SOUTHGATE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Southgate Independent School District Southgate, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southgate Independent School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position

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3863 Glenmore Ave Cincinnati, OH 45211

and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-7, budgetary comparison on pages 44-45, and pension and OPEB schedules on pages 46-52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express and opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2021 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

Fort Thomas, Kentucky October 27, 2021



As management of the Southgate Independent School District we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The Southgate Independent School was awarded an additional \$1.5 million in federal dollars for the district to use for any Learning Loss or any expenses related to the COVID19 Pandemic of 2020 and 2021. These funds will be used for various software; furniture; hardware; maintenance of building for disinfecting and air quality; hiring of additional personnel to help with student's direct services for learning loss; Summer School services; adopting curriculum series; student devices; and to work with outside organizations to provide professional services through enrichment. The district will be utilizing these funds within the next three years. Even in September 2021, school districts are still in the midst of the Pandemic with the Covid19 Variant, which unfortunately is affecting school age children in high numbers. Schools have approved Covid19 plans and protocols that are updated by KDE, CDC, and local health departments weekly.

The board approved a 2% increase in tax revenues for the 2020-21 school year which lowers the current rate to 118.9 cents per \$100/assessment.

The board also increased the salary schedule in different areas to help retain teachers and staff.

AADA was held harmless using the FY19 EOY AADA for SEEK funding purposes. Southgate's AADA is currently at 160.6.

Southgate has entered into a Memorandum of Agreement with Dayton Independent Schools for their financial services – finance officer, payroll, and human resources dept.

The Re-roofing project at the school was completed in the summer of 2021. The total amount of the project completed by Imbus Roofing was \$121,686. Funding was through local and state capital funds.

Southgate Independent ended the year with a General fund Balance of \$673,415.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets and deferred outflows of the District were more than the liabilities and deferred inflows by \$685,045 at the close of the current fiscal year. The unrestricted net position, which represents the amounts available to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, was a deficit of \$592,112. The District is required to provide postemployment benefits to its employees. As a result, the District has recognized substantial liabilities in the financial statements for these benefits. As of June 30, 2021, the District had liabilities of \$1,571,433 for postemployment benefits, which has caused the deficit balance in the unrestricted net position. The District's total net position increased \$6,226.

At the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$764,646 an increase of \$132,104 from the prior year. Of this amount, \$599,737 is available for spending at the District's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

At the close of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance was approximately 17% of total fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) the notes to the financial statements. This report also included supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and unused vacation leave).

The governmental activities of the District include general government, police, fire, public works, and recreation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8-9 of this report

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have be segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the District may establish other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resource, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for government funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, special revenue fund, and the debt service fund which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts and annual appropriated budget for each of the major funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund and special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The fund financial statements can be found on pages 10-17 of this report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18-43 of this report.

OTHER INFORAMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 44-52 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

	June 30, 2021		Ju	ne 30, 2020
Current assets	\$	896,192	\$	754,178
Non-current assets		2,694,169		2,722,368
Total assets		3,590,361		3,476,546
Deferred outflows		549,857		499,064
Current liabilities		92,579		93,964
Non-current liabilities		3,065,435		2,963,935
Total liabilities		3,158,014		3,057,899
Deferred inflows		297,159		238,892
Net invesment in capital assets		1,178,769		1,339,242
Restricted		98,388		75,823
Unrestricted		(592,112)	_	(736,246)
Total net position	\$	685,045	\$	678,819

Governmental Funds – Revenues and Expenditures

	Jur	ne 30, 2021	Jui	ne 30, 2020
Revenues and other sources:		_	_	_
Local revenue	\$	1,406,484	\$	1,404,938
State/federal revenue		2,237,480		2,044,969
Investments		4,807		24,089
Total revenues	\$	3,648,771	\$	3,473,996
Expenditures:				
Instruction	\$	2,088,897	\$	2,234,472
Student support		286,833		166,888
Instruction staff		159,591		107,679
District administrative		407,009		329,941
School administrative		176,401		185,719
Business support		61,769		40,067
Plant operations and maintenance		233,822		1,165,927
Food service operation		2,027		-
Community services		850		
Debt service		1,064,940		150,931
Total expenditures	\$	4,482,139	\$	4,381,624
Capital Assets				
Land and improvements	\$	9,750	\$	9,750
Buildings and improvements		1,495,600		1,563,791
Technology equipment		37,034		24,348
General equipment		83,611		54,375
Construction in progress		1,037,774		1,037,774
Total capital assets	\$	2,663,769	\$	2,690,038
Long-Term Debt				
		2021		2020
Bonds payable	\$	1,485,000	\$	1,545,000

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATON

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Superintendent, 6 William F Blatt Avenue, Southgate, KY 41071.

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 736,847	\$ 33,769	\$ 770,616
Receivables	118,793	4,990	123,783
Inventories for consumption		1,793	1,793
Capital assets, net	2,652,897	10,872	2,663,769
Bond issue costs, net	30,400		30,400
Total assets	3,538,937	51,424	3,590,361
Deferred Outflows			
Pension related	195,207	42,214	237,421
OPEB related	284,969	27,467	312,436
Total deferred outflows	480,176	69,681	549,857
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	3,270	1,586	4,856
Unearned revenue	87,723		87,723
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year:			
Accrued interest payable	1,844		1,844
Bonds payable	110,000		110,000
Due in more than one year:			
Compensated absences	7,158		7,158
Bonds payable	1,375,000		1,375,000
Net pension liability	663,789	143,546	807,335
Net OPEB liability	718,924	45,174	764,098
Total liabilities	2,967,708	190,306	3,158,014
Deferred inflows			
Pension related	13,887	3,003	16,890
OPEB related	271,154	9,115	280,269
Total deferred inflows	285,041	12,118	297,159
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	1,167,897	10,872	1,178,769
Restricted	98,388		98,388
Unrestricted (deficit)	(499,921)	(92,191)	(592,112)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 766,364	\$ (81,319)	\$ 685,045

