,701 \$ 1,247,147 \$ 17,364,848 Inventory \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 48,249 \$ 24,680 \$ 24,680 \$ 24,680 \$ 24,699 \$	Assets	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total		
Cach, cash equivalents and investments 16,117,701 \$ 1,247,147 \$ 17,348,484 Receivables:	Current Assets					
Receivables: Taxes-Current 100,014 24,880 24,88	Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 16,117,701	, , ,	. , ,		
Taxes-Delinquent 24,680 24,880 24,890 10her precipables 2,499 10her growernmental-Indirect Federal 266,730 10hergovernmental-Indirect Federal 227,314 73,232 300,546 701d Current Assets 16,739,393 1,368,628 18,107,566 Noncurrent Assets 16,739,393 1,368,628 18,107,566 Noncurrent Assets 815,077 Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 29,959,751 40,036 29,999,787 Total Noncurrent Assets 47,513,766 1,408,664 48,922,430 1,408,664 48,922,430 1,408,664 48,922,430 1,408,664 48,922,430 1,408,664 48,922,430 1,408,664 1,408,			,			
Characterisables 2,499 1,2495 1,266,730 1,366,628 1,36	Taxes-Current	100,014		100,014		
Intergovernmental-Indirect Federal 226,730 1,368,628 18,107,666 Total Current Assets 16,739,938 1,368,628 18,107,666 Noncurrent Assets 815,077 September 20,100,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	·					
Intergovernmental-Direct Federal 227,314 73,232 300,548 Total Current Assets 16,738,938 1,368,628 18,107,666 Noncurrent Assets						
Noncurrent Assets 815.077 815.077 Non-depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 29.959,751 40.036 29.999,787 Total Noncurrent Assets 30.774.828 40.036 30.814.864 Total Assets 47,513.766 1,408.664 48.922.430 Deferred Outflows of Resources 655,119 208.639 863.758 CERS OPEB 917.083 184.393 1,101.476 TRS OPEB MIF 1,517.127 9.050 6,050 Deferred amount on debt refundings 6,050 6,050 6,050 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 3,095,379 393,032 3,488.411 Liabilities 2 276,571 14,126 290.697 Accounts payable 276,571 14,126 290.697 Accounts payable 89,472 89,472 10.00 10.00 Unearned revenue 256,599 26,599 26,599 26,599 26,599 26,599 26,599 26,599 29,50,590 9,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00	· ·	,	73,232			
Non-depreciable capital assets		16,738,938	1,368,628	18,107,566		
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 29,959,751 40,036 29,999,787 Total Noncurrent Assets 30,774,828 40,036 30,814,864 Total Assets 47,513,766 1,408,664 48,922,430 Deferred Outflows of Resources CERS Pension 655,119 208,639 863,758 CERS OPEB 917,083 184,393 1,101,476 TRS OPEB MIF 1,517,127 1,51		045.077		045.077		
accumulated depreciation 29,959,751 40,036 29,999,787 Total Noncurrent Assets 30,774,828 40,036 30,814,864 Total Assets 47,513,766 1,408,664 48,922,430 Deferred Outflows of Resources 655,119 208,639 863,758 CERS Pension 655,119 208,639 863,758 CERS OPEB MIF 1,517,127 1,517,127 1,517,127 Deferred amount on debt refundings 6,050 393,032 3,488,411 Liabilities Variable of the fundings of Resources Current Liabilities Variable of the fundings of Resources Variable of the fundings of Resources Current Liabilities Variable of Section		815,077		815,077		
Total Assets 47,513,766 1,408,664 48,922,430 Deferred Outflows of Resources CERS Pension 655,119 208,639 863,758 CERS OPEB 917,083 184,393 1,101,476 TRS OPEB MIF 1,517,127 1,517,127 1,517,127 Deferred outflows of Resources 3,095,379 393,032 3,488,411 Liabilities 2 2 6,050 Accounts payable 276,571 14,126 290,697 Accounts payable 276,571 14,126 290,697 Accounts payaroll and related expenses 89,472 89,472 89,472 Unearned revenue 256,599 9 225,599 Bond obligations 1,316,000 1,316,000 Compensated absences 527,401 527,401 Interest payable 2,565,893 14,126 2,580,009 Noncurrent Liabilities 2,565,893 14,126 2,580,009 Noncurrent Liabilities 2,565,893 14,126 2,580,009 Net OPEB liability - CERS 5,970,116 <t< td=""><td>•</td><td>29,959,751</td><td>40,036</td><td>29,999,787</td></t<>	•	29,959,751	40,036	29,999,787		
Deferred Outflows of Resources 655,119 208,639 863,758 CERS Pension 655,119 208,639 1,101,476 CERS OPEB 917,083 184,393 1,101,476 TRS OPEB MIF 1,517,127 1,517,127 Deferred amount on debt refundings 6,050 6,050 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 3,095,379 393,032 3,488,411 Liabilities 8 4 2 Current Liabilities 8 4 2 Accounts payable 276,571 14,126 290,697 Accounts payroll and related expenses 89,472 89,472 89,472 Unearmed revenue 256,599 256,599 256,599 Bond obligations 1,316,000 1,316,000 Compensated absences 527,401 527,401 Interest payable 2,565,883 14,126 2,580,009 Necurrent Liabilities 2,565,883 14,126 2,580,009 Necurrent Liabilities 1,984,586 1,884,586 1,884,586 1,884,267 2,156,073 <td>Total Noncurrent Assets</td> <td>30,774,828</td> <td>40,036</td> <td></td>	Total Noncurrent Assets	30,774,828	40,036			
CERS Pension 655,119 208,639 863,758 CERS OPEB 917,083 184,393 1,101,476 TRS OPEB MIF 1,517,127 1,517,127 Deferred amount on debt refundings 6,050 6,050 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 3,095,379 393,032 3,488,411 Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounds payable 276,571 14,126 290,697 Accounds payable 276,579 28,472 89,472 Uneamed revenue 256,599 256,599 256,599 Bond obligations 1,316,000 1,316,000 1,316,000 Compensated absences 527,401 527,401 1,4126 2,580,009 Not Quitable Services 2,565,883 14,126 2,580,009 Not Quitable Services 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 1,9834,586 <td>Total Assets</td> <td>47,513,766</td> <td>1,408,664</td> <td>48,922,430</td>	Total Assets	47,513,766	1,408,664	48,922,430		
CERS OPEB 917,083 184,393 1,101,476 TRS OPEB MIF 1,517,127 1,517,127 1,517,127 Deferred amount on debt refundings 6,050 3095,379 393,032 3,488,411 Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable 276,571 14,126 290,697 Accrued payroll and related expenses 89,472 89,472 89,472 Unearned revenue 256,599 256,599 256,599 Bond obligations 1,316,000 1,316,000 527,401 Interest payable 99,840 99,840 99,840 Total Current Liabilities 2,565,883 14,126 2,580,009 Noncurrent Liabilities 2,565,883 14,126 2,580,009 Noncurrent Liabilities 2,565,883 14,126 2,580,009 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,807,806 348,267 2,156,073 1,762,130 Net OPEB liability - CERS 1,807,806 348,267 2,156,073 1,096,541 Total Noncurrent L	Deferred Outflows of Resources					
TRS OPEB MIF						
Deferred amount on debt refundings 6,050 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 3,095,379 393,032 3,488,411 Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable 276,571 14,126 290,697 Accrued payroll and related expenses 89,472 89,472 89,472 Unearmed revenue 256,599 256,599 256,599 Bond obligations 1,316,000 1,316,000 13,16,000 Compensated absences 527,401 527,401 1,316,000 Interest payable 99,840 9,840 9,840 9,840 9,840 9,840 9,840 9,840 9,841 9,844,586 1,834,586 1,834,586 1,834,586 1,834,586 1,834,586 1,834,586 1,834,586 1,841,130			184,393			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 3,095,379 393,032 3,488,411		, ,				
Current Liabilities	· ·		393.032			
Current Liabilities Accounts payable 276,571 14,126 290,697 Accourded payroll and related expenses 89,472 89,472 10,000 256,599 256,599 256,599 256,599 256,599 256,599 256,599 256,599 30,000 1,316,000 1,316,000 1,316,000 20,000 <td>Liabilitios</td> <td>-,,-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Liabilitios	-,,-				
Accounts payable 276,571 14,126 290,697 Accrued payroll and related expenses 89,472 89,472 Unearned revenue 256,599 256,599 Bond obligations 1,316,000 1,316,000 Compensated absences 527,401 527,401 Interest payable 99,840 99,840 Total Current Liabilities 2,565,883 14,126 2,580,009 Noncurrent Liabilities Bond obligations 19,834,586 10,196,541 10,196,5						
Accrued payroll and related expenses 89,472 Unearned revenue 89,472 Unearned revenue 256,599 (256,599) 256,599 (256,599) 256,599 (256,599) 256,599 (256,599) 256,599 (256,599) 256,599 (256,598) 1,316,000 (257,401) 1,316,000 (257,401) 257,401 (257,401) 527,401 (257,401) 527,401 (257,401) 357,401 (257,401) 357,401 (257,401) 357,401 (257,401) 357,401 (257,401) 357,401 (257,401) 357,400 357,400 357,400 357,401 (257,401)		276 571	1/ 126	200 607		
Uneamed revenue 256,599 256,599 Bond obligations 1,316,000 1,316,000 Compensated absences 527,401 527,401 Interest payable 99,840 99,840 Total Current Liabilities 2,565,883 14,126 2,580,009 Noncurrent Liabilities Bond obligations 19,834,586 1,212,014 7,182,130 Net pension liability - CERS 5,970,116 1,212,014 7,182,130 Net OPEB liability - CERS 1,807,806 348,267 2,156,073 Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF 4,059,000 4,059,000 4,059,000 Compensated absences 1,096,541 1,096,541 1,096,541 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 32,768,049 1,560,281 34,328,330 Total Liabilities 35,333,932 1,574,407 36,908,339 Deferred Inflows of Resources CERS Pension 1,104,050 228,711 1,332,761 CERS OPEB 936,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 228,711			14,120			
Compensated absences Interest payable 527,401 yes 527,401 yes Interest payable 99,840 99,840 Total Current Liabilities 2,565,883 14,126 2,580,009 Noncurrent Liabilities 8 19,834,586 19,834,586 Net pension liability - CERS 5,970,116 1,212,014 7,182,130 Net OPEB liability - CERS 1,807,806 348,267 2,156,073 Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF 4,059,000 4,059,000 Compensated absences 1,096,541 1,096,541 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 32,768,049 1,560,281 34,328,330 Total Liabilities 35,333,932 1,574,407 36,908,339 Deferred Inflows of Resources 936,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 29,53,000 2,953,000 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 10,199,194	. ,					
Interest payable 99,840 99,840 99,840 Post Total Current Liabilities 2,565,883 14,126 2,580,009 Noncurrent Liabilities	Bond obligations	1,316,000		1,316,000		
Total Current Liabilities 2,565,883 14,126 2,580,009 Noncurrent Liabilities 30,834,586 19,834,586 19,834,586 Net pension liability - CERS 5,970,116 1,212,014 7,182,130 Net OPEB liability - CERS 1,807,806 348,267 2,156,073 Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF 4,059,000 4,059,000 Compensated absences 1,096,541 1,096,541 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 32,768,049 1,560,281 34,328,330 Total Liabilities 35,333,932 1,574,407 36,908,339 Deferred Inflows of Resources 596,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB 936,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 2,953,000 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416) <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	•					
Noncurrent Liabilities 19,834,586 19,834,586 Net pension liability - CERS 5,970,116 1,212,014 7,182,130 Net OPEB liability - CERS 1,807,806 348,267 2,156,073 Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF 4,059,000 4,059,000 Compensated absences 1,096,541 1,096,541 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 32,768,049 1,560,281 34,328,330 Total Liabilities 35,333,932 1,574,407 36,908,339 Deferred Inflows of Resources 5936,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 228,711 1,332,761 CERS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 2,953,000 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)	Interest payable	99,840		99,840		
Bond obligations 19,834,586 19,834,586 Net pension liability - CERS 5,970,116 1,212,014 7,182,130 Net OPEB liability - CERS 1,807,806 348,267 2,156,073 Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF 4,059,000 4,059,000 Compensated absences 1,096,541 1,096,541 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 32,768,049 1,560,281 34,328,330 Total Liabilities 35,333,932 1,574,407 36,908,339 Deferred Inflows of Resources 228,711 1,332,761 CERS Pension 1,104,050 228,711 1,332,761 CERS OPEB 936,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 2,953,000 2,953,000 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)		2,565,883	14,126	2,580,009		
Net pension liability - CERS 5,970,116 1,212,014 7,182,130 Net OPEB liability - CERS 1,807,806 348,267 2,156,073 Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF 4,059,000 4,059,000 Compensated absences 1,096,541 1,096,541 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 32,768,049 1,560,281 34,328,330 Total Liabilities 35,333,932 1,574,407 36,908,339 Deferred Inflows of Resources 596,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB 936,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 2,953,000 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)		10 024 506		10 024 506		
Net OPEB liability - CERS 1,807,806 348,267 2,156,073 Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF 4,059,000 4,059,000 Compensated absences 1,096,541 1,096,541 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 32,768,049 1,560,281 34,328,330 Total Liabilities 35,333,932 1,574,407 36,908,339 Deferred Inflows of Resources 596,027 187,608 1,123,635 CERS OPEB 936,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 2,953,000 2,953,000 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)			1 212 014			
Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF 4,059,000 4,059,000 Compensated absences 1,096,541 1,096,541 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 32,768,049 1,560,281 34,328,330 Total Liabilities 35,333,932 1,574,407 36,908,339 Deferred Inflows of Resources 228,711 1,332,761 CERS Pension 1,104,050 228,711 1,332,761 CERS OPEB 936,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 2,953,000 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)						
Total Noncurrent Liabilities 32,768,049 1,560,281 34,328,330 Total Liabilities 35,333,932 1,574,407 36,908,339 Deferred Inflows of Resources CERS Pension 1,104,050 228,711 1,332,761 CERS OPEB 936,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 2,953,000 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)			,			
Total Liabilities 35,333,932 1,574,407 36,908,339 Deferred Inflows of Resources CERS Pension 1,104,050 228,711 1,332,761 CERS OPEB 936,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 2,953,000 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)	Compensated absences	1,096,541		1,096,541		
Deferred Inflows of Resources CERS Pension 1,104,050 228,711 1,332,761 CERS OPEB 936,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 2,953,000 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)	Total Noncurrent Liabilities	32,768,049	1,560,281	34,328,330		
CERS Pension 1,104,050 228,711 1,332,761 CERS OPEB 936,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 2,953,000 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)	Total Liabilities	35,333,932	1,574,407	36,908,339		
CERS OPEB 936,027 187,608 1,123,635 TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 2,953,000 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)	Deferred Inflows of Resources					
TRS OPEB MIF 2,953,000 2,953,000 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Very Position In Capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 4,993,077 416,319 5,409,396 Net Position Very Investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)			187,608			
Net Position 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)						
Net investment in capital assets 9,630,292 40,036 9,670,328 Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)		4,993,077	416,319	5,409,396		
Restricted 10,199,194 10,199,194 Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)		0 630 303	40 03E	0 670 220		
Unrestricted (9,547,350) (229,066) (9,776,416)	·		40,030			
			(229,066)			
	Total Net Position					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2022								Net (E	хре	nses) Revenue	es and		
					Program Rev	enues/		Changes in Net Position					
		(Charges				Capital			Business-			
	_		For	Grants &			Grants &	Governmental		Туре			
	Expenses		Services	_C	ontributions		Contributions	Activities		Activities	Total		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS													
Governmental Activities:	A 0.070.507	•	000 455	•	0.400.400	•		Φ (4.547.000)	•		Φ (4.547.000)		
Instruction	\$ 8,678,527	\$	638,155	\$	3,493,103	\$	-	\$ (4,547,269)	\$	-	\$ (4,547,269)		
Support services:	4 000 075				100 100			(4.400.077)			(4.400.077)		
Student	1,233,275				100,198			(1,133,077)			(1,133,077)		
Instruction staff	1,218,431				283,731			(934,700)			(934,700)		
District administrative	685,277							(685,277)			(685,277)		
School administrative	1,650,860							(1,650,860)			(1,650,860)		
Business	751,207							(751,207)			(751,207)		
Plant operation and maintenance	2,537,694				41,504			(2,496,190)			(2,496,190)		
Student transportation	977,037				319,949			(657,088)			(657,088)		
Community service activities	168,239				168,170			(69)			(69)		
Facilities acquisition and construction							1,377,472	1,377,472			1,377,472		
Interest on long-term debt	866,093						799,624	(66,469)			(66,469)		
Total Governmental Activities	18,766,640		638,155		4,406,655		2,177,096	(11,544,734)		-	(11,544,734)		
Business-Type Activities:													
Food service	1,558,441		71,070		2,225,923					738,552	738,552		
Daycare	1,000,111		,		2,220,020					-	-		
Total Business-Type Activities	1,558,441		71,070		2,225,923		_		_	738,552	738,552		
Total Primary Government	\$ 20,325,081	\$	709,225	\$		\$	2,177,096	(11,544,734)		738,552	(10,806,182)		
Total Filliary Government	\$ 20,323,001	Ψ	109,223	_			2,177,090	(11,544,754)		730,332	(10,000,102)		
					eneral Reven axes:	ues:							
				ı		0		6,578,878			6,578,878		
					Property taxe Motor vehicle			462,319			462,319		
						laxes		789,784			•		
					Utility taxes Revenue in li	ou of to	Y00	113,437			789,784 113,437		
							xes			10 222			
					nvestment ea		nto	161,635		10,332	171,967		
					State and form //iscellaneous	iuia gra	nis	5,752,089			5,752,089		
								132,056		(400.747)	132,056		
				I	ransfers			102,747		(102,747)			
				To	otal general re	venues							
				а	ind transfers			14,092,945		(92,415)	14,000,530		
				Cł	nange in net p	osition		2,548,211		646,137	3,194,348		
				Ne	et position - be	eginning	9	7,733,925		(835,167)	6,898,758		
				Ne	et position - e	nding		\$ 10,282,136	\$	(189,030)	\$ 10,093,106		



BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund		FSPK Fund			Debt Service Fund		Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:											
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Receivables: Taxes - current	\$ 6,029,136 100.014	\$	162,067	\$	2,708,758	\$	4,885,561	\$	2,332,179	\$	16,117,701 100,014
Taxes - delinquent Other receivables	24,680 2,499										24,680 2.499
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal Intergovernmental - Direct Federal	 2,433		266,730				227,314				266,730 227,314
Total Assets	\$ 6,156,329	\$	428,797	\$	2,708,758	\$	5,112,875	\$	2,332,179	\$	16,738,938
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities											
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related expenses	\$ 148,891 89,472	\$	13,484	\$	-	\$	-	\$	114,196	\$	276,571 89,472
Unearned revenue	 		256,599	_						_	256,599
Total Liabilities	238,363		270,083		-		-		114,196		622,642
Fund Balances											
Restricted Committed Assigned	100,000 450,000 4,897		158,714		2,708,758		5,112,875		2,118,847 99,136		10,199,194 549,136 4,897
Unassigned	 5,363,069								_		5,363,069
Total Fund Balances	 5,917,966		158,714		2,708,758		5,112,875		2,217,983		16,116,296
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 6,156,329	\$	428,797	\$	2,708,758	\$	5,112,875	\$	2,332,179	\$	16,738,938

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

Total fund balance per fund financial statements	\$ 16,116,296
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	30,774,828
Governmental funds record debt refundings as other financiing uses when the issues are refunded. Unamortized losses on refundings are reported on the statement of net position as deferred outflows of resources.	6,050
Governmental funds do not record deferred outflows of resources for pensions and OPEB but those are reported on the statement of net position as deferred outflows of resources.	3,089,329
Governmental funds do not record deferred inflows of resources for pensions and OPEB but those are reported on the statement of net position as deferred inflows of resources.	(4,993,077)
Certain liabilities are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented in the statement of net position:	
Bonds payable (net of discounts/premiums) Interest payable Compensated absences Net pension liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF	 (21,150,586) (99,840) (1,623,942) (5,970,116) (1,807,806) (4,059,000)
Net position for governmental activities	\$ 10,282,136

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	FSPK Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Taxes: Property	\$ 5,758,966	\$ -	\$ 819,912	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,578,878
Motor vehicle	426,319	φ -	φ 019,912	φ -	φ -	426,319
Utilities	789,784					789,784
Revenue in lieu of taxes	113,437					113,437
Tuition and fees	313,256					313,256
Earnings on investments	68,983	1,312	17,217	63,534	10,589	161,635
Other local revenues	135,120	46,019			583,897	765,036
Intergovernmental - State	16,594,251	906,963	1,161,194	105,811	216,278	18,984,497
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal Intergovernmental - Direct Federal	41,683 10,232	3,174,012		603 813		3,215,695
intergovernmental - Direct Federal	10,232		·	693,813		704,045
Total Revenues	24,252,031	4,128,306	1,998,323	863,158	810,764	32,052,582
Expenditures:						
Instruction	14,806,720	3,243,174			465,193	18,515,087
Support services:						
Student	1,126,403	100,198			4,748	1,231,349
Instruction staff District administrative	931,071 575,683	283,731			780	1,215,582 575,683
School administrative	1,643,022					1,643,022
Business	745,820					745,820
Plant operation and maintenance	2,310,147	41,504			1,441	2,353,092
Student transportation	928,195	319,949			17,732	1,265,876
Facilities acquisition and construction		400 470			547,282	547,282
Community service activities Facilities acquisition and construction		168,170				168,170
Bond issuance costs					28,340	28,340
Debt service:					20,040	20,040
Principal				1,110,000		1,110,000
Interest		_,		809,484		809,484
Total Expenditures	23,067,061	4,156,726		1,919,484	1,065,516	30,208,787
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues						
over Expenditures	1,184,970	(28,420)	1,998,323	(1,056,326)	(254,752)	1,843,795
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	4 000					4 000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,306					1,306
Insurance proceeds Bond proceeds from revenue bonds	1,679				979,000	1,679 979,000
Bond premium					47,495	47,495
Transfers in	135,774	45,418		1,915,704	29,912	2,126,808
Transfers out	(537,221)		(1,423,901)		(29,912)	(2,024,061)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(398,462)	12,391	(1,423,901)	1,915,704	1,026,495	1,132,227
Net Change in Fund Balances	786,508	(16,029)	574,422	859,378	771,743	2,976,022
Fund balance, July 1, 2021	5,131,458	174,743	2,134,336	4,253,497	1,446,240	13,140,274
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 5,917,966	\$ 158,714	\$ 2,708,758	\$ 5,112,875	\$ 2,217,983	\$ 16,116,296

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements	\$ 2,976,022
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays for the year.	(814,766)
The proceeds for the issuance of bonds provide current financial resources and are reported in this fund financial statement but they are presented as liabilities in the statement of net position.	(1,026,495)
Bond payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	1,110,000
The difference between actuarial pension and OPEB contributions and actual contributions made are recorded as adjustments in the statement of activities.	461,486
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	(158,036)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,548,211

