BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Elizabethtown Independent School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Elizabethtown Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the accompanying table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor, considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness on the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2021, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities,* Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period,* Statement 90, *Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61,* Statement 92, *Omnibus 2020 and* Statement 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 10, budgetary comparison information on pages 57 to 58, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities on pages 59 to 63 and schedule of contributions on pages 64 to 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Elizabethtown Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements, school schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements, school schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements, school schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated November 4, 2021, on our consideration of Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Heartland CPAr and admins, PLAC

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC Elizabethtown, Kentucky November 4, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT – ELIZABETHTOWN, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The discussion and analysis of Elizabethtown Independent School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to review the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning cash and investment balance for the District was \$13.6 million. Ending cash and investments were \$12.2 million.
- Following the completion of the District long-range plan for facilities, there is a focus on investing in plant management with the age and size of our facilities reflective of this need.
- The District's General Fund fund balance improved. Fund balance increased by \$.6 million.
- The General Fund had \$23.2 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), state on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance and property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding inter-fund transfers, there were \$22.4 million in General Fund expenditures.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Capital assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 12 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. There is a state mandated uniform accounting system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. The proprietary funds include the food service operation. The fiduciary funds are agency funds and private purpose trust funds. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 21 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 56 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, net position was \$5.9 million as of June 30, 2021.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Description	Governmental	Governmental	Bus	siness-type	Bu	siness-type	Total	Total
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current and								
Other Assets	\$ 13,755,759	\$ 11,592,266	\$	813,200	\$	769,440	\$ 14,568,959	\$ 12,361,706
Capital Assets	31,611,270	33,146,836		66,308		94,799	31,677,578	33,241,635
Total Assets	45,367,029	44,739,102		879,508		864,239	46,246,537	45,603,341
Deferred Outflows	3,391,317	2,867,517		505,578		428,180	3,896,895	3,295,697
Laws tama Dabt	25 000 074			0.040.770		4 700 447	07 054 740	07 000 070
Long-term Debt Other Liabilities	35,908,974 2,316,333	36,238,655		2,042,772		1,700,417	37,951,746	37,939,072
Other Liabilities	2,310,333	2,379,215		22,051		39,186	2,338,384	2,418,401
Total Liabilities	38,225,307	38,617,870		2,064,823		1,739,603	40,290,130	40,357,473
Deferred Inflows	2,799,114	2,420,519		155,430		201,416	2,954,544	2,621,935
Net Position								
Net investment in								
capital assets	10,411,411	10,923,329		66,308		94,799	10,477,719	11,018,128
Restricted	8,049,459	6,420,920		-		-	8,049,459	6,420,920
Unrestricted	(10,726,945)	(10,776,019)		(901,475)		(743,399)	(11,628,420)	(11,519,418)
Total Net Position		\$ 6,568,230	\$	(835,167)		(648,600)	\$ 6,898,758	\$ 5,919,630

Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2021 and 2020 (Table 1)

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

The District invested \$.1 million in capital assets and paid principal of \$1.1 million on bonds.

Comments on Budget Comparisons

- The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, net of Interfund transfers, were \$21.8 million.
- General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$7 million more than budget or approximately 43%. This variance was related to on-behalf payments that were not budgeted.
- The total cost of all programs and services including debt service was \$29.3 million.
- General fund budget expenditures to actual varied significantly in Instruction and Other Expenses. This resulted from the District not budgeting on-behalf payments made by the State of Kentucky and not having to spend budgeted contingency funds.

The following Table 2 presents a summary of changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Description	Governmental	Governmental	Business-type	Business-type	Total	Total
	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2020</u> <u>2021</u> <u>2020</u>		2021	2020
REVENUES:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 441,143	\$ 201,745	\$ 14,261	\$ 343,076	\$ 455,404	\$ 544,821
Operating grants and						
contributions	3,331,644	2,144,308	1,348,007	1,562,342	4,679,651	3,706,650
Capital grants and contributions	1,963,469	1,801,301	-	-	1,963,469	1,801,301
General revenues:						
Property taxes	6,225,525	5,844,584	-	-	6,225,525	5,844,584
Motor vehicle taxes	401,890	337,822	-	-	401,890	337,822
Utility taxes	760,995	763,406	-	-	760,995	763,406
Revenue in lieu of taxes	112,428	111,661	-	-	112,428	111,661
Investment earnings	195,062	306,201	2,016	7,969	197,078	314,170
State and formula grants	6,861,218	7,594,914	-	-	6,861,218	7,594,914
Miscellaneous	116,829	68,406	-	-	116,829	68,406
Total revenues	20,410,203	19,174,348	1,364,284	1,913,387	21,774,487	21,087,735
EXPENSES						
Program Activities						
Instruction	10,580,990	9,879,149	-	-	10,580,990	9,879,149
Student support	1,260,264	1,115,880	-	-	1,260,264	1,115,880
Instructional staff support	1,088,134	1,176,003	-	-	1,088,134	1,176,003
District administrative support	628,635	551,592	-	-	628,635	551,592
School administrative support	1,373,548	1,647,363	-	-	1,373,548	1,647,363
Business support	707,616	702,065	-	-	707,616	702,065
Plant operation and maintenance	2,198,727	2,777,396	-	-	2,198,727	2,777,396
Student transportation	866,325	816,816	-	-	866,325	816,816
Community service activities	172,015	163,981	-	-	172,015	163,981
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest costs	864,786	891,501	-	-	864,786	891,501
Business-type Activities:	,				,	,
Food service	-	-	1,455,864	1,680,084	1,455,864	1,680,084
Daycare	-	-	10,336	195,459	10,336	195,459
Total expenses	19,741,040	19,721,746	1,466,200	1,875,543	21,207,240	21,597,289
Excess before transfers	669,163	(547,398)	(101,916)	37,844	567,247	(509,554)
Transfers	84,651	99,676	(84,651)	(99,676)	-	-
Decrease in net position	\$ 753,814	\$ (447,722)	\$ (186,567)	\$ (61,832)	\$ 567,247	\$ (509,554)

Governmental Activities

Instruction comprises 50% of governmental program expenses. Support services expenses make up 42% of government expenses. The remaining expense for community services and interest accounts for the remaining 8% of total government expense.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

	(Table 3) Governmental Activities Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services							
Description	Total		Total	Net	Net			
	<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>			
Instruction	\$ 10,580,990	\$	9,879,149	\$ 7,324,932	\$ 8,011,072			
Support Services	8,123,249		8,787,115	7,778,477	8,472,365			
Community Services	172,015		163,981	58	755			
Facilities acquisition and construction	-		-	(1,402,554)	(1,241,658)			
Interest costs	864,786		891,501	303,871	331,858			
Total expenses	\$ 19,741,040	\$	19,721,746	\$14,004,784	\$15,574,392			

Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities include the food service and daycare operations. These programs had total revenues of \$1,364,284 and expenses of \$1,466,200 for fiscal year 2021. Of the revenues, \$14,261 was charges for services, \$1,348,007 was from State and Federal grants and \$2,016 was from investment earnings. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of this activity. If it becomes necessary, the School District will increase the charges for these activities.

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 13. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$31.3 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$29.5 million.

General Fund-Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process.

For the General Fund, revenues were budgeted at \$16.2 million, with actual amounts of \$23.2 million. Budgeted expenditures of \$19.9 million compare with actual expenditures of \$22.4 million. The most significant fluctuation is for unbudgeted on-behalf payments.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2021 the School District had \$31.7 million invested in land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and construction in progress and \$31.6 million in governmental activities. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2021 and 2020 balances.

(Table 4)
Capital Assets at June 30, 2021 and 2020
(Net of Depreciation)

Description	Governmental	Governmental I	Total	Total		
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Land and land improvements	\$ 293,015	\$ 303,120	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 293,015	\$ 303,120
Buildings and improvements	30,657,682	30,544,659	-	-	30,657,682	30,544,659
Technology	(4,174)	-	-	-	(4,174)	-
Vehicles	351,674	399,746	-	-	351,674	399,746
General equipment	313,073	221,060	66,308	94,799	379,381	315,859
Total	31,611,270	31,468,585	66,308	94,799	31,677,578	31,563,384
Construction in progress		1,678,251	-	-	-	1,678,251
Total	\$31,611,270	\$ 33,146,836	\$ 66,308	\$ 94,799	\$ 31,677,578	\$ 33,241,635

Table 5 shows changes in capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Description	Governmental	Governmental I	Total	Total		
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Beginning balance	\$33,146,836	\$ 32,866,979	\$ 94,799 \$	128,053	\$ 33,241,635	\$ 32,995,032
Additions	1,793,228	2,271,970	-	-	1,793,228	2,271,970
Retirements	(1,678,251)	(120,000)	-	-	(1,678,251)	(120,000)
Depreciation	(1,650,543)	(1,872,113)	(28,491)	(33,254)	(1,679,034)	(1,905,367)
Ending balance	\$31,611,270	\$ 33,146,836	\$ 66,308 \$	94,799	\$ 31,677,578	\$ 33,241,635

Debt

At June 30, 2021, the School District had \$21.3 million in bonds outstanding, of this amount \$1.1 million is to be paid from KSFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. A total of \$1.1 million is due within one year.

District Challenges for the Future

Elizabethtown Independent School District's financial status has declined slightly in the last fiscal year. However, as we look forward, we expect unfunded mandates and the national economic climate to have an impact on our District.

The District is experiencing increased personnel costs associated with preschool and special needs programs that have not been funded in full through state or federal programs. In addition, retirement costs of TRS and CERS continue to increase.

Increased costs have, in the past, been offset due to increased student enrollment producing additional state funding, and continued increases in business and residential property subject to tax within the School District. Our property tax base remained steady; however our School District, like all Kentucky School Districts, is limited to a 4% annual growth in property tax revenue on existing property.

With careful planning and monitoring of our finances, Elizabethtown Independent Schools' goal is to continue to provide a quality education for our students and a secure financial future for the School District.

Future Budgetary Implications

In Kentucky, the public schools fiscal year is July 1 - June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2021-22 with a 12% contingency. Significant Board action that impacts the finances includes pay increases for all employees, additional spending for facility repairs outside of bonded building and renovation projects, and continued funding of instructional initiatives.

