#### **Powell County School District**

### Audited Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2022

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#### SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Kentucky State Committee of School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Powell County School District Stanton, KY 40383

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Powell County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Powell County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Powell County School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Powell County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Powell County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal
  control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Powell County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions - Pension, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability - Medical Insurance Plan, Schedule of District Contributions - Medical Insurance Plan, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – Life Insurance Plan, and Schedule of District Contributions – Life Insurance Plan on pages 4-10 and 66-75 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Powell County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200. Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 4, 2022, on our consideration of the Powell County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Powell County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Lexington, KY November 4, 2022

As management of the Powell County School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the financial statements and notes.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS/OVERALL DISTRICT HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash and cash equivalents for the District for the year ended June 30, 2022 (FY22) was \$4,447,856.
- The District ended FY22 with a fund balance in the general fund of \$2,193,224 reflecting an increase of 244% from the prior year.
- Bonds are issued as the District constructs and/or renovates facilities consistent with a long-range facilities plan that is established with community input and in keeping with the Kentucky Department of Education's stringent compliance regulations. The District's bond debt was reduced \$1,195,000 in FY22.
- At the end of FY22 the District reported a net pension liability of \$8,833,841 related to the County Employees Retirement System representing a decrease of \$1,276,184 compared to the prior year.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and operating revenues (business type activities). The governmental activities of the District include

instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-23 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 24-65 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets plus deferred outflows of resources were \$613,429 less than liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2022, as compared to \$5,077,817 at June 30, 2021.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves are not likely to be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

The breakdown of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and net position can be seen on page 11 in the statement of net position, government wide basis.

#### Net position for the years ending June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021	Change
Current Assets	\$ 6,164,832	\$ 2,802,016	\$ 3,362,816
Noncurrent Assets	23,148,746	22,652,027	496,719
Total Assets	29,313,578	25,454,043	3,859,535
Deferred Outflows of			
Resources	4,977,475	4,456,884	520,591
Current Liabilities	2,134,459	1,783,825	350,634
Noncurrent Liabilities	27,175,032	30,310,098	(3,135,066)
Total Liabilities	29,309,491	32,093,923	(2,784,432)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,594,991	2,894,821	2,700,170
Net Position			
Investment in Capital Assets (net)	9,507,659	8,762,033	745,626
Restricted	3,377,773	1,890,497	1,487,276
Unrestricted	(13,498,861)	(15,730,347)	2,231,486
Total Net Position	\$ (613,429)	\$ (5,077,817)	\$ 4,464,388

The following table presents a summary of changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, Governmental Wide Basis.

			Net Change i	n Position		
	Govern	mental	Busines	s-type	То	tal
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues:		-		-		
Local revenue sources	\$6,318,276	\$4,917,316	\$76,642	\$9,479	\$6,394,918	\$4,926,795
State revenue sources	\$12,012,038	13,213,228	219,860	210,858	12,231,898	13,424,086
Federal revenue sources	9,033,557	4,220,214	1,593,404	969,295	10,626,961	5,189,509
Investments	5,471	31,408	378	208	5,849	31,616
Total Revenue	27,369,342	22,382,166	1,890,284	1,189,840	29,259,626	23,572,006
Expenses:						
Instruction	10,765,226	10,907,662	-	-	10,765,226	10,907,662
Student support services	981,665	1,016,385	-	-	981,665	1,016,385
Instructional support	924,717	1,002,090	-	-	924,717	1,002,090
District administration	3,808,241	2,891,818	-	-	3,808,241	2,891,818
School administration	1,308,662	1,354,389	-	-	1,308,662	1,354,389
Business support	264,368	302,001	-	-	264,368	302,001
Plant operations	2,228,586	2,524,616	-	-	2,228,586	2,524,616
Student transportation	2,066,887	1,675,912	-	-	2,066,887	1,675,912
Community service	315,304	340,755	-	-	315,304	340,755
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	379,322	413,087	-	-	379,322	413,087
Food service		-	1,752,260	1,354,884	1,752,260	1,354,884
Total Expenses	23,042,978	22,428,715	1,752,260	1,354,884	24,795,238	23,783,599
Transfers	(87,839)	52,527	87,839	(52,527)	-	-
Change in net position	4,238,525	5,978	225,863	(217,571)	4,464,388	(211,593)
Beginning net position	(4,376,399)	(4,608,037)	(701,418)	(483,847)	(5,077,817)	(5,091,884)
Prior period adjustment	- -	225,660	- -	- -	-	225,660
Beginning net position restated	(4,376,399)	(4,382,377)	(701,418)	(483,847)	(5,077,817)	(4,866,224)
Ending net position	(\$137,874)	(\$4,376,399)	(\$475,555)	(\$701,418)	(\$613,429)	(\$5,077,817)

#### **Governmental Activities**

Instruction comprises 47% of governmental program expenses. Plant Operations expense makes up 10% of government expenses. District and School Administration total 22% of governmental expenses. The remaining expenses for support services, community service activities, transportation and interest account for the final 21% of total governmental expense.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The business-type activities include the food service operations. This program had total revenues of \$1,890,284 and expenses of \$1,752,260 for the fiscal year. Of the revenues, \$76,642 was charges for services, and \$1,813,264 was from State and Federal grants. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of this activity.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The following table presents a summary of operations, excluding transfers, for selected funds (including on- behalf payments). Food service amounts are presented on the accrual basis while general and special revenue funds are on the modified accrual basis:

#### For the Year ending June 30, 2022

		GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	FOOD SERVICE FUND
REVENUES:	•				_
From local sources:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$	3,489,740	\$	-	\$ -
Motor vehicle		491,765		-	-
Utilities		721,900		-	-
Other		603		-	
Earnings on investments		(7,009)		103	378
Other local revenues		269,765		17,486	76,642
Intergovernmental - state		15,629,142		964,207	219,860
Intergovernmental - federal		299,427		8,734,130	 1,593,404
TOTAL REVENUES		20,895,333		9,715,926	1,890,284
EXPENDITURES:	-		,		_
Instruction:		11,192,694		3,306,028	-
Support Services:					
Student		803,671		372,544	-
Instructional staff		789,416		574,694	-
District administration		1,350,799		2,877,849	-
School administration		1,615,511		18,223	-
Business		295,528		-	-
Plant operations and maintenance		1,600,128		46,709	-
Student transportation		1,727,238		37,301	-
Food service		-		-	1,752,260
Community service		-		282,945	-
Capital outlay		356,212		135,906	-
Debt service		386,731		· <u>-</u>	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	20,117,928		7,652,199	 1,752,260
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	777,405	\$	2,063,727	\$ 138,024

#### For the Year ending June 30, 2021

	GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		FOOD SERVICE FUND
REVENUES:				-	
From local sources:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 2,531,203	\$	-	\$	-
Motor vehicle	533,201		-		-
Utilities	590,144		-		-
Franchise	2,526		-		
Earnings on investments	23,702		76		208
Other local revenues	226,997		3,628		9,479
Intergovernmental - state	14,655,916		1,559,999		210,858
Intergovernmental - federal	175,534		4,044,680		969,295
TOTAL REVENUES	18,739,223		5,608,383	-	1,189,840
EXPENDITURES:				_	
Instruction:	11,332,721		1,998,457		-
Support Services:					
Student	741,550		365,735		-
Instructional staff	780,725		547,903		-
District administration	1,171,073		1,880,725		-
School administration	1,524,444		17,714		-
Business	316,157		-		-
Plant operations and maintenance	1,410,504		452,426		-
Student transportation	1,206,675		106,041		-
Food Service	-		-		1,354,884
Community Service	20		280,383		-
Capital outlay	152,806		-		-
Debt service	119,605		-		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,756,280	-	5,649,384	_	1,354,884
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ (17,057)	\$	(41,001)	\$ <u> </u>	(165,044)

#### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2022, the School District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities was \$23,148,746, representing an increase of \$496,719 net of depreciation.

#### Debt

At June 30, 2022, the School District had \$13,647,735 in bond and financed purchase debt outstanding, plus a premium of \$35,230. \$3,917,854 of the District's debt will be paid from the KSFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. A total of \$1,349,724 is due within one year.

#### **Comments on Budget Comparisons**

General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending actual revenues being \$1,259,108 more than budget. General fund budget compared to actual expenditures varied from line item to line item with the ending actual expenditures being \$131,974 more than budget. The District's total general fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, before interfund transfers, was \$20,895,333, an increase of \$2,156,110 from the total revenues of \$18,739,223 for 2021.

#### **FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS**

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar but are reflected in the District overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a working budget with \$457,699 in contingency (approximately 2.29%).

Questions regarding this report should be directed to Alicia Frazier, Finance Officer (606) 663-3300 or by mail at 691 Breckinridge Street, Stanton, KY 40380.

#### POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

			PRIMAF	RY GOVERNMENT		
		GOVERNMENTAL		SINESS-TYPE		TOTAL
ASSETS:	-	ACTIVITIES		ACTIVITIES	-	TOTAL
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,855,262	\$	592,594	\$	4,447,856
Investments		450,819		-		450,819
Accounts receivable						
Taxes		50,528		-		50,528
Accounts		43,681		12,631		56,312
Intergovernmental - federal		1,136,422		-		1,136,422
Inventory  Total Current Assets	-	5,536,712		22,895 628,120	_	22,895 6,164,832
Noncurrent Assets						
Non-depreciated capital assets		2,861,539		-		2,861,539
Net depreciated capital assets		20,233,969		53,238		20,287,207
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	23,095,508		53,238		23,148,746
TOTAL ASSETS	=	28,632,220		681,358	_	29,313,578
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred loss on refunding		41,878		-		41,878
Pension - CERS		1,740,179		210,667		1,950,846
OPEB - CERS		1,499,831		166,492		1,666,323
OPEB - KTRS	_	1,318,428				1,318,428
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	=	4,600,316		377,159		4,977,475
LIABILITIES:						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable		177,078		-		177,078
Accrued salaries		81,630		-		81,630
Accrued Interest Expense		68,377		-		68,377
Current portion of accrued sick leave		33,963		-		33,963
Grant Advances Current portion of financed purchases		423,687 154,724		-		423,687 154,724
Current portion of fond obligations		1,195,000		<u>-</u>		1,195,000
Total Current Liabilities	-	2,134,459		<u> </u>		2,134,459
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Noncurrent portion of bond obligations		11,550,230		_		11,550,230
Noncurrent portion of financed purchases		783,011		_		783,011
Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave		110,054		_		110,054
Net pension liability - CERS		7,879,267		954,574		8,833,841
Net OPEB liability - CERS		2,359,391		292,505		2,651,896
Net OPEB liability - KTRS		3,246,000		· -		3,246,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	25,927,953		1,247,079		27,175,032
TOTAL LIABILITIES	=	28,062,412		1,247,079		29,309,491
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Pension - CERS		1,467,959		146,449		1,614,408
OPEB - CERS		1,256,039		140,544		1,396,583
OPEB - KTRS	_	2,584,000				2,584,000
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	-	5,307,998		286,993		5,594,991
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		9,454,421		53,238		9,507,659
Restricted - Capital Projects		2,374,511		-		2,374,511
Restricted - Debt Service		8,780		-		8,780
Restricted - Other Purposes		349,810		644,672		994,482
Unrestricted	-	(12,325,396)		(1,173,465)		(13,498,861)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ _	(137,874)	\$	(475,555)	\$	(613,429)

#### POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		DE	ROGRAM REVENUES		_		RIMARY GOVERNMENT	
			OPERATING	CAPITAL	_	FR	IIVIART GOVERNIVIEN	<u> </u>
		CHARGES FOR	GRANTS AND	GRANTS AND	0	OVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS	G	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS	_	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities:								
Instructional	\$ 10,765,226	\$ - :	\$ 9,125,267 \$	=	\$	(1,639,959) \$	- \$	(1,639,959)
Support Services:						(, , , , ,		( , , , ,
Student	981,665	-	-	-		(981,665)	-	(981,665)
Instructional staff	924,717	-	-	-		(924,717)	-	(924,717)
District administration	3,808,241	-	-	-		(3,808,241)	-	(3,808,241)
School administration	1,308,662	-	-	-		(1,308,662)	-	(1,308,662)
Business	264,368	-	-	-		(264,368)	-	(264,368)
Plant operations and maintenance	2,228,586	-	-	-		(2,228,586)	-	(2,228,586)
Student transportation	2,066,887	-	-	-		(2,066,887)	-	(2,066,887)
Community service	315,304	-	-	-		(315,304)	-	(315,304)
Interest on long-term debt	379,322	-	-	498,191		118,869	-	118,869
Total Governmental Activities	23,042,978	-	9,125,267	498,191		(13,419,520)	-	(13,419,520)
			·		'			
Business-Type Activities:								
Food service	1,752,260	76,642	1,813,264			<u> </u>	137,646	137,646
Total Business-Type Activities	1,752,260	76,642	1,813,264	-		-	137,646	137,646
Total Primary Government	\$ 24,795,238	\$ 76,642	\$10,938,531\$	498,191	\$ _	(13,419,520)	137,646 \$	(13,281,874)
			General Revenues:					
			Taxes:					
			Property		\$	4,264,172	- \$	4,264,172
			Motor vehicle			491,765	-	491,765
			Utilities			721,900	-	721,900
			Other			603	-	603
			State aid formula gr	ants		11,513,847	-	11,513,847
			Interest and investn	nent earnings		5,471	378	5,849
			Gain on disposal			-	-	-
			Other local revenue	S		748,126	-	748,126
			Transfers			(87,839)	87,839	<u> </u>
			Total General Re	evenues	_	17,658,045	88,217	17,746,262
			Change in N	et Position		4,238,525	225,863	4,464,388
			Net Position beginn	ing		(4,376,399)	(701,418)	(5,077,817)
			Net Position ending		\$ _	(137,874)	(475,555)	(613,429)

#### POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	_	GENERAL FUND	_	SPECIAL REVENUE (GRANT) FUNDS	С	ONSTRUCTION FUND	_	FSPK BUILDING FUND		NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	 TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Interfund receivable	\$	1,020,600 450,819 712,735	\$	- - -	\$	1,735,137 - -	\$	606,269 - -	\$	493,256 - -	\$ 3,855,262 450,819 712,735
Accounts receivable Taxes Accounts Intergovernmental - federal	_	50,528 41,856	_	- - 1,136,422		- - -	_	- - -	.=	- 1,825 -	 50,528 43,681 1,136,422
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	2,276,538	\$_	1,136,422	\$_	1,735,137	\$_	606,269	\$	495,081	\$ 6,249,447
LIABILITIES: Interfund payable Accounts payable Sick leave payable	\$	- 1,684 -	\$	712,735	\$	- 169,189	\$	- - -	\$	- 6,205	\$ 712,735 177,078
Accrued salaries Grant Advances TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	81,630 - 83,314	_	423,687 1,136,422	_	169,189	-	- - -		6,205	 81,630 423,687 1,395,130
FUND BALANCES: Restricted						4 505 040		000 000		000.004	0.074.544
Capital projects Debt service Sick leave		- 72,008		- - -		1,565,948 - -		606,269 - -		202,294 8,780	2,374,511 8,780 72,008
Other Committed Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	81,573 2,039,643 2,193,224	_	- - -		- - - - 1,565,948	_	606,269		277,802 - - 488,876	 277,802 81,573 2,039,643 4,854,317
TOTAL FUND BALANCES  TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	2,193,224	\$_	1,136,422	\$ <u></u>	1,735,137	- \$_	606,269	\$	495,081	\$ 6,249,447

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	4,854,317
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.		23,095,508
Deferred outflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position		
Deferred loss on refunding Pension - CERS OPEB - CERS OPEB - KTRS		41,878 1,740,179 1,499,831 1,318,428
Certain assets (obligations) are not a use of financial resourses and therefore, are not reported in the government funds, but are presented in the statement of net position		
Net pension liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - KTRS		(7,879,267) (2,359,391) (3,246,000)
Deferred inflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position		
Pension - CERS OPEB - CERS OPEB - KTRS		(1,467,959) (1,256,039) (2,584,000)
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, and other accrued liabilities) are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but are presented in the statement of net position as follows:		
Bonds payable		(12,745,230)
Financed purchases Accrued interest		(937,735) (68,377)
Accrued sick leave		(144,017)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$_	(137,874)

### POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE (GRANT) FUNDS	CONSTRUCTION FUND	FSPK BUILDING FUND	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:						
From local sources:						
Taxes:						
1 ,	\$ 3,489,740	\$ - 9	\$ - \$	774,432	\$ - \$	, - ,
Motor vehicle	491,765	-	-	-	-	491,765
Utilities	721,900	-	=	-	=	721,900
Other	603	-	-	-	=	603
Earnings on investments	(7,009)	103	-	457	11,920	5,471
Other local revenues	269,765	17,486	-	-	552,585	839,836
Intergovernmental - state	15,629,142	964,207	-	673,346	700,351	17,967,046
Intergovernmental - federal	299,427	8,734,130				9,033,557
TOTAL REVENUES	20,895,333	9,715,926		1,448,235	1,264,856	33,324,350
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Instruction:	11,192,694	3,306,028	-	-	518,424	15,017,146
Support Services:						
Student	803,671	372,544	-	-	687	1,176,902
Instructional staff	789,416	574,694	-	-	10,900	1,375,010
District administration	1,350,799	2,877,849	-	-	-	4,228,648
School administration	1,615,511	18,223	-	-	-	1,633,734
Business	295,528	-	-	-	-	295,528
Plant operations and maintenance	1,600,128	46,709	-	-	-	1,646,837
Student transportation	1,727,238	37,301	-	-	-	1,764,539
Community service	-	282,945	-	-	-	282,945
Capital outlay	356,212	135,906	1,286,302	-	-	1,778,420
Debt service	386,731	-	-	-	1,336,194	1,722,925
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	20,117,928	7,652,199	1,286,302		1,866,205	30,922,634
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	777,405	2,063,727	(1,286,302)	1,448,235	(601,349)	2,401,716
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Operating transfers in	334,370	42,453	2,898,524	-	838,003	4,113,350
Operating transfers out	(42,453)	(2,106,180)	(283, 165)	(1,559,231)	(210,158)	(4,201,187)
Issuance of debt proceeds	486,834	-	-	-	-	486,834
Gain (Loss) on disposal	-	-	-	-	-	· -
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	778,751	(2,063,727)	2,615,359	(1,559,231)	627,845	398,997
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,556,156	-	1,329,057	(110,996)	26,496	2,800,713
Fund Balance - beginning of year	637,068	<u> </u>	236,891	717,265	462,380	2,053,604
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 2,193,224	\$ \$	\$1,565,948 \$	606,269	\$\$	4,854,317

#### POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	2,800,713
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Bond discounts are expensed as incurred in the fund financial statement, but are amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of activities:		
Amortization bond premium/discount Amortization deferred loss on refunding		420 (8,778)
Issuance of debt proceeds or financed purchases are recognized in this fund financial statement as resources available for use as current financial resources, but these proceeds are not recognized in the statement of activities.		
Financed bus purchases		(486,834)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the fund financial statement because they are current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense		1,778,420 (1,270,111)
Generally, expenditures recognized in the fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activites when they are incurred.		
Accrued interest Sick leave		2,236 (21,420)
Governmental funds report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures when paid.  However, in the Statement of Activities, pension and OPEB expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, and the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and investment experience.  KTRS on-behalf revenue		(5,955,009)
KTRS on-behalf pension expense KTRS on-behalf OPEB expense		5,747,009 208,000
Pension expense - CERS  OPEB expense - CERS		(305,653) (68,096)
OPEB expense - KTRS		467,904
Bond and financed purchase payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial		1 240 724
statement, but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	_	1,349,724
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$_	4,238,525

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		GENERAL FUND					
	_				-		VARIANCE
	_	BUDGETED A					Favorable
		ORIGINAL	FINAL		ACTUAL	_	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:							
From Local Sources:							
Taxes:							
Property	\$	2,025,280 \$	2,278,530	\$	3,489,740	\$	1,211,210
Motor vehicle		405,000	414,000		491,765		77,765
Utilities		650,000	650,000		721,900		71,900
Other		3,000	3,000		603		(2,397)
Earnings on investments		5,000	19,196		(7,009)		(26,205)
Other local revenues		117,028	332,724		269,765		(62,959)
Intergovernmental - state		15,362,191	15,663,775		15,629,142		(34,633)
Intergovernmental - federal	_	375,000	275,000		299,427	_	24,427
TOTAL REVENUES	_	18,942,499	19,636,225	_	20,895,333	_	1,259,108
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Instruction:		11,896,578	12,166,455		11,192,694		973,761
Support Services:		11,030,370	12, 100,433		11,132,034		373,701
Student		815,587	823,424		803,671		19,753
Instructional staff		771,533	775,790		789,416		(13,626)
District administration		1,493,941	1,146,293		1,350,799		(204,506)
School administration		1,458,343	1,475,345		1,623,605		(148,260)
Business		344,470	347,033		295,528		51,505
Plant operations and maintenance		1,712,914	1,644,577		1,600,128		44,449
Student transportation		1,138,633	1,220,306		2,075,356		(855,050)
Debt service		119,605	375,688		386,731		(11,043)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	19,751,604	19,974,911	_	20,117,928	-	(131,974)
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(809,105)	(338,686)	_	777,405	-	1,127,134
	_	(000,100)	(000,000)		,	_	.,,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating transfers in		245,245	250,341		334,370		84,029
Operating transfers out		(322,714)	(45,150)		(42,453)		2,697
Issuance of debt proceeds			-		486,834		486,834
Gain (Loss) on disposal		1,500	1,000		-		(1,000)
Contingency	_	(325,000)	(457,699)		-	_	457,699
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	(400,969)	(251,508)	_	778,751	_	1,030,259
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,210,074)	(590,194)		1,556,156		2,157,393
Fund Balance beginning	_	1,212,744	590,194	_	637,068	_	46,874
Fund Balance ending	\$_	2,670 \$	-	\$	2,193,224	\$_	2,204,267

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND VARIANCE **BUDGETED AMOUNTS** Favorable **ORIGINAL FINAL ACTUAL** (Unfavorable) **REVENUES:** From Local Sources: Earnings from Investments \$ 40 \$ \$ 103 \$ 102 1 7,100 Other local revenues 20,756 17,486 (3,270)1,623,056 964,207 Intergovernmental - state 1,132,326 (168,119)Intergovernmental - indirect federal 5,666,993 8,734,130 3,067,137 6,723,589 **TOTAL REVENUES** 8,353,785 6,820,076 9,715,926 2,895,850 **EXPENDITURES:** Current: 2,606,295 3,441,934 Instruction: 3,351,664 (90,270)Support Services: Student 385.209 445.537 372.544 72.993 Instructional staff 477,577 574,694 377,456 (97,117)District administration 5,905,729 2,032,787 2,877,849 (845,062)18,703 18,223 School administration 17,691 480 400,009 46,709 46,709 Plant operations and maintenance 37,301 (37,301)Student transportation 63,160 8,964 Community Services 291,909 282,945 277,103 7,652,199 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 10,032,652 6,664,886 (987,313) Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures (1,678,867)155,190 2,063,727 1,908,537 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 41.001 42.453 Operating transfers in 45,150 2.697 Operating transfers out (49, 131)(234,310)(2,106,180)1,871,870 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (8,130)(189, 160)(2,063,727)1,874,567 (1,686,997)Net Change in Fund Balance (33,970)(33,970)Fund Balance beginning Fund Balance ending (1,686,997)\$ (33,970) \$ (33,970)\$

#### POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2022

		FOOD SERVICE FUND
ASSETS:	•	_
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	592,594
Accounts receivable		12,631
Inventory		22,895
Total Current Assets		628,120
Noncurrent Assets		
Vehicles		8,800
Machinery & equipment		626,433
Accumulated depreciation		(581,995)
Total Noncurrent Assets	•	53,238
Total Norloan One 7 and a		00,200
TOTAL ASSETS		681,358
DEFENDED OUTELOW OF DECOUDOES		
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		040.007
Pension - CERS		210,667
OPEB - CERS		166,492
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	ES	377,159
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities Accounts Payable		_
Total Current Liabilities	•	-
Nieurania de Lieuritaia		
Noncurrent Liabilities		054.574
Net Pension Liability - CERS		954,574
Net OPEB Liability - CERS	•	292,505
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	•	1,247,079
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,247,079
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Pension - CERS		146,449
OPEB - CERS		140,544
TOTAL DEFENDED INCLOSES OF DESCRIPCES	•	200 002
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	>	286,993
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		53,238
Restricted		644,672
Unrestricted		(1,173,465)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(475,555)
	· ·	(112,220)

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		FOOD SERVICE FUND
OPERATING REVENUES: Lunchroom sales Other operating revenue TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$	74,509 2,133 76,642
OPERATING EXPENSES: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Contract services Materials and supplies Miscellaneous Depreciation TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		417,903 367,880 25,679 924,852 4,355 11,591
Operating Income (Loss)		(1,675,618)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Federal grants Federal commodities State grants Interest income Gain (Loss) on sale of equipment NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		1,472,951 120,453 219,860 378 - 1,813,642
Net income (loss) before operating transfers		138,024
Transfers In Transfers Out	•	140,005 (52,166)
Change in Net Position		225,863
Total Net Position beginning	•	(701,418)
Total Net Position ending	\$	(475,555)

#### POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		FOOD SERVICE FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$	93,220 (839,928) (543,625)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	=	(1,290,333)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers Governmental grants	-	87,839 1,485,330
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		1,573,169
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of fixed assets Interest received	-	- 378
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	<del>-</del>	378
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		283,214
Cash and cash equivalents beginning	_	309,380
Cash and cash equivalents ending	\$_	592,594
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities:	\$	(1,675,618)
Depreciation On-behalf payments Donated commodities Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts receivable		11,591 207,480 120,453 16,578
Inventory Accounts payable Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows Deferred inflows		(5,495) - (108,354) (45,008) 10,574 177,466
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(1,290,333)
Non-cash Items: On-behalf payments Donated commodities	\$ \$	207,480 120,453

#### POWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	_	SPECIAL PURPOSE TRUST FUND
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,944
Investments	_	168,673
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	183,617
NET POSITION:		
Net position - Held in trust	\$ _	183,617
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$_	183,617

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 SPECIAL PURPOSE TRUST FUND		
ADDITIONS	 		
Contributions	\$ 2,000		
Interest Income	 4,407		
Total Additions	 6,407		
DEDUCTIONS Community service	6,000		
Total Deductions	6,000		
Change in Net Position	407		
Total net position - beginning of year	 183,210		
Total net position - end of year	\$ 183,617		

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Powell County School District (the District) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities in the United States of America. U. S. governmental accounting standards are established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for state and local governmental entities. The following discussion is a summary of the more significant accounting policies that apply to the District.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Powell County Board of Education (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Powell County School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Powell County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which, although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself, such as Parent-Teacher Associations, School-Based Decision-Making Councils, and Family Resource Centers. Student organizations are blended into the Student Activity fund, a Special Revenue fund in accordance with GASBS No. 84, *Fiduciary Funds* and KDE policy.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board. Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements.

#### **Blended Component Unit**

**Powell County Board of Education Finance Corporation** - In a prior year, the Board resolved to authorize the establishment of the Powell County School District Finance Corporation (a non-stock, non-profit corporation organized under School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180) (the Corporation) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building improvements. The Board members of the Powell County Board of Education also comprise the corporation's Board of Directors. The Corporation does not publish individual component unit financial statements.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements present government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within the 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities accompanied by a total column.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all the District's assets and liabilities, including capital assets as well as long-term liabilities are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the District are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regard to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year- end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the District are property tax and utility tax. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

The District has the following funds:

#### I. Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes.
  - The Special Revenue Fund includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.
  - 2) The District Activity Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for funds collected at individual schools for operation costs of the school or school district that allows for more flexibility in the expenditure of those funds. This is a non-major fund of the District.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

- 3) The School Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and is used to account for activities and programs for athletic, community service, and scholastic organizations managed by each school to benefit student activities. This fund was added in FY 2021 after the District implemented GASBS No. 84, *Fiduciary Activity*. This is a non-major fund of the District.
- (C) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds). The following are Capital Project Funds:
  - The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds (unless authorized for retention in the General Fund) and is generally restricted for use in financing capital acquisitions. This is a non-major fund of the District.
  - 2) The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), Fund accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a major fund of the District.
  - 3) The Construction Fund accounts for funds from two sources. First, funds generated by sales of bonds issues are used for various construction and renovation projects. Second, proceeds from the sale of properties and equipment owned by the District are to be used at the discretion of the Board for construction projects in future years. This is a major fund of the District.
- (D) The Debt Service Fund accounts for financial resources used for payment of principal and interest and other debt related costs. This is a non-major fund of the District.

#### II. <u>Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)</u>

The Food Service Fund accounts for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA"). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund of the District.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### III. <u>Fiduciary Fund Types (Private-Purpose Trust Fund)</u>

The Private Purpose Trust Fund (Scholarship Fund) is used to report bequests left for charitable payments for scholarship awards. The assets are held by the District in a trustee capacity, whereby the original bequest is preserved as nonexpendable and the interest earnings are available for scholarships for Powell County High School students.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

#### Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions are where each party receives equal value. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before eligibility criteria other than time requirements have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. Unused donated commodities are also reported as inventory and unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the County. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer. However, the actual due date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund when tax revenues are restricted to a specific purpose.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2022, to finance the General Fund operations were \$0.499 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$0.499 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$0.502 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the delivery, within the district, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### <u>Inventory</u>

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### Capital Assets (Cont'd)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. Improvements are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are expensed.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction-in-progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Buildings and improvements	25-50	years
Land improvements	20	years
Technology equipment	5	years
Vehicles	5-10	years
Audio-visual equipment	15	years
Food service equipment	12	years
Furniture and fixtures	20	years
Rolling Stock	15	years
Other	10	years

#### Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the amount "accrued sick leave" in the general fund. The non-current portion of the liability is not reported in the fund financial statements, but is reflected in the statement of net position.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### **Budgetary Process**

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP) during the year and adjusted to modified accrual for the governmental funds at year-end.
- b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP) during the year and adjusted to modified accrual for the governmental funds at year-end.
- c) Capital outlay is budgeted within the departmental budget (budgetary) as opposed to separate classification by character (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end in accordance with state law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

#### Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund advances are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the non-current portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CERS and KTRS, respectively. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Both systems publish separate financial statements as described in Note 6.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by these multiple-employer cost-sharing OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized by the pension systems when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value by the pension systems. Both systems publish separate financial statements as described in Note 7.

#### **Fund Balances**

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54) for fiscal year 2011 for its governmental funds. Fund balances for each of the District's governmental funds (General Fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, and debt service funds) will be displayed in the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance—amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance as of June 30, 2022 consists of \$2,374,511 for capital projects in the Construction, SEEK Capital Outlay, and FSPK Building funds, \$8,780 for debt service in the Debt Service fund, \$277,802 for student activities in the District Activity and Student Activity funds, and \$72.008 for sick leave in the General fund.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### Fund Balances (Cont'd)

- Committed fund balance—amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the board's highest level of decision-making authority, which is a resolution. \$81,573 of general fund balance has been committed for the site-based decision making council as of June 30, 2022.
- Assigned fund balance—amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The Board or a delegated entity has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose; these
  amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

The District considers unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also, the District has established the order of assigned, committed and restricted when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets and any deferred outflows/inflows related to debt issued for capital financing. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by various schools and fees charged for day care services. All other revenues are non-operating. Operating expenses can be tied directly to the production of the goods and services, such as the materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are non-operating.

Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset in the proprietary fund financial statements and business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements, unless a right of offset exists.

#### Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### **Bond Issuance Costs**

Debt issuance costs are expensed in the period they are incurred.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows- contributions to the CERS and KTRS pension systems after the measurement period, differences between actual and estimated actuarial assumptions in the two pension systems (see Notes 6 and 7), and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt (see Note 4).

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until appropriate period. The District reports one type of deferred inflows- those related to the net differences between projected and actual actuarial assumptions for pension and OPEB plans (see Notes 6 and 7).

#### New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87), increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that lease are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. GASB 87 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has reviewed lease agreements and determined the implementation of this standard did not have a material effect on its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period* (GASB 89), which seeks to (1) enhance the relevance and comparability of information concerning capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period, and (2) simplify accounting for interest cost incurred during the period of construction. In particular, GASB 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, and, thus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. GASB 89 became effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2022. Management determined the implementation of this standard did not have a material effect on its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

In January 2021, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2021* (GASB 92). GASB 92 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments. Provisions related to insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools and derivative instruments were effective upon issuance. All other provisions became effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2022. Adoption of the provisions required upon issuance did not have a material effect on the District's financial statements. Management determined the implementation of the remaining provisions of this Statement did not have a material effect on its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## New Accounting Pronouncements (Cont'd)

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. This standard will require similar recognition for right-to-use subscription intangible assets and a corresponding subscription liability that is provided for long-term leases in GASBS No. 87. The District will review its current IT subscription services to evaluate the impact of this standard, but since the recognized value for the intangible assets is generally the same as the corresponding subscription liability, there will be minimal financial impact for the District.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021 (457 plan reporting). This standard replaces the guidance in GASBS No. 32, the current standard for 457 plan reporting. The District will evaluate the impact of this standard on the District's deferred compensation plan offered to employees, but is likely to have minimal impact since the Kentucky Deferred Compensation Authority has its own governing board and provides the trust reporting for the plans offered to state and local government employees in Kentucky.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, that will be effective for these types of changes in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. The District will apply this guidance, when appropriate.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 (the District's 2025 fiscal year). This standard revises some definitions for compensated absences and consolidates guidance for all types of leave to a single accounting recognition. This standard is not likely to have a material effect on the District's financial statements since they only provide one type of leave that is already recognized using the principles in GASBS No. 101.

#### **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

#### Deposits and Investments

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240 (4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

No investments are reported at amortized cost. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

## NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments are valued using level 2 inputs.

Investments recorded by the district consist of the following as of June 30, 2022:

	Fair Value		
Investment Type	Classification	Fund	Fair Value
Guggenheim Annuity Contract	Level 2	Fiduciary	\$168,673
Anthene Annuity Contract	Level 2	General	239,721
North American Co. Annuity Contract	Level 2	General	211,098
Total Investments			\$619,492

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240 (4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end, the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC Insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$4,462,800. The bank balance for the same time was \$6,330,504. Due to the nature of the accounts and limitations imposed by the purposes of the various funds, all cash balances are considered to be restricted except for the General Fund.