		Program Revenues						ense) Reven es in Net Pos				
		C	Charges	Grants and (Contri	butions	Gov	vernmental	Busi	ness-Type		
Governmental activities	Expenses	for	Services	Operating		Capital		Activities	A	ctivities		Total
Instruction	\$ 2,247,300	\$	1,500	\$ 734,223			\$	(1,511,577)			\$ ((1,511,577)
Support services:												
Student	286,833							(286,833)				(286,833)
Instruction staff	159,591							(159,591)				(159,591)
District administrative	415,289							(415,289)				(415,289)
School administrative	194,169							(194,169)				(194,169)
Business support	82,675							(82,675)				(82,675)
Plant operation and maintenance	189,266							(189,266)				(189,266)
Food service operation	2,027							(2,027)				(2,027)
Community service	3,890							(3,890)				(3,890)
Interest on long-term debt	38,425					71,136		32,711				32,711
Total governmental activities	3,619,465		1,500	734,223		71,136		(2,812,606)		0	((2,812,606)
Business-type activities												
Food service	149,290		733	125,006						(23,551)		(23,551)
Total business-type activities	149,290		733	125,006		0		0		(23,551)		(23,551)
Total District	\$ 3,768,755	\$	2,233	\$ 859,229	\$	71,136		(2,812,606)		(23,551)	((2,836,157)
	General Reven	ues										
	Property tax	es						1,199,440				1,199,440
	Motor vehicl	e tax	es					70,809				70,809
	Utilities tax							110,568				110,568
	State and fed	deral	sources					1,432,121				1,432,121
	Investment e	arnir	ngs					4,807				4,807
	Other revenu	ies						24,638				24,638
	Total general r	eveni	ues					2,842,383		0		2,842,383
	Change in net p	ositi	on					29,777		(23,551)		6,226
See accompanying notes to financial sta	Net position (d	eficit	:) - beginnir	ng of year				736,587		(57,768)		678,819
and accompanying notes to intantial ste	Net position (d	eficit	:) - end of y	ear age 9			\$	766,364	\$	(81,319)	\$	685,045

						De	ebt		Other		Total
	General	9	Special	Со	nstruction	Ser	vice	Gov	vernmental	Gov	vernmental
	Fund	R	evenue		Fund	Fu	nd		Funds		Funds
Assets											
Cash (overdraft) and cash equivalents	\$ 654,733	\$	(9,117)	\$	91,231	\$	0	\$	0	\$	736,847
Receivables:											
Taxes	19,358										19,358
Intergovernmental			99,435								99,435
Total assets	\$ 674,091	\$	90,318	\$	91,231	\$	0	\$	0	\$	855,640
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$ 676	\$	2,594	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	3,270
Deferred revenue			87,723								87,723
Total liabilities	676		90,317		0		0		0		90,993
Fund balances											
Restricted					91,231						91,231
Restricted for sick leave	7,157										7,157
Assigned	3,140		63,381								66,521
Unassigned	663,118	-	(63,381)								599,737
Total fund balances	673,415		0		91,231		0		0		764,646
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 674,091	\$	90,317	\$	91,231	\$	0	\$	0	\$	855,639

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 764,646
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	1	
Capital assets of \$3,850,841, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,175,856 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		2,652,897
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to postretirement benefits (pension and OPEB) are applicable to future periods and, therefore, not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows - pension related	195,208	
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	284,969	
Deferred inflows - pension related	(13,887)	
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	(271,154)	
Total deferred outflow and inflow related to postretirement benefits		195,136
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Accrued interest payable	(1,844)	
Compensated absences	(7,158)	
Bonds payable	(1,485,000)	
Net pension liability	(663,789)	
Net OPEB liability	(718,924)	
Total long-term liabilities		(2,876,715)
Governmental funds report the effect of discounts and premiums when debt		
is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the		
statement of activities.	_	30,400
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 766,364
	-	<u> </u>

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 132,104
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense Total capital asset activities	70,086 (92,174)	(22,088)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effects of bond issuance premiums with debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in statement of activities.		
Bond proceeds	(965,000)	
Principal paid on bonds	1,025,000	
Total bond activities		60,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources are and, therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Accrued interest payable	3,445	
Compensated absences	(7,158)	
Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows	(117,340)	
Changes in OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(17,256)	
Amortization of bond premiums	(1,930)	
Total expense activities		(140,239)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 29,777