The district's primary concern for the future are projected costs of employer pension contributions. For the 21-22 budget year employer contributions paid for employee benefits are projected to increase approximately \$205,000 on Salaries with continued projected increases for employer contributions each year in the near future.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information contact Denise Morgan, Director of Finance, 219 Helm Street, Elizabethtown, Kentucky, 42701, (270) 765-6146.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021

June 30, 2021			
	0	Business-	
Assets	Governmental Activities	Type Activities	Total
Current Assets			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Inventory Receivables:	\$ 12,919,381	\$ 683,051 39,898	\$ 13,602,432 39,898
Taxes-current	88,895		88,895
Taxes-delinquent	6,801		6,801
Other receivables	36,417		36,417
Intergovernmental-Indirect Federal Intergovernmental-Direct Federal	641,265 63,000	90,251	641,265 153,251
Total Current Assets	13,755,759	813,200	14,568,959
Noncurrent Assets			
Non-depreciable capital assets	267,795		267,795
Depreciable capital assets, net of	04 040 475	00.000	24 400 702
accumulated depreciation	31,343,475	66,308	31,409,783
Total Noncurrent Assets	31,611,270	66,308	31,677,578
Total Assets	45,367,029	879,508	46,246,537
Deferred Outflows of Resources CERS Pension	1,366,314	295,371	1,661,685
CERS OPEB	1,090,583	210,207	1,300,790
TRS OPEB MIF	916,374	-, -	916,374
Deferred amount on debt refundings	18,046		18,046
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,391,317	505,578	3,896,895
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	233,130	22,051	255,181
Accrued payroll and related expenses Unearned revenue	88,136 294,223		88,136 294,223
Bond obligations	1,110,000		1,110,000
Compensated absences	491,089		491,089
Interest payable	99,755		99,755
Total Current Liabilities	2,316,333	22,051	2,338,384
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Bond obligations	20,107,905	4 500 444	20,107,905
Net pension liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - CERS	7,565,000 2,400,313	1,568,414 474,358	9,133,414 2,874,671
Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF	4,811,000	11 1,000	4,811,000
Compensated absences	1,024,756		1,024,756
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	35,908,974	2,042,772	37,951,746
Total Liabilities	38,225,307	2,064,823	40,290,130
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
CERS Pension	184,505	47,356	231,861
	480,609	108,074	588,683
TRS OPEB MIF Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,134,000	155 420	2,134,000
	2,799,114	155,430	2,954,544
<u>Net Position</u> Net investment in capital assets	10,411,411	66,308	10,477,719
Restricted	8,049,459	00,000	8,049,459
Unrestricted	(10,726,945)	(901,475)	(11,628,420)
Total Net Position	\$ 7,733,925	\$ (835,167)	\$ 6,898,758

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2021				Program Rev			Net (Expenses) Revenues and				
					Changes in Net Position						
			Charges	Operating		Capital	Covernmental	BI	usiness-		
	Expanses		For Services	Grants & Contributions		Grants & Contributions	Governmental Activities	Type Activities		Total	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses		Services	Contributions		Contributions	Activities	A	cuvilles	TOLAI	
Governmental Activities:											
Instruction	\$ 10,580,990	\$	441,143	\$ 2,814,915	\$	-	\$ (7,324,932)	\$	_	\$ (7,324,932)	
Support services:	φ 10,000,000	Ψ	441,140	φ 2,014,010	Ψ		Ψ (1,024,002)	Ψ		Ψ (7,024,002)	
Student	1,260,264			83,387			(1,176,877)			(1,176,877)	
Instruction staff	1,088,134			230,000			(858,134)			(858,134)	
District administrative	628,635			,			(628,635)			(628,635)	
School administrative	1,373,548						(1,373,548)			(1,373,548)	
Business	707,616						(707,616)			(707,616)	
Plant operation and maintenance	2,198,727						(2,198,727)			(2,198,727)	
Student transportation	866,325			31,385			(834,940)			(834,940)	
Community service activities	172,015			171,957			(58)			(58)	
Facilities acquisition and construction						1,402,554	1,402,554			1,402,554	
Interest on long-term debt	864,786					560,915	(303,871)			(303,871)	
Total Governmental Activities	19,741,040		441,143	3,331,644		1,963,469	(14,004,784)		-	(14,004,784)	
Business-Type Activities:											
Food service	1,455,864		12,498	1,347,639					(95,727)	(95,727)	
Daycare	10,336		1,763	368					(8,205)	(8,205)	
Total Business-Type Activities	1,466,200		14,261	1,348,007		-			(103,932)	(103,932)	
Total Primary Government	\$ 21,207,240	\$	455,404	\$ 4,679,651	\$	1,963,469	(14,004,784)		(103,932)	(14,108,716)	

\$ 4,679,651 \$	1,963,469	(14,004,784)	(103,932)	(14,108,716)
General Revenues:				
Taxes:		0.005.505		0 005 505
Property taxes		6,225,525		6,225,525
Motor vehicle taxes		401,890		401,890
Utility taxes		760,995		760,995
Revenue in lieu of taxes		112,428		112,428
Investment earnings		195,062	2,016	197,078
State and formula grants		6,861,218		6,861,218
Miscellaneous		116,829	<i>(</i>)	116,829
Transfers		84,651	(84,651)	-
Total general revenues				
and transfers		14,758,598	(82,635)	14,675,963
Change in net position		753,814	(186,567)	567,247
Net position - beginning		6,568,230	(648,600)	5,919,630
Restatement		411,881		411,881
Net position - beginning, as r	estated	6,980,111	(648,600)	6,331,511
Net position - ending		\$ 7,733,925	\$ (835,167)	\$ 6,898,758

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	FSPK Fund	Debt Service Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Due from other funds Receivables:	\$ 5,144,277 169,092	\$ -	\$ 2,134,336	\$ 4,190,497	\$	1,450,271	\$	12,919,381 169,092
Taxes - current Taxes - delinquent	88,895 6,801							88,895 6,801
Other receivables Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal Intergovernmental - Direct Federal	21,923	14,494 641,265		63.000				36,417 641,265 63,000
Total Assets	\$ 5,430,988	\$ 655,759	\$ 2,134,336	\$ 4,253,497	\$	1,450,271	\$	13,924,851
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities								
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 211,398	\$ 17,701 169,092	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,031	\$	233,130 169,092
Accrued payroll and related expenses Unearned revenue	 88,136	 294,223	 	 				88,136 294,223
Total Liabilities	299,534	481,016	-	-		4,031		784,581
Fund Balances								
Restricted Committed	100,000 450,000	174,743	2,134,336	4,253,497		1,386,883 59,357		8,049,459 509,357
Unassigned	 4,581,454	 	 	 <u> </u>				4,581,454
Total Fund Balances	 5,131,454	 174,743	 2,134,336	 4,253,497		1,446,240		13,140,270
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 5,430,988	\$ 655,759	\$ 2,134,336	\$ 4,253,497	\$	1,450,271	\$	13,924,851

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021

Total fund balance per fund financial statements	\$ 13,140,270
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	31,611,270
Governmental funds record debt refundings as other financiing uses when the issues are refunded. Unamortized losses on refundings are reported on the statement of net position as deferred outflows of resources.	18,046
Governmental funds do not record deferred outflows of resources for pensions and OPEB but those are reported on the statement of net position as deferred outflows of resources.	3,373,271
Governmental funds do not record deferred inflows of resources for pensions and OPEB but those are reported on the statement of net position as deferred inflows of resources.	(2,799,114)
Certain liabilities are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented in the statement of net position:	
Bonds payable (net of discounts/premiums) Interest payable Compensated absences Net pension liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF	 (21,217,905) (99,755) (1,515,845) (7,565,000) (2,400,313) (4,811,000)
Net position for governmental activities	\$ 7,733,925

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	FSPK Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Taxes: Property Motor vehicle Utilities	\$ 5,430,697 398,947 760,995	\$-	\$ 794,828 2,943	\$-	\$-	\$ 6,225,525 401,890 760,995
Revenue in lieu of taxes Tuition and fees Earnings on investments	112,428 244,504 25,029	741	3,592	162,951	2,749	112,428 244,504 195,062
Other local revenues Intergovernmental - State	72,108 16,133,364	39,477 757,595	1,186,276	105,811	326,693 216,278	438,278 18,399,324
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal Intergovernmental - Direct Federal	38,517 13,260	2,325,135	1,100,270	455,104	210,270	2,363,652 468,364
Total Revenues	23,229,849	3,122,948	1,987,639	723,866	545,720	29,610,022
Expenditures:						
Instruction Support services:	15,241,726	2,661,857			391,318	18,294,901
Student Instruction staff District administrative	1,140,021 819,140 583,536	83,387 230,000			3,342 6,549	1,226,750 1,055,689 583,536
School administrative Business Plant operation and maintenance	1,284,776 646,820 1,948,554				14.209	1,284,776 646,820 1,962,763
Student transportation Facilities acquisition and construction	750,200	31,375			6,027 (7,285)	787,602 (7,285)
Community service activities Debt service: Principal	(308)	171,957		1,060,000		171,649 1,060,000
Interest				833,675		833,675
Total Expenditures	22,414,465	3,178,576		1,893,675	414,160	27,900,876
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	815,384	(55,628)	1,987,639	(1,169,809)	131,560	1,709,146
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance proceeds Transfers in	5,244 84,651	45,418	(4.000.000)	1,503,759	43,715	5,244 1,677,543
Transfers out	(310,357)	<u> </u>	(1,238,820)		(43,715)	(1,592,892)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(220,462)	45,418	(1,238,820)	1,503,759		89,895
Net Change in Fund Balances	594,922	(10,210)	748,819	333,950	131,560	1,799,041
Fund balance, July 1, 2020	4,536,536	184,953	1,385,517	3,919,547	902,799	10,929,352
Restatement					411,881	411,881
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020, as restated	4,536,536	184,953	1,385,517	3,919,547	1,314,680	11,341,233
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 5,131,458	\$ 174,743	\$ 2,134,336	\$ 4,253,497	\$ 1,446,240	\$ 13,140,274

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements	\$ 1,799,041
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which depreciation expensec exceeds apital outlays for the year.	(1,535,566)
Bond payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	1,060,000
The difference between actuarial pension and OPEB contributions and actual contributions made are recorded as adjustments in the statement of activities.	(507,446)
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	 (62,215)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 753,814