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2022

Current Assets	ound 66, 2022	Food Service Fund		Daycare Fund		Total	
Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal Inventory 1,235,641 \$ 11,506 \$ 1,247,147 73,232 48,249 Total Current Assets 1,357,122 11,506 1,368,628 Noncurrent Assets 1,357,122 11,506 1,368,628 Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 40,036	Assets					-	
Noncurrent Assets Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 40,036 - 40,036 Total Noncurrent Assets 40,036 - 40,036 Total Assets 1,397,158 11,506 1,408,664 Deferred Outflows of Resources CERS Pension 152,207 56,432 208,639 CERS OPEB 161,231 23,162 184,393 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 313,438 79,594 393,032 Liabilities	Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	\$	73,232	\$	11,506	\$	73,232
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	Total Current Assets		1,357,122		11,506		1,368,628
Total Assets 1,397,158 11,506 1,408,664 Deferred Outflows of Resources CERS Pension 152,207 56,432 208,639 CERS OPEB 161,231 23,162 184,393 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 313,438 79,594 393,032 Liabilities Liabilities Accounts payable 14,126 - 14,126 Total Current Liabilities 14,126 - 14,126 Noncurrent Liabilities 14,126 - 14,126 Noncurrent Liabilities 255,090 1,212,014 Net OPEB liability - CERS 956,924 255,090 1,212,014 Net OPEB liability - CERS 287,268 60,999 348,267 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,258,318 316,089 1,574,407 Deferred Inflows of Resources 214,695 14,016 228,711 CERS Pension 214,695 14,016 228,711 CERS OPEB 164,183 23,425 187,608 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 378,878 37,441 <t< td=""><td>Depreciable capital assets, net of</td><td></td><td>40,036</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>40,036</td></t<>	Depreciable capital assets, net of		40,036				40,036
Deferred Outflows of Resources 152,207 56,432 208,639 CERS Pension 161,231 23,162 184,393 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 313,438 79,594 393,032 Liabilities Use of the color of the	Total Noncurrent Assets		40,036		-		40,036
CERS Pension CERS OPEB 152,207 161,231 56,432 23,162 208,639 184,393 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 313,438 79,594 393,032 Liabilities Liabilities Accounts payable 14,126 - 14,126 Total Current Liabilities 14,126 - 14,126 Noncurrent Liabilities 956,924 255,090 1,212,014 Net OPEB liability - CERS 956,924 255,090 1,212,014 Net OPEB liabilities 1,244,192 316,089 1,560,281 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,258,318 316,089 1,574,407 Deferred Inflows of Resources 214,695 14,016 228,711 CERS Pension 214,695 14,016 228,711 CERS OPEB 164,183 23,425 187,608 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 378,878 37,441 416,319 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 40,036 40,036 Unrestricted 33,364 (262,430) (229,066)	Total Assets		1,397,158		11,506		1,408,664
Current Liabilities 14,126 14,126 Accounts payable 14,126 - 14,126 Total Current Liabilities 14,126 - 14,126 Noncurrent Liabilities 8956,924 255,090 1,212,014 Net OPEB liability - CERS 287,268 60,999 348,267 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,244,192 316,089 1,560,281 Total Liabilities 1,258,318 316,089 1,574,407 Deferred Inflows of Resources 214,695 14,016 228,711 CERS OPEB 164,183 23,425 187,608 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 378,878 37,441 416,319 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 40,036 40,036 Unrestricted 33,364 (262,430) (229,066)	CERS Pension CERS OPEB Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		161,231		23,162		184,393
Accounts payable 14,126 14,126 Total Current Liabilities 14,126 - 14,126 Noncurrent Liabilities 956,924 255,090 1,212,014 Net OPEB liability - CERS 287,268 60,999 348,267 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,244,192 316,089 1,560,281 Total Liabilities 1,258,318 316,089 1,574,407 Deferred Inflows of Resources 214,695 14,016 228,711 CERS OPEB 164,183 23,425 187,608 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 378,878 37,441 416,319 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 40,036 40,036 Unrestricted 33,364 (262,430) (229,066)	Liabilities						
Noncurrent Liabilities 956,924 255,090 1,212,014 Net OPEB liability - CERS 287,268 60,999 348,267 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,244,192 316,089 1,560,281 Total Liabilities 1,258,318 316,089 1,574,407 Deferred Inflows of Resources 214,695 14,016 228,711 CERS OPEB 164,183 23,425 187,608 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 378,878 37,441 416,319 Net Position 40,036 40,036 Unrestricted 33,364 (262,430) (229,066)			14,126				14,126
Net pension liability - CERS 956,924 255,090 1,212,014 Net OPEB liability - CERS 287,268 60,999 348,267 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,244,192 316,089 1,560,281 Total Liabilities 1,258,318 316,089 1,574,407 Deferred Inflows of Resources 214,695 14,016 228,711 CERS OPEB 164,183 23,425 187,608 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 378,878 37,441 416,319 Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted 40,036 33,364 40,036 (229,066)	Total Current Liabilities		14,126				14,126
Deferred Inflows of Resources CERS Pension 214,695 14,016 228,711 CERS OPEB 164,183 23,425 187,608 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 378,878 37,441 416,319 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 40,036 40,036 Unrestricted 33,364 (262,430) (229,066)	Net pension liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - CERS		287,268		60,999		348,267
Deferred Inflows of Resources CERS Pension 214,695 14,016 228,711 CERS OPEB 164,183 23,425 187,608 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 378,878 37,441 416,319 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 40,036 40,036 Unrestricted 33,364 (262,430) (229,066)	Total Liabilities				316.089		1.574.407
Net Position 40,036 40,036 Unrestricted 33,364 (262,430) (229,066)	Deferred Inflows of Resources CERS Pension		214,695		14,016		228,711
Net investment in capital assets 40,036 40,036 Unrestricted 33,364 (262,430) (229,066)	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		378,878		37,441		416,319
Total Net Position \$ 73,400 \$ (262,430) \$ (189,030)	Net investment in capital assets				(262,430)		
	Total Net Position	\$	73,400	\$	(262,430)	\$	(189,030)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Occuption Becomes		Food Service Fund	[Daycare Fund		Total
Operating Revenues: Lunchroom sales	\$	71,064	\$		\$	71,064
Other operating revenues	Ψ	71,004 6	Ψ	-	Ψ	71,004 6
Total Operating Revenues		71,070		-		71,070
Operating Expenses:						
Salaries and wages		548,469				548,469
Materials and supplies		931,998				931,998
Depreciation		26,272				26,272
Other operating expenses		51,702				51,702
Total Operating Expenses		1,558,441		<u>-</u>		1,558,441
Operating loss		(1,487,371)		-		(1,487,371)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):						
Federal grants		2,013,559				2,013,559
Donated commodities		125,043				125,043
State on-behalf payments		74,225				74,225
State grants		13,096				13,096
Interest income		10,332				10,332
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) before Transfers		2,236,255		-		2,236,255
Transfers out		(102,747)				(102,747)
Change in net position		646,137				646,137
Net Position, July 1, 2021		(572,737)		(262,430)		(835,167)
Net Position June 30, 2022	\$	73,400	\$	(262,430)	\$	(189,030)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Total Endod odino oo, Eolle	Food Service Fund		Daycare Fund		Total	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from: Lunchroom sales Other activities Cash paid to/for:	\$	71,064 6	\$	-	\$	71,064 6
Employees Supplies Other activities		(583,300) (823,231) (51,702)				(583,300) (823,231) (51,702)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		(1,387,163)		-		(1,387,163)
Cash flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Federal grants State grants Transfers out		2,030,578 13,096 (102,747)				2,030,578 13,096 (102,747)
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities		1,940,927		-		1,940,927
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Receipt of interest income		10,332				10,332
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		10,332		-		10,332
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		564,096		-		564,096
Balances, beginning of year		671,545		11,506		683,051
Balances, end of year	\$	1,235,641	\$	11,506	\$	1,247,147
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities: Operating loss	\$	(1,487,371)	\$	-	\$	(1,487,371)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities: Depreciation State on-behalf payments Donated commodities GASB 68 pension expense GASB 75 OPEB expense		26,272 74,225 125,043 (88,313) (20,743)				26,272 74,225 125,043 (88,313) (20,743)
Change in assets and liabilities: Inventory Accounts payable		(8,351) (7,925)	<u> </u>	_	•	(8,351) (7,925)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(1,387,163)	\$		<u> </u>	(1,387,163)
Schedule of non-cash transactions: Donated commodities received from federal government	\$	125,043	\$		\$	125,043
State on-behalf payments	\$	74,225	\$		\$	74,225
CERS pension	\$	(88,313)	\$	-	\$	(88,313)
CERS OPEB	\$	(20,743)	\$		\$	(20,743)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	Private Purpose Trust Funds			
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	227,197 7,528		
Total Assets	\$	234,725		
Net Position	\$	234,725		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	F	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions Contributions Net interest and investment gains	\$	25,643 817
-		26,460
Deductions Scholarships paid		(18,750)
Change in net position		7,710
Net Position, July 1, 2021		227,015
Net Position, June 30, 2022	\$	234,725



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Elizabethtown Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared to conform with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Elizabethtown Independent Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Elizabethtown Independent School District. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies, which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

For financial reporting purposes, the accompanying financial statements include all of the operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity, as well as legally separate organizations that meet certain criteria. In accordance with GASB 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units", the criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity involve those cases where the District or its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on the District or the nature and significance of the relationship between the District and the organization is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be incomplete. Applying this definition, District management has determined that the component unit reportable within the accompanying financial statements is the Elizabethtown Independent School District Finance Corporation, (the "Corporation"). The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

Blended Component Unit - Elizabethtown Independent School District Finance Corporation – In a prior year, the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Elizabethtown Independent School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors. Therefore, the financial activities of the Corporation have been blended (reported as if it were part of the District) with those of the District. The Corporation does not publish individual component unit financial statements.

B. <u>MEASUREMENT FOCUS</u>, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for Fiduciary Funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the District at year-end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The Governmental Funds are accounted for on the "flow of current financial resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus is based on the concept of accountability, which includes measuring interperiod equity whether current year revenues were sufficient to pay for current year services. The Proprietary Funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. Accordingly, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position for the Proprietary Funds reports increases and decreases in total economic net worth. The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most District functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in the Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial resources rather than upon determination of net income.

(A) The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- (B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund.
- (C) The District Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and is used to account for funds received at the school level.
- (D) The School Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds.
- (E) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).
 - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
 - 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a major fund.
 - 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.
- (F) The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest and related costs; and for the payment of interest on notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities, which are operated and financed in a manner similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon the determination of net income. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include salaries, benefits, supplies and other items. All items not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The District has two Proprietary Funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- (A) The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs, which are conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA and for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky. This is a major fund.
- (B) The Daycare Fund accounts for the daycare operations of the District. Amounts have been recorded for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District on behalf of outside related organizations or on behalf of other funds within the District.

The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. Revenues consist of donations and interest income. Expenditures represent scholarships.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Modified Accrual

Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both available and measurable. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include ad valorem taxes, reimbursable-type grants and interest on investments. The District considers all revenues (with the exception of the expenditure-driven grants) as available if they are collected within sixty (60) days after year-end. The expenditure driven grants are considered available if received within one year from the balance sheet date. Property tax revenue is recognized when taxes are received, except at year end when revenue is recognized for taxes received by the District within sixty (60) days subsequent to fiscal year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred. However, exceptions include the amount of unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, claims and judgments and certain prepaids which are recognized when due/paid.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to revenues from Federal and State sources, the legal contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before the District will receive any amounts; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the occurrence of expenditures. In the other type, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed legal and contractual requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. In all cases, monies received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met are reported as unearned revenue.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Accrual

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

Revenue Recognition

State Revenue Sources - Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily from the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK"), administered by the Kentucky Department of Education ("KDE"). The District files reports on average daily attendance ("ADA") student membership with the KDE. The KDE accumulates information from these reports and calculates the allocation of SEEK funds to the District. After review and verification of ADA reports and supporting documentation, the KDE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of SEEK funding. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the reduction is made, as amounts are not significant.