Revenues General Fund Special Revenue Construction Fund Service Fund Governmen Funds Revenues From local sources: Taxes: Property \$1,142,309 \$0 \$0 \$57,131 \$1,199,4 Motor vehicle 70,809 *** *** \$110,5 70,8 Tuition 1,506 *** *** \$2,62,1 \$1,10,9 \$4,8					5.11	OUL	T				
Revenues Fund Revenue Fund Fund Funds Funds Funds From local sources: Taxes: ————————————————————————————————————		Conoral	Coosial	Construction	Debt	Other	Total				
Revenues From local sources: Taxes: Property \$ 1,142,309 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 57,131 \$ 1,199,4 Motor vehicle 70,809			•								
From local sources: Taxes: Property \$ 1,142,309 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 57,131 \$ 1,199,4 Motor vehicle 70,809	Povonuos	Fullu	Revenue	Fullu	Fullu	Fullus	Fullus				
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Tuition 1,500 4,807 4,807 4,807 4,807 4,807 4,807 4,800 4,80		· ·					110,568				
Earnings on investments 4,807 4,807 Other local revenue 26,214 (2,047) 24,4 State sources 530,951 98,607 32,510 66,20 State on behalf 734,223 71,136 805,3 Federal sources 22,306 747,747 771,136 89,641 3,648,7 Total revenues 2,643,687 844,307 0 71,136 89,641 3,648,7 Expenditures Instruction 1,348,480 740,417 2,088,8 2,088,8 Support services: Student 270,252 16,581 2,088,8 2,088,8 Support services: Student 270,252 16,581 2,086,8 159,5 Instruction staff 141,806 17,785 40,000 407,0 50,0 School administrative 366,680 329 40,000 407,0 61,7 Plant operation 188,395 39,998 5,429 233,8 8 Food service operation 2,027 2,027 2,027							1,500				
Other local revenue 26,214 (2,047) 24,1 State sources 530,951 98,607 71,136 662,0 State on behalf 734,223 77,00 71,136 805,3 Federal sources 22,306 747,747 0 71,136 89,641 3,648,7 Expenditures Instruction 1,348,480 740,417 2,088,8 2,088,8 Support services: Student 270,252 16,581 286,8 159,5 Instruction staff 141,806 17,785 159,5 159,5 159,5 District administrative 366,680 329 40,000 407,0 407,0 School administrative 176,401 40,000 407,0 176,401		· ·					4,807				
State sources 530,951 98,607 32,510 662,0 State on behalf 734,223 71,136 805,3 Federal sources 22,306 747,747 71,136 805,3 Total revenues 2,643,687 844,307 0 71,136 89,641 3,648,7 Expenditures Instruction 1,348,480 740,417 2,088,8 2,088,8 Support services: Student 270,252 16,581 266,68 159,5 159,5 District administrative 366,680 329 40,000 407,0 407,0 School administrative 176,401 40,000 407,0 <td>_</td> <td>•</td> <td>(2.047)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>24,167</td>	_	•	(2.047)				24,167				
State on behalf 734,223 71,136 805,3 Federal sources 22,306 747,747 70.0 770,0 Total revenues 2,643,687 844,307 0 71,136 89,641 3,648,7 Expenditures Instruction 1,348,480 740,417 20,000 20,000 Support services: Student 270,252 16,581 286,8 159,5 District administrative 366,680 329 40,000 407,0 School administrative 176,401 40,000 407,0 Business support 61,769 233,8 5,429 233,8 Food service operation 2,027 2 2,62 Community services 850 850 8 Debt service 91,025,464 1,025,464 1,025,464 Inter			• • •			32 510	662,068				
Federal sources 22,306 747,747 0 71,136 89,641 3,648,77 Total revenues 2,643,687 844,307 0 71,136 89,641 3,648,77 Expenditures Instruction 1,348,480 740,417 2,088,8 5,088,8 5,088,8 6,088,8 6,088,8 6,088,8 6,088,8 6,088,8 6,088,8 6,088,8 6,088,8 6,088,8 6,088,8 6,099,9 6,000,0 6,099,9 6,099,9 6,000,0 6,000,0 6,000,0 6,000,0 7,000,0 <			30,007		71 136	32,310					
Total revenues			7/17 7/17		71,130						
Expenditures Instruction 1,348,480 740,417 2,088,8 Support services: Student 270,252 16,581 286,8 Instruction staff 141,806 17,785 159,5 District administrative 366,680 329 40,000 407,0 50,000 407,0 61,769 61,769 61,769 633,8 60,000 60,0						-					
Instruction	Total revenues	2,643,687	844,307	0	71,136	89,641	3,648,771				
Support services: Student 270,252 16,581 286,8 Instruction staff 141,806 17,785 159,5 District administrative 366,680 329 40,000 407,0 School administrative 176,401 176,4 176,4 Business support 61,769 61,7 233,8 Food service operation 2,027 2,0 2,0 Community services 850 8 8 Debt service 850 8 8 Principal 1,025,464 1,025,4 1,025,4 Interest 39,940 39,5 Total expenditures 2,553,783 817,987 5,429 1,105,404 0 4,482,6 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 89,904 26,320 (5,429) (1,034,268) 89,641 (833,8 Other financing sources (uses) 3,374 53,938 68,804 126,1 126,1 Transfers in 3,374 53,938 68,804 126,1 126,1 126,1 Sale of assets 472 472 48,00 48,00	Expenditures										
Student 270,252 16,581 286,8 Instruction staff 141,806 17,785 159,5 District administrative 366,680 329 40,000 407,0 School administrative 176,401 176,4 176,4 Business support 61,769 61,7 61,7 Plant operation 188,395 39,998 5,429 233,8 Food service operation 2,027 2,0 2,0 Community services 850 8 8 Debt service Principal 1,025,464 1,025,4 Interest 39,940 39,9 39,9 Total expenditures 2,553,783 817,987 5,429 1,105,404 0 4,482,6 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 89,904 26,320 (5,429) (1,034,268) 89,641 (833,8 Other financing sources (uses) 3,374 53,938 68,804 126,1 126,1 Transfers in 3,374 53,938 68,804 122,742) 126,1 <td>Instruction</td> <td>1,348,480</td> <td>740,417</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2,088,897</td>	Instruction	1,348,480	740,417				2,088,897				
Instruction staff	Support services:										
District administrative 366,680 329 40,000 407,000 50,000 407,	Student	270,252	16,581				286,833				
School administrative 176,401 176,401 Business support 61,769 61,7 Plant operation 188,395 39,998 5,429 233,8 Food service operation 2,027 2,0 Community services 850 850 850 Debt service 7 1,025,464 1,025,	Instruction staff	141,806	17,785				159,591				
Business support 61,769 61,7 Plant operation 188,395 39,998 5,429 233,8 Food service operation 2,027 2,0 Community services 850 850 8 Debt service 7rincipal 1,025,464 1	District administrative	366,680	329		40,000		407,009				
Plant operation 188,395 39,998 5,429 233,8 Food service operation 2,027 2,0 Community services 850 8 Debt service 1,025,464 1,025,4 Principal 39,940 39,9 Interest 39,940 39,9 Total expenditures 2,553,783 817,987 5,429 1,105,404 0 4,482,6 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 89,904 26,320 (5,429) (1,034,268) 89,641 (833,8 Other financing sources (uses) 3,374 53,938 68,804 126,1 Transfers out (3,374) 53,938 68,804 126,1 Sale of assets 472 4 4 4 Bond proceeds 965,464 965,46 Total other financing sources (use (2,902) 3,374 53,938 1,034,268 (122,742) 965,5 Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,1	School administrative	176,401					176,401				
Food service operation 2,027 2,027 Community services 850 8 Debt service 7 1,025,464 1,025,464 Interest 39,940 39,940 39,940 Total expenditures 2,553,783 817,987 5,429 1,105,404 0 4,482,64 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 89,904 26,320 (5,429) (1,034,268) 89,641 (833,84) Other financing sources (uses) 17ransfers in 3,374 53,938 68,804 126,1 Transfers out (3,374) 53,938 68,804 126,1 Sale of assets 472 4 4 Bond proceeds 965,464 965,464 Total other financing sources (use (2,902) 3,374 53,938 1,034,268 (122,742) 965,93 Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,1	Business support	61,769					61,769				
Community services 850 8 Debt service 1,025,464 1,034,268 <th <="" colspan="4" td=""><td>Plant operation</td><td>188,395</td><td>39,998</td><td>5,429</td><td></td><td></td><td>233,822</td></th>	<td>Plant operation</td> <td>188,395</td> <td>39,998</td> <td>5,429</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>233,822</td>				Plant operation	188,395	39,998	5,429			233,822
Debt service Principal 1,025,464 1,025,4 Interest 39,940 39,5 Total expenditures 2,553,783 817,987 5,429 1,105,404 0 4,482,6 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 89,904 26,320 (5,429) (1,034,268) 89,641 (833,8 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 3,374 53,938 68,804 126,1 Transfers out (3,374) (122,742) (126,1 Sale of assets 472 4 Bond proceeds 965,464 965,4 Total other financing sources (use (2,902) 3,374 53,938 1,034,268 (122,742) 965,9 Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,1	Food service operation		2,027				2,027				
Principal Interest 1,025,464 1,025,464 1,025,464 1,025,464 1,025,464 1,025,464 1,025,464 1,025,464 1,025,464 39,93 39,55 39,55 39,50 39,940 0 4,482,60 <	Community services		850				850				
Interest 39,940 39,95 Total expenditures 2,553,783 817,987 5,429 1,105,404 0 4,482,60 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 89,904 26,320 (5,429) (1,034,268) 89,641 (833,80 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 3,374 53,938 68,804 126,1 Transfers out (3,374) (122,742) (126,1 Sale of assets 472 472 472 Bond proceeds 965,464 965,4 Total other financing sources (use (2,902) 3,374 53,938 1,034,268 (122,742) 965,9 Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,1	Debt service										
Total expenditures 2,553,783 817,987 5,429 1,105,404 0 4,482,60 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 89,904 26,320 (5,429) (1,034,268) 89,641 (833,80 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 3,374 53,938 68,804 126,1 Transfers out (3,374) (122,742) (126,1 Sale of assets 472 47 47 Bond proceeds 965,464 965,4 Total other financing sources (use (2,902) 3,374 53,938 1,034,268 (122,742) 965,9 Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,1	Principal				1,025,464		1,025,464				
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 89,904 26,320 (5,429) (1,034,268) 89,641 (833,8) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 3,374 53,938 68,804 126,1 Transfers out (3,374) (122,742) (126,1 Sale of assets 472 965,464 965,4 Total other financing sources (use (2,902) 3,374 53,938 1,034,268 (122,742) 965,9 Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,1	Interest				39,940		39,940				
expenditures 89,904 26,320 (5,429) (1,034,268) 89,641 (833,88) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 3,374 53,938 68,804 126,1 Transfers out (3,374) (122,742) (126,1 Sale of assets 472 965,464 965,4 Bond proceeds 965,464 965,4 965,4 Total other financing sources (us€ (2,902) 3,374 53,938 1,034,268 (122,742) 965,9 Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,1	Total expenditures	2,553,783	817,987	5,429	1,105,404	0	4,482,603				
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in 3,374 53,938 68,804 126,1 Transfers out (3,374) (122,742) (126,1 Sale of assets 472 965,464 965,4 Bond proceeds 965,464 965,4 965,4 Total other financing sources (us€ (2,902) 3,374 53,938 1,034,268 (122,742) 965,9 Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,1	Excess of revenues over (under)										
Transfers in 3,374 53,938 68,804 126,1 Transfers out (3,374) (122,742) (126,1 Sale of assets 472 965,464 965,4 Bond proceeds 965,464 965,4 965,4 Total other financing sources (usε (2,902) 3,374 53,938 1,034,268 (122,742) 965,9 Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,1	expenditures	89,904	26,320	(5,429)	(1,034,268)	89,641	(833,832)				
Transfers out (3,374) (122,742) (126,1 Sale of assets 472 4 Bond proceeds 965,464 965,4 Total other financing sources (use (2,902) 3,374 53,938 1,034,268 (122,742) 965,9 Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,1	Other financing sources (uses)										
Sale of assets 472 472 Bond proceeds 965,464 965,4 Total other financing sources (usϵ (2,902) 3,374 53,938 1,034,268 (122,742) 965,9 Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,1	Transfers in		3,374	53,938	68,804		126,116				
Bond proceeds 965,464 965,4 Total other financing sources (usε (2,902) 3,374 53,938 1,034,268 (122,742) 965,9 Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,1	Transfers out	(3,374)				(122,742)	(126,116)				
Total other financing sources (usε (2,902) 3,374 53,938 1,034,268 (122,742) 965,938 Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,103	Sale of assets	472					472				
Net change in fund balances 87,002 29,694 48,509 0 (33,101) 132,1	Bond proceeds				965,464		965,464				
	Total other financing sources (use	(2,902)	3,374	53,938	1,034,268	(122,742)	965,936				
	Net change in fund balances	87,002	29,694	48,509	0	(33,101)	132,104				
Fund balances - beginning of year 586,413 (29,694) 42,722 0 33,101 632,5	Fund balances - beginning of year	586,413	(29,694)	42,722	0	33,101	632,542				
Fund balances - end of year \$ 673,415 \$ 0 \$ 91,231 \$ 0 \$ 764,6	Fund balances - end of year	\$ 673,415	\$ 0	\$ 91,231	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 764,646				