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2021

June 30, 2021 Assets	Food Service Fund		 Daycare Fund		Total
<u>Current Assets</u> Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal Inventory	\$	671,545 90,251 39,898	\$ 11,506	\$	683,051 90,251 39,898
Total Current Assets		801,694	11,506		813,200
<u>Noncurrent Assets</u> Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		66,308			66,308
Total Noncurrent Assets		66,308	 -		66,308
Total Assets		868,002	 11,506		879,508
Deferred Outflows of Resources CERS Pension CERS OPEB		238,939 187,045	 56,432 23,162		295,371 210,207
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		425,984	79,594		505,578
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable		22,051	 		22,051
Total Current Liabilities		22,051	 		22,051
<u>Noncurrent Liabilities</u> Net pension liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - CERS		1,313,324 413,359	 255,090 60,999		1,568,414 474,358
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,726,683	 316,089		2,042,772
Total Liabilities		1,748,734	 316,089		2,064,823
Deferred Inflows of Resources CERS Pension CERS OPEB		33,340 84,649	 14,016 23,425		47,356 108,074
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		117,989	 37,441		155,430
<u>Net Position</u> Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		66,308 (639,045)	 (262,430)		66,308 (901,475)
Total Net Position	\$	(572,737)	\$ (262,430)	\$	(835,167)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30, 2021	 Food Service Fund	[Daycare Fund	 Total
Operating Revenues: Lunchroom sales Tuition and fees	\$ 11,498 1,000	\$	- 1,763	\$ 11,498 2,763
I ultion and lees	 1,000		1,703	 2,703
Total Operating Revenues	12,498		1,763	14,261
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and wages	821,403		10,311	831,714
Materials and supplies	570,607			570,607
Depreciation	28,491			28,491
Other operating expenses	 35,363		25	 35,388
Total Operating Expenses	 1,455,864		10,336	 1,466,200
Operating loss	(1,443,366)		(8,573)	(1,451,939)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Federal grants	1,229,824			1,229,824
Donated commodities	96,392			96,392
State on-behalf payments	8,243		368	8,611
State grants	13,180			13,180
Interest income	 2,016		<u> </u>	 2,016
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) before Transfers	1,349,655		368	1,350,023
Transfers out	 (84,651)			 (84,651)
Change in net position	 (178,362)		(8,205)	 (186,567)
Net Position, July 1, 2020	 (394,375)		(254,225)	 (648,600)
Net Position June 30, 2021	\$ (572,737)	\$	(262,430)	\$ (835,167)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30, 2021	Fo	ood Service Fund	,			Total		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities								
Cash received from: Lunchroom sales	\$	11,498	\$	_	\$	11,498		
Other activities	Ψ	1,000	Ψ		Ψ	1,000		
Tuition and fees				1,763		1,763		
Cash paid to/for:		(504.400)		(0.040)		(004.400)		
Employees Supplies		(594,189) (491,350)		(9,943)		(604,132) (491,350)		
Other activities		(35,363)		(25)		(35,388)		
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		(1,108,404)		(8,205)		(1,116,609)		
Cash flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities								
Federal grants		1,223,337				1,223,337		
State grants		13,180				13,180		
Transfers out		(84,651)				(84,651)		
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities		1,151,866		-		1,151,866		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Purchase of capital assets				-				
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	6	-		-		-		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		0.040				0.040		
Receipt of interest income		2,016				2,016		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		2,016		-		2,016		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		45,478		(8,205)		37,273		
Balances, beginning of year		626,067		19,711		645,778		
Balances, end of year	\$	671,545	\$	11,506	\$	683,051		
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash								
used by operating activities:	¢	(4, 4,42, 2000)	¢	(0.570)	¢	(4 454 020)		
Operating loss	\$	(1,443,366)	\$	(8,573)	\$	(1,451,939)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash								
used by operating activities: Depreciation		28,491				28.491		
State on-behalf payments		8,243		368		8,611		
Donated commodities		96,392				96,392		
GASB 68 pension expense		176,305				176,305		
GASB 75 OPEB expense		42,666				42,666		
Change in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts payable		(17,135)		(0.00-)		(17,135)		
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(1,108,404)	\$	(8,205)	\$	(1,116,609)		
Schedule of non-cash transactions:								
Donated commodities received from federal government	\$	96,392	\$	-	\$	96,392		
State on-behalf payments	\$	8,243	\$	368	\$	8,611		
CERS pension	\$	176,305	\$		\$	176,305		
CERS OPEB	\$	42,666	\$		\$	42,666		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2021

• /	vate Purpose rust Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 218,798 8,217
Total Assets	\$ 227,015
Net Position	\$ 227,015

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	F	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions Contributions Net interest and investment gains	\$	25,704 8,535
Deductions Scholarships paid		34,239 (29,000)
Change in net position		5,239
Net Position, July 1, 2020		221,776
Net Position, June 30, 2021	\$	227,015

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Elizabethtown Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared to conform with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. <u>REPORTING ENTITY</u>

The Elizabethtown Independent Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Elizabethtown Independent School District. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies, which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

For financial reporting purposes, the accompanying financial statements include all of the operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity, as well as legally separate organizations that meet certain criteria. In accordance with GASB 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units", the criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity involve those cases where the District or its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on the District or the nature and significance of the relationship between the District and the organization is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be incomplete. Applying this definition, District management has determined that the component unit reportable within the accompanying financial statements is the Elizabethtown Independent School District Finance Corporation, (the "Corporation"). The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

<u>Blended Component Unit - Elizabethtown Independent School District Finance Corporation</u> – In a prior year, the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Elizabethtown Independent School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors. Therefore, the financial activities of the Corporation have been blended (reported as if it were part of the District) with those of the District. The Corporation does not publish individual component unit financial statements.

B. <u>MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT</u> <u>PRESENTATION</u>

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for Fiduciary Funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the District at year-end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The Governmental Funds are accounted for on the "flow of current financial resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus is based on the concept of accountability, which includes measuring interperiod equity whether current year revenues were sufficient to pay for current year services. The Proprietary Funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. Accordingly, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position for the Proprietary Funds reports increases and decreases in total economic net worth. The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most District functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in the Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial resources rather than upon determination of net income.

(A) The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

- (B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund.
- (C) The District Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and is used to account for funds received at the school level.
- (D) The School Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the <u>Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity</u> <u>Funds</u>.
- (E) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).
 - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
 - 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a major fund.
 - 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund.
- (F) The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest and related costs; and for the payment of interest on notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities, which are operated and financed in a manner similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon the determination of net income. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include salaries, benefits, supplies and other items. All items not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The District has two Proprietary Funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

- (A) The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs, which are conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA and for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky. This is a major fund.
- (B) The Daycare Fund accounts for the daycare operations of the District. Amounts have been recorded for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District on behalf of outside related organizations or on behalf of other funds within the District.

The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. Revenues consist of donations and interest income. Expenditures represent scholarships.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Modified Accrual

Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both available and measurable. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include ad valorem taxes, reimbursable-type grants and interest on investments. The District considers all revenues (with the exception of the expenditure-driven grants) as available if they are collected within sixty (60) days after year-end. The expenditure driven grants are considered available if received within one year from the balance sheet date. Property tax revenue is recognized when taxes are received, except at year end when revenue is recognized for taxes received by the District within sixty (60) days subsequent to fiscal year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred. However, exceptions include the amount of unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, claims and judgments and certain prepaids which are recognized when due/paid.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to revenues from Federal and State sources, the legal contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before the District will receive any amounts; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the occurrence of expenditures. In the other type, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed legal and contractual requirements. These resources arc reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. In all cases, monies received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met are reported as unearned revenue.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

<u>Accrual</u>

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

Revenue Recognition

State Revenue Sources - Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily from the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK"), administered by the Kentucky Department of Education ("KDE"). The District files reports on average daily attendance ("ADA") student membership with the KDE. The KDE accumulates information from these reports and calculates the allocation of SEEK funds to the District. After review and verification of ADA reports and supporting documentation, the KDE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of SEEK funding. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the reduction is made, as amounts are not significant.

Property Taxes - On an accrual basis, property tax revenue anticipated to be collected is recognized in the

fiscal year for which it is levied. Delinquent taxes collected in subsequent periods are recognized as revenue during the fiscal year in which they are received.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. BUDGETARY POLICIES

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

D. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to reserve a portion of an applicable appropriation, is utilized for budgetary control purposes. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures, and accordingly, amounts assigned for encumbrances at the governmental fund level indicate that portion of the fund balance segregated for expenditure upon vendor performance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are considered to be demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less.

F. INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market. The food service fund uses the specific identification method and the general fund uses the first-in, first-out method. The District's inventories include various items consisting of school supplies, paper, books, maintenance items, transportation items, commodities, etc. USDA commodities received from the Federal government are recorded at the value established by the Federal government using the average cost method.

G. PREPAID ITEMS

Expenditures for insurance and similar services extending over more than one accounting period are allocated between or among accounting periods in the governmental funds.

H. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds. All capital assets greater than \$5,000 are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets' life are not. All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
General equipment	5-15 years
Food service equipment	5-12 years

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

I. LONG-TERM DEBT

In the fund-level financial statements, governmental funds report the face amount of debt issued, as well as any premiums (discounts) as other financing sources (uses). Debt issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures. In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums/discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds and shown as an offset of bonds payable while deferred amounts on advance refundings are amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded bonds or the life of the new bonds both in a systematic and rational method, which approximates the effective-interest method and shown as deferred outflows of resources.

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences are payments to employees for vacation and accumulated sick leave. District employees may accumulate unused sick leave up to a specified amount depending on their date of hire. Sick leave is payable to employees upon termination or retirement at 30% of the current rate of pay on the date of termination or retirement. The District uses the termination method to calculate the compensated absences amounts. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. An expenditure is recognized in the governmental fund as payments come due each period, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences not recorded at the fund level represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

K. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. PENSION AND OPEB PLANS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System Kentucky (TRS) and County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's and CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS and CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

M. NET POSITION

Net position is divided into three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets.
- Restricted net position consist of net position that is restricted by the District's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by grantors (federal, state and local) and by other contributors.
- 3. Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

N. IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

Recently Issued And Adopted Accounting Principles

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement was effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements. The district now reports school activity funds as a Special Revenue Fund.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. There was no effect on the financial statements from adopting this standard.