# **NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

,	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$1,220,539	\$0	\$0	\$1,220,539
Construction in Progress	354,698	1,286,302	0	1,641,000
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	1,575,237	1,286,302	0	2,861,539
Other Capital Assets				_
Land Improvements	1,067,294	0	0	1,067,294
Buildings & Improvements	36,446,617	0	0	36,446,617
Technological Equipment	678,832	75,412	0	754,245
Vehicles	3,761,176	348,118	0	4,109,294
General Equipment	1,078,614	68,587	0	1,147,201
Total Other Assets	43,032,534	492,118	0	43,524,651
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(1,063,352)	(1,383)	0	(1,064,735)
Buildings & Improvements	(16,984,495)	(1,024,808)	0	(18,009,303)
Technological Equipment	(661,115)	(14,341)	0	(675,457)
Vehicles	(2,452,399)	(187,863)	0	(2,640,262)
General Equipment	(859,210)	(41,715)	0	(900,926)
Total accumulated depreciation	(22,020,572)	(1,270,111)	0	(23,290,683)
Other Capital Assets, net	21,011,962	(777,993)	0	20,233,969
Governmental Activities, net	\$22,587,198	\$508,309	\$0	\$23,095,508
Business Activities:				
Technological Equipment	\$8,800	\$0	\$0	\$8,800
General Equipment	626,433	0	0	626,433
Total	635,233	0	0	635,233
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Technological Equipment	(8,800)	0	0	(8,800)
General Equipment	(561,605)	(11,591)	Ö	(573,195)
Total accumulated depreciation	(570,405)	(11,591)	0	(581,995)
Business Activities, net	\$64,828	(\$11,591)	\$0	\$53,238
23.52227 (847)4839, 1134	ΨΟ 1,020	(\$11,001)		<del>400,200</del>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the governmental activities of the District as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

Instruction	\$553,882
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	0
District Administration	6,478
School Administration	768
Business Support Services	141
Plant Operations & Maintenance	515,541
Student Transportation	184,776
Community Services	8,525
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$1,270,111

#### NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS

#### **Bonds**

The District, through the General Fund, the Building Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Powell County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has the option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

In connection with the school revenue bonds issued after May 1, 1996, the District entered into "Participation Agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, interest rates, and outstanding balances of each bond are summarized below:

				Outstanding
				Balance
			Maturity	June 30,
Issue	Proceeds	Rates	Dates	2021
2013	\$5,545,000	1.50% - 3.00%	8/1/2028	\$3,600,000
2015R	2,685,000	2.00% - 2.40%	8/1/2026	1,470,000
2016 Energy	3,765,000	2.00% - 3.00%	5/1/1936	3,245,000
2016	4,120,000	1.15% - 3.00%	8/1/1936	3,685,000
2016R	960,000	1.10% - 3.00%	8/1/2028	710,000
	\$17,075,000			\$12,710,000

The bonds which may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2022 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Powell County School		Kentucky	School	
Dist	trict	Construction (	Commission	
Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
\$593,886	\$220,233	\$356,114	\$95,367	\$1,265,600
616,499	207,943	363,501	87,979	1,275,922
638,805	194,977	371,195	80,287	1,285,264
665,918	181,603	379,082	72,401	1,299,004
693,479	166,408	356,521	64,125	1,280,533
2,833,982	617,964	1,406,018	211,974	5,069,938
2,749,577	204,975	685,423	40,224	3,680,199
\$8,792,146	\$1,794,103	\$3,917,854	\$652,357	\$15,156,460
	Principal \$593,886 616,499 638,805 665,918 693,479 2,833,982 2,749,577	\$593,886 \$220,233 616,499 207,943 638,805 194,977 665,918 181,603 693,479 166,408 2,833,982 617,964 2,749,577 204,975	Principal         Interest         Principal           \$593,886         \$220,233         \$356,114           616,499         207,943         363,501           638,805         194,977         371,195           665,918         181,603         379,082           693,479         166,408         356,521           2,833,982         617,964         1,406,018           2,749,577         204,975         685,423	Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest           \$593,886         \$220,233         \$356,114         \$95,367           616,499         207,943         363,501         87,979           638,805         194,977         371,195         80,287           665,918         181,603         379,082         72,401           693,479         166,408         356,521         64,125           2,833,982         617,964         1,406,018         211,974           2,749,577         204,975         685,423         40,224

## NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (cont'd)

## **Defeased Bonds**

The District has Series 2010, 2015, and 2016 refunding bonds which resulted in differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded debt creating deferred outflows of resources of \$49,402, \$32,751, and \$60,470, respectively. These deferred balances will be amortized to operations yearly for \$4,491, \$2,977, and \$5,039 through 2021, 2026, and 2028, respectively. The total balance of the deferred loss on refunding as of June 30, 2022 was \$41,878.

#### Financed Purchases

The District finances several buses under financing agreements issued by the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association (KISTA). The following table summarizes the KISTA agreements outstanding as of June 30, 2022:

	Maturity	Interest	Beginning			Outstanding
KISTA Issue	Dates	<u>Rates</u>	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance
Series 2015	3/1/2025	2.00%	\$85,937	\$0	\$22,575.00	\$63,362
Series 2016	3/1/2026	2.00%	109,617	0	22,496	87,121
Series 2017	3/1/2027	2.55%	131,551	0	21,722	109,829
Series 2019	3/1/2029	3.00%	174,221	0	21,261	152,960
Series 2020	3/1/2030	2.00%	104,299	0	12,700	91,599
Series 2021	3/1/2031	3.10%	0	486,834	53,970	432,864
Totals			\$605,625	\$486,834	\$154,724	\$937,735

Future minimum lease payments under the terms of the leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ended June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$155,376	\$18,457	\$173,833
2024	147,846	15,298	163,144
2025	146,800	12,213	159,013
2026	125,368	9,050	134,418
2027	106,912	6,431	113,343
2028-2031	255,433	9,289	264,722
	\$937,735	\$70,739	\$1,008,474

The following is an analysis of the leased property under capital leases by class at June 30, 2022:

Class of Property	Amount
Buses Book Value	\$997.722

## NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (cont'd)

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30. 2022:

	Beginning			Ending	Amounts Due Within One
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Year
Bonds	\$13,905,000	\$0	\$1,195,000	\$12,710,000	\$1,195,000
Bond Premium	35,650	0	420	35,230	0
Financed Purchases	605,625	486,834	154,724	937,735	154,724
Sick Leave	127,351	81,066	64,400	144,017	33,963
Total	\$14,673,626	\$567,900	\$1,414,544	\$13,826,982	\$1,383,687

#### NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS UNDER SHORT-TERM LEASES

Commitments under short-term lease agreements for office equipment provided for the minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Amount
2023	\$17.290

Expenditures for equipment under short-term leases for the year ended June 30, 2022 totaled \$17,290.

During analysis of the implementation of GASB 87 (See Note 1) it was determined the district only had leases for the short-term equipment agreements that meet the provisions of GASB No. 87, paragraph 16. Short-term leases are recognized as outflows based on the payment provisions of the contracts.

#### **NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS**

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA), an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. As of April 1, 2021, Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 78.782 shifted the governance of CERS to a separate Board of Trustees of the County Employees Retirement System. The CERS Board manages the CERS trust, including investment management.

## NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

KPPA provides the day-to-day administration (KRS 61.505) for accounting and benefit administration for CERS. The Kentucky General Assembly has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from <a href="https://kyret.ky.gov/">https://kyret.ky.gov/</a>.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service.

For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years of service or 65 years old At least 5 years of service and 55 years old At least 25 years of service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013 At least 5 years of service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and the sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years of service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years of service and 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	Or age 57+ and the sum of service years plus age equal 87  Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. In 2013, the General Assembly established funding status thresholds which must be achieved before another COLA can be awarded to retirees. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components.

Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

Employer Contributions – For the year ended June 30, 2022, employer contributions were established by the Kentucky Retirement Systems (the governing board for CERS prior to April 1, 2021). The governing Board establishes employer contribution rates based on the annual actuarial valuation completed in November each year for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. In 2017, KRS substantially increased the employer contributions as a result of changes to key actuarial assumptions.

## NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

However, the Kentucky General Assembly allowed employers participating in CERS to phase this increase over a 10-year period, and restricted annual increases in the employer contribution rate to no more than 12% over the prior year's rate. In addition, the 2020 Kentucky General Assembly froze employer contribution rates for 1 year to help local employers deal with the financial impact of the COVID pandemic. For fiscal year 2022, the employer contribution rate for CERS nonhazardous pensions was 21.17% and hazardous pensions was 33.86%. In fiscal year 2021, these rates were 19.30% and 30.06%, respectively. Rates for both 2021 and 2022 reflect the adjustments enacted by the Kentucky General Assembly to phase-in the actuarially determined rates. The 2021 valuation indicated that CERS the phase-in of the 2017 increases is now complete and the contribution rates beginning in fiscal year 2023 will return to the actuarially determined rates. (See Note 7 for additional rate information for the OPEB plans.)

Employee Contributions – Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required Contribution
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS of Ky")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS of Ky)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS of Ky was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. TRS of Ky is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS of Ky issues a separate publicly available financial report that can be obtained from the TRS of Ky website, at <a href="https://trs.ky.gov/administration/financial-reports-information/">https://trs.ky.gov/administration/financial-reports-information/</a>.

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

## NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation.

Effective July 1, 2008, the System was amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date. Members hired after July 1, 2008, must complete 27 years of service, attain age 60 and 5 years of service, or attain age 55 and 10 years of service. The annual retirement allowance for members hired after July 1, 2008, is 1.7% for 10 years or less of service; 2.0% for 10 -20 years; 2.3% for 20 - 26 years; 2.5% for 26 - 30 years; or 3.0% for more than 30 years of service. The annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS of Ky also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

TRS provides disability retirement allowance for members who are totally and permanently disabled after completing at least 5 years of service, but less than 27 years. The disability allowance is equal to 60% of the member's final average salary, payable over an entitlement period equal to 25% of the service credited to the member at the date of disability or five years, whichever is longer. If the member is still disabled after the end of the entitlement period, the member receives a service retirement allowance, including additional service credit for the period of disability retirement. This extended allowance will not be less than \$6,000 and is not reduced for retirement prior to age 60 or completion of 27 years of service.

TRS provides a death benefit to a surviving spouse of an active member with less than 10 years of service. This benefit is \$2,880 per year unless the spouse has income from other sources that exceed \$6,600 which will reduce this death benefit to \$2,160 per year.

## NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

A surviving spouse of an active member with 10 or more years of service is eligible for a death benefit actuarially equivalent to the allowance that the member would have received upon retirement. This benefit will commence on the date the deceased member would have been eligible for the service retirement and is payable during the life of the spouse. Additional benefits are provided for unmarried children under age 18 who are also survivors of the deceased member.

If an employee terminates covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 9.105% of their salaries to the System for pension benefits. (See OPEB discussion for additional contribution rates.) For the FY21 measurement period, the Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, paid matching contributions at the rate of 15.335% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 16.335% for those hired after July 1, 2008, for pension benefits. (See OPEB discussion for additional contribution rates.) The 2018 actuarially determined combined member and state contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was 38.56% for non-university members hired before July 1, 2008, and 39.56% for those hired after July 1, 2008. The 2019 actuarially determined combined member and state contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was 39.26% for non-university members hired before July 1, 2008, and 40.26% for those hired after July 1, 2008. The Kentucky General Assembly increased the employer contribution in the state's fiscal year 2022 budget to reflect the actually determined rates, less the employee contribution.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS of Ky because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS of Ky on behalf of the District in a special funding situation.

## **NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)**

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net CERS pension liability	\$ 8,833,841
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net KTRS pension	20,000,004
liability associated with the District	36,890,994
	\$ 45,724,835

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.138553 percent. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$334,013 related to CERS and a negative expense of \$2,786,814 related to TRS of Ky. The District also recognized an additional negative on-behalf revenue of \$5,747,009 for TRS of Ky support provided by the Commonwealth paid directly to TRS of Ky. TRS has reported negative pension expense since the 2018 measurement period when the discount rate was increased from a blended rate based on the Municipal Bond Index to the TRS long-term investment earnings rate. The CERS negative expense reflects the impact of significant investment returns for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, which are recognized over a 5-year period in the actuarial valuation.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		,	
experience	\$ 101,440	\$	85,738
Changes of assumptions	118,561		-
Net difference between projected and actual	0.40.004		4 500 007
earnings on pension plan investments	342,694		1,520,097
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions	558,072		8,573
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	830,079		-
	\$ 1,950,846	\$	1,614,408

## NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

\$830,079 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:								
2023	\$	220,029						
2024	\$	(91,563)						
2025	\$	(253,408)						
2026	\$	(368,700)						
2027	\$	_						

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	TRS of Ky_
Price inflation	2.30%	2.5%
Cost-of-living adjustment	0.0%	1.5%
Salary increases	3.30% - 10.30%	3.0-7.5%
Investment rate of return	6.25%	7.1%

For CERS, mortality tables were revised for the 2019 measurement based on an experience study completed in March 2019. The mortality table used for active members was the PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the non-hazardous system, and the PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous system, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. For disabled members, the table used is the PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

For TRS of Ky, mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 and various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent.

## NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years, at a minimum. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2014 through 2018, is outlined in a report dated April 18, 2019. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long- term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

However, the expected returns in the following table are based on ten-year yields for the current asset allocation developed by the investment consultant based on their capital market analysis prior to the impact of COVID.

		Ten-Year
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of
	Allocation	<u>Return</u>
Growth:	68.50%	
U. S. Equity	21.75%	5.70%
Non US Equity	21.75%	6.35%
Private Credit	10.00%	9.70%
High Yield Credit	15.00%	2.80%
Liquidity:	11.50%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.00%
Cash	1.50%	-0.60%
Diversifying Strategies:		
Real Estate	10.00%	5.40%
Opportunistic	0.00%	N/A
Real Return	<u>10.00%</u>	4.55%
Total	100.00%	
Expected Real Return		5.00%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		<u>2.30%</u>
<b>Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio</b>		7.30%
-		·

For TRS of Ky, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

# NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS of Ky's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	37.4%	4.2%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	4.7%
Developed International Equity	16.5%	5.3%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.5%	5.4%
Fixed Income	15.0%	(0.1)%
High Yield Bonds	2.0%	1.7%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	2.2%
Real Estate	7.0%	4.0%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.9%
Cash	2.0%	-0.3%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

Discount rate—For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Beginning 2018, the Kentucky General Assembly allowed CERS employers to use a ten-year phase-in for the significant contribution increases that resulted when the earnings assumption was lowered from 7.5% to 6.25%. This phased-in approach is the current "statutory contribution rates" based on actuarial projections, but limited to no more than a 12% annual increase. In 2020, the General Assembly froze employer contribution rates for local governments participating in CERS for fiscal year 2021. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The actuarial valuation for the 2021 measurement period indicates that CERS employers have now reached the actuarially-determined contribution levels and rates for 2023 and future years will be based on the actuarial calculations.

For TRS of Ky, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the statutorily required rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS of Ky proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease	 Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
CERS	_	5.25%	 6.25%	-	7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	11,329,820	\$ 8,833,841	\$	6,768,476
KTRS		6.10%	7.10%		8.10%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS of Ky.

## **Deferred Compensation**

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, was amended by GASBS No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. The GASB standards allow entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities for these defined contribution plans from their financial statements. The District therefore does not show these assets and liabilities in this financial statement.

#### NOTE 7 - POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

The District's employees are provided with two OPEB plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. Retired District employees receive some health care benefits depending on their length of service. In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes, these benefits are provided and advance funded on an actuarially determined basis through the CERS and TRS of Ky plans.

## NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

The change in governance for CERS discussed in Note 6 for pension plan governance also applies to the CERS OPEB plans. The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority's publicly available financial report includes the CERS OPEB plan reports and may be obtained from <a href="http://kyret.ky.gov/">http://kyret.ky.gov/</a>. TRS of Ky issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.TRS">http://www.TRS</a> of Ky.ky.gov/05 publications/index.htm.

## **CERS Other Postemployment Benefits**

Plan Description—CERS health insurance benefits are also subject to various participation dates to determine eligibility and health insurance contribution rates. For employees who initiated participation in the CERS system prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly contribution rate for insurance covered based on the retired member's years of service and type of service. Non-hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for only the member's health insurance premium. Hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for both the member and dependent coverage.

Benefits Provided—Percentage of premium subsidies ranges from 0% for less than 4 years of service to 100% for 20 years or more of service. For members who initiated participation in the CERS system after July 1, 2003 until August 31, 2008, members must have 120 months of service in a state-administered retirement system to qualify for participation in the KRS health plans. Members who began participating with KRS on or after September 1, 2008, must have 180 months of service upon retirement to participate in the KRS health plans. Non- hazardous retirees receive \$10 toward the monthly premium for each full year of service. Hazardous retirees receive \$15 toward the monthly premium and the hazardous retiree's spouse may also receive this contribution upon the retiree's death. The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually by a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) since July 2004.

Contributions— CERS allocates a portion of the employer contributions to the health insurance benefit plans. CERS allocated 5.78% in FY 2022 and 4.76% in FY 2021 for the actuarially required contribution rate paid by employers for funding the nonhazardous healthcare benefit. Contributions for the hazardous OPEB plan were 10.47% in 2022 and 9.52% in FY 2021. In addition, 1% of the Tier 2 and 3 employee contributions are allocated to the health insurance plan for both hazardous and nonhazardous plans.

CERS OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$2,651,896 for its proportionate share of the CERS collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.138520 percent.

## NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

The District recognized a negative OPEB expense of \$74,414 as the OPEB liability and the related deferred outflows of resources decreased while deferred inflows of resources increased with significant investment returns in the 2021 valuation.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

CERS	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		_
experience	\$ 417,011	\$ 791,768
Changes of assumptions	703,068	2,466
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	133,610	548,463
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	185,999	53,886
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	226,635	-
	\$ 1,666,323	\$ 1,396,583

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$226,635 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year ended</u>	<u>June 30:</u>	
2023	\$	101,230
2024	\$	38,151
2025	\$	39,117
2026	\$	(135,393)
2027	\$	-
Thereafter	\$	_

#### NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation. Projected salary increases 3.30% - 10.30%, for non-hazardous, depending on years of service

3.55% to 19.05%, for hazardous, depending on years of service

Inflation rate 2.30%

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Under 65 Initial trend starting at 6.25%, January 2021, and gradually decreasing

to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years

Ages 65 and Older Initial trend starting at 5.50%, January 2021, and gradually decreasing

to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years

Municipal Bond Index Rate 1.92%

Discount Rate 5.20% non-hazardous and 5.05% hazardous

Mortality rates for active members were based on the PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the nonhazardous members and the PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the hazardous members, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. Post-retirement mortality rates (non-disabled) used a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013 – 2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality Table is used for post-retirement mortality for disabled retirees with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience for the period covering fiscal years 2014 through 2018, is outlined in a report dated April 18, 2019. The investment return, price inflation, and payroll growth assumption were adopted by the Board in May 2021 for use with the June 30, 2021 valuation in order to reflect future economic expectations.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major class are summarized in the table below.

However, the expected returns in the following table are based on ten-year yields developed by the investment consultant based on their capital market analysis prior to the impact of COVID.

## NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

	Target	Ten-Year Expected
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Real Rate of Return
Growth:	68.50%	
U. S. Equity	21.75%	5.70%
International Equity	21.75%	6.35%
Private Credit	10.00%	9.70%
High Yield Credit	15.00%	2.80%
Liquidity:	11.50%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.00%
Cash	1.50%	-0.60%
Diversifying Strategies:	20.00%	
Real Estate	10.00%	5.40%
Opportunistic	0.00%	N/A
Real Return	<u>10.00%</u>	4.55%
Total	100.00%	
Expected Real Return		5.00%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		<u>2.30%</u>
<b>Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio</b>		<u>7.30%</u>

Discount rate – The single discount rate of 5.20% for CERS nonhazardous and 5.05% for CERS hazardous was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021. The Single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 1.92%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2021. Future contributions are projected in accordance with the current funding policy mandated in Ky Revised Statutes 61.565, as amended, which includes the requirement that each participating employer in the System contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate, which is determined using a closed funding period (the Kentucky General Assembly reset the amortization period to 30 years in 2020) and the actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the Board of Trustees. Current assets, future contributions, and investment earnings are projected to be sufficient to pay the projected benefit payments from the retirement system.

However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy for non-Medicare retirees is not currently included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy is not paid out of the System's trust. The implicit rate subsidy is paid by the Commonwealth of Kentucky self-insurance fund, Kentucky Employees Health Plan. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

## NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.20%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.20%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS	_	4.20%	 5.20%	 6.20%
District's proportionate share				
of net OPEB liability	\$	3,641,033	\$ 2,651,896	\$ 1,840,145

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Health Care						
	 1% Decrease		Trend Rate	_	1% Increase		
CERS							
District's proportionate share							
of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,909,050	\$	2,651,896	\$	3,548,523		

The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority's publicly available financial report includes financial reports for the CERS OPEB plans and may be obtained from <a href="http://kyret.ky.gov/">http://kyret.ky.gov/</a>.

## TRS of Ky POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

The Commonwealth of Kentucky (State) reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS of Ky Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans in a special funding situation for local school districts. Local school districts include a proportionate share of the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expenses for the cost-sharing medical insurance plan.

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 6, KRS 161.675 requires TRS of Ky to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The TRS of Ky Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS of Ky Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

## NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Benefits Provided—To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS of Ky Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS of Ky Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions— KRS 161.540 requires non-university members to contribute 3.75% to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit. The Commonwealth of Kentucky contributes three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and local school district employers contribute three percent (3.00%). In addition, the state contributes 2.32% for OPEB plan pre-funding. The total member and employer actuarially determined contribution based on the 2021 valuation was 4.64% for school district employees. The FY 21 difference between the total contributions and actuarially determined contribution (2.72%) was applied to reduce the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The FY20 total member and employer actuarially determined contribution rate was 3.54% and 2.06% (the excess payment) was applied to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

TRS of Ky OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$3,246,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for medical insurance. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.151274 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized a decrease in OPEB expense of \$467,904 as the liability decreased, deferred outflows and inflows of resource increased, and deferred contributions increased. In addition, the District recognized onbehalf revenue and expenses of \$218,067 for support provided by the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

## NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

KTRS	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		-	
experience \$	-	\$	1,930,000
Changes of assumptions	849,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between	-		346,000
District contributions and proportionate sl of contributions			308,000
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	259,428	_	-
\$	1,318,428	\$	2,584,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$137,990 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30:</u>					
2023	\$	(410,000)			
2024	\$	(412,000)			
2025	\$	(358,000)			
2026	\$	(308,000)			
2027	\$	(65,000)			
Thereafter	\$	28,000			

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.00 – 7.50%, including inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Under 65	7.00% for FYE 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by FY 2031
Ages 65 and Older	5.00% for FYE 2022* decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by FY 2024
Medicare Part B Premiums	4.40% for FYE 2021 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by
	2034
Discount Rate	7.10%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

<sup>\*</sup>Based on known expected increase in Medicare-eligible costs in the year following the valuation date, an increase rate of 20.00% was used for FYE 2021.

# NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2020 valuation and wash show as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	5.10 %
Fixed Income	9.0%	(0.10)%
Real Estate	6.5%	4.00 %
Private Equity	8.5%	6.90 %
Additional Category: High Yield	8.0%	1.70 %
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	2.20 %
Cash (LIBOR)	<u>1.0%</u>	(-0.30)%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

*Discount rate* - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020.

## NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010 were assumed to be paid by either the State or the retirees themselves.
- Administrative expenses were assumed to paid in all years by the employer as they come due and are not considered in the cash flow projections.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the Health Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the Health Trust achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the following Health Trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
  - o Employee contributions
  - School District/University Contributions
  - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010.

These adjustments were incorporated into the valuation with open group projections that assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amounts in the years if/when the Health Trust is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy (Schedule B). As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

- Adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years were based on the following assumptions:
  - Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
  - Estimates for new entrants were based on the assumption that active headcounts would remain flat for all future years.

Based on these assumptions, the Health Trust's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to pay benefits. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2119.

# NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

		1%		Current Discount	1%
	_	Decrease	_	Rate	Increase
KTRS		6.10%		7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share					
of MIF net OPEB liability	\$	4,156,000	\$	3,246,000	\$ 2,494,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Health 1% Decrease Care Trend Rate			1% Increase		
KTRS						
District's proportionate share						
of net OPEB liability	\$ 2,358,000	\$	3,246,000	\$ 4,351,000		

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

#### TRS Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$2,000 payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – The Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed 0.07% of salary to the Life Insurance Trust for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and 0.06% for fiscal year June 30, 2021. The actuarial determined contribution rate for FY 22 was 0.07% and 0.06% for FY 21.

## NOTE 7 - POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

TRS OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 0
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	 35,000
Total	\$ 35,000

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB revenue and expense of \$5,370 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.00 – 7.50%, including inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.13%
Discount Rate	7.10%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation.

# NOTE 7 - POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2020 valuation and wash show as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.40 %
International Equity	23.0%	5.60 %
Fixed Income	18.0%	(0.10)%
Real Estate	6.0%	4.00 %
Private Equity	5.0%	6.90 %
Additional Categories	6.0%	2.10 %
Cash (LIBOR)	2.0%	(0.30)%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

Single Equivalent Interest Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the Life Trust's cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The employer will contribute the Actuarially Determined Contribution (AC) in accordance with the Life Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applied.
- Administrative expenses were assumed to paid in all years by the employer as they come due and are not considered in the cash flow projections.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Life Trust's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to pay all benefits for all current members projected through 2119.

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – TRS of Ky issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.TRS of Ky.ky.gov/05 publications/index.htm.

#### NOTE 8 – ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. At June 30, 2022, this amount totaled \$144,017.

## **NOTE 9 - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES**

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated and include workers' compensation insurance.

#### **NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES**

Funding for the District's Grant Funds is provided by federal, state and local government agencies. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. If, based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced, or to refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantor's satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantor's intent to continue their programs. In addition, the District operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the District are subject to the administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal and state regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to, the U.S. Department of Education and the Kentucky Department of Education. Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or the Kentucky Legislature or an administrative change mandated by the Kentucky Department of Education. Such changes may occur with little or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including the additional administrative burden to comply with a change.

## **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for worker's compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund. These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school districts and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage.

## **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)**

Contributions to the Workers' Compensation Fund are based on premium rates established by such a fund in conjunction with the excess insurance carrier, subject to claims experience modifications and a group discount amount. Dividends may be declared, but are not payable until twenty-four months after the expiration of the self-insurance term. The liability insurance fund pays insurance premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage, and for any reason, by giving ninety days notice. In the event the Trust terminated coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund would be returned to the member on a pro rata basis.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past several fiscal years.

#### **NOTE 12 - COBRA**

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFICIT OPERATING/ FUND BALANCES**

The Food Service Fund is operating with a deficit fund balance of \$475,555 at June 30, 2022. The following funds had operations that resulted in a current year deficit after transfers and other financing sources (see Note 14) resulting in the following reductions of fund balances:

Building Fund \$110,996 Capital Outlay Fund \$7,864

#### **NOTE 14 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
General	Special Revenue	KETS Matching	\$42,453
Special Revenue	Construction	Construction	\$1,966,175
Special Revenue	Food Service	Expense Reimbursement	\$140,005
Capital Outlay	Construction	Construction	\$210,158
Building	Construction	Construction	\$721,228
Building	Debt Service	Debt Service	\$838,003
Construction	General	Expense Reimbursement	\$282,203
Construction	Construction	Interfund Project Transfer	\$963
Food Service	General	Expense Reimbursement	\$52,166

## **NOTE 15 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System	\$ 3,168,195
Health & Life Insurance	2,370,486
Technology	91,656
Debt Service	498,191
Recognized at the Fund Level	\$ 6,128,528
Additional pension expense recognized	
at the Government-Wide Level	\$ (5,955,009)
Total On-Behalf	\$ 173,519

These payments were recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund balance as follows:

General Fund	\$ 5,422,857
Food Service Fund	207,480
Debt Service Fund	498,191
Total	\$ 6,128,528

#### **NOTE 16-LITIGATION**

The District is subject to several legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

#### **NOTE 17- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In preparing these financial statements, management of the District has evaluated events and transaction for potential recognition or disclosure through November 4, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### **NOTE 18 – RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

Prior to the year ended June 30, 2022, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak to be a pandemic. COVID -19 continues to spread across the globe and is impacting worldwide economic activity. The continued spread of the disease represents a significant risk that operations will continue to be disrupted for the foreseeable future. The full extent to which COVID-19 impacts the District will depend on future developments which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2017 (2016)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2016 (2015)	
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net pension liability	(	0.138553%		0.131814%		0.122517%		0.124204%		0.128885%		0.135900%		0.137300%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	8,833,841	\$	10,110,025	\$	8,616,674	\$	7,564,402	\$	7,554,035	\$	6,690,266	\$	5,901,516
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,389,854	\$	3,246,252	\$	3,100,092	\$	3,088,791	\$	2,771,090	\$	3,299,597	\$	4,439,208
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		260.60%		311.44%		277.90%		244.90%		272.60%		202.80%		132.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.33%		47.81%		50.45%		53.54%		53.30%		55.50%		59.97%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net pension liability		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associate with the District Total	\$ \$	36,890,994 36,890,994	\$	38,480,449 38,480,449	\$	38,428,357 38,428,357	\$	37,503,211 37,503,211	\$	83,434,442 83,434,442	\$	90,120,765 90,120,765	\$	71,163,841 71,163,841
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,019,908	\$	9,484,797	\$	10,580,700	\$	9,479,900	\$	10,155,609	\$	10,227,610	\$	10,097,712
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		65.59%		58.27%		58.80%		59.30%		56.40%		54.60%		55.30%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. **Note:** These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

#### POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 2022		2021		2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ 830,079	\$	691,512	\$	660,212	\$ 502,835	\$ 447,257	\$ 386,567	\$ 409,810
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 830,079		691,512		660,212	 502,835	447,257	 386,567	 409,810
Contribution deficiency (excess)		0		0		-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,921,016	\$	3,582,967	\$	3,420,790	\$ 3,100,092	\$ 3,088,791	\$ 2,771,090	\$ 3,299,597
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	21.17%		19.30%		19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	13.95%	12.42%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 	<u>-</u> _	 <u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-		-		-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,674,087	\$	10,019,908	\$	9,407,819	\$ 10,580,700	\$ 9,479,900	\$ 10,155,609	\$ 10,227,610
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:**

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:**

The actuarially determined contribution rates are determined on an annual basis using the actuarial valuation conducted two years prior to the year in which the contribution will be assessed. The amortization period for the unfunded liability was reset as of July 1, 2013, to a closed 30-year period.

The 2019 actuarial valuation used update mortality tables for all categories of members and beneficiaries and a system-specific mortality table for non-disabled retirees. In 2019, mortality rates for active members were based on the PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the nonhazardous members and the PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the hazardous members, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. Post-retirement mortality rates (non-disabled) used a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013 – 2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality Table is used for post-retirement mortality for disabled retirees with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. Previous valuations were based on RP-2000 Combined Mortality Tables.

For the 2017 actuarial valuation, several key actuarial assumptions were revised. Changes in assumptions prior to 2016 provided minor adjustments to the actuarial measurements. The following table outlines the actuarial methods and assumptions that were used in 2019 and 2016 to determine contribution rates reported for all systems:

Assumption	2017 Valuation	2016 Valuation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level of Percentage of	Level of Percentage of
	Payroll, closed	Payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	26 Years	27 Years
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Post-retirement benefit adjustments	0.00%	0.00%
Inflation	2.30%	3.25%
Salary Increase	3.3% to 11.55% varies by service), average, including Inflation	<b>4%</b> , average, including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, including Inflation	7.5%, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, including Inflation

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Cont'd):**

#### **Changes of Benefit Terms:**

2009: A new benefit tier for members who first participate on or after September 1, 2008 was introduced which included the following changes:

- 1. Tiered Structure for benefit accrual rates
- 2. New retirement eligibility requirements
- 3. Different rules for the computation of final average compensation

2014: A cash balance plan was introduced for member whose participation date is on or after January 1, 2014

#### KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

**2014 Changes of Assumptions** – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was increased from 5.16% to 5.23%.

**2015 Changes of Assumptions** – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was decreased from 5.23% to 4.88%.

**2016 Changes of Assumptions** – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was decreased from 4.88% to 4.20%. Rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted based on an experience study conducted in 2015. The Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were also decreased.

**2017 Changes of Assumptions** – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was increased from 4.20% to 4.49%.

**2018 Changes of Assumptions** – The 2018 actuarial analysis for TRS of Ky indicated that cash flow for the system would be sufficient to pay benefits in all periods. As a result, the discount rate for the 2018 study was the same as the long-term expected yield of 7.5%. In 2017, the analysis used a blended rate of 4.49% which included the application of the municipal bond index to periods after 2038. The actuarial gains for this change will be recognized over the average remaining service lives for active members (10.6 years for the 2020 valuation) and are creating negative pension expense for the TRS pension system.

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	•	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2022 (2021)	•	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2021 (2020)	•	easurement Date) 2020 (2019)	_	erting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2019 (2018)	•	orting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2018 (2017)
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.138520%		0.131776%		0.122485%		0.124199%		0.128885%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,651,896	\$	3,181,990	\$	2,060,145	\$	2,205,129	\$	2,591,029
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,389,854	\$	3,246,252	\$	3,100,092	\$	3,088,791	\$	2,771,090
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		78.23%		98.02%		66.45%		71.39%		93.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		62.91%		51.67%		60.44%		57.62%		52.40%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.151274%		0.145435%		0.150307%		0.148137%		0.161762%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,246,000	\$	3,670,000	\$	4,399,000	\$	5,139,931	\$	5,768,080
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$ \$	2,636,000 5,882,000	\$	3,674,000 7,344,000	\$	3,553,000 7,952,000	\$	4,430,000 9,569,931	\$	4,712,000 10,480,080
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	8,950,573	\$	8,561,717	\$	10,580,700	\$	9,479,900	\$	10,155,609
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		36.27%		42.87%		41.58%		54.22%		56.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		51.74%		39.05%		32.58%		25.50%		21.18%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

**Note:** These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 2022	 2021	2020	 2019	 2018
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ 226,635	\$ 170,549	\$ 162,829	\$ 163,065	\$ 145,173
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 226,635	170,549	162,829	 163,065	 145,173
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,921,016	\$ 3,582,967	\$ 3,420,790	\$ 3,100,092	\$ 3,088,791
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	5.78%	4.76%	4.76%	5.26%	4.70%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ 259,428	\$ 268,524	\$ 282,235	\$ 317,421	\$ 284,397
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 259,428	 268,524	 282,235	 317,421	 284,397
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,643,862	\$ 8,950,573	\$ 9,407,819	\$ 10,580,700	\$ 9,479,900
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:**

Valuation Date: June 30, 2020

**2017 Changes in Actuarial assumptions:** The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions which were changed from the 2016 actuarial valuation, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Projected salary increases 4% average Inflation rate 3.25%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Under 65 Initial trend starting at 7.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00%

over a period of 5 years

Ages 65 and Older Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an

ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over a period of 2 years
Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.56%
Discount Rate 5.84%

#### **KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:**

Valuation Date: June 30, 2020

#### 2017 Changes to benefit terms:

With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retire prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

#### 2019 Changes to assumptions:

The State's biennial budget for the two years ended June 30, 2020, included the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) rate for the TRS of Ky system plus additional contributions to address the shortfall from previous years. The actuarial analysis for the June 30, 2019 measurement included an assumption that future state contributions would be based on the ADC which provides sufficient funding for all future periods. As a result, TRS used the long-term rate of return, 7.5%, as the 2019 discount rate instead of a blended rate that included the municipal bond index for certain future periods.

## 2020 Changes to assumptions:

The actuary updated the health care trend rates based on current economic data.