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Assets	Food Service Fund
Current assets	A 22.760
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 33,769
Receivables	4,990
Inventories for consumption	1,793
Capital assets, net	10,872
Total assets	51,424
Deferred outflows	
Pension related	42,214
OPEB related	27,467
Total deferred outflows	69,681
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	1,586
Net pension liability	143,546
Net OPEB liability	45,174
Total liabilities	190,306
Deferred inflows	
Pension related	3,003
OPEB related	9,115
Total deferred inflows	12,118
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	10,872
Unrestricted (deficit)	(92,191)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (81,319)

	Food Service Fund
Operating revenues	
Lunchroom sales	\$ 733
Total operating revenues	733
Operating expenses	
Salaries and wages	47,919
Employee benefits	48,618
Materials and supplies	45,593
Depreciation	4,181
Other operating expenses	2,979
Total operating expenses	149,290
Operating loss	(148,557)
Nonoperating revenues	
State grants	10,908
Federal grants	114,054
Donated commodities	44
Total nonoperating revenues	125,006
Change in net position	(23,551)
Net position - beginning of year	(57,768)
Net position - end of year	\$ (81,319)

	Food
	Service
	Fund
Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash received from:	
Lunchroom sales	\$ 733
Cash paid for:	
Employees	(71,161)
Suppliers for goods and services	(34,856)
Other activities	(2,979)
Net cash used for operating activities	(108,263)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
Government grants	125,419
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	125,419
Net decrease in cash	17,156
Cash - beginning of year	16,613
Cash - end of year	\$ 33,769
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:	Ć (4.40 EEZ)
Operating loss	\$ (148,557)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:	4 101
Depreciation Change in pageing and OPER liabilities and deformed inflows and outflows	4,181 25,376
Change in pension and OPEB liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows	25,376 958
Change in accounts payable On-behalf revenue	
	9,779
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (108,263)
Noncash activities	
On-behalf payments	\$ 9,779

	Agency Funds	
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,407
Total assets	\$	9,407
Liabilities		
Due to student groups	\$	9,407
Total liabilities	\$	9,407

NOTE 1: ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Southgate Independent Board of Education (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of Southgate Independent Board of Education (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Board. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups or organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated with the Board; such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, and others.