In August 2018, the GASB issued Statement 90, *Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. There was no effect on the financial statements from adopting this standard.

In January 2020, the GASB Issued Statement 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2020, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95 There was no effect on the financial statements from adopting this standard.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates.* This statement is effective, except for paragraphs 11b, 13, and 14 for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The requirement in paragraph 11b is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. The requirements in paragraphs 13 and 14 are effective for fiscal years periods beginning after June 15, 2021. These dates were delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. There was no effect on the financial statements from adopting this standard.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement 87, *Leases*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but was delayed by eighteen months with the issuance of GASB 95. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements.* This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. This statement was effective upon issuance. For the postponement dates, see individual standard descriptions.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32.* The requirements in (1) paragraph 4 of the Statement as it applies to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans and (2) paragraph 5 of the Statement are effective immediately. The requirements in paragraphs 6–9 of the Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. All other requirements of the Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

NOTE 2 – PROPERTY TAXES

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> – Property taxes are normally levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund. The usual collection date is the period from November 1 through December 31. Property tax bills paid prior to December 1 receive a two percent discount. Property taxes received after December 31, are considered to be delinquent and the County Attorney can file a lien against the property.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2021, to finance operations were \$.865 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.865 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.538 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Deposits</u>

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities. At June 30, 2021, \$10,383,695 of the District's bank balance of \$10,633,695 was exposed to custodial credit risk. The bank balance not covered by depository insurance was collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution.

Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Fair Value	Less Than 1	
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 14,142	Not Rated	\$ 14,142
U.S. Treasury Bills	4,134,090	AAA	4,134,090
Total Investments	\$4,148,233	-	\$4,148,233

(1) Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated *Credit Risk*. Not rates indicates the investment is not rated. Ratings are from Moody's Investors Service.

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Generally, the District's investing activities are under the custody of the District Finance Director. Investing policies comply with State Statutes. Kentucky Revised Statute 66.480 defines the following items as permissible investments:

- Obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government;
- Obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or a United States government agency;
- Uncollateralized certificates of deposit issued by any bank or savings and loan institution rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or similar entity or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligations, including surety bonds, permitted by KRS 41.240(4)
- Bankers' acceptances for banks rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Commercial paper rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state and of its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality of agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency; and
- Shares of mutual funds, each of which shall have the following characteristics: 1. The mutual fund shall be an open-end diversified investment company registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended; 2. The management company of the investment company shall have been in operation for at least five (5) years; and 3. All of the securities in the mutual fund shall be eligible investments pursuant to this section.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS – CONTINUED

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. **Custodial Credit Risk** is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's securities are held in the District's name. No investments are reported at amortized cost. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments are level 1 inputs.

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

The following transfers were made during the year:

Fund Financial Statements

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Α	mount		
General	Special Revenue	Grants \$		45,418		
General	Debt Service	Debt Service		264,939		
FSPK	Debt Service	e Debt Service		,238,820		
Nonmajor Governmental	Nonmajor Governmental	ernmental Operations		43,715		
Food Service	General	Indirect Costs		84,651		
Government Wide Financial Statements						
From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	A	mount		
Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	\$	84,651		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. At June 30, 2021, Special Revenue Fund owed the General Fund \$169,092 for expenditures paid

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	J	July 1, 2020 Additions		Additions	Deductions J		June 30, 20)21
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	267,795	\$	-	\$	- \$	267,	795
Construction in progress		1,678,251				(1,678,251)		-
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		590,482		-		(1,678,251)	267,	795
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Land improvements		568,233					568,	233
Buildings and improvements		54,009,670		1,658,328			55,667,	998
Technology equipment		1,875,827					1,875,	827
Vehicles		1,521,981					1,521,	981
General equipment		1,154,393		134,900			1,289,2	293
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
at Historical Cost		58,333,698		1,793,228		-	60,923,	332
Accumulated depreciation:								
Land improvements		532,908		10,105			543,	013
Buildings and improvements		23,465,011		1,545,305			25,010,	316
Technology equipment		1,875,827		4,174			1,880,	001
Vehicles		1,122,235		48,072			1,170,	307
General equipment		933,333		42,887			976,	220
Total accumulated depreciation		26,057,201		1,650,543		-	29,579,	857
Total Other Capital Assets, net		32,276,497		142,685		-	31,343,4	475
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets - Net	\$	32,866,979	\$	142,685	\$	(1,678,251) \$	31,611,	270

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Function	Amount			
Instruction	\$ 1,469,544			
District administration	68			
Plant	 180,931			
	\$ 1,650,543			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS – CONTINUED

Business-Type Activities	Ju	ly 1, 2020	Additions	De	ductions	Ju	ne 30, 2021
Buildings and improvements Food service equipment	\$	339,450 998,266	\$ -	\$	-	\$	339,450 998,266
Totals at historical cost		1,337,716	-		-		1,337,716
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Food service equipment		339,450 903,467	28,491				339,450 931,958
Total accumulated depreciation		1,242,917	28,491		-		1,271,408
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets - Net	\$	94,799	\$ (28,491)	\$	-	\$	66,308

NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions and general liability coverage, the District purchases commercial insurance. The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

Description	July 1, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Due V	Vithin 1 Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds Payable:							
Revenue bonds	\$ 22,390,000		\$(1,060,000)	\$	21,330,000	\$	1,110,000
Less Discount/premium	(130,656)		18,561		(112,095)		-
Total Bonds Payable	23,270,783	-	(1,041,439)		21,217,905		1,110,000
Other Liabilities: Compensated absences	1,484,744	267,842	(236,741)		1,515,845		491,089
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 24.790.668	\$ 267 842	\$ (1 278 180)	¢	22.733.750	¢	1 601 089
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 24,790,668	\$ 267,842	\$(1,278,180)	\$	22,733,750	\$	1,601,089

The debt service fund is primarily responsible for paying the bond obligations through funding from the general, SEEK capital outlay and FSPK funds. The general fund is primarily responsible for paying compensated absences.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES – CONTINUED

Bond Liabilities

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Orig	inal Proceeds	Rates
2010 QSCB	\$	6,425,000	5.45%
2010 QZAB		2,470,000	5.63%
2011R		4,625,000	1.50% - 2.60%
2013		3,345,000	1.00% - 2.125%
2015R		4,825,000	1.00% - 3.00%
2015A		5,165,000	2.00% - 3.125%
2015B		535,000	1.4% - 3.2%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Elizabethtown Independent School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The District has "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements. The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2021, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	SFCC Portion	U.S. Govt Portion	District's Portion
2022	\$ 1,110,000	\$ 809,484	\$ 43,056	\$ 482,109	\$ 1,394,319
2023	1,275,000	782,599	43,056	482,109	1,532,434
2024	890,000	753,439	34,049	482,109	1,127,281
2025	700,000	736,876	-	482,109	954,767
2026	685,000	720,388	-	482,109	923,279
2027-2031	15,155,000	1,920,750	1,004,080	1,205,273	14,866,397
2032-2035	1,515,000	98,616			1,613,616
	\$ 21,330,000	\$ 5,822,152	\$ 1,124,241	\$ 3,615,818	\$ 22,412,093

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS

Plan Descriptions

The Elizabethtown Independent School District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes certified employees and the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes all other employees, both of which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. TRS, which qualifies as a special funding situation under GASB 68, and CERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. TRS is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Under the provisions of KRS Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KERS) administers the CERS. The TRS and CERS issue a publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. TRS' report may be obtained at www.trs.ky.gov. CERS' report may be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

TRS

Benefits Provided

For Members Before July 1, 2008:

Members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete twenty-seven (27) years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

The final average salary is the member's five (5) highest annual salaries except members at least age fifty-five (55) with twenty-seven (27) or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service. The System also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of sixty percent (60%) of the final average salary. Cost of living increases are one and one-half percent (1.5%) annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

For Members On or After July 1, 2008:

Members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age sixty (60) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete twenty-seven (27) years of Kentucky service, or
- 3.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete ten (10) years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to: (a) one and seven tenths percent (1.7%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) two percent (2.0%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) two and three tenths percent (2.3%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) two and one half percent (2.5%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) three percent (3.0%) of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The annual retirement allowance for university members is equal to: (a) one and one-half percent (1.5%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) one and seven tenths percent (1.7%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) one and eighty five hundredths percent (1.85%) of final average salary for each year of credited service is greater than 20 years but less than 27 years; (d) two percent (2.0%) of final average salary for each year of credited service is greater than or equal to 27 years.

The final average salary is the member's five (5) highest annual salaries except members at least age fifty-five (55) with twenty-seven (27) or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes. The State contributes 100 percent of school districts' contractually required contributions, which are actuarially determined. Employees are required to contribute 12.855 percent of their annual salary. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 13.105 percent of salaries for members in the plan before July 1, 2008 and 14.105 percent of salaries for members who started their account after June 30, 2008. The District made no contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2020. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported no net pension liability because it did not have a proportionate share of the net pension liability. There was no amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The related State share of the net pension liability was \$50,207,357.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was.3543 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of negative \$5,570,941 and revenue of negative \$5,570,941 (\$3,634,117 in the governmental funds and negative \$9,205,058 in government-wide activities) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2021, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and no deferred inflows of resources related to TRS.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.50 – 7.30 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study prepared for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015, submitted to and adopted by the Board on November 19, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
	400/	4.00/
U.S. Equity	40%	4.6%
International Equity	22%	5.6%
Fixed Income	15%	0.0%
Other	7%	2.5%
Real Estate	7%	4.3%
Private Equity	7%	7.7%
Cash	2%	-0.5%
	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. It was assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The District has no proportional share of the net pension liability. The following presents the sensitivity of the System's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

1% Decrease (6.50%) Current Discount Rate (7.50%) 1% Increase (8.50%)

System's net pension liability			
(in thousands)	\$ 18,868,453	\$ 14,835,040	\$ 11,439,108

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, which has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan, is available in the separately issued TRS financial report. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer matching contributions are recognized in the fiscal year due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

CERS

Benefits Provided

The system provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to system members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of members under certain circumstances. Prior to July 1, 2009, cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) were provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5% in any plan year. Effective July 1, 2009, and on July 1 of each year thereafter through June 30, 2014, the COLA is limited to 1.5% provided the recipient has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA. If the recipient has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA, the increase shall be reduced on a pro-rata basis for each month the recipient has not been receiving benefits in the 12 months preceding the effective date of the COLA. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce the COLA if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. No COLA has been granted since July 1, 2011.