Property Taxes - On an accrual basis, property tax revenue anticipated to be collected is recognized in the fiscal year for which it is levied. Delinquent taxes collected in subsequent periods are recognized as revenue during the fiscal year in which they are received.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. BUDGETARY POLICIES

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

D. **ENCUMBRANCES**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to reserve a portion of an applicable appropriation, is utilized for budgetary control purposes. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures, and accordingly, amounts assigned for encumbrances at the governmental fund level indicate that portion of the fund balance segregated for expenditure upon vendor performance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are considered to be demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less.

F. INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market. The food service fund uses the specific identification method and the general fund uses the first-in, first-out method. The District's inventories include various items consisting of school supplies, paper, books, maintenance items, transportation items, commodities, etc. USDA commodities received from the Federal government are recorded at the value established by the Federal government using the average cost method.

G. PREPAID ITEMS

Expenditures for insurance and similar services extending over more than one accounting period are allocated between or among accounting periods in the governmental funds.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds. All capital assets greater than \$5,000 are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets' life are not. All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Land improvements Buildings and improvements Technology equipment Vehicles General equipment Food service equipment	20 years 25-50 years 5 years 5-10 years 5-15 years 5-12 years

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

I. LONG-TERM DEBT

In the fund-level financial statements, governmental funds report the face amount of debt issued, as well as any premiums (discounts) as other financing sources (uses). Debt issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures. In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums/discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds and shown as an offset of bonds payable while deferred amounts on advance refundings are amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded bonds or the life of the new bonds both in a systematic and rational method, which approximates the effective-interest method and shown as deferred outflows of resources.

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences are payments to employees for vacation and accumulated sick leave. District employees may accumulate unused sick leave up to a specified amount depending on their date of hire. Sick leave is payable to employees upon termination or retirement at 30% of the current rate of pay on the date of termination or retirement. The District uses the termination method to calculate the compensated absences amounts. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. An expenditure is recognized in the governmental fund as payments come due each period, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences not recorded at the fund level represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

K. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. PENSION AND OPEB PLANS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System Kentucky (TRS) and County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's and CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS and CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

M. NET POSITION

Net position is divided into three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets.
- Restricted net position consist of net position that is restricted by the District's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by grantors (federal, state and local) and by other contributors.
- 3. Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

N. IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

Recently Issued And Adopted Accounting Principles

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement 87, *Leases*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but was delayed by eighteen months with the issuance of GASB 95. This adoption did not have an effect on the financial statements.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This adoption did not have an effect on the financial statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In October 2021, the GASB issued Statement 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In October 2021, the GASB issued Statement 99, *Omnibus 2022*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the Board's financial statements.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement 101, *Compensated Absences*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the Board's financial statements.

NOTE 2 - PROPERTY TAXES

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> – Property taxes are normally levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund. The usual collection date is the period from November 1 through December 31. Property tax bills paid prior to December 1 receive a two percent discount. Property taxes received after December 31, are considered to be delinquent and the County Attorney can file a lien against the property.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2022, to finance operations were \$.883 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.883 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.538 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities. At June 30, 2022, \$13,233,091 of the District's bank balance of \$13,733,091 was exposed to custodial credit risk. The bank balance not covered by depository insurance was collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution.

Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Fair Value	Average Credit Quality/Ratings (1)	Less Than 1
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 15,182	Not Rated	\$ 15,182
U.S. Treasury Bills	4,597,514	AAA	4,597,514
Total Investments	\$4,612,696		\$4,612,696

(1) Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated *Credit Risk*. Not rates indicates the investment is not rated. Ratings are from Moody's Investors Service.

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Generally, the District's investing activities are under the custody of the District Finance Director. Investing policies comply with State Statutes. Kentucky Revised Statute 66.480 defines the following items as permissible investments:

- Obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government;
- Obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or a United States government agency;
- Uncollateralized certificates of deposit issued by any bank or savings and loan institution rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan
 institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or similar entity or which
 are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligations, including surety bonds, permitted by
 KRS 41.240(4)
- Bankers' acceptances for banks rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Commercial paper rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state and of its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality of agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency; and
- Shares of mutual funds, each of which shall have the following characteristics: 1. The mutual fund shall be an open-end diversified investment company registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended; 2. The management company of the investment company shall have been in operation for at least five (5) years; and 3. All of the securities in the mutual fund shall be eligible investments pursuant to this section.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's securities are held in the District's name. No investments are reported at amortized cost. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments are level 1 inputs.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

The following transfers were made during the year:

Fund Financial Statements

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount				
General	Special Revenue	Grants	\$ 45,418				
General	Debt Service	Debt Service	491,803				
Special Revenue	General	Indirect Costs	33,027				
FSPK	Debt Service	Debt Service	1,423,901				
Nonmajor Governmental	Nonmajor Governmental	Operations	29,912				
Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	102,747				
Government Wide Financial Statements							
From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount				
Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	\$ 102,747				

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	J	uly 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Ju	ine 30, 2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$	267,795	\$ -	\$ -	\$	267,795
Construction in progress		-	547,282			547,282
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		590,482	547,282	-		815,077
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:						
Land improvements		568,233				568,233
Buildings and improvements		55,667,998				55,667,998
Technology equipment		1,875,827				1,875,827
Vehicles		1,521,981	298,572	(107,079)		1,713,474
General equipment		1,289,293		(21,676)		1,267,617
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
at Historical Cost		58,333,698	298,572	(128,755)		61,093,149
Accumulated depreciation:						
Land improvements		543,013	10,105			553,118
Buildings and improvements		25,010,316	1,560,372			26,570,688
Technology equipment		1,880,001	3,535			1,883,536
Vehicles		1,170,307	47,352	(107,079)		1,110,580
General equipment		976,220	39,256			1,015,476
Total accumulated depreciation		26,057,201	1,660,620	(107,079)		31,133,398
Total Other Capital Assets, net		32,276,497	(1,362,048)	(21,676)		29,959,751
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets - Net	\$	32,866,979	\$ (814,766)	\$ (21,676)	\$	30,774,828

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Function		Amount
Instruction	\$	1,489,496
Plant		171,124
	\$	1,660,620
	_	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Business-Type Activities	Ju	ly 1, 2021	Additions	[Deductions	Ju	ne 30, 2022
Buildings and improvements Food service equipment	\$	339,450 998,266	\$ -	\$	-	\$	339,450 998,266
Totals at historical cost		1,337,716	-		-		1,337,716
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements		339,450					339,450
Food service equipment		931,958	26,272				958,230
Total accumulated depreciation		1,271,408	26,272		-		1,297,680
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets - Net	\$	66,308	\$ (26,272)	\$	-	\$	40,036

NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions and general liability coverage, the District purchases commercial insurance. The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Description	July 1, 2021	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2022	Due Within 1 Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds Payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 21,330,000	\$ 979,000	\$(1,110,000)	\$ 21,199,000	\$ 1,316,000
Add Premium Less Discount	- (112,095)	47,495	(2,375) 18,561	45,120 (93,534)	- -
Total Bonds Payable	21,217,905	1,026,495	(1,093,814)	21,150,586	1,316,000
Other Liabilities: Compensated absences	1,515,845	371,820	(263,723)	1,623,942	527,401
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 24.790.668	\$1,398,315	\$(1,357,537)	\$ 22.774.528	\$ 1,843,401

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

The debt service fund is primarily responsible for paying the bond obligations through funding from the general, SEEK capital outlay and FSPK funds. The general fund is primarily responsible for paying compensated absences.

Bond Liabilities

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Original Proceeds		Rates
2010 QSCB	\$	6,425,000	5.45%
2010 QZAB		2,470,000	5.63%
2011R		4,625,000	1.50% - 2.60%
2013		3,345,000	1.00% - 2.125%
2015R		4,825,000	1.00% - 3.00%
2015A		5,165,000	2.00% - 3.125%
2015B		535,000	1.4% - 3.2%
2022		979,000	1.00% - 2.75%

In January 2022, the District issued \$979,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds at an average interest rate of 1.69 percent. The net proceeds of \$998,155 (after \$28,340 in bond issuance costs and \$47,495 in bond premium) were deposited in the Construction Fund.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Elizabethtown Independent School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding. The District has "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements. The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2022, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	S	SFCC Portion	U	J.S. Govt Portion	Di	strict's Portion
2023	\$ 1,316,000	\$ 803,883	\$	105,340	\$	482,109	\$	1,532,434
2024	932,000	774,079		96,689		482,109		1,127,281
2025	742,000	757,096		62,220		482,109		954,767
2026	728,000	740,188		62,800		482,109		923,279
2027	1,188,000	718,239		62,370		482,109		1,361,760
2028-2032	14,576,000	1,350,205		1,316,585		723,164		13,886,456
2033-2037	428,000	116,497		312,700				231,797
2038-2042	289,000	24,255		313,255				-
	\$ 20,199,000	\$ 5,284,442	\$	2,331,959	\$	3,133,709	\$	20,017,774

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS

Plan Descriptions

The Elizabethtown Independent School District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes certified employees and the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes all other employees, both of which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. TRS, which qualifies as a special funding situation under GASB 68, and CERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. TRS is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Under the provisions of KRS Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KERS) administers the CERS. The TRS and CERS issue a publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. TRS' report may be obtained at www.trs.ky.gov. CERS' report may be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

TRS

Benefits Provided

For Members Before July 1, 2008:

Members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete twenty-seven (27) years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

The final average salary is the member's five (5) highest annual salaries except members at least age fifty-five (55) with twenty-seven (27) or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service. The System also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of sixty percent (60%) of the final average salary. Cost of living increases are one and one-half percent (1.5%) annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

For Members On or After July 1, 2008:

Members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age sixty (60) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete twenty-seven (27) years of Kentucky service, or
- 3.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete ten (10) years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to: (a) one and seven tenths percent (1.7%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) two percent (2.0%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) two and three tenths percent (2.3%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) two and one half percent (2.5%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) three percent (3.0%) of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The annual retirement allowance for university members is equal to: (a) one and one-half percent (1.5%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) one and seven tenths percent (1.7%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) one and eighty five hundredths percent (1.85%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but less than 27 years; (d) two percent (2.0%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than or equal to 27 years.

The final average salary is the member's five (5) highest annual salaries except members at least age fifty-five (55) with twenty-seven (27) or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes. The State contributes 100 percent of school districts' contractually required contributions, which are actuarially determined. Employees are required to contribute 12.855 percent of their annual salary. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022, was 13.105 percent of salaries for members in the plan before July 1, 2008 and 14.105 percent of salaries for members who started their account after June 30, 2008. The District made no contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2022. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2022, the District reported no net pension liability because it did not have a proportionate share of the net pension liability. There was no amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The related State share of the net pension liability was \$46,018,028.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was .3536 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of negative \$7,168,851 and revenue of negative \$7,168,851 (\$3,673,311 in the governmental funds and negative \$10,842,162 in government-wide activities) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and no deferred inflows of resources related to TRS.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.50 – 7.30 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.10 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate 2.13%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

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1.2%
1.7%
5.3%
5.4%
).1%
1.7%
2.2%
1.0%
5.9%
0.3%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. It was assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The District has no proportional share of the net pension liability. The following presents the sensitivity of the System's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.10%)		Current Discount R	1% Increase (8.10%)		
System's net pension liability						
(in thousands)	\$	18,389,990	\$	13,605,788	\$	9,631,759

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, which has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan, is available in the separately issued TRS financial report. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer matching contributions are recognized in the fiscal year due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

CERS

Benefits Provided

The system provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to system members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of members under certain circumstances. Prior to July 1, 2009, cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) were provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5% in any plan year. Effective July 1, 2009, and on July 1 of each year thereafter through June 30, 2014, the COLA is limited to 1.5% provided the recipient has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA. If the recipient has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA, the increase shall be reduced on a pro-rata basis for each month the recipient has not been receiving benefits in the 12 months preceding the effective date of the COLA. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce the COLA if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. No COLA has been granted since July 1, 2011.