The financial statements of the District include those separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Southgate Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation – In 1992 the Board resolved to authorize the establishment of the Southgate Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation (Corporation), (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the District at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to determine legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds, if any, are presented in a single column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include personnel and other expenses related to water and sewer operations. All revenues not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are two categories of funds: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or may not be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, deferred outflow, liabilities, and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Kentucky. This is a major fund of the District.

Special Revenue Fund – The special revenue fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

Construction Fund – This fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues used by the district for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost, as required by state law. This is a major fund of the district.

The following of nonmajor funds of the district:

Capital Project Funds – Are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those used by Proprietary Funds).

Capital Outlay Fund – This Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) fund receives those funds designated by the state as capital outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified by the District's facility plan.

Building Fund - This Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) fund accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Funds)

Food Service Fund — This food service fund accounts for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund of the District.

Fiduciary Fund Types (Agency Funds and Trust Funds)

Activity Fund – This fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Financial Statements – The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the District are included on the balance sheet. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place.

Fund Financial Statements — Governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (e.g. revenues and other financing sources) and uses (e.g. expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which government —wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the financial statements for governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity date of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased with the exception of proprietary funds, which record inventory at cost, determined on the first-in, first-out basis.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported in both the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and disposals during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000 with the exception of computers and real property for which there is no threshold. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value to the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund capital assets:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
General equipment	7-10 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years

Deferred Outflows of Resources – Pension, OPEB, and Debt Refunding

The District reports decreases in net position that relates to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. The deferred outflows of resources reported in the financial statements include (1) deferred amount arising from the refunding of bonds, (2) deferred outflows of resources for contributions made to the District's defined benefit pension plan between the measurement date of the plan net pension liabilities and the end of District's fiscal year, and (3) deferred outflows of resources related to the changes between the expected and actual experiences for the plan and changes in actuarial assumptions. The deferred refunding amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunding bonds as part of interest expense. Deferred outflows for pension contributions will be recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred outflows related to experience and assumption changes will be recognized in future periods.

Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension and OPEB

The District reports increases in net position that relates to future periods as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. The deferred inflows of resources reported in the financial statements arise from changes in the expected and actual experiences for the plan and for changes in assumptions. The deferred inflows related to these changes will be recognized in future periods.

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as the are reported by CERS and KTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Net OPEB Liability

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as the are reported by CERS and KTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the District's past experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported on the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and retirement incentives that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and capital lease obligations are not recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements until due.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component of net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes consists primarily of programs to enhance the security of persons and property.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted - is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance) of District (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless District removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - amounts are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of District.

Unassigned - the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within restricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied in September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all the real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax on telephone communication services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and gas furnished within the District's boundaries.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, for which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, for which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it is recognized.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials, labor, and direct overhead.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, where are presented as internal balances.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature an infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the District administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during the fiscal year.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting - The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis are: (1) revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP); and (2) expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/objective level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and disclosure through October 27, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At year end the carrying amounts of the District's total cash and cash equivalents was \$780,023 which was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance and by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name.

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	Book			Bank			
		Balance			Balance		
General checking	\$	770,616		\$	874,554		
School activity		9,407	_		9,407		
Total balance	\$	780,023		\$	883,961		
			_				
Breakdown per financial statements							
Governmental funds	\$	736,847					
Proprietary fund		33,769					
Agency fund		9,407					
Total funds	\$	780,023					

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District maintains deposits with financial institutions insured by the FDIC. As allowed by law, the depository bank should pledge securities along with FDIC insurance at least equal to the amount on deposit at all times. As of June 30, 2021, all of the District's deposits are insured by the FDIC or covered by security pledges.

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NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	В	alance					В	alance
	7/1/2020 Additions		dditions	Disposals		6/3	30/2021	
Govermental Activities								
Land	\$	9,750	\$	0	\$	0	\$	9,750
Buildings and improvements	2	,404,764		0		0	2	,404,764
Technology equipmenmt		328,427		30,327		0		358,754
General equipment		70,126		39,759		0		109,885
Construction in progress	1	,037,774		0		0	1	,037,774
Total at historical cost	3	,850,841		70,086		0	3	,920,927
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings and improvements		840,973		68,191		0		909,164
Technology equipmenmt		304,079		17,641		0		321,720
General equipment	_	30,804		6,342		0		37,146
Total accumulated depreciation	1	,175,856		92,174		0	1	,268,030
Capital assets - net	\$ 2	,674,985	\$	(22,088)	\$	0	\$ 2	,652,897
Business-type Activities								
Technology equipment	\$	1,545	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,545
Food service equipment		66,844	•		•		•	66,844
Total at historical cost		68,389		0		0		68,389
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Technology equipment		1,545						1,545
Food service equipment		51,791		4,181				55,972
Total accumulated depreciation		53,336		4,181		0		57,517
Capital assets - net	\$	15,053	\$	(4,181)	\$	0	\$	10,872

Depreciation was charged to the following functions:

	Gove	ernmental	Busine	ess-type
Instruction	\$	54,874	\$	
Student support		0		
Instructional staff		0		
District administration		8,280		
School administration		449		
Plant operations		25,531		
Community service		3,040		
Food service				4,181
	\$	92,174	\$	4,181

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as lease obligations represents the District's future obligations to make lease payments relating to the bonds issued by the Southgate Independent School District Financial Corporation.

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized as follows:

Issue Date		Proceeds Rates		
2011	\$	1,355,000	2.00% - 4.50%	
2019	\$	640,000	3.00% - 3.25%	
2021	Ś	965.000	1.00%	

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the sponsoring governmental entity to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The District entered into participation agreements with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (Commission). The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District and the Commission at June 30, 2021 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Southgate I	ndependent	School Facility		
Year Ending	School	District	Construction	n Commission	Total Debt
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Service
2022	57,613	9,077	52,387	18,749	137,826
2023	56,679	8,410	53,321	17,814	136,224
2024	60,724	7,764	54,276	16,860	139,624
2025	64,746	7,092	55,254	15,882	142,974
2026	58,719	6,389	56,281	14,855	136,244
2027	62,666	5,761	57,334	13,801	139,562
2028	61,587	5,002	58,413	12,724	137,726
2029	60,481	4,269	59,519	11,617	135,886
2030	64,349	3,459	60,651	10,485	138,944
2031	63,187	2,624	61,813	9,323	136,947
2032	7,220	7,220 1,812 27,780 8,100		44,912	
2033	6,317	1,578	28,683	7,198	43,776
2034	5,385	1,372	29,615	6,266	42,638
2035	4,422	1,198	30,578	5,302	41,500
2036	8,427	1,054	31,573	4,308	45,362
2037	7,401	780	32,599	3,282	44,062
2038	6,343	540	33,657	2,224	42,764
2039	10,248	334	34,752	1,130	46,464
Total debt service	\$ 666,514	\$ 68,515	\$818,486	\$ 179,920	\$ 1,733,435