The Board of Trustees adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The Total Pension liability as of June 30, 2020, was determined using these updated assumptions.

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020. There were no other material plan provision changes.

Contributions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. The school districts' contractually required contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$567,213.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$9,133,414 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.119081 percent, which was an increase of .002162 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,404,398. At June 30, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resource	
Differences between expected				
and actual economic experience	\$	227,758	\$	-
Changes in actuarial assumptions		356,644		
Difference between projected				
and actual investment earnings		395,903		167,351
Changes in proportion and differences				
between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		114,167		64,510
Contributions paid to CERS subsequent				
to the measurement date		567,213		
	\$	1,661,685	\$	231,861

The amount reported as deferred outflows for District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$567,213 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Pens	sion Expense Amount
2022	\$	378,830
2023		274,352
2024		117,638
2025		91,791
	\$	862,611

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30 percent
Salary increases	3.30 percent to 10.30%, varies by service, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

The mortality table used for active members is a Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from, the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018 and adopted by the Board on April 18, 2019.

The long-term expected return on plan assets was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The long-term expected return on plan assets was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	18.75%	4.50%
Non-U.S. Equity	18.75%	5.25%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	3.90%
Core Bonds	13.50%	-0.25%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%
Real Estate	5.00%	5.30%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%
Real Return	15.00%	3.95%
	100%	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% for CERS Non-hazardous and CERS Hazardous assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018). The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25 percent) than the current rate:

Description	1%	Decrease (5.25%)	Current Discount F	Rate (6.25%)	1% Ir	ncrease (7.25%)
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	11,263,487	\$	9,133,414	\$	7,369,633

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, which has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan, is available in the separately issued CERS financial report. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer matching contributions are recognized in the fiscal year due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Descriptions

The Elizabethtown Independent School District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes certified employees and the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes all other employees, both of which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. TRS, which qualifies as a special funding situation for the Life Insurance Fund under GASB 75, and CERS provide other post-employment benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. TRS is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Under the provisions of KRS Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KERS) administers the CERS. The TRS and CERS issue a publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. TRS' report may be obtained at www.trs.ky.gov.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

TRS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) — a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.trs.ky.gov.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Fund

<u>Plan description</u> – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

<u>Contributions</u> – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs</u>

At June 30, 2021 the District reported a liability of \$4,811,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .343334 percent, which was a decrease of .003547 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,811,000
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		
associated with the District		3,854,000
Total	\$	8,665,000
10181	Ψ	0,000,000

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$8,000 and revenue of \$269,684 for support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 292,000	\$ -
Differences between expected	·	
and actual economic experience		2,051,000
Difference between projected and		
actual investment earnings	157,000	
Changes in proportion and differences		
between employer contributions		
and proportionate share of contributions	159,000	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent		83,000
to the measurement date	308,374	
	\$ 916,374	\$ 2,134,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$308,374 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	OPEB Expense	Amount
2022	\$	(306,000)
2023		(294,000)
2024		(296,000)
2025		(277,000)
2026		(252,000)
Therefter		(101,000)
-		

\$

Actuarial assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

(1,526,000)

Investment rate of return Projected salary increases Inflation rate Real Wage Growth Wage Inflation Healthcare cost trend rates	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation. 3.50 – 7.20%, including inflation 3.00% 0.50% 3.50%
Under 65	7.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY
	2029
Ages 65 and Older	5.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2022
Medicare Part B Premiums	
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.50%
Discount Rate	8.00%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Wage Inflation Healthcare cost trend rates Under 65 Ages 65 and Older Medicare Part B Premiums Municipal Bond Index Rate Discount Rate	 3.50% 7.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2029 5.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2022 6.49% for FY 2020 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2031 3.50% 8.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2019 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	5.4%
Fixed Income	9.0%	0.0%
Real Estate	6.5%	4.3%
Private Equity	8.5%	7.7%
Other	17.0%	2.5%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.0%	-0.5%
	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

Description	1%	Decrease	(Current Discount Rate	1	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	5,815,000	\$	4,811,000	\$	3,973,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

Description	1%	Decrease	Current Di	scount Rate	1%	6 Increase
District's proportionate share of the						
net OPEB liability	\$	3,813,000	\$	4,811,000	\$	6,040,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Fund

<u>Plan description – Life Insurance Fund</u> – TRS administers the life insurance fund as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

<u>Contributions</u> – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the Commonwealth.

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2021, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability was \$0 and the Commonwealth's total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District was \$117,000.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$5,611 and revenue of \$5,611 for support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2021, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.50 – 7.20%, including inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.19%
Discount Rate	7.50%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2015 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.6%
International Equity	23.0%	5.6%
Fixed Income	18.0%	0.0%
Real Estate	6.0%	4.3%
Private Equity	5.0%	7.7%
Other	6.0%	2.3%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.0%	-0.5%
	100%	

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity Of The Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The District has no proportional share of the net OPEB liability. The following presents the sensitivity of the System's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

Description	1% Decrease	e (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate	(7.50%)	1% Increase	(8.50%)
System's net OPEB liability	¢	50.004	¢.	04 740	¢	01.040
(in thousands)	\$	50,234	\$	34,712	\$	21,943

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

CERS

<u>Plan description</u> – The Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund) was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. KRS submits the premium payments to DEI. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020. There were no other material plan provision changes.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly premium for single coverage based upon the service credit accrued at retirement. Members participating on or after July 1, 2003, and before September 1, 2008, are required to earn at least 10 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. Members participating on or after September 1, 2008 are required to earn at least 10 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. Members participating on or after September 1, 2008 are required to earn at least 15 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. The monthly health insurance contribution will be \$10 for each year of earned service increased by the CPI prior to July 1, 2009, and by 1.5% annually from July 1, 2009.

<u>Contributions</u> – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, were required to contribute 0% of their annual creditable compensation. Those members who began participating on, or after, September 1, 2008 and before January 1, 2014 were required to contribute 1% of their annual creditable compensation. Those members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014 were required to contribute 1% of their annual creditable compensation but their contribution is not credited to their account and is not refundable. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 4.76 percent of annual creditable compensation. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$139,892.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$2,874,671 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.119049 percent, which was an increase of .002142 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$384,853. At June 30, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Ir	flows of Resources
Differences between expected and				
actual economic experience	\$	480,297	\$	480,672
Changes in actuarial assumptions		500,023		3,041
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		154,205		58,658
Changes in proportion and differences				
between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		26,373		46,312
Contributions paid to CERS subsequent				
to the measurement date		139,892		
	\$	1,300,790	\$	588,683

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$139,892 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	OPEB E	OPEB Expense Amount		
2022	\$	153,103		
2023		181,380		
2024		127,223		
2025		120,231		
2026		(9,722)		
	\$	572,215		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return Projected salary increases Inflation rate Real Wage Growth Healthcare Trend Rate:	6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service2.30%2.00%
Pre-65	Initial trend starting at 6.40% at January 1, 2022, and
	gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years.
Post-65	Initial trend starting at 2.90% at January 1, 2022, and increasing to
	6.30% in 2023, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years.
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.13%
Discount Rate	5.34%

The mortality table used for active members is a Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from, the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018 and adopted by the Board on April 18, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	18.75%	4.50%
Non-U.S. Equity	18.75%	5.25%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	3.90%
Core Bonds	13.50%	-0.25%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%
Real Estate	5.00%	5.30%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%
Real Return	15.00%	3.95%
	100%	

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 5.34% assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 26 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 2.45%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 –Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2020. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the CAFR.

Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.34%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.34%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.34%) than the current rate:

Description	1%	Decrease (4.34%)	Current Dis	scount Rate (5.34)	1%	Increase (6.34%)
District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,693,109	\$	2,874,671	\$	2,202,461

<u>Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates</u> – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

Description	1% Decrease	Current Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share				
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,225,714	\$	2,874,671	\$ 3,662,196

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457, 401(k) and 403(b). The Plans, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not show these assets and liabilities on these financial statements.

NOTE 10 – FUND BALANCES

Nonspendable fund balances are those that cannot be spent on future obligations. At June 30, 2021, there were no nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted fund balances arise when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2021, the District had \$100,000 restricted for sick leave in the General Fund, \$174,743 restricted for grants in the Special Revenue Fund, \$330,780 restricted for school activities in the School Activity Fund, \$52,208 restricted for capital projects in the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, \$2,134,336 restricted for capital projects in the FSPK Fund, \$106,073 restricted for capital projects in the Construction Fund, and \$4,253,497 restricted for debt service in the debt service fund.

Committed fund balances are those amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which, for the District is the Board of Education. The Board of Education must approve by majority vote the establishment (and modification or rescinding) of a fund balance commitment. The District had \$450,000 committed for future construction in the General Fund and \$59,357 committed for school funds in the District Activity Fund at June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 10 – FUND BALANCES – CONTINUED

Assigned fund balances are those amounts that are constrained by the government's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education allows program supervisors to complete purchase orders which result in the encumbrance of funds. Assigned fund balance also includes (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. The District had no assigned fund balances at June 30, 2021.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The District considers unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also, the District has established the order of assigned, committed and restricted when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the basic financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the School District at risk for a substantial loss.

The District has commitments for ongoing construction projects at June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 12 – DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES

The Food Service Fund and Daycare Fund had deficit net position at June 30, 2021 in the amount of \$572,737 and \$262,430. The deficit net position is a result of the recording of the net pension and net OPEB liabilities for CERS.