The Board of Trustees adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The Total Pension liability as of June 30, 2021, was determined using these updated assumptions.

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020. There were no other material plan provision changes.

Contributions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022, was 21.17 percent of annual creditable compensation. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$627,368.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$7,182,130 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was .112647 percent, which was a decrease of .006434 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$563,020. At June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected		
and actual economic experience	\$ 82,473	\$ \$ 69,707
Changes in actuarial assumptions	96,393	
Difference between projected		
and actual investment earnings		957,257
Changes in proportion and differences		
between employer contributions		
and proportionate share of contributions	57,524	305,797
Contributions paid to CERS subsequent		
to the measurement date	627,368	<u> </u>
	\$ 863,758	\$ 1,332,761

The amount reported as deferred outflows for District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$627,368 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Pensio	n Expense Amount
2023	\$	(211,004)
2024		(360,598)
2025		(225,007)
2026		(299,762)
	\$	(1,096,371)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.30 percent

Salary increases 3.30 percent to 10.30%, varies by service, including inflation Investment rate of return 6.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The mortality table used for active members is a Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from, the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was Pub-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018 and adopted by the Board on April 18, 2019.

The long-term expected return on plan assets was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

		Long-term
Asset	Target	Expected Real
Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Equity	21.75%	5.70%
Non-US Equity	21.75%	6.35%
Private Equity	10.00%	9.70%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.80%
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.00%
Cash	1.50%	-0.60%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.40%
Real Return	10.00%	4.55%
Total	100.00%	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% for CERS Non-hazardous and CERS Hazardous assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018). The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25 percent) than the current rate:

Description	1%	Decrease (5.25%)	Current Discount	Rate (6.25%)	1% Increase	(7.25%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	9.211.422	\$	7.182.130	\$ 5	502.938

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, which has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan, is available in the separately issued CERS financial report. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer matching contributions are recognized in the fiscal year due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Descriptions

The Elizabethtown Independent School District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes certified employees and the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes all other employees, both of which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. TRS, which qualifies as a special funding situation for the Life Insurance Fund under GASB 75, and CERS provide other post-employment benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. TRS is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Under the provisions of KRS Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KERS) administers the CERS. The TRS and CERS issue a publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. TRS' report may be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

TRS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) — a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.trs.ky.gov.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Fund

<u>Plan description</u> – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

<u>Contributions</u> – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2021 the District reported a liability of \$4,059,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was .342764 percent, which was a decrease of .00057 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	Ψ	4,059,000
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		
associated with the District		3,296,000
Total	\$	7,355,000

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of negative \$175,000 and revenue of \$272,665 for support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resource	es Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 1,061,0	00 \$ -
Differences between expected		
and actual economic experience		2,414,000
Difference between projected and		
actual investment earnings		433,000
Changes in proportion and differences		
between employer contributions		
and proportionate share of contributions	125,0	00 106,000
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent		
to the measurement date	331,1	27
	\$ 1,517,1	27 \$ 2,953,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$331,127 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	OPE	B Expense Amount
2023	\$	(430,000)
2024		(432,000)
2025		(413,000)
2026		(388,000)
2027		(101,000)
Therefter		(3,000)
	\$	(1,767,000)

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

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Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2020 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

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The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
01.1.1.	 -0.	- 404
Global Equity	58.0%	5.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	-0.1%
Real Estate	6.5%	4.0%
Private Equity	8.5%	6.9%
High Yield	8.0%	1.7%
Other	9.0%	2.2%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.0%	-0.3%
	100.0%	

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

Description	1%	Decrease	Current Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net						
OPEB liability	\$	5,196,000	\$	4,059,000	\$	3,118,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

Description	19	% Decrease	Curr	ent Discount Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the					
net OPEB liability	\$	2,949,000	\$	4,059,000	\$ 5,440,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Fund

<u>Plan description – Life Insurance Fund – TRS</u> administers the life insurance fund as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

<u>Contributions</u> – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the Commonwealth.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability was \$0 and the Commonwealth's total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District was \$44,000.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$6,715 and revenue of \$6,715 for support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2022, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Projected salary increases 3.00 – 7.50%, including inflation

Inflation rate 2.50%
Real Wage Growth 0.25%
Wage Inflation 2.75%
Municipal Bond Index Rate Discount Rate 7.10%

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2020 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.4%
International Equity	23.0%	5.6%
Fixed Income	18.0%	-0.1%
Real Estate	6.0%	4.0%
Private Equity	5.0%	6.9%
Other	6.0%	2.1%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.0%	-0.3%
	100%	

Sensitivity Of The Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The District has no proportional share of the net OPEB liability. The following presents the sensitivity of the System's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

Description	1% Decrease	e (6.10%)	Current Discount Rate	(7.10%)	1% Increase (8	.10%)
System's net OPEB liability						
(in thousands)	\$	30,217	\$	13,078	\$	(800)

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

CERS

<u>Plan description</u> – The Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund) was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. KRS submits the premium payments to DEI. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020. There were no other material plan provision changes.

Benefits provided – For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly premium for single coverage based upon the service credit accrued at retirement. Members participating on or after July 1, 2003, and before September 1, 2008, are required to earn at least 10 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. Members participating on or after September 1, 2008 are required to earn at least 15 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. The monthly health insurance contribution will be \$10 for each year of earned service increased by the CPI prior to July 1, 2009, and by 1.5% annually from July 1, 2009.

Contributions – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, were required to contribute 0% of their annual creditable compensation. Those members who began participating on, or after, September 1, 2008 and before January 1, 2014 were required to contribute 1% of their annual creditable compensation. Those members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014 were required to contribute 1% of their annual creditable compensation but their contribution is not credited to their account and is not refundable. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022, was 5.78 percent of annual creditable compensation. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$171,289.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$2,156,073 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.112621 percent, which was a decrease of .006428 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$247,773. At June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outf	lows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and					
actual economic experience	\$	339,043	\$	643,732	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		571,618		2,005	
Difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings				337,288	
Changes in proportion and differences					
between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions		19,528		140,610	
Contributions paid to CERS subsequent					
to the measurement date		171,289			
	\$	1,101,478	\$	1,123,635	

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$171,289 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	OPEB E	OPEB Expense Amount			
2023	\$	23,267			
2024		(27,926)			
2025		(34,579)			
2026		(154,208)			
	\$	(193,446)			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Projected salary increases 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Inflation rate 2.30% Real Wage Growth 2.00%

Healthcare Trend Rate:

Pre-65 Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over

a period of 13 years.

Post-65 Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, then gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13

years.

Municipal Bond Index Rate 1.92% Discount Rate 5.20%

The mortality table used for active members is a Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from, the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018 and adopted by the Board on April 18, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	21.75%	5.70%
Non-US Equity	21.75%	6.35%
Private Equity	10.00%	9.70%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.80%
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.00%
Cash	1.50%	-0.60%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.40%
Real Return	10.00%	4.55%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 5.20% assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 28 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 1.92%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 –Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2021. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the ACFR.

Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.20%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.20%) than the current rate:

Description	1%	Decrease (4.34%)	Curre	ent Discount	Rate (5.34)	1% Incre	ease (6.34%)
District's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,960,272	\$		2,156,073	\$	1,496,094

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

Description	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1.552.116	\$ 2 156 073	\$ 2,885,058

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457, 401(k) and 403(b). The Plans, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not show these assets and liabilities on these financial statements.

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES

Nonspendable fund balances are those that cannot be spent on future obligations. At June 30, 2022, there were no nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted fund balances arise when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$100,000 restricted for sick leave in the General Fund, \$158,714 restricted for grants in the Special Revenue Fund, \$387,958 restricted for school activities in the School Activity Fund, \$1,176,121 restricted for capital projects in the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, \$2,708,758 restricted for capital projects in the FSPK Fund, \$554,768 restricted for capital projects in the Construction Fund, and \$5,112,875 restricted for debt service in the Debt Service Fund.

Committed fund balances are those amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which, for the District is the Board of Education. The Board of Education must approve by majority vote the establishment (and modification or rescinding) of a fund balance commitment. The District had \$450,000 committed for future construction in the General Fund and \$99,136 committed for school funds in the District Activity Fund at June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 10 – FUND BALANCES – CONTINUED

Assigned fund balances are those amounts that are constrained by the government's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education allows program supervisors to complete purchase orders which result in the encumbrance of funds. Assigned fund balance also includes (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. The District had \$4,897 assigned for purchase orders in the General Fund at June 30, 2022.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The District considers unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also, the District has established the order of assigned, committed and restricted when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the basic financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the School District at risk for a substantial loss.

The District has commitments for ongoing construction projects at June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES

The Daycare Fund had a deficit net position at June 30, 2022 in the amount of \$262,430. The deficit net position is a result of the recording of the net pension and net OPEB liabilities for CERS.

The following fund had operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance/net position:

Fund	Amount			
Special Revenue Fund	\$	16.029		

NOTE 13 – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The District receives on-behalf payments from the Commonwealth of Kentucky for items including pension, technology, health care costs, operating costs and debt service. The amounts received and funds where these items were recorded for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Description	Amount	
Health	\$ 2,532,971	
Life	3,878	Recorded as follows:
Admin	31,188	
HRA	152,162	General Fund \$6,484,092
TRS Pension	3,673,311	Food Service Fund 74,225
TRS OPEB	279,380	Daycare Fund -
Technology	95,461	Debt Service Fund105,811_
Debt Service	105,811	
Less: Federal Reimbursement	(210,034)	\$6,664,128
Total on-behalf	\$ 6,664,128	