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Reporting Fiscal Year	Repo	rting Fiscal Year	Repo	rting Fiscal Year	Repo	rting Fiscal Year	Rep	orting Fiscal Year
	(Measurement Date)	(Me	asurement Date)	(Mea	asurement Date)	(Me	asurement Date)	(M	easurement Date)
	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
	(2021)		(2020)		(2019)		(2018)		(2017)
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0%		0%		0%		0%		0%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	-		-		-		-		-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$ 35,000 \$ 35,000	\$	89,000 89,000	\$	83,000 83,000	\$	76,000 76,000	\$	63,000 63,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,950,573	\$	8,561,717	\$	10,580,700	\$	9,479,900	\$	10,155,609
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	89.15%		71.57%		73.40%		75.00%		79.99%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 	 	 	<u>-</u>	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,643,862	\$ 8,950,573	\$ 9,407,819	\$ 10,580,700	\$ 9,479,900
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

**Note:** These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:**

Valuation Date: June 30, 2020

#### 2017 Changes to benefit terms:

With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retire prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

## POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS:	_	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	_	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND	_	DEBT SERVICE FUND	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	_	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Cash and cash equivalents Interfund receivable	\$	202,294 -	\$	280,418	\$	8,780	\$ 1,764 -	\$	493,256
Accounts receivable	_		_	1,825	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	1,825
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	202,294	\$_	282,243	\$_	8,780	\$ 1,764	\$_	495,081
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$_	6,205 6,205	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$_	6,205 6,205
FUND BALANCES: Assigned Restricted		- 202,294		- 276,038		- 8,780	- 1,764		- 488,876
Restricted	-	202,234	_	270,030	_	0,700	1,704	-	400,070
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		202,294	_	276,038	_	8,780	1,764	_	488,876
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ <u></u>	202,294	\$ <u>_</u>	282,243	\$ <u>_</u>	8,780	\$ 1,764	\$_	495,081

### POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:					
From local sources:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Earnings on investments	134	11,786	-	-	11,920
Other local revenues	-	550,861	-	1,724	552,585
Intergovernmental - State	202,160		498,191	-	700,351
TOTAL REVENUES	202,294	562,647	498,191	1,724	1,264,856
E 19					
Expenditures:		E40 4E4		070	540.404
Instruction	-	518,151 687	-	273	518,424
Student Support	<del>-</del>		-	1 204	687
Instructional Support Student Transportation	<del>-</del>	9,516	-	1,384	10,900
Community Service	<del>-</del>	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	_	-	-	-	-
Debt Service			1,336,194	_	1,336,194
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		528,354	1,336,194	1.657	1,866,205
TO THE EXITENSITIONES	-	020,004	1,000,104	1,001	1,000,200
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	202,294	34,293	(838,003)	67	(601,349)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Operating transfers in	-	-	838,003	-	838,003
Operating transfers out	(210,158)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(210,158)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(210,158)		838,003		627,845
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,864)	34,293	-	67	26,496
Fund balance - beginning of year	210,158	241,745	8,780	1,697	462,380
Fund balance - end of year	\$	\$ 276,038	\$8,780	\$1,764	\$\$

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Cash Balances June 30, 2021	Receipts	Disbursements	Cash Balances June 30, 2022
Powell County High School	\$	160,101 \$	398,392 \$	376,165 \$	182,328
Powell County Middle School		40,246	91,306	86,176	45,376
Stanton Elementary		20,236	22,295	20,628	21,903
Bowen Elementary		13,346	19,730	17,564	15,512
Clay City Elementary	_	7,816	30,924	27,821	10,919
	\$_	241,745 \$	562,647 \$	528,354 \$	276,038

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES POWELL COUNTY COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Cash Balances June 30,			Cash Balances June 30,
ACCOUNTS:	 2021	Receipts	Disbursements	2022
General Fund	\$ 6,385 \$	1,398	\$ 1,614 \$	6,169
Teacher Vending	552	547	437	662
Foundation Scholarships	-	-	-	-
Student Activities	1,564	1,374	908	2,030
AP English	1,122	-	-	1,122
Courtesy Committee	59	-	-	59
Float Fund	180	300	-	480
PTO	803	941	1,201	543
Art Class Fee	471	48	54	465
Pirates for Paws	382	-	-	382
STLP	19	-	-	19
Tech Replacement Fee	96	50	96	50
FMD/SpEd	150	-	88	62
AP History	35	-	-	35
FMD Classroom	1	-	-	1
Connect	416	30	433	13
Humanities Trip	59	-	-	59
Science Grant	1	-	-	1
Student Testing	1,579	-	-	1,579
Christmas Tea	423	-	-	423
Graduation Honors	1,959	3,600	2,835	2,724
Social Studies Grant	131	-	-	131
Key Club	233	285	362	156
Senior Breakfast	19	5,492	5,444	67
Bass Team	543	12,017	11,618	942
Advance KY	-	-	-	-
Substitutes	270	-	-	270
Scholarships	-	-	-	-
Chess Club	90	141	-	231
Commited to Give	-	1,089	414	675
Upper Room	24	-	-	24
Academic Team	2,337	2,757	3,228	1,866
Student Parking	37	-	-	37
Library	52	-	-	52
Spanish	454	-	-	454
Entrepreneurship	1,327	7,260	6,790	1,797
Home Economics	288	-	40	248
Registration Fees	9,295	924	-	10,219
Prom	5,201	6,665	6,326	5,540
Senior Class Trip	1,063	23,539	24,398	204
Class of 2021	113	-	-	113
Class of 2022	-	-	-	-

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES POWELL COUNTY COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

ACCOUNTS:	Cash Balances June 30, 2021	Receipts	Disbursements	Cash Balances June 30, 2022
Band	\$ 3,596	\$ 5,880	\$ 5,984	\$ 3,492
FBLA	579	9,000	5,892	3,687
Ecology Club	3,828	952	3,790	990
YSC	5,299	1,966	3,549	3,716
Snack Shack	6,098	26,906	26,641	6,363
Band Uniform	2	-	-	2
Marching Band	2,657	16,858	6,690	12,825
Class of 2019	-	-	-	-
Yearbook	8,458	3,633	503	11,588
Pirates PBIS Store	511	-	349	162
AG Shop	100	340	-	440
Counselors	1,154	371	862	663
Class of 2020	-	-	-	-
DECA	355	1,032	336	1,051
Gear-Up Projects	6	-	-	6
Government Club	71	-	-	71
Science Olympiad	-	-	-	-
PCHS Dance Team	100	350	310	140
Charitable Organizations	-	-	-	-
Locker Rental	15	-	-	15
Beta Club	2,237	1,840	2,025	2,052
Drama Club	1,119	-	-	1,119
FCA	174	-	-	174
FFA	4,931	14,094	17,913	1,112
FCCLA	2,631	12,173	10,964	3,840
FCCLA Region 15	30	-	10	20
Playschool	-	-	-	-
Educators Rising	504	-	97	407
FFA Club	-	-	-	-
Sew What	2,861	<del>-</del>	200	2,661
Pep Club	5	1,214	681	538
TSA	6	-	-	6
Special Oylmpics	-	-	-	-
HOSA	395	-	-	395
Construction Club	152	-	-	152
Skills Club	6	86	86	6
HOSA Competition	8	-	-	8
Bus Garage	-	47	18	29
Futsol	10	-	-	10
Badminton Club	122	70.500	70.000	122
Athletics	28,495	79,522	78,302	29,715

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES POWELL COUNTY COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

ACCOUNTS:		Cash Balances June 30, 2021	Receipts		Disbursements	Cash Balances June 30, 2022
Baseball	- \$ -	4,339	\$ 16,881	\$	8,875	\$ 12,345
Boys Basketball		2,830	14,800		16,226	1,404
Girls Basketball		934	13,265		12,230	1,969
Cheerleaders Varsity		3,890	7,068		10,084	874
Concessions		876	18,942		17,817	2,001
Football		4,664	13,723		16,894	1,493
Boys Golf		344	5,605		3,800	2,149
Girls Golf		1,384	2,992		3,422	954
Softball		876	6,918		5,737	2,057
Track		1,873	2,000		3,244	629
Boys Soccer		1,159	3,104		280	3,983
Cross Country		3,928	3,484		2,649	4,763
Volleyball		1,213	7,955		8,057	1,111
Archery		300	-		-	300
Youth Football		4,453	17,164		12,532	9,085
Ahtletic Field Trip		1	-		-	1
Girls Soccer		1,384	5,826		1,280	5,930
Football Support		-	-		-	-
14th Region		-	-		-	-
Xteam		5,055	13,944		17,054	1,945
Cross County Regional		-	-		-	-
Cross Country Area 7		160	-		-	160
Student Field Trip		-	-		-	-
Band Trip		4,074	-		3,896	178
Band Parent Organization		1,830	-		600	1,230
Gen Athletics/Extras		286	 -	_	-	 286
TOTALS	\$	160,101	\$ 398,392	\$	376,165	\$ 182,328

# POWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS BY GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### Federal Assistance Listing

•	Assistance Listii	ng	
Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	number	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education			
United States Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster-Cluster			
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	40.555	7750002 24	¢457.022
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-21	\$157,832
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-22	911,860
National School Lunch Program	10.555	9980000-22	58,965
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7970000-21	2,606
School Breakfast Program	10.553 10.553	7760005-21 7760005-22	67,322 221,684
School Breakfast Program	10.555	769003-22 7690024-21	•
Summer School Feeding Program Summer School Feeding Program	10.559	7740023-21	2,277 34,711
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	4003432 COMMODITIES	120,453
Total National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	4003432 COMMODITIES	1,577,710
Total Child Nutrition Cluster-Cluster			1,377,710
Total Chila Nathtion Cluster-Cluster			
State Pandemic Adm Cost Grant	10.649	9990000-21	3,063
Total United States Department of Agriculture			1,580,773
United States Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)-Cluster			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	04.027	2810002 10	11 (10
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027 84.027	3810002-19	11,619
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	3810002-20 3810002-21	118,594 420,699
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	4910002-21 COVID 19 ARP	24,674
Total Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	04.027	4310002 21 COVID 13 AIII	575,586
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)			373,300
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	3800002-20	7,657
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	3800002-21	28,521
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	4900002-21 COVID-19 -ARP	6,080
Total Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)			42,258
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)-Cluster			617,844
, ,			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the			
ESEA)			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of			
the ESEA)	84.010	3100002-19	920
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of			
the ESEA)	84.010	3100002-20	605,970
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of			
the ESEA)	84.010	3100002-21	548,017
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of			
the ESEA)			1,154,907
Migrant Education — State Grant Program (Title 1, Part C of			
ESEA) Migrant Education State Crant Brogram (Title 1 Part C of			
Migrant Education — State Grant Program (Title 1, Part C of	04 011	2110002 20	17.004
ESEA)	84.011	3110002-20	17,004
Migrant Education — State Grant Program (Title 1, Part C of	84.011	2110002 21	42.400
ESEA)  Total Migrant Education State Grant Program (Title 1 Part C of	04.U11	3110002-21	42,489
Total Migrant Education — State Grant Program (Title 1, Part C of ESEA)			59,493
•			35,433
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule			

# POWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS BY GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Federal Assistance Listing