The following funds had operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance/net position:

Fund	ŀ	Amount		
Special Revenue Fund	\$	10,210		
District Activity Fund		12,539		
Student Activity Fund		81,101		
Food Service Fund		178,362		
Daycare Fund		8,205		

NOTE 13 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The District receives on-behalf payments from the Commonwealth of Kentucky for items including pension, technology, health care costs, operating costs and debt service. The amounts received and funds where these items were recorded for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Description	Amount	
Health	\$ 2,491,419	
Life	3,953	Recorded as follows:
Admin	32,211	
HRA	163,196	General Fund \$6,654,636
TRS Pension	3,634,117	Food Service Fund 8,243
TRS OPEB	275,295	Daycare Fund 368
Technology	90,047	Debt Service Fund 105,811
Debt Service	105,811	
Less: Federal Reimbursement	 (116,991)	\$6,769,058
Total on-behalf	\$ 6,679,058	

NOTE 14 – RESTATEMENT

The District adopted GASB 84 during the fiscal year which resulted in the School Activity fiduciary fund being reclassified to a Special Revenue fund (School Activity Fund). The restatement increased fund balance by \$411,881.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues:			
From local sources:			
Taxes:	\$ 5,050,000	\$ 5,155,779	\$ 5,430,697
Property Motor vehicle		\$ 5,155,779 346,000	5 5,430,697 398,947
Utilities	284,832 750,000	750,000	760,995
Revenue in lieu of taxes	108,200	108,200	112,428
Tuition and fees	190,000	190,000	244,504
Earnings on investments	190,000	100,000	244,504 25,029
Other local revenues	35,000	35,000	72,108
Intergovernmental - State	9,996,040	9,501,375	16,133,364
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	33,000	33,000	38,517
Intergovernmental - Direct Federal	10,000	10,000	13,260
intergovernmental - Direct Federal	10,000	10,000	13,200
Total Revenues	16,557,072	16,229,354	23,229,849
Expenditures:			
Instruction	10,864,420	10,831,953	15,241,726
Support services:			
Student	803,972	803,972	1,140,021
Instruction staff	608,159	608,159	819,140
District administrative	557,110	616,198	583,536
School administrative	1,131,643	1,125,941	1,284,776
Business	649,708	649,708	646,820
Plant operation and maintenance	2,077,496	2,077,496	1,948,554
Student transportation	613,380	613,380	750,200
Community service activities			(308)
Other non-instruction	2,413,344	2,631,788	. ,
Total Expenditures	19,719,232	19,958,595	22,414,465
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(3,162,160)	(3,729,241)	815,384
			,
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Insurance proceeds			5,244
Transfers in	69,000	69,000	84,651
Transfers out	(309,745)	(309,745)	(310,357)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(240,745)	(240,745)	(220,462)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,402,905)	(3,969,986)	594,922
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020	3,402,905	3,969,986	4,536,536
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$	\$ -	\$ 5,131,458

Both inflows and outflows are equally different in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds by the amount of on-behalf payments of \$6,654,636.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues:			
Earnings on investments	\$-	\$-	\$ 741
Other local revenues	28,623	29,673	39,477
Intergovernmental - State	769,594	1,444,412	757,595
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	1,200,183	3,523,255	2,325,135
Total Revenues	1,998,400	4,997,340	3,122,948
Expenditures:			
Instruction	1,570,073	4,457,234	2,661,857
Support services:			
Student	36,289	135,609	83,387
Instruction staff	276,076	282,125	230,000
Student transportation	5,488	1,898	31,375
Community service activities	165,474	175,474	171,957
Total Expenditures	2,053,400	5,052,340	3,178,576
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(55,000)	(55,000)	(55,628)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	55,000	55,000	45,418
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	55,000	55,000	45,418
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	(10,210)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020			184,953
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 174,743

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years *

-

	 2021	2020	2019	
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.119081%	0.116919%	0.120125%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,133,414 \$	8,222,966 \$	7,315,980	
Covered payroll	\$ 3,105,819 \$	3,004,762 \$	3,028,820	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	294.1%	273.7%	241.5%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	47.81%	50.45%	53.54%	
	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	 2018 0.119186%	2017 0.122055%	2016 0.121655%	2015 0.125763%
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$			
	\$ 0.119186%	0.122055%	0.121655%	0.125763%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.119186% 6,976,324 \$	0.122055% 6,009,501 \$	0.121655% 5,230,281 \$	0.125763% 4,080,000

* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only seven years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET OPEB LIABILITY

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years *

		2021	2020
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.119049%	0.116907%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,874,671 \$	1,966,323
Covered payroll	\$	3,105,819 \$	3,004,762
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll		92.56%	65.44%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	51.67%		60.44%
		2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		2019 0.120120%	2018 0.119186%
Proportion of the net OPEB liability Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$		0.119186%
	\$	0.120120%	0.119186% 2,396,047
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		0.120120% 2,132,707 \$	0.119186%

* Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TRS NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years *

	 2021	2020			2019		
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.354300%		0.358600%		0.358400%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-		
State proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	 50,207,357		48,934,109		46,923,403		
	\$ 50,207,357	\$	48,934,109	\$	46,923,403		
Total							
Covered payroll	\$ 10,898,532	\$	10,922,944	\$	11,146,326		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	58.30% 58.80%		58.80%	% 59.30%			
	 2018		2017		2016		2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.354600%		0.355600%		0.349500%		0.331400%
District's proportionate share of the							
net pension liability	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ - 95,684,588	\$	- 104,912,414	\$	- 81,324,585	\$	- 68,101,554
	\$ - 95,684,588 95,684,588		- 104,912,414 104,912,414	\$	- 81,324,585 81,324,585	\$	- 68,101,554 68,101,554
State proportionate share of the net pension liability							
State proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District							
State proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	\$ 95,684,588	\$	104,912,414	\$	81,324,585	\$	68,101,554

* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only seven years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TRS NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years *

	2021			2020	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.343334%		0.346881%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,811,000	\$	5,617,000	
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		3,854,000		4,536,000	
Total	\$	8,665,000	\$	10,153,000	
Covered payroll	\$	10,898,532	\$	10,922,944	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll		44.14%		51.42%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	39.10%		32.60%		
		2019		2018	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		2019 0.345606%		2018 34.135700%	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$		\$		
	\$	0.345606%	\$	34.135700%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	0.345606% 6,441,000	\$	34.135700% 6,699,000	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	•	0.345606% 6,441,000 5,551,000	•	34.135700% 6,699,000 5,473,000	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$	0.345606% 6,441,000 5,551,000 11,992,000	\$	34.135700% 6,699,000 5,473,000 12,172,000	

* Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TRS NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years *

	2021			2020	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.335719%		0.339091%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		117,000		105,000	
Total	\$	117,000	\$	105,000	
Covered payroll	\$	10,898,532	\$	10,922,944	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll		0.0%		0.0%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		71.60%		73.40%	
		2019		2018	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.337763%		0.333604%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		95,000		73,000	
Total	\$	95,000	\$	73,000	
Covered payroll	\$	11,146,326	\$	11,087,834	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll				0.0%	
percentage of covered payroli		0.0%		0.0%	

* Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS PENSION

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years *

		2021		2020		2019		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	567,213	\$	599,423	\$	487,372		
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	-\$	567,213	\$	599,423 -	\$	487,372		
Covered employee payroll	\$	2,938,927	\$	3,105,819	\$	3,004,762		
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		19.30%		19.30%		16.22%		
		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	438,573	\$	410,053	\$	368,725	\$	364,410
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)		438,573	5	410,053 -	\$	368,725 -	\$	364,410
	<u> </u>	0.000.000	<u> </u>	0.000.440	Ŧ	0.000.700	т	0.050.445
Covered employee payroll	\$	3,028,820	\$	2,939,449	\$	2,968,799	\$	2,858,115
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		14.48%		13.95%		12.42%		12.75%

* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only seven years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO TRS PENSION

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years *

		2021		2020		2019	-	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-	
Covered payroll	\$	10,279,106	\$	10,898,532	\$	10,922,944	=	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%				
		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)			¢		\$		\$	
Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$	-	\$	-	φ	-	φ	
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-
determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	-	ъ \$	-	\$ \$	-	φ \$	-
determined contributions	\$	- - - 11,063,121	э \$ \$	- - - 10,898,532	\$	- - - 10,787,947	9 \$ \$	- - 10,465,027

* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only seven years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS OPEB

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years *

	 2021	2020
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 139,892	\$ 147,837
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 139,892	147,837
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 2,938,927	\$ 3,105,819
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	4.76%	4.76%
	 2019	2018
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 158,050	\$ 142,355
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 158,050	142,355
	\$ 158,050 -	\$ 142,355 -
determined contributions	\$ 158,050 - 3,004,762	\$ 142,355 - 3,028,820

* Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO TRS OPEB - MEDICAL INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years *

		2021		2020
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	308,374	\$	328,100
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		308,374		328,100
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$	10,279,106	\$	10,898,532
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		3.00%		3.00%
	,	2019		2018
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	2019 327,700	\$	2018 332,000
	\$		\$	
(actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$	327,700	\$	332,000
(actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		327,700	T	332,000

* Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are :

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO TRS OPEB - LIFE INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years *

		2021	2020
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$	- \$	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- \$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$	10,279,106 \$	10,898,532
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%
		2019	2018
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$	- \$	-
determined contributions	<u> </u>	- \$	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	Φ	- ⊅	-
Covered employee payroll	\$	10,922,944 \$	11,063,121
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%

* Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are show

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

CERS PENSION

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2015 through 2020.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2014 – The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%. The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%. The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%. Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%. The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted. The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

2015 and 2016 – No changes.

2017 – The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%.

2018 – No changes.

2019 – Salary rates were increased from 3.05% average to 3.30 percent to 10.30%, varies by service. Annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal and mortality were updated based on the 2018 experience study and the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members.

2020 – No changes.

CERS OPEB

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2018 to 2020.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2017 – The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%. For the Non-Hazardous Plan, the single discount rate changed from 6.89% to 5.84%.

2018 – No changes

2019 – The discount rate was changed from 5.85% to 5.68%. Annual salary increases and annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal and mortality were updated based on the 2018 experience study and the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members.

2020 – The discount rate was changed from 5.68 to 5.34%.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

TRS PENSION

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2015 through 2021.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2014 – In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2011. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation, the Board adopted an interest smoothing methodology to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions. Beginning with the 2014 valuation, the interest smoothing methodology is no longer used. In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

2015 – The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%. In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

2016 – The Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

2017 – The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

2018 – The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

2019 and 2020 – No changes

TRS OPEB

Changes of benefit terms.