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Revenues From local sources Froperty \$5.462.436 \$5.532.436 \$5.758.966 Motor vehicle 346.000 346.000 426.319 Motor vehicle 750.000 784.000 789.784 Motor vehicle 750.000 789.000 133.437 Tullion and fees 190.000 225.000 313.266 Earnings on investments 80.000 60.000 68.983 Motor local revenues 35.000 43.000 155.94.251 Intergovernmental - State 9.568.000 9.562.000 15.594.251 Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal 33.000 33.000 41.683 Intergovernmental - Direct Federal 10.000 10	,	Original	Final	Actual
Taxes: Property	Revenues:			
Property	From local sources:			
Motor vehicle 346,000 346,000 346,000 78,784 Revenue in lieu of taxes 108,200 108,200 113,437 Tuition and fees 190,000 225,000 313,256 Earnings on investments 60,000 60,000 68,983 Other local revenues 35,000 43,000 135,120 Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal 33,000 33,000 16,582,251 Intergovernmental - Direct Federal 10,000 10,000 10,003 Total Revenues 10,651,865 10,703,636 24,252,031 Expenditures: Instruction 10,651,865 10,169,569 14,806,720 Support services: Student 856,834 856,050 1,126,403 Instruction staff 688,185 622,204 931,071 District administrative 688,185 622,204 931,071 District administrative 1,143,991 1,144,547 1,643,022 Business 648,992 648,992 745,820 Plant operation and maintenance 2,221,614 2	Taxes:			
Utilities	Property	\$ 5,462,436	\$ 5,532,436	\$ 5,758,966
Revenue in lieu of taxes	Motor vehicle	346,000	346,000	426,319
Tuition and fees	Utilities	750,000	784,000	789,784
Tuition and fees	Revenue in lieu of taxes	108,200	108,200	113,437
Earnings on investments 60,000 60,000 68,983 Other local revenues 35,000 43,000 135,120 Intergovernmental - State 9,568,000 9,562,000 16,594,251 Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal 33,000 33,000 41,683 Intergovernmental - Direct Federal 10,000 10,000 10,232 Total Revenues 16,562,636 16,703,636 24,252,031 Expenditures: 11,1000 10,000 10,000 Instruction 10,651,865 10,169,569 14,806,720 Support services: 856,834 856,050 1,126,403 Instruction staff 688,185 622,204 931,071 District administrative 627,201 657,683 662,204 931,071 District administrative 627,201 657,683 662,204 931,071 Business 648,992 648,992 745,820 Plant operation and maintenance 2,221,614 2,221,614 2,310,414 Student transportation 74,755 798,573 9	Tuition and fees			
Character Contemporar Co	Earnings on investments	,	60,000	•
Intergovernmental - State 9,568,000 9,562,000 16,594,251 Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal 33,000 33,000 41,683 Intergovernmental - Direct Federal 10,000 10,000 10,232 Intergovernmental - Direct Federal 10,000 10,000 10,232 Intergovernmental - Direct Federal 16,562,636 16,703,636 24,252,031 Instruction 10,651,865 10,169,569 14,806,720 Instruction 10,651,865 10,169,569 14,806,720 Instruction 856,834 856,050 1,126,403 Instruction staff 688,185 622,204 931,071 Instruction staff 14,4991 1,144,547 1,643,022 Instruction and maintenance 2,221,814 2,221,614 2,310,147 Instruction 3,387,558 3,973,398 Instruction		•	,	
National		•	,	
Net proper Net				
Expenditures: Instruction 10,651,865 10,169,569 14,806,720 Support services: 356,834 856,050 1,126,403 Instruction staff 688,185 622,204 931,071 District administrative 627,201 627,201 575,683 School administrative 1,143,991 1,144,547 1,643,022 Business 648,992 648,992 745,820 Plant operation and maintenance 2,221,614 2,221,614 2,310,147 Student transportation 741,756 798,573 928,195 Community service activities 3,387,558 3,973,398 Other non-instruction 3,387,558 3,973,398 Total Expenditures 20,967,996 21,062,148 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 7 1,506 1,506 1,679 1,306 1,679 1,306 1,679 1,774 1,77 1,774 1,77 1,774 1,774 1,774 <				
Expenditures:	morgovorimoniai Birost i odorai	10,000	10,000	10,202
Instruction 10,651,865 10,169,569 14,806,720 Support services: Student 866,834 856,050 1,126,403 Instruction staff 688,185 622,204 931,071 District administrative 627,201 627,201 575,683 School administrative 1,143,991 1,144,547 1,643,022 Business 648,992 648,992 745,820 Plant operation and maintenance 2,221,614 2,221,614 2,310,147 Student transportation 741,756 798,573 928,195 Community service activities 20,967,996 21,062,148 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 1,306 Insurance proceeds 1,679 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) 4,603,000 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458	Total Revenues	16,562,636	16,703,636	24,252,031
Support services: Student 856,834 856,050 1,126,403 Instruction staff 688,185 622,204 931,071 District administrative 627,201 627,201 575,683 School administrative 1,143,991 1,144,547 1,643,022 Business 648,992 648,992 745,820 Plant operation and maintenance 2,221,614 2,221,614 2,310,147 Student transportation 741,756 798,573 928,195 Community service activities 3,387,558 3,973,398 Other non-instruction 3,387,558 3,973,398 Total Expenditures 20,967,996 21,062,148 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 5 1,06 1,679 Proceeds from sale of capital assets Insurance proceeds 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221)	Expenditures:			
Student 856,834 856,050 1,126,403 Instruction staff 688,185 622,204 931,071 District administrative 627,201 627,201 575,683 School administrative 1,143,991 1,144,547 1,643,022 Business 648,992 648,992 745,820 Plant operation and maintenance 2,221,614 2,221,614 2,310,147 Student transportation 741,756 798,573 928,195 Community service activities 3,387,558 3,973,398 3,967,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over 20,967,996 21,062,148 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 1,679 1,679 Insurance proceeds 1,679 135,774 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (4,60	Instruction	10,651,865	10,169,569	14,806,720
Student 856,834 856,050 1,126,403 Instruction staff 688,185 622,204 931,071 District administrative 627,201 627,201 575,683 School administrative 1,143,991 1,144,547 1,643,022 Business 648,992 648,992 745,820 Plant operation and maintenance 2,221,614 2,221,614 2,310,147 Student transportation 741,756 798,573 928,195 Community service activities 3,387,558 3,973,398 3,967,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over 20,967,996 21,062,148 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 1,679 1,679 Insurance proceeds 1,679 135,774 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (4,60	Support services:			
Instruction staff 688,185 622,204 931,071 District administrative 627,201 627,201 575,683 School administrative 1,143,991 1,144,547 1,643,022 Business 648,992 648,992 745,820 Plant operation and maintenance 2,221,614 2,221,614 2,310,147 Student transportation 741,756 798,573 928,195 Community service activities 3,387,558 3,973,398 98,195 Other non-instruction 3,387,558 3,973,398 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over 4,405,360 4,358,512 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 1,306 1,579 1,679 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 1,679 1,679 1,679 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (4,603,000) 786,508 Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) 4,603,000 <	··	856.834	856.050	1.126.403
District administrative 627,201 627,201 575,683 School administrative 1,143,991 1,144,547 1,643,022 Business 648,992 648,992 745,820 Plant operation and maintenance 2,221,614 2,221,614 2,310,147 Student transportation 741,756 798,573 928,195 Community service activities 741,756 798,573 928,195 Community service activities 3,387,558 3,973,398 3,973,398 Total Expenditures 20,967,996 21,062,148 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 1,679 1,679 1,679 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848)<	Instruction staff	688.185	622,204	
School administrative 1,143,991 1,144,547 1,643,022 Business 648,992 648,992 745,820 Plant operation and maintenance 2,221,614 2,221,614 2,310,147 Student transportation 741,756 798,573 928,195 Community service activities 3,387,558 3,973,398 Total Expenditures 20,967,996 21,062,148 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 1,306 1,679 1,679 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 17ansfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458				•
Business 648,992 648,992 745,820 Plant operation and maintenance 2,221,614 2,221,614 2,310,147 Student transportation 741,756 798,573 928,195 Community service activities 3,387,558 3,973,398 Other non-instruction 3,387,558 3,973,398 Total Expenditures 20,967,996 21,062,148 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Insurance proceeds 1,306 1,679 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458	School administrative		,	,
Plant operation and maintenance Student transportation 2,221,614 74,756 798,573 928,195 2,310,147 798,573 928,195 Community service activities Other non-instruction 3,387,558 3,973,398 3,973,398 Total Expenditures 20,967,996 21,062,148 23,067,061 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 1,306 Insurance proceeds 1,679 1,679 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 5,131,458 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458				
Student transportation Community service activities Other non-instruction 741,756 798,573 928,195 Other non-instruction 3,387,558 3,973,398 Total Expenditures 20,967,996 21,062,148 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Insurance proceeds 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458				
Community service activities Other non-instruction 3,387,558 3,973,398 Total Expenditures 20,967,996 21,062,148 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 1,306 1,679 Proceeds Insurance proceeds 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458	·			, ,
Other non-instruction 3,387,558 3,973,398 Total Expenditures 20,967,996 21,062,148 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Insurance proceeds 1,306 Insurance proceeds 1,679 135,774 Transfers in Transfers out 69,000 (319,488) 75,000 (319,488) 135,774 (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458		741,700	750,575	320, 133
Total Expenditures 20,967,996 21,062,148 23,067,061 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Insurance proceeds 1,306 1,306 1,679 1,679 1,679 1,679 1,5774 1,570 1,5774 1,5774 1,57	•	3 397 559	3 073 308	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Insurance proceeds 1,306 Insurance proceeds 1,679 Transfers in G9,000 T5,000 T35,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458	Other horr-instruction	3,307,330	3,913,390	
Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 1,306 Insurance proceeds 1,679 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458	Total Expenditures	20,967,996	21,062,148	23,067,061
Expenditures (4,405,360) (4,358,512) 1,184,970 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 1,306 Insurance proceeds 1,679 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458	Evene (Definit) of Devenues over			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets 1,306 Insurance proceeds 1,679 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458		(4.405.260)	(4.250.542)	4 404 070
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 1,306 Insurance proceeds 1,679 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458	Expenditures	(4,405,360)	(4,358,512)	1,184,970
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 1,306 Insurance proceeds 1,679 Transfers in 69,000 75,000 135,774 Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458	Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Insurance proceeds 1,679 Transfers in Transfers out 69,000 (319,488) 75,000 (319,488) 135,774 (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 (4,603,000) 5,131,458				1,306
Transfers in Transfers out 69,000 (319,488) 75,000 (319,488) 135,774 (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458				1,679
Transfers out (319,488) (319,488) (537,221) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458		69,000	75,000	135,774
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (250,488) (244,488) (398,462) Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458	Transfers out	•		
Net Change in Fund Balance (4,655,848) (4,603,000) 786,508 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458				
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,655,848 4,603,000 5,131,458	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(250,488)	(244,488)	(398,462)
	Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,655,848)	(4,603,000)	786,508
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022 \$ - \$ 5,917,966	Fund Balance, July 1, 2021	4,655,848	4,603,000	5,131,458
-	Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,917,966

Both inflows and outflows are equally different in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds by the amount of on-behalf payments of \$6,484,092.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues:			
Earnings on investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,312
Other local revenues	21,923	35,123	46,019
Intergovernmental - State	827,463	865,061	906,963
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	1,205,622	1,543,922	3,174,012
Total Revenues	2,055,008	2,444,106	4,128,306
Expenditures:			
Instruction	1,620,737	1,968,463	3,243,174
Support services:			
Student	39,587	82,938	100,198
Instruction staff	279,940	277,961	283,731
Plant operation and maintenance			41,504
Student transportation	4,270	4,270	319,949
Community service activities	165,474	165,474	168,170
Total Expenditures	2,110,008	2,499,106	4,156,726
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(55,000)	(55,000)	(28,420)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	55,000	55,000	45,418 (33,027)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	55,000	55,000	12,391
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	(16,029)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021			174,743
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 158,714

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2022

		2022	2021	2020	2019
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.112647%	0.119081%	0.116919%	0.120125%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,182,130 \$	9,133,414 \$	8,222,966 \$	7,315,980
Covered payroll	\$	2,938,927 \$	3,105,819 \$	3,004,762 \$	3,028,820
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll		244.4%	294.1%	273.7%	241.5%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.33%	47.81%	50.45%	53.54%
		2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability		2018 0.119186%	2017 0.122055%	2016 0.121655%	2015 0.125763%
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$				
	\$	0.119186%	0.122055%	0.121655%	0.125763%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	0.119186% 6,976,324 \$	0.122055% 6,009,501 \$	0.121655% 5,230,281 \$	0.125763% 4,080,000

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only eight years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET OPEB LIABILITY

June 30, 2022

		2022		2021		
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.112621%		0.119049%		
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,156,073	\$	2,874,671		
Covered payroll	\$	2,938,927	\$	3,105,819		
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll		73.36%		92.56%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		62.91%		51.67%		
		2020		2019		2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		2020 0.116907%		2019 0.120120%		2018 0.119186%
Proportion of the net OPEB liability Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	0.116907%	\$		\$	
·	\$	0.116907%	\$ \$	0.120120%	\$	0.119186%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	•	0.116907%	*	0.120120%	•	0.119186% 2,396,047

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only five years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TRS NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2022

	2022		2021		2020		2019
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.353600%		0.354300%		0.358600%		0.358400%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	 46,018,028		50,207,357		48,934,109		46,923,403
	\$ 46,018,028	\$	50,207,357	\$	48,934,109	\$	46,923,403
Total							
Covered payroll	\$ 10,279,106	\$	10,898,532	\$	10,922,944	\$	11,146,326
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.60%	58.30%		58.80%		59.30%	
	2018		2017		2016		2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.354600%		0.355600%		0.349500%		0.331400%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State proportionate share of the net pension liability	95,684,588		104,912,414		81,324,585		68,101,554
associated with the District	\$ 95,684,588	\$	104,912,414	\$	81,324,585	\$	68,101,554
Total							
Covered payroll	\$ 10,898,532	\$	10,787,947	\$	10,465,027	\$	10,124,524
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	39.80%		35.20%		42.50%		45.59%