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Changes in long-term obligations are as follows:

									Amount
		Balance						Balance	Due Within
	Jı	uly 1, 2020	Bor	rowings	Rep	payments	Ju	ne 30, 2021	One Year
Series 2011	\$	925,000			\$	925,464	\$	(464)	
Series 2019		620,000				25,000		595,000	25,000
Series 2021				965,464		75,000		890,464	85,000
Total bonds payable	\$	1,545,000	\$	965,464	\$	1,025,464	\$	1,485,000	\$ 110,000

NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)

Plan description

Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided

For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in

their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. University employees are required to contribute 10.400% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its employees by 2.215%; therefore, university employees contribute 8.185% of their salary to KTRS.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS)

Plan description

Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided

CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

Contributions

Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required contribution
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$ 807,335
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension	
liability associated with the District	 5,291,147
Total net pension liability associated with the District	\$ 6,098,482

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.0105% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$165,555 related to CERS and \$418,173 related to KTRS. The Board also recognized revenue of \$418,173 for KTRS support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2021, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred		Net		
		Outflow		Inflow		Deferral	
Change in liability experience	\$	20,132	\$				
Change of assumptions		31,525					
Change in investment experience		34,995		14,793			
Change in proportionate share of contributions		102,554		2,097			
		189,206	\$	16,890	\$	172,316	
Subsequent contributions		48,215					
Total	\$	237,421					

The contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$48,215 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The net deferral of \$172,316 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	Net		
June 30	Deferral		
2022	\$ 91,067		
2023	60,013		
2024	13,122		
2025	8,114		
	\$ 172,316		

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019. The Total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, using generally accepted accounting principles and was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement. The total pension liability was determine using these actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date	6/30/2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Asset valuation method	20% of difference
Amotrization method	Level percent of pay
Remaining amortization period	25 years, closed
Payroll growth rate	2.00%
Investment return	6.25%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary increase rate - nonhazardous	3.30% - 11.55%
Salary increase rate - hazardous	3.05% - 18.55%

For CERS, Mortality rates for the period after service retirement are according to the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired employees and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006 and the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all other employees. The Group Annuity Mortality Table set forward five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

For KTRS, Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025 set forward for two years for males and one year for females. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2015 adopted by the Board on November 19, 2016.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated April 30. 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate

NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a

longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

For KTRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's and KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		CERS		KTRS
		Long-term		Long-term
	Target	Expected	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Nominal Return	Allocation	Nominal Return
US Equity	18.75%	4.50%	40.00%	4.60%
Non US Equity	18.75%	5.25%	22.00%	5.60%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%	7.00%	7.70%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	3.90%		
Core Bonds	13.50%	-0.25%		
Fixed income			15.00%	0.00%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%	2.00%	-0.50%
Additional categories			7.00%	2.50%
Real Estate	5.00%	5.30%	7.00%	4.30%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%		
Real Return	15.00%	3.95%		
	100.00%		100.00%	

Discount rate

For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan employees until the 2038 plan year. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments through 2035 and a municipal bond index rate of 3.56% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments after 2035. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) that discounts the entire projected benefit stream to the same amount as the sum of the present values of the two separate benefit payments streams was used to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate (I calculated the amounts in this schedule:

	Current					
	1%	Decrease 5.25%		6.25%		Increase 7.25%
District's proportionate share of the CERS net						
pension liability	\$	995,620	\$	807,335	\$	651,428

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and KTRS.

NOTE 7: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System OPEB Plan

Plan description

Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined OPEB pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description

In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires KTRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits Provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, six percent (6%) of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. Three percent (3%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from Commonwealth appropriation and two and one quarter percent (2.25%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

General information about the County Employee's Retirement System OPEB Plan

Plan description

The District's employees are provide OPEB under provions of Kentucky Revised Statutes. The Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) board administers the CERS Insurance Fund. The CERS Insurance fund is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan which provides group health insurance benefits for plan members that are regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. OPEB benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. The CERS Insurance Fund is included in a public available financial report that can be viewed at www.kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided

Benefits provided

The CERS Insurance hospital and medical benefits to eligible plan members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. Premium payments are submitted to DEI. The KRS board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees. The CERS Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

For health insurance purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date:

Tier 1 Participation date Before September 1, 2008 Unreduced retirement 27 years service or 65 years old Reduced retirement At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age Tier 2 Participation date September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013 Unreduced retirement At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87 Reduced retirement At least 10 years service and 60 years old Tier 3 Participation date After December 31, 2013 Unreduced retirement At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87 Reduced retirement Not available

Contributions

For the year ending June 30, 2020, the employer's contribution was 4.76% to the insurance trust for non-hazardous job classifications and 9.52% for hazardous classifications. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial basis adopted by the Board. Employees qualifying as Tier 2 or Tier 3 of the CERS plan contribute 1.0% of creditable compensation to an account created for payment of health insurance benefits.

Implicit Subsidy

The fully-insured premiums KRS Pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retiree members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. This implicit subsidy is included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of \$254,098 related to CERS and \$510,000 related to KTRS.

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share at June 30, 2020 was 0.0105% related to CERS and 0.0202% related to TRS.

District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability	\$ 254,098
District's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability	 510,000
Total net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$ 764,098

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$63,084. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferr	ed	Deferred	Net
	Outflo	w	Inflow	 Deferral
Change in liability experience	\$ 42,	455	\$ 259,488	
Change of assumptions	75,	198	269	
Change in investment experience	30,	631	5,185	
Change in proportionate share of contributions	118,	324	15,327	
	266,	608	\$ 280,269	\$ (13,661)
Subsequent contributions	45,	828		
Total	\$ 312,	436		

The contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$45,828 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The net deferral of \$(13,661) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	Net
June 30	Deferral
2022	\$ 6,123
2023	9,623
2024	4,816
2025	712
2026	(22,935)
Thereafter	(12,000)
	\$ (13,661)

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity as of June 30, 2020 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2019) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, using generally accepted accounting principles.

The KRS Board of Trustee adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2010". The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined using these updated assumptions.