2018 – MIF – With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

LIF – No changes

2019, 2020 and 2021 – No changes for MIF or LIF

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2017 – No changes for MIF or LIF

2018 – MIF updated the health care trend rates. No changes for the LIF

2019 – No changes for MIF or LIF

2020 – MIF updated the health care trend rates. No changes for the LIF

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2021

	District Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	 SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Со	onstruction Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets:								
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 59,357	\$ 332,633	\$ 952,208	\$	106,073	\$	1,450,271	
Total Assets	\$ 59,357	\$ 332,633	\$ 952,208	\$	106,073	\$	1,450,271	
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities Accounts payable Total Liabilities	\$	<u>\$ 1,853</u> 1,853	\$ <u> </u>	\$	2,178 2,178	\$	4,031 4,031	
Fund Balances Restricted Committed	59,357	330,780	 952,208		103,895		1,386,883 59,357	
Total Fund Balances	59,357	330,780	 952,208		103,895		1,446,240	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 59,357	\$ 332,633	\$ 952,208	\$	106,073	\$	1,450,271	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30, 2021	District Activity Fund		Student Activity Fund		 SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Co	nstruction Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
From local sources: Other local revenue Earnings on investments Intergovernmental - State	\$	61,801	\$	264,892 1,112	\$ 1,637 216,278	\$	-	\$	326,693 2,749 216,278	
Total Revenues		61,801		266,004	217,915		-		545,720	
Expenditures Instruction Support services: Student		118,055		273,263 3,342					391,318 3,342	
Instruction staff Plant operation and maintenance				6,549 14,209					6,549 14,209	
Student transportation Facilities acquisition and construction				6,027			(7,285)		6,027 (7,285)	
Total Expenditures		118,055		303,390	 		(7,285)		414,160	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures		(56,254)		(37,386)	217,915		7,285		131,560	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		43,715		(43,715)					43,715 (43,715)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		43,715		(43,715)	 -				-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(12,539)		(81,101)	217,915		7,285		131,560	
Fund balance, July 1, 2020		71,896		-	734,293		96,610		902,799	
Restatement				411,881	 				411,881	
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020, as restated		71,896		411,881	 734,293		96,610		1,314,680	
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$	59,357	\$	330,780	\$ 952,208	\$	103,895	\$	1,446,240	

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES

JUNE 30, 2021

SCHOOL	BA	CASH LANCES y 1, 2020	RE	CEIPTS	SBURSE- MENTS	 CASH ALANCES ne 30, 2021	 EIVABLES 30, 2021	 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE June 30, 2021	S' G	DUE TO TUDENT ROUPS e 30, 2021
Panther Academy Helmwood Heights Elementary Morningside Elementary T.K. Stone Middle School Elizabethtown High	\$	1,507 12,208 9,943 96,326 293,952	\$	3,385 8,195 22,719 232,584	\$ 1,709 7,532 50,438 284,211	\$ 3,183 12,871 9,943 68,607 242,325	\$ 	\$ - - - 1.853	\$	3,183 12,871 9,943 68,607 240,472
	\$	413,936		266,883	\$ 343,890	\$ 336,929	\$ -	\$ 1,853	\$	335,076

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES ELIZABETHTOWN HIGH SCHOOL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NAME OF ACTIVITY	CASH BALANCE July 1, 202		ECEIPTS		BURSE- IENTS	ENTS June 30, 2021			EIVABLES 30, 2021	PA	COUNTS YABLE 30, 2021	STI GF	JE TO JDENT OUPS 30, 2021
Academic Team	\$ 34	1 \$	1	\$	211	\$	131	\$	-	\$	-	\$	131
Adult Vending	80		1,015	Ŧ	1,530	Ŧ	290	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŷ	290
Agendas		5	-		5		-		-		-		-
Angels in the Outfield	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
AP Chemistry	-	•	-		-		-		-		-		-
AP Social Studies APEX	49 52		- 75		492 525		- 75		-		-		- 75
Archery	52 11,22		900		3,338		75 8,791		-		-		8,791
Art Club	15		-		-		151		-		-		151
Athletic Concessions	4,50		2,126		3,389		3,237		-		-		3,237
Athletic Fees	29,88		200		29,600		483		-		-		483
Athletic Gate	53,12	3	54,743		25,736		82,130		-		-		82,130
Athletic Post Season	17,89		21,310		24,580		14,626		-		-		14,626
Athletics	1,53		4,386		5,082		842		-		-		842
Band	4,99		7,444		4,514		7,923		-		-		7,923
Baseball	2,41	/	7,873		5,610		4,680		-		-		4,680
Baseball District/Regional Baseball Camp	- 3,35	a	-		- 866		- 2,493		-		-		- 2,493
Belle	11,29		2,732		1,200		12,831		_		_		12,831
Beta Club	4,39		37,811		41,915		287		-		-		287
Beta Essay	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Beta Club Service Proj	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Beta-Service Proj #2	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Bowling	33		1,380		1,598		115		-		-		115
Boy's Basketball	5,22		5,270		8,130 706		2,360		-		-		2,360
Boy's Basketball Camp Boy's Basketball District	1,89	3	1,220		700		2,407		-		-		2,407
Boy's Soccer	2,64	2	3,606		- 5,659		589		-		-		- 589
Boy's Soccer Camp	-	-	1,925		1,280		645		-		-		645
Boys Soccer Tournament	-		780		780		-		-		-		-
Boys Soccer Service Proj	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Broadcasting	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Building Rental	47		670		968		181		-		-		181
Business Education Cheerleading Clinic	4,19	9	-		4,030		169		-		-		169
Community Donations	- 2,47	7	-		-		- 2,477		-		-		- 2,477
Cheerleading	2,64		3,954		2,420		4,181		-		-		4,181
Cheer Region Tournament	15		-		_,		150		-		-		150
Child Services	12	6	-		126		-		-		-		-
Chorus	69	6	37		-		733		-		-		733
Chorus-Piano Restoration	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Chromebook	1,25		1,350		1,766		835 939		-		-		835 939
Class of 1960 Scholarship Class of 2005 Scholarship	63 1,00		300		-		1,000		-		-		939 1,000
Community Donations	70		711		1,303		113		-		-		113
Computer Science	32		-		325		-		-		-		-
Concessions/Athletic	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Cross Country	1,53	3	900		1,090		1,343		-		-		1,343
Dow Corning	-	_	-		-		-		-		-		-
Drama	66		-		359		306		-		-		306
Earth Club EEF -Etown Ed Foundation	39	8	-		-		398		-		-		398
Engineering	- 6	6	-		- 66		-		-		-		-
E-Sports	23		335		419		- 149		-		-		- 149
English	1,09		-		1,090		-		-		-		-
English GE	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
English-Poetry	1,25		-		1,259		-		-		-		-
FCA	1,00	0	-		-		1,000		-		-		1,000
FCA - Service Project	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Fishing	2,11		1,349		3,144		320		-		-		320
Football Football-District Tourna	4,58	U	10,770 10,101		13,555 10,101		1,795		-		-		1,795
Foreign Language Club	-		10,101		-		-		-		-		-
Foreign Language	-		-		_		-		-		-		-
Freshman Class	13	3	-		-		133		-		-		133

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES ELIZABETHTOWN HIGH SCHOOL - CONCLUDED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20	21						
NAME OF ACTIVITY	CASH BALANCES July 1, 2020	RECEIPTS	DISBURSE- MENTS	CASH BALANCES June 30, 2021	RECEIVABLES June 30, 2021	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE June 30, 2021	DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS June 30, 2021
							· · · · ·
Fund for the Arts FBLA	52 450	- 549	- 730	52 269	-	-	52 269
Gifted and Talented	255	-	-	209	-	-	209
Girl's Basketball	1,262	11,118	12,253	127	-	-	127
Girl's Basketball Camp	2,231	1,270	2,830	671	-	-	671
Girl's Basketball Dist Girl's Soccer	- 3,180	- 3,000	- 2,550	- 3,630	-	-	- 3,630
Girl's Soccer Camp	6,980	3,360	383	9,957	-	-	9,957
Girl's Soccer District	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Girls Soccer Regional	100	-	-	100	-	-	100
Girls Soccer Service Proj Girls Soccer State	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Golf	119	2,650	2,694	75	-	-	75
Green Dot		-			-	-	
Guidance	7,054	23,285	29,129	1,210	-	-	1,210
Heartland League Interact Club	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	9,347	879	3,351	6,875	-	-	6,875
Junior Class	86	-	-	86	-	-	86
KYA/KUNA KYA/KUNA Service Projects	147	-	-	147	-	-	147
Kerrick Science	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lacrosse	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Library	452	15	-	467	-	-	467
Lock Fund Mathematics	60 2,708	-	- 522	60 2,186	-	-	60 2,186
Mathematica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Muslim Student Asso	115	-	-	115	-	-	115
Paintball Club	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parking Pep Club	2,973 482	-	2,953 63	20 419	-	-	20 419
Physical Education	37	-	37	-	-	-	-
Ping Pong Club	13	-	-	13	-	-	13
Pictures PLTW Consumables	648 4,959	903 1,310	320 3,383	1,231 2,886	-	-	1,231 2,886
PLTW Consumables PLTW Fees	4,959 350	1,310	3,383	2,000	-	-	2,000
Project Graduation	6,795	5,945	11,459	1,281	-	-	1,281
Prom	4,652	5,030	7,428	2,254	-	-	2,254
Rewards Program Rewards - Shirts	2,890	3,975	5,392 -	1,473	-	-	1,473
SADD	- 957	-	480	477	-		477
SADD - Grant	425	-	-	425	-	-	425
SADD - Service Project	16	-	-	16	-	-	16
Science Senior Class	5,513 374	- 920	5,513 952	- 342	-	-	- 342
Senior Trip	-	50	-	50	-	-	50
Service Club	1,033	-	-	1,033	-	-	1,033
Social Committee Skills USA	698	380 89	248 69	830 20	-	-	830 20
Special Committee (Team Sh	- -	- 09		-	-	-	-
Social Studies	386	-	386	-	-	-	-
Softball	3,786	6,870	9,636	1,020	-	-	1,020
Softball Tournament Sophomore Class	- 399	-	-	- 399	-	-	- 399
Spanish Club	618	- 19	299	338	-		338
Spanish Honors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spanish Club - Serv Proj	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Education Special Ed - Jr Achieve	1,301 -	15 -	-	1,316 -	-	-	1,316
Speech	- 2,106	- 115	- 482	- 1,739	-	-	- 1,739
State Tournament Ticket	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
STLP Student Assistance Fund	33	-	-	33	-	-	33
Student Assistance Fund Student Vending	64 1,593	-	- 999	64 594	-	-	64 594
Student Council	5,340	2,123	2,123	5,340	-	-	5,340