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only eight years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TRS NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2022

	2022		2021	ı	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.342764%		0.343334%		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,059,000	\$	4,811,000		
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	3,296,000		3,854,000		
Total	\$ 7,355,000	\$	8,665,000	i .	
Covered payroll	\$ 10,279,106	\$	10,898,532		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll	39.49%		44.14%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	51.70%		39.10%		
	2020		2019		2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	 2020 0.346881%		2019 0.345606%		2018 34.135700%
Proportion of the net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	\$		\$	
·	\$ 0.346881%	\$	0.345606%	\$	34.135700%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 0.346881% 5,617,000	\$	0.345606% 6,441,000	\$	34.135700% 6,699,000
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	 0.346881% 5,617,000 4,536,000	· 	0.345606% 6,441,000 5,551,000		34.135700% 6,699,000 5,473,000
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$ 0.346881% 5,617,000 4,536,000 10,153,000	\$	0.345606% 6,441,000 5,551,000 11,992,000	\$	34.135700% 6,699,000 5,473,000 12,172,000

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only five years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TRS NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2022

		2022	2021	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.335103%	0.335719%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$ -	
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		44,000	117,000	
Total	\$	44,000	\$ 117,000	
Covered payroll	\$	10,279,106	\$ 10,898,532	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll		0.0%	0.0%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		89.20%	71.60%	
		2020	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		2020 0.339091%	2019 0.337763%	2018 0.333604%
Proportion of the net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$		\$	\$ _
·	\$		\$	\$ _
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	0.339091%	\$ 0.337763% -	\$ 0.333604%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$ \$	0.339091% - 105,000	0.337763% - 95,000	 0.333604% - 73,000
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$	0.339091% - 105,000 105,000	\$ 0.337763% - 95,000 95,000	\$ 0.333604% - 73,000 73,000

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only five years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS PENSION

June 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 627,368	\$ 567,213	\$ 599,423	\$ 487,372
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 627,368	\$ 567,213 -	\$ 599,423 -	\$ 487,372
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,963,475	\$ 2,938,927	\$ 3,105,819	\$ 3,004,762
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	21.17%	19.30%	19.30%	16.22%
	 2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 438,573	\$ 410,053	\$ 368,725	\$ 364,410
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 438,573	\$ 410,053	\$ 368,725 -	\$ 364,410
Covered employee payroll	\$ 3,028,820	\$ 2,939,449	\$ 2,968,799	\$ 2,858,115
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	14.48%	13.95%	12.42%	12.75%

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only eight years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO TRS PENSION

June 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Covered payroll	\$ 11,037,580	\$ 10,279,106	\$ 10,898,532	\$ 10,922,944
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 -			
Covered povrell	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered	\$ 11,063,121	\$ 10,898,532	\$ 10,787,947	\$ 10,465,027
payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only eight years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS OPEB

June 30, 2022

		2022		2021		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	171,289	\$	139,892		
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		171,289		139,892		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	:	
Covered payroll	\$	2,963,475	\$	2,938,927		
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	5.78%		4.76%			
		2020		2019		2018
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	147,837	\$	158,050	\$	142,355
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		147,837		158,050		142,355
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>
·						
Covered payroll	\$	3,105,819	\$	3,004,762	\$	3,028,820

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only five years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO TRS OPEB - MEDICAL INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2022

		2022		2021	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	331,127	\$	308,374	
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		331,127		308,374	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered employee payroll	\$	11,037,580	\$	10,279,106	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	3.00%			3.00%	
		2020		2019	2018
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	328,100	\$	327,700	\$ 332,000
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		328,100		327,700	332,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$
Covered employee payroll	\$	10,898,532	\$	10,922,944	\$ 11,063,121
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		3.00%		3.00%	3.00%

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only five years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO TRS OPEB - LIFE INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2022

	2022	2021		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$ -	\$ -		
determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u>-</u> -	\$ -	•	
Covered employee payroll	\$ 11,037,580	\$ 10,279,106		
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%		
	2020	2019		2018
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$ 10,898,532	\$ 10,922,944	\$	11,063,121
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only five years are shown.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CERS PENSION

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2015 through 2022.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2014 – The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%. The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%. The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%. Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%. The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted. The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

2015 and 2016 – No changes.

2017 – The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%.

2018 - No changes.

2019 – Salary rates were increased from 3.05% average to 3.30 percent to 10.30%, varies by service. Annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal and mortality were updated based on the 2018 experience study and the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members.

2020 and 2021 – No changes.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CERS OPEB

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2018 to 2022.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2017 – The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%. For the Non-Hazardous Plan, the single discount rate changed from 6.89% to 5.84%.

2018 - No changes

2019 – The discount rate was changed from 5.85% to 5.68%. Annual salary increases and annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal and mortality were updated based on the 2018 experience study and the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members.

2020 – The discount rate was changed from 5.68% to 5.34%.

2021 – The discount rate was changed from 5.34% to 5.20%. The municipal bond rate was changed from 2.45% to 1.92%.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TRS PENSION

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2015 through 2022.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2014 – In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2011. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation, the Board adopted an interest smoothing methodology to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions. Beginning with the 2014 valuation, the interest smoothing methodology is no longer used. In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

2015 – The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%. In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

2016 – The Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

2017 – The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

2018 – The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

2019 and 2020 - No changes

2021 – In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TRS OPEB

Changes of benefit terms.

2018 – MIF – With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

LIF - No changes

2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022 - No changes for MIF or LIF

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2017 - No changes for MIF or LIF

2018 - MIF updated the health care trend rates. No changes for the LIF

2019 - No changes for MIF or LIF

2020 - MIF updated the health care trend rates. No changes for the LIF

2021 – MIF and LIF – In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.

The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the MIF and .50% for the LIF to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	District Activity Fund		Student Activity Fund		SEEK Capital Outlay Fund		Construction Fund			Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:										
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	99,136	\$ 38	7,958	\$	1,176,121	\$	668,964	\$	2,332,179
Total Assets	\$	99,136	\$ 38	7,958	\$	1,176,121	\$	668,964	\$	2,332,179
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities Accounts payable Total Liabilities	\$	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	114,196 114,196	_\$_	114,196 114,196
Fund Balances Restricted Committed		99,136	38	7,958		1,176,121		554,768		2,118,847 99,136
Total Fund Balances		99,136	38	7,958		1,176,121		554,768		2,217,983
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	99,136	\$ 38	7,958	\$	1,176,121	\$	668,964	\$	2,332,179

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Α	District activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Co	onstruction Fund	Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues From local sources: Other local revenue Earnings on investments Intergovernmental - State	\$	80,708	\$ 503,189 2,954	\$ 7,635 216,278	\$	-	\$ 583,897 10,589 216,278
Total Revenues		80,708	506,143	223,913		-	810,764
Expenditures Instruction Support services: Student Instruction staff		70,841	394,352 4,748 780				465,193 4,748 780
Plant operation and maintenance Student transportation Facilities acquisition and construction Bond issue costs			1,441 17,732			547,282 28,340	1,441 17,732 547,282 28,340
Total Expenditures		70,841	 419,053	 		575,622	1,065,516
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures		9,867	87,090	223,913		(575,622)	(254,752)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bond proceeds from revenue bonds Bond premium Transfers in Transfers out		29,912	(29,912)			979,000 47,495	979,000 47,495 29,912 (29,912)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		29,912	 (29,912)	 -		1,026,495	 1,026,495
Net Change in Fund Balances		39,779	57,178	223,913		450,873	771,743
Fund balance, July 1, 2021		59,357	 330,780	 952,208		103,895	 1,446,240
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$	99,136	\$ 387,958	\$ 1,176,121	\$	554,768	\$ 2,217,983

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES $\,$ JUNE 30, 2022

SCHOOL	ВА	CASH LANCES y 1, 2021	RE	CEIPTS	SBURSE- MENTS	CASH ALANCES le 30, 2022	 EIVABLES e 30, 2022	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE June 30, 2022	S ⁻	DUE TO FUDENT ROUPS e 30, 2022
Panther Academy	\$	3,183	\$	5,539	\$ 5,510	\$ 3,212	\$ -	\$ -	\$	3,212
Helmwood Heights Elementary Morningside Elementary		12,871 9,943		25,722 24,619	24,583 26,500	14,010 8,062	-	-		14,010 8,062
T.K. Stone Middle School Elizabethtown High		68,607 242,325		139,125 311,172	137,212 256,650	70,520 296,847	-	-		70,520 296,847
-	\$	336,929	\$	506,177	\$ 450,455	\$ 392,651	\$ -	\$ -	\$	392,651

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES ELIZABETHTOWN HIGH SCHOOL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NAME OF ACTIVITY	CASH BALANCES July 1, 2021	RECEIPTS	DISBURSE- MENTS	CASH BALANCES June 30, 2022	RECEIVABLES June 30, 2022	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE June 30, 2022	DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS June 30, 2022
Academic Team	\$ 131	\$ 243,282	\$ 243,413	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Adult Vending	290	604	775	119	· -	-	119
Agendas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Angels in the Outfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AP Chemistry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AP Social Studies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
APEX	75	150	-	225	-	-	225
Archery	8,791	7,100	8,184	7,707	-	-	7,707
Art Club	151	-	-	151	-	-	151
Athletic Concessions	3,237	9,240	6,907	5,570	-	-	5,570
Athletic Fees	483	30,325	- 70 716	30,808	-	-	30,808
Athletic Gate Athletic Post Season	82,130 14,626	64,636 42,576	78,716 39,041	68,050 18,161	-	-	68,050 18,161
Athletics	842	42,576 15,191	10,114	5,919	-	-	5,919
Band	7,923	17,692	21,293	4,322	-	-	4,322
Baseball	4,680	8,260	5,472	7,468	_	_	7,468
Baseball District/Regional	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
Baseball Camp	2,493	_	_	2,493	_	_	2,493
Belle	12,831	12,050	13,989	10,892	_	_	10,892
Beta Club	287	46,636	46,764	159	_	-	159
Beta Essay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beta Club Service Proj	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beta-Service Proj #2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bowling	115	2,507	2,622	-	-	-	-
Boy's Basketball	2,360	13,150	12,140	3,370	-	-	3,370
Boy's Basketball Camp	2,407	50	774	1,683	-	-	1,683
Boy's Basketball District	-	-		-	-	-	-
Boy's Soccer	589	13,993	14,032	550	-	-	550
Boy's Soccer Camp	645	5,884	3,369	3,160	-	-	3,160
Boys Soccer Tournament	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Boys Soccer Service Proj Broadcasting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building Rental	- 181	5,060	3,270	- 1,971	-	-	1,971
Business Education	169	4,617	5,270	4,786	_	_	4,786
Cheerleading Clinic	2,477	1,000	_	3,477	-	-	3,477
Cheerleading	4,181	9,906	8,602	5,485	_	_	5,485
Cheer Region Tournament	150	-	-	150	_	_	150
Child Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chorus	733	-	-	733	-	-	733
Chorus-Piano Restoration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chromebook	835	12,233	265	12,803	-	-	12,803
Class of 1960 Scholarship	939	120	-	1,059	-	-	1,059
Class of 2005 Scholarship	1,000	. .	-	1,000	-	-	1,000
Community Donations	113	4,135	4,242	6	-	-	6
Computer Science	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Concessions/Athletic	-	828	828	-	-	-	-
Cross Country Dow Corning	1,343	1,500	1,472	1,371	-	-	1,371
Dow Corning Drama	306	2,513	2,200	- 619	-	-	- 619
Earth Club	398	2,313	2,200 79	319	-	-	319
EEF -Etown Ed Foundation	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
Engineering	-	-	_	-	-	-	- -
E-Sports	149	_	_	149	_	_	149
English	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
English GE	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
English-Poetry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Educators Rising	-	846	650	196	-	-	196
FCA	1,000	290	401	889	-	-	889
FCA - Service Project	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FCCLA	-	401	401	-			
Fishing	320	4,614	4,891	43	-	-	43
Football	1,795	30,812	21,677	10,930	-	-	10,930
Football-District Tourna	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Language Club	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Language	- 133	-	-	- 133	-	-	-
Freshman Class	133	-	-	133	-	-	133