The actuarial assumptions are: **KTRS**

Inflation	3.00%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increase rate	3.50% - 7.20%
Investment rate of return - MIF	8.00%
Investment rate of return - LIF	7.50%
Muncipal bond index	2.19%
Single equivalent investment rate - MIF	8.00%
Single equivalent investment rate - LIF	7.50%
Health care cost trends:	

7.25% decreasing to an ultimate Pre-65 rate of 5.00% by FYE 2029

5.25% decreasing to an ultimate Post-65

rate of 5.00% by FYE 2022

6.49% with an ultimate rate of Medicare part B premiums

5.00% by FYE 2031

CERS

Valuation date	6/30/2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amotrization method	Level percent of pay
Remaining amortization period	25 years, closed
Payroll growth rate	2.00%
Investment rate of return	6.25%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary increase rate - nonhazardous	3.30% - 11.55%
Salary increase rate - hazardous	3.05% - 18.55%
Health care cost trends:	

Pre-65 7.00% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.05% in 12 years

5.00% decreasing to an ultimate Post-65 rate of 4.05% in 12 years

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females). For disabled members, the mortality table used is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back four yersr for males).

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the tables below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum for both the non-hazardous and hazardous system.

		CERS		KTRS
		Long-term		Long-term
	Target	Expected	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Nominal Return	Allocation	Nominal Return
US Equity	18.75%	4.50%	40.00%	4.60%
Non US Equity	18.75%	5.25%	22.00%	5.60%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%	7.00%	7.70%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	3.90%		
Core Bonds	13.50%	-0.25%		
Fixed income			15.00%	0.00%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%	2.00%	-0.50%
Additional categories			7.00%	2.50%
Real Estate	5.00%	5.30%	7.00%	4.30%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%		
Real Return	15.00%	3.95%		
	100.00%		100.00%	

Discount rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018). The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.50%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 28, 2019. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsisdy was not included in the calculation of the KRS' acturarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit study will not be paid out of KRS' trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the KRS plan's CAFR.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00% for KTRS and 5.34% for CERS as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 7.00%	Current Discount Rate 8.00%	1% Increase 9.00%
District's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability	\$ 616,000	\$ 510,000	\$ 421,000
	1% Decrease 4.34%	Current Discount Rate 5.34%	1% Increase 6.34%
District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability	\$ 326,442	\$ 254,098	\$ 194,680
Total	\$ 942,442	\$ 764,098	\$ 615,680

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	Tr	end Rate	1%	Increase
District's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB						
liability	\$	404,000	\$	510,000	\$	640,000
District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB						
liability		196,736		254,098		323,709
Total	\$	600,736	\$	764,098	\$	963,709

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE 8: CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District receives funding from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

NOTE 8: CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Litigation

The District is subject to various legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of cases presently in progress.

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The District has obtained insurance coverage through a commercial insurance company. In addition, the District has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. All risk general liability management activities are accounted for in the General Fund. Expenditures and claims are recognized when probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss.

Management estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the District as of June 30, 2021 will not materially affect the financial condition of the District. Therefore, the General Fund contains no provision for estimated claims. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage amounts in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10: FUND TRANSFERS

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	 Amount
Operating	General	Special Revenue	Technology Match	\$ 3,374
Operating	Capital Outlay	Construction	Operating	32,130
Operating	Building Fund	Debt Service	Debt Service	68,804
Operating	Building Fund	Construction	Operating	 21,808
				\$ 126,116

NOTE 11: ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2021 payments of \$815,138 were made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky on behalf of the District for insurance benefits, retirement benefits, technology, and debt service. The following amounts were recorded in the Statement of Activities and the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance:

Fund	
General	\$ 734,223
Debt service	71,136
Food service	9,779
	\$ 815,138
Туре	
Retirement	\$ 418,173
Health insurance less federal reimbursement	244,509
Life insurance	409
Adminsitrative fee	3,300
HRA/Dental/Vision insurance	15,841
Technology	61,770
Debt service	 71,136
	\$ 815,138

	Capital Outlay Building Fund Fund				Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
Assets									
Total assets	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0			
Liabilities									
Total liabilities		0		0		0			
Fund balances									
Total fund balances		0		0		0			
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0			

Revenues	Capital Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
From local sources:			
Taxes: Property Intergovernmental - State Intergovernmental - State on behalf	\$ 0 16,065	\$ 57,131 16,445	\$ 57,131 32,510 0
Total revenues	16,065	73,576	89,641
Expenditures			
Total expenditures	0	0	0
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	16,065	73,576	89,641
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	(32,130)	(90,612)	(122,742)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(32,130)	(90,612)	(122,742)
Net change in fund balances	(16,065)	(17,036)	(33,101)
Fund balances - beginning of year	16,065	17,036	33,101
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

	Budgeted		Variances					
	Original	Final	Actual	Final to Actual				
Revenues								
Local sources	\$ 1,311,304	\$ 1,311,304	\$ 1,356,207	\$ 44,903				
State programs	1,245,900	1,245,900	1,265,174	19,274				
Federal programs	16,800	16,800	22,306	5,506				
Total revenues	2,574,004	2,574,004	2,643,687	69,683				
Expenditures								
Instruction	1,530,571	1,530,571	1,348,480	182,091				
Support services:								
Student	253,832	253,832	270,252	(16,420)				
Instruction staff	192,743	192,743	141,806	50,937				
District administrative	366,442	366,442	366,680	(238)				
School administrative	185,404	185,404	176,401	9,003				
Business support	41,500	41,500	61,769	(20,269)				
Plant operation and maintenance	236,594	236,594	188,395	48,199				
Other (contingency)	309,118	309,118	0	309,118				
Total expenditures	3,116,204	3,116,204	2,553,783	562,421				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(542,200)	(542,200)	89,904	632,104				
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out	(3,000)	(3,000)	(3,374)	(374)				
Sale of assets			472	472				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,000)	(3,000)	(2,902)	98				
Net change in fund balances	(545,200)	(545,200)	87,002	632,202				
Budgetary fund balance - beginning of year	545,200	545,200	586,413	41,213				
Budgetary fund balance - end of year	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 673,415	\$ 673,415				