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES ELIZABETHTOWN HIGH SCHOOL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NAME OF ACTIVITY	CASH BALANCES July 1, 2020	RECEIPTS	DISBURSE- MENTS	CASH BALANCES June 30, 2021	RECEIVABLES June 30, 2021	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE June 30, 2021	DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS June 30, 2021
Student Council (Veterans)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Student Council (Svc Proj)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sweep	-	23,665	23,665	-	-	-	-
Swimming	2,097	900	2,188	809	-	-	809
Swimming Regional	2,238	75	2,238	75	-	-	75
T-Shirt Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Target	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Taylor Family Memorial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Technical Education	1,339	-	1,339	-	-	-	-
Technology Student Assoc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennis	953	900	1,136	717	-	-	717
Tennis Camp	1,352	1,700	1,671	1,381	-	-	1,381
Tennis Regional	50	-	-	50	-	-	50
Textbook Rental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textbook/Chromebook Fee	1,369	12,895	500	13,764	-	-	13,764
Track	6,293	3,995	7,402	2,886	-	-	2,886
Track Regional	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Way	17	-	1	16	-	-	16
VEX Robotic Team	2,826	-	1	2,825	-	-	2,825
Volleyball	884	5,095	5,177	802	-	-	802
Volleyball-District	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Volleyball-Camp	-	1,940	-	1,940	-	-	1,940
Wounded Warrior Project	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Winterguard	225	-	-	225	-	-	225
Writing Club	90	-	1	89	-	-	89
Yearbook	6,379	3,995	4,831	5,543	-	1,853	3,690
Subtotal	293,952	314,304	365,931	242,325	-	1,853	240,472
Interfund Transfers		81,720	81,720			·	
TOTAL	\$ 293,952	\$ 232,584	\$ 284,211	\$ 242,325	\$ -	\$ 1,853	\$ 240,472

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021		PASS		
		THROUGH		
FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH	FEDERAL CFDA	ENTITY IDENTIFYING	PROVIDED TO	TOTAL FEDERAL
GRANTOR / PROGRAM TITLE	NUMBER	NUMBER	SUBRECIPIENTS	EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Child Nutrition Cluster - Passed Through State Department of Education:				
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024-20		24,712
C C		7690024-21		88,987
		7740023-20 7740023-21		157,007 956,518
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)		1140020 21		000,010
National School Lunch Program TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER	10.555	057502-02		96,392
Passed Through State Department of Education				1,323,616
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001-20		2,600
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE				1,326,216
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Passed Through City of Elizabethtown:				
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	CDBG-21		6,238
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				6,238
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through State Department of Education:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CARES		572,302
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF TREASURY				572,302
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Special Education Cluster - Passed Through State Department of Education:				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	3810002-18		1,378
		3810002-19 3810002-20		97,397
		3610002-20		<u>263,650</u> 362,425
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-18		2,636
		3800002-19 3800002-20		338 9,382
		3600002-20		12,356
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER				374,781
OTHER U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PROGRAMS	04.044			40.000
Impact Aid Passed Through State Department of Education	84.041	GF - Direct		13,260
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-18		28,899
		3100002-19 3100002-20		118,226 469,527
				616,652
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002-18		57
		3710002-19 3710002-20		3,174
		3710002-20		<u>25,292</u> 28,523
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	3300002-18		1,962
English Language Acquisition Grants	04.505	3300002-19		19,810
		3300002-20		2,015
	04.007	0000000 40		23,787
Supportive Effective Instruction - State Grants	84.367	3230002-18 3230002-19		25,864 33,872
		3230002-20		37,684
	04.404	0.400000 40		97,420
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-18 3420002-19		3,335 2,176
				5,511
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425	4000002-20 4000002-21		179,142 312,256
		GEER		78,590
Depend Through Kontucky Department for Workforce Development				569,988
Passed Through Kentucky Department for Workforce Development Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	WT-20		16,225
Passed Through Green River Regional Educational Cooperative School Safety National Activities	84.184	GRREC-19		13,708
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	07.104			1,759,855
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	\$ 3,664,611
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.				

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Elizabethtown Independent School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Elizabethtown Independent School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Elizabethtown Independent School District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

NOTE D – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected to not use the 10 percent de minimum indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor's report issued (unmodified):

Internal control over financial reporting:

 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yes	Xno
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	yes	Xnone reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	Xno
Federal Awards:		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Xno
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	yes	X_none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs (unmodified):		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance		

with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? ____yes ___X_no

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results - Continued

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number	Federal Program or Cluster	
	DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY	
21.019	COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	
	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	
84.425	COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish Between type A and type B programs: \$ <u>750,000</u>		
Auditee qualified as low	risk auditee?X_yesno	
Section II – Financial Statement Findings		
No matters were reported.		
Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs		
No matters were reported.		

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

June 30, 2021

There were no prior year audit findings.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Elizabethtown Independent School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits the *Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Elizabethtown Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Elizabethtown Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Elizabethtown Independent School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances or regulations identified in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Elizabethtown Independent School District in a separate letter dated November 4, 2021.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Heartland CPAs and admins, PLAC

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC Elizabethtown, Kentucky November 4, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Elizabethtown Independent School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Elizabethtown Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Elizabethtown Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Elizabethtown Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Elizabethtown Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in Appendices I and II of the Independent Auditor's Contract. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Elizabethtown Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Elizabethtown Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Elizabethtown Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Elizabethtown Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Elizabethtown Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiency, or combination of deficiency, or combination of deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiency, or combination of deficiency, or combination of deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Heartland CPAr and admins, PLAC

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC Elizabethtown, Kentucky November 4, 2021

MANAGEMENT LETTER AND COMMENTS



Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education of Elizabethtown Independent School District Elizabethtown, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Elizabethtown Independent School District for the year ended June 30, 2021, we considered the District's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiencies. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. Any uncorrected comments from the prior year have been included in the memorandum. A separate report dated November 4, 2021, contains our report on the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated November 4, 2021, on the financial statements of the Elizabethtown Independent School District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and their implementation is currently being reviewed. We will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the members of the Elizabethtown Independent Board of Education, others within the District, the Kentucky Department of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Heartland CPAs and admins, PLAC

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC Elizabethtown, Kentucky November 4, 2021

ELIZABETHTOWN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMMENTS June 30, 2021

PRIOR YEAR UNCORRECTED COMMENTS

ELIZABETHTOWN HIGH SCHOOL

DEPOSIT SLIP

We noted that all of the deposits included pre-numbered receipts but did not include the receipt numbers on the deposit slip. Prior to June, none of the deposits included deposit slips. Redbook states that deposit slips should note all of the receipt numbers included in the deposit.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

The District Financial Officer will meet with the School personnel to correct the issue and work with School Bookkeeper on Redbook Compliance concerning Receipt procedures.

CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS

HELMWOOD HEIGHTS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

EXTERNAL SUPPORT/BOOSTER CLUBS

We noted that the PTO did not have the following documentation on file for the 2020-2021 fiscal year: (1) an Annual Financial Report and (2) their Employer Identification Number. Redbook requires that all booster clubs submit an Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year to the principal by July 25. Redbook also requires that all booster clubs obtain its own Federal Employer Identification Number specifically and only for its use.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

District Finance Officer will meet with the School Principal and Bookkeeper to ensure they understand the Redbook reporting requirements of our external support groups. The District Finance Officer will request the Redbook Requirements be sent to the President and Treasurer of our Support Groups and note the due dates on the bookkeeper and Principals calendars to ensure compliance.

DISALLOWED EXPENDITURE

We noted that check #5052, dated 02/09/2021, was written to Amsterdam in the amount of \$129.45 as payment for calendars for the staff. Redbook disallows any purchase that benefits the adult sponsors or district personnel and not the student organization from student generated funds.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

The District Financial Officer will meet with the School personnel to correct the issue and work with School Bookkeeper on Redbook Compliance concerning Expenditures from school funds.

ELIZABETHTOWN HIGH SCHOOL

EXTERNAL SUPPORT/BOOSTER CLUBS

We noted that the EHS Athletic Booster Club, Inc. and the EHS Band Booster Club did not have the following documentation on file for the 2020-2021 fiscal year: (1) an Annual Financial Report or (2) list of officers. We also noted that the EHS Band Booster Club did not have an annual External Support/Booster Organization Budget Worksheet (F-SA-4B) on file for the 2020-2021 fiscal year. Redbook requires that all booster clubs submit an Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year to the principal by July 25 and an annual External Support/Booster Organization Budget Worksheet Organization Budget Worksheet and the names of the organization's officers to the principal within the first thirty days of the school year or within thirty days of the first transaction of the group.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

District Finance Officer will meet with the School Principal and Bookkeeper to ensure they understand the Redbook reporting requirements of our external support groups. The District Finance Officer will request the Redbook Requirements be sent to the President and Treasurer of our Support Groups and note the due dates on the bookkeeper and Principals calendars to ensure compliance.

INVENTORY CONTROL WORKSHEET

In the deposit on 02/08/2021, there was a receipt to Athletic Concessions for Basketball Concessions in the amount of \$330.00. We noted that there were not any Inventory Control Worksheets (F-SA-5) on file for Athletic Concessions. Redbook requires inventory control worksheets to be completed every month there is inventory.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

District Finance Officer will meet with the School Principal and Bookkeeper to ensure they understand the reason for the inventory control sheets as well as the process to ensure they are filled out correctly. The school bookkeeper will work with the concession's manager on a monthly basis to ensure each form is filled out correctly to include lost or damaged inventory has been accounted for.