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES ELIZABETHTOWN HIGH SCHOOL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20:	22						D. 15 TO
NAME OF ACTIVITY	CASH BALANCES July 1, 2021	RECEIPTS	DISBURSE- MENTS	CASH BALANCES June 30, 2022	RECEIVABLES June 30, 2022	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE June 30, 2022	DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS June 30, 2022
Front for the Anto	50	000		050			050
Fund for the Arts	52	200	-	252	-	-	252
FBLA	269 255	1,591	1,790	70	-	-	70
Gifted and Talented Girl's Basketball	255 127	- 16,734	- 16,861	255 -	-	-	255
Girl's Basketball Camp	671	2,775	3,067	- 379	-	-	379
Girl's Basketball Dist	-	482	482	-	-	-	-
Girl's Soccer	3,630	5,183	6,529	2,284	_	_	2,284
Girl's Soccer Camp	9,957	-	2,500	7,457	_	_	7,457
Girl's Soccer District	-	_	_,000	-	_	_	
Girls Soccer Regional	100	-	-	100	-	-	100
Girls Soccer Service Proj	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Girls Soccer State	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Golf	75	2,570	1,450	1,195	-	-	1,195
Green Dot	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guidance	1,210	7,266	6,083	2,393	-	-	2,393
Heartland League	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interact Club	- 0.075	- 0.404	-	- 0.005	-	-	- 0.005
Interest	6,875	2,424	6,094	3,205	-	-	3,205
Junior Class	86 147	4.054	- 5 271	86	-	-	86
KYA/KUNA KYA/KUNA Service Projects	147	4,954 -	5,371	(270)	-	-	(270)
Kerrick Science	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lacrosse	-	160	_	160	_	_	160
Library	467	17	_	484	_	_	484
Lock Fund	60		_	60	_	_	60
Mathematics	2,186	_	_	2,186	_	_	2,186
Mathematica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Muslim Student Asso	115	-	-	115	-	-	115
Paintball Club	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parking	20	-	-	20	-	-	20
Pep Club	419	30	115	334	-	-	334
Physical Education	-	-	-		-	-	
Ping Pong Club	13	-	-	13	-	-	13
Pictures	1,231	859	700	1,390	-	-	1,390
PLTW Consumables	2,886	880	3,474	292	-	-	292
PLTW Fees Project Graduation	- 1,281	- 17,998	- 13,251	6,028	-	-	6,028
Prom	2,254	9,100	7,663	3,691		-	3,691
Rewards Program	1,473	708	1,684	497	_	_	497
Rewards - Shirts	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
SADD	477	_	65	412	-	-	412
SADD - Grant	425	-	-	425	-	-	425
SADD - Service Project	16	-	-	16	-	-	16
Science	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senior Class	342	210	42	510	-	-	510
Senior Trip	50	-	-	50	-	-	50
Service Club	1,033	-	-	1,033	-	-	1,033
Social Committee	830	80 823	376	534 511	-	-	534 511
Skills USA Special Committee (Team Sh	. 20	823	332	511	-	-	511
Social Studies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Softball	1,020	7,050	7,365	- 705	_	_	- 705
Softball Tournament	-	- ,000	7,000	-	_	_	-
Sophomore Class	399	_	_	399	_	_	399
Spanish Club	338	_	_	338	_	_	338
Spanish Honors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spanish Club - Serv Proj	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Education	1,316	1,651	1,508	1,459	-	-	1,459
Special Ed - Jr Achieve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Speech	1,739	36	-	1,775	-	-	1,775
State Tournament Ticket	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
STLP	33	-	-	33	-	-	33
Student Vending	64 504	-	-	64	-	-	64
Student Vending Student Council	594 5,340	101 8,038	344 3,099	351 10,279	-	-	351 10,279
Student Soundi	5,540	0,030	5,055	10,213	-	-	10,219

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES ELIZABETHTOWN HIGH SCHOOL - CONCLUDED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NAME OF ACTIVITY	CASH BALANCES July 1, 2021	RECEIPTS	DISBURSE- MENTS	CASH BALANCES June 30, 2022	RECEIVABLES June 30, 2022	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE June 30, 2022	DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS June 30, 2022
Student Council (Veterans)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Student Council (Svc Proj)	_	_	-	-	-	_	_
Sweep	_	21,387	20,787	600	-	-	600
Swimming	809	1,068	965	912	-	-	912
Swimming Regional	75	· -	-	75	-	-	75
T-Shirt Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Target	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Taylor Family Memorial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Technical Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Technology Student Assoc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennis	717	2,699	3,416	-	-	-	-
Tennis Camp	1,381	1,500	1,079	1,802	-	-	1,802
Tennis Regional	50	-	-	50	-	-	50
Textbook Rental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textbook/Chromebook Fee	13,764	3,650	17,339	75	-	-	75
Track	2,886	9,135	8,407	3,614	-	-	3,614
Track Regional	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Way	16	-	-	16	-	-	16
VEX Robotic Team	2,825	-	-	2,825	-	-	2,825
Volleyball	802	7,500	6,763	1,539	-	-	1,539
Volleyball-District	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Volleyball-Camp	1,940	2,330	-	4,270	-	-	4,270
Wounded Warrior Project	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Winterguard	225	4,665	2,169	2,721	-	-	2,721
Writing Club	89	-	-	89	-	-	89
Yearbook	5,543	5,740	1,520	9,763			9,763
Subtotal	242,325	763,795	709,273	296,847	-	-	296,847
Interfund Transfers		(452,623)	(452,623)				
TOTAL	\$ 242,325	\$ 311,172	\$ 256,650	\$ 296,847	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 296,847



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2022

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022		PASS		
	FEDERAL	THROUGH ENTITY		TOTAL
FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH	CFDA	IDENTIFYING	PROVIDED TO	FEDERAL
GRANTOR / PROGRAM TITLE	NUMBER	NUMBER	SUBRECIPIENTS	EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Child Nutrition Cluster -				
Passed Through State Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-21		\$ 285,171
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7750002-22 7760005-21		660,036 84,809
SCHOOL BLEAKIAST FLOGRAM	10.555	7760005-21		364,058
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024-21		14,874
		7740023-21		54,383
		7740023-22		73,232
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)	40.555	057500.00		105.040
National School Lunch Program TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER	10.555	057502-02		125,043 1,661,606
Passed Through State Department of Education				1,001,000
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001-21		1,595
COVID-19 State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT)				3,063
Administrative Costs Grant	10.649	9990000-21		
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE				1,666,264
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
Passed Through City of Elizabethtown: Community Development Block Grant	14.218	CDBG-21		3,058
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT	14.210	CDBG-21		3,058
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Special Education Cluster -				
Passed Through State Department of Education:				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	3810002-19 3810002-20		63,265 126,248
		3810002-20		313,844
COVID-19 Special Education - Grants to States		4910002-21		47,873
·				551,230
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-18		269
		3800002-19		53
COVID-19 Special Education - Preschool Grants		3800002-20 3800002-21		2,871 8,655
COVID-19 Special Education - Frescribor Grants		4900002-21		672
				12,520
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER				563,750
OTHER U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PROGRAMS				
Impact Aid	84.041	GF - Direct		10,232
Passed Through State Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-18		147
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	04.010	3100002-10		24,296
		3100002-20		155,741
		3100002-21		451,552
				631,736
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002-20		5,015
		3710002-21		25,215
				30,230
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	3300002-18		49
		3300002-19		441
		3300002-20 3300002-21		21,098 6,494
		0000002 21		28.082
Supporting Effective Instruction, State Crante	84.367	3230002-19		21,043
Supportive Effective Instruction - State Grants	04.307	3230002-19		38,222
		3230002-21		38,274
				97,539
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-19		27,020
		3420002-20		27,405
00)///0 51 // 01 / 11 / 5 / 1	04.4050	0555		54,425
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425C 84.425D	GEER 4000002-20		947 304.117
	84.425D	4000002-20		1,192,394
	84.425D	4200003-21		191,308
	84.425U 84.425U	4300002-21 4300005-21		49,024
	04.420U	4300003-Z I		2,788 1,740,578
Passed Through Kentucky Department for Workforce Development				1,170,010
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	WT-21		8,201
Passed Through Green River Regional Educational Cooperative	04.404	CDDEC 40		40 440
School Safety National Activities	84.184	GRREC-19		16,413
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ -	3,181,186 \$ 4,850,508
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.				Ψ -,000,000
assempanying notes are an integral part of this solicule.				

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Elizabethtown Independent School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Elizabethtown Independent School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Elizabethtown Independent School District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

NOTE D - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected to not use the 10 percent de minimum indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

Тур	pe of auditor's report issued (unmodified):			
Inte	ernal control over financial reporting:			
•	Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Xno	
•	Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	Xnone repo	orted
	ncompliance material to financial tements noted?	yes	Xno	
Fee	deral Awards:			
Internal control over major programs:				
•	Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Xno	
•	Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	Xnone repo	orted
Тур	pe of auditor's report issued on compliance for major	programs (unmo	odified):	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?			Xno	

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results - Continued

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number	Federal Program or Cluster				
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
84.425C/84.425D/84.425U	Education Stabilization Fund				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish Between type A and type B programs:	\$ <u>750,000</u>				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Xyesno				
Section II – Financial Statement Findings					
No matters were reported.					
Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs					
No matters were reported.					



SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

June 30, 2022

There were no prior year audit findings.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Elizabethtown Independent School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Elizabethtown Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Elizabethtown Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 24, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Elizabethtown Independent School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of material noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Elizabethtown Independent School District in a separate letter dated October 24, 2022.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC

Heartland CPA and admins, PLAC

Elizabethtown, Kentucky

October 24, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM
AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE
REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Elizabethtown Independent School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Elizabethtown Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Elizabethtown Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Elizabethtown Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Elizabethtown Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in Appendices I and II of the Independent Auditor's Contract. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Elizabethtown Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Elizabethtown Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Elizabethtown Independent School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Elizabethtown Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in Appendices I and II of the Independent Auditor's Contract will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Elizabethtown Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Elizabethtown Independent School District s
 compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other
 procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other
 matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material
 weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC

Heartland CPH and admins, PLAC

Elizabethtown, Kentucky

October 24, 2022





Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education of Elizabethtown Independent School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Elizabethtown Independent School District for the year ended June 30, 2022, we considered the District's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiencies. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. Any uncorrected comments from the prior year have been included in the memorandum. A separate report dated October 24, 2022, contains our report on the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated October 24, 2022, on the financial statements of the Elizabethtown Independent School District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and their implementation is currently being reviewed. We will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the members of the Elizabethtown Independent Board of Education, others within the District, the Kentucky Department of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC Elizabethtown, Kentucky

Heartland CPA and admins, PLAC

October 24, 2022

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMMENTS
June 30, 2022

PRIOR YEAR UNCORRECTED COMMENTS - NONE

CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS

HELMWOOD HEIGHTS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

EXTERNAL SUPPORT/BOOSTER CLUBS

We noted that the PTO did not have the following documentation on file for the 2021-2022 fiscal year: Annual Financial Report. Redbook requires that all booster clubs submit an Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year to the principal by July 25.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

The District Financial Officer will meet with the School personnel to correct the issue and work with School Bookkeeper on Redbook Compliance concerning Expenditures from school funds.