	Assistance Listin	ng	
Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	number	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States (Perkins			_
V)			
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States		PERKINS TITLE I-PART C	
(Perkins V)	84.048	CARRYOVER348GA	6,583
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States			
(Perkins V)	84.048	CARL D. PERKINS GRANT348I	40,000
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States		GEAR UP - SCHOOL BASED	
(Perkins V)	84.048	STAFF SALAR349GA	36,938
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States		GEAR UP - DIRECT SERVICES	
(Perkins V)	84.048	379GB	5,202
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States		GEAR UP - SCHOOL BASED	
(Perkins V)	84.048	STAFF SALAR379IA	177,811
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States		GEAR UP - DIRECT SERVICES	,
(Perkins V)	84.048	379IB	11,779
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States		GEAR UP - SUPPLEMENTAL	,
(Perkins V)	84.048	FUNDING379IC	2,344
Total Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States	04.040	TONDING 375IC	2,544
(Perkins V)			280,657
(FEIKINS V)			200,037
Dural Education			
Rural Education	04.250	2140002 21	15.761
Rural Education	84.358	3140002-21	15,761
Total Rural Education			15,761
6 5"			
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving			
Teacher Quality State Grants)			
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly			
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	3230002-20	57,648
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly			
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	3230002-21	122,202
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly			
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)			179,850
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-18	6,750
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-20	21,031
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-21	46,443
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			74,224
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			
		4300002-21	
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425U	Covid-19 ESSER	2,812,882
		4300005-21	
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425U	Covid-19 ESSER	2,726
		4200002-21	
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425D	Covid-19 ESSER	2,978,285
· ·		4200003-21	
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425D	Covid-19 ESSER	146,434
24464.01.0142.1124.01.1.4.14 (20.7)	0202	CARES ACT - ELEM/SEC EMER	2.0,.0.
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425D	ED RELIE613F	40,065
Eddedion Stabilization Fana (ESF)	04.4230	CARES ACT - GOVERN EMER	40,003
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425C	ED RELIEF633F	27.052
• •	04.4230	LD VELIEL033L	27,953
Total Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			6,008,345
Total Department of Education			0 201 001
rotal Department of Education			8,391,081
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule			

# POWELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS BY GRANT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### Federal Assistance Listing

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	number	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Department of Health and Human Services			
Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health through			
School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based Surveillance			
Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health			
through School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based			
Surveillance	93.079	2100001-20	650
Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health			
through School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based			
Surveillance	93.079	2100001-21	400
Total Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health			
through School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based			
Surveillance			1,050
Total Department of Health and Human Services			1,050
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$9,972,904

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2022

## **NOTE 1- BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Powell County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of operations of the Powell County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

#### NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1) Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- Powell County School District did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

#### **NOTE 3 – FOOD DISTRIBUTION**

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District received food commodities totaling \$120,453.

#### **NOTE 4 – SUBRECIPIENTS**

The District did not pass through any federal awards to a subrecipient in the current fiscal year

# SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Kentucky State Committee of School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Powell County School District Stanton, KY 40383

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Powell County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Powell County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2022.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Powell County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Powell County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management for the District in a separate letter dated November 4, 2022.

#### **District's Response to Finding**

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

In addition, the item mentioned above was an instance of noncompliance with specific state statutes or regulations identified in the *Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements* prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Lexington, KY November 4, 2022

# SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Kentucky State Committee of School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Powell County School District Stanton, KY 40383

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Powell County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Powell County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Powell County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Powell County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the audit requirements prescribed by Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Powell County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Powell County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Powell County School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Powell County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a quarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the audit requirements prescribed by Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the Auditor Responsibilities, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Powell County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the audit requirements prescribed by Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Powell County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Powell County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Powell County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Lexington, KY November 4, 2022

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# **Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results**

Financial Statements  Type of auditor's report issued - <u>unr</u>	nodified				
Internal control over financial reporti	ng:				
Material weakness(es) identif	fied?		_yes	X	_no
Significant deficiencies identi	fied		_yes	X	_none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		X	_yes		_no
Federal Awards Internal control over majority progra	ms:				
Material weakness(es) identit	fied?		_yes	X	_no
Significant deficiencies identi	fied		yes	X	none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on co	ompliance fo	or the m	najor p	rograms	s - <u>unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be report in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516 (a)?	•		yes	X	no
Identification of major programs:					
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
84.027; 84.173	Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
84.425C; 84.425D; 84.425U	Education	Stabiliz	ation F	und (E	SF)
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B program	ıs:	9	\$7 <u>50,0</u>	<u>00</u>	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	?		_yes	Χ	_no

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### Section II – Financial Statement Findings

#### 2022-001 Payroll

Condition: Some employees were not paid in accordance with the approved salary schedule.

Criteria: Observance of approved single salary schedule – KRS 157.320(12), KRS 157.50(3), and 702 KAR 3:070

Cause: Three employees were not paid in accordance to the approved salary schedule.

Effect: Noncompliance with Kentucky Revised Statutes and overpayment of employees.

Recommendation: We recommend management review payroll before it is finalized and confirm all employees are being paid in accordance to the salary schedule. We also recommend management review the salary schedule to ensure all extended days and extra services are presented correctly on the salary schedules.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:

A new process for matching the pay setup in Munis to the salary table will be implemented for new employees. Payroll officer will receive approval from Finance Officer/HR Manager that pay is correct before proceeding with payroll for each new employee.

## **Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

No findings in the current year.

# POWELL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### **Financial Statement Findings**

2021-001 Publication - Budget

Condition: District did not publish the budget in the newspaper.

Criteria: School district budget – KRS 424.250

Cause: The District did not publish the budget.

Effect: Noncompliance with Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Recommendation: At the same time copies of the budget are filed with the clerk of the tax levying authority for the district, the budget should be published in a newspaper.

Status: No similar finding this year.

### 2021-002 Publication – Annual Financial Statement

Condition: District did not publish the audited financial statements in the newspaper.

Criteria: Publication of financial statements - KRS 160.463

Cause: The District did not publish the audited financial statements.

Effect: Noncompliance with Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Recommendation: The audited financial statements should be published in a newspaper.

Status: No similar finding this year.

### **Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

No findings in the prior year.

# SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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Members of the Board of Education Powell County School District Stanton, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Powell County School District for the year ended June 30, 2022, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. This letter does not affect our report dated November 4, 2022 on the financial statements of the Powell County School District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various district personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Respectfully,

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC Lexington, Kentucky November 4, 2022

#### **BOARD**

Comment: During testing of payroll, it was noted that several employees did not have

current year contracts on file. We recommend management confirms they received contracts from all non-tenured employees at the start of each fiscal

years.

Response: A new process for collecting and confirming receipt of contracts will be

implemented to ensure current contracts are on file for non-tenured employees. More specifically, an employee spreadsheet will be developed

for tracking the receipt of these for current year.

Comment: Previously during procedures over investments, it was noted that

Investments do not meet KDE compliance (KRS 66.480). We recommend the district refer to the letter supplied to them by KDE in 2018 which outlines several suggestions on how to handle the annuities for the duration of their existence. The District should update the annuitant to be the current superintendent or the District itself. In addition, the Board should be made

privy to all investment activity in these annuities on at least an annual basis.

Response: Annual annuity statement will be included in the finance package presented

to the Board on an annual basis. Finance Officer has been advised by investment firms, annuitant cannot be updated unless the annuity is closed and reissued with a new annuitant. There are fees involved to make this change. The annuities will remain as Powell Co. Board of Education the

owner/beneficiary of each annuity.

### **SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS**

### POWELL COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

Comment: During testing of receipts, there were two instances of funds not being

deposited timely. a) We recommend the bookkeeper and the principal review the "receipts" section of the Redbook, which states, "A deposit shall be made on any day in which at least \$100 is on hand to deposit. In the event that less than \$100 is on hand to deposit, smaller amounts may be held in a secure location until the earlier of when \$100 is collected or the weekly deposit is made as required by paragraph c) of this item. If not deposited the day the money is collected, the treasurer still must write the receipt the day the money is collected. Money collected after school business hours shall be placed in a night depository or night drop at a bank or in the locked school safe and processed for deposit the following business day by the school treasurer. At a minimum, deposits shall be made on the last workday of the

week, even if the deposit amount is less than \$100."

Response: Will review policy with the bookkeeper and principal ensuring that all deposits

\$100 or more will be deposited the same day and under \$100 can be secured in the safe until next day. The receipt date should reflect the day the

money is received.

### POWELL COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

Any exceptions noted in testing appeared to be isolated incidents only and were communicated to management.

### BOWEN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Any exceptions noted in testing appeared to be isolated incidents only and were communicated to management.

## **CLAY CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL**

Any exceptions noted in testing appeared to be isolated incidents only and were communicated to management.

### STANTON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Comment:

During testing of receipts, there were two instances of funds not being deposited timely. a) We recommend the bookkeeper and the principal review the "receipts" section of the Redbook, which states, "A deposit shall be made on any day in which at least \$100 is on hand to deposit. In the event that less than \$100 is on hand to deposit, smaller amounts may be held in a secure location until the earlier of when \$100 is collected or the weekly deposit is made as required by paragraph c) of this item. If not deposited the day the money is collected, the treasurer still must write the receipt the day the money is collected. Money collected after school business hours shall be placed in a night depository or night drop at a bank or in the locked school safe and processed for deposit the following business day by the school treasurer. At a minimum, deposits shall be made on the last workday of the week, even if the deposit amount is less than \$100.".

Response:

Will review policy with the bookkeeper and principal ensuring that all deposits \$100 or more will be deposited the same day and under \$100 can be secured in the safe until next day. The receipt date should reflect the day the money is received.

# STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS

#### **BOARD**

Previously during procedures over capital assets, it was noted that an asset was not being depreciated. We recommend the fixed asset module be reviewed for correct setup of depreciation. There was no similar finding in the current year.

Previously during procedures over investments, it was noted that Investments do not meet KDE compliance (KRS 66.480). We recommend the district refer to the letter supplied to them by KDE in 2018 which outlines several suggestions on how to handle the annuities for the duration of their existence. The District should update the annuitant to be the current superintendent or the District itself. In addition, the Board should be made privy to all investment activity in these annuities on at least an annual basis. There was a similar finding in the current year.

Previously during testing of cash disbursements, it was noted that 2 purchase orders were dated after the invoice date and 6 purchase orders were not signed for approval. We recommend purchase orders be completed and properly approved prior to purchase. There was no similar finding in the current year.

Previously during procedures over cash, it was noted that the bank reconciliation did not reconcile by an immaterial amount. We recommend the district keep a reliable record of cash transactions during the month and reconcile those transactions during the end of the month bank reconciliation without any variance. There was no similar finding in the current year.

#### SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

### POWELL COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

Previously, during our review of cash receipts, it was noted that a sales from concessions form (F-SA-17) was not being filled out correctly. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Fundraiser" section, as well as review the official F-SA-17 form listed in the "Forms" section of the Redbook which gives guidance on correctly filling out the form. There was no similar finding in the current year.

Previously during our review of cash disbursements, it was noted that a PO was not approved in a timely manner. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Purchasing" section of the Redbook, which states, "Before being processed, each disbursement shall be documented by a completed purchase order and an original vendor invoice. If a vendor invoice is not available, the disbursement shall be supported by a Standard Invoice (Form F-SA-8), which must be signed by the payee." There was no similar finding in the current year.

### STANTON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Previously, during our review of cash receipts, it was noted that a multiple receipt form was not being completed correctly. Specifically, the receipt number was not noted on the MRF, and it appeared to be completed by the school treasurer, instead of the person remitting the funds. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Receipts" section, as well as review the official F-SA-6 form listed in the "Forms" section of the Redbook which gives guidance on correctly filling out the form. Per the Redbook, at a minimum, all areas of the F-SA-6 must be filled out when turning in funds. There was no similar finding in the current year.

Previously, during our review of cash disbursements, it was noted that an invoice was paid before being approved on the purchase order. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Purchasing" section of the Redbook, which states, "Before being processed, each disbursement shall be documented by a completed purchase order and an original vendor invoice. If a vendor invoice is not available, the disbursement shall be supported by a Standard Invoice (Form F-SA-8), which must be signed by the payee." There was no similar finding in the current year.

Previously, during our review of cash receipts, it was noted that multiple Sales from concessions/ bookstore forms (F-SA-17) were not being completed correctly. Specifically, the receipt number was not noted at the top of the form, and it was missing signatures from the preparer and school treasurer. We recommend bookkeeper review the "Fundraiser" section of the Redbook, which states, "The Sales from Concessions/Bookstore/School Store/Pencil Machine Form (Form F-SA-17) is to be used each time money is collected from these activities and turned in with the money to the school treasurer. There was no similar finding in the current year.