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variances
	Original	Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (2,047)	\$ (2,047)
State programs	165,889	165,889	98,607	(67,282)
Federal programs	646,915	646,915	747,747	100,832
Total revenues	812,804	812,804	844,307	31,503
Expenditures				
Instruction	930,118	930,118	740,417	189,701
Support services:				
Student	11,326	11,326	16,581	(5,255)
Instruction staff	23,490	23,490	17,785	5,705
District administrative			329	(329)
Plant operation and maintenance	27,500	27,500	39,998	(12,498)
Food service operation			2,027	(2,027)
Community services	1,207	1,207	850	357
Total expenditures	993,641	993,641	817,987	175,654
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(180,837)	(180,837)	26,320	207,157
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfer in	3,000	3,000	3,374	374
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,000	3,000	3,374	374
Net change in fund balances	(177,837)	(177,837)	29,694	207,531
Budgetary fund balance - beginning of year	0	0 (29,6		(29,694)
Budgetary fund balance - end of year	\$ (177,837)	\$ (177,837)	\$ 0	\$ 177,837

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - KTRS										
As of June 30,	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015			
Measurement period as of June 30, District's proportion of the net pension	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014			
liability	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%			
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,374,349	\$ 5,291,147	\$ 4,894,985	\$ 8,761,297	\$ 9,240,614	\$ 6,992,493	\$ 7,434,525			
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,188,066	\$ 1,196,467	\$ 1,144,166	\$ 977,367	\$ 977,367	\$ 977,367	\$ 977,367			
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	58.27%	58.76%	59.30%	39.83%	35.22%	42.49%	45.59%			
		Schedule o	of District's Cor	ntributions - KTI	RS					
As of June 30,	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Actual contribution										
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,131,233	\$ 1,188,066	\$ 1,196,467	\$ 1,144,166	\$ 977,367	\$ 977,367	\$ 977,367	\$ 977,367		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		

Schedul	e of District's	Proportiona	te S	hare of the	Ne	t Pension Lia	abilit	ty - CERS					
As of June 30,	2021	2020		2019	2018 2017		2017	2016		2015			
Measurement period as of June 30, District's proportion of the net pension	2020	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
liability	0.0105%	0.0094%		0.0071%		0.0074%		0.0067%		0.0067%		0.0082%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 807,335	\$ 658,504	\$	432,655	\$	434,959	\$	329,589	\$	288,667	\$	267,336	
District's covered payroll	\$ 282,651	\$ 236,163	\$	176,063	\$	180,915	\$	111,594	\$	263,520	\$	326,847	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	285.63%	278.83%		245.74%		240.42%		295.35%		109.54%		81.79%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	47.81%	50.45%		53.54%		53.32%		55.50%		59.97%		66.80%	
		Schedule (of D	istrict's Co	ntrik	outions - CE	RS						
As of June 30,	2021	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 48,215	\$ 54,551	\$	38,305	\$	25,494	\$	25,237	\$	13,860	\$	37,591	\$
Actual contribution	48,215	54,551		38,305		25,494		25,237		13,860		37,591	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$
District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered	\$ 249,817	\$ 282,651	\$	236,163	\$	176,063	\$	180,915	\$	111,594	\$	294,834	\$ 1
payroll	19.30%	19.30%		16.22%		14.48%		13.95%		12.42%		12.75%	

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - KTRS

As of June 30,	2021	2020	2019	2018
Measurement period as of June 30,	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0206%	0.0206%	0.0193%	0.0171%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 510,000	\$ 603,000	\$ 669,000	\$ 610,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 408,000	\$ 487,000	\$ 498,000	\$ 576,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,188,066	\$ 1,196,466	\$ 1,144,166	\$ 977,366
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	42.93%	50.40%	58.47%	62.41%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	39.05%	32.58%	25.54%	21.18%

Schedule of District's Contributions - KTRS

As of June 30,		2021		2020		2019	2018		2017
Contractually required contribution	\$	33,937	\$	35,642	\$	35,894	\$ 34,325	\$	29,321
Actual contribution		33,937		35,642		35,894	34,325		29,321
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$ -	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$1	,131,233	\$ 1	,188,066	\$ 1	,196,466	\$ 1,144,166	\$	977,366
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%	3.00%		3.00%

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - KTRS

As of June 30,	2021			2020		2019	2018
Measurement period as of June 30,	2020			2019		2018	2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0000%			0.0000%		0.0000%	0.0000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	12,000	\$	11,000	\$	10,000	\$ 7,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 1	.,188,066	\$ 1	\$ 1,196,466		,144,166	\$ 977,366
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		71.57%		73.40%		74.97%	79.99%

Schedule of District's Contributions - KTRS

As of June 30,	20	21	2	020	2	019	 2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Actual contribution							 	 -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$ -	\$ _
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,13	31,233	\$ 1,1	188,066	\$ 1,1	196,466	\$ 1,144,166	\$ 977,366
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - CERS

As of June 30,	2021	2020	2019	2018
Measurement period as of June 30,	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0105%	0.0081%	0.0097%	0.0119%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 254,098	\$ 154,661	\$ 126,112	\$ 149,839
District's covered payroll	\$ 282,651	\$ 236,163	\$ 176,063	\$ 180,915
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	89.90%	65.49%	71.63%	82.82%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.39%

Schedule of District's Contributions - CERS

As of June 30,	2021	2021 2020		2018	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 11,891	\$ 13,454	\$ 12,422	\$ 8,274	\$ 8,557
Actual contribution	11,891	13,454	12,422	8,274	8,557
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 249,817	\$ 282,651	\$ 236,163	\$ 176,063	\$ 180,915
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	4.76%	4.76%	5.26%	4.70%	4.73%

KTRS					
Benefits	2021	2020	2019		
	no change	no change	no change		
Assumptions	2021	2020	2019		
Inflation	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Salary increases	3.50% - 7.30%	3.50% - 7.30%	3.50% - 7.30%		
Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%		
Muncipal bond index	3.50%	3.50%	3.89%		
Single equivalent investment rate	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%		
CERS					
Benefits	2021	2020	2019		
	no change	no change	no change		
Assumptions	2021	2020	2019		
Valuation date	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017		
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal		
Asset valuation method	20% of difference	20% of difference	20% of difference		
Amotrization method	Level percent of pay	Level percent of pay	Level percent of pay		
Remaining amortization period	25 years, closed	26 years, closed	27 years, closed		
Payroll growth rate	2.00%	2.00%	4.00%		
Investment return	6.25%	6.25%	7.50%		
Inflation	2.30%	2.30%	3.25%		
Salary increase rate - nonhazardous	3.30% - 11.55%	3.30% - 11.55%	4.00%		
Salary increase rate - hazardous	3.05% - 18.55%	3.05% - 18.55%	4.00%		

KTRS

Benfits	2021	2020			
	no change	no change			
Assumptions	2021	2020			
Inflation	3.00%	3.00%			
Real wage growth	0.50%	0.50%			
Wage inflation	3.50%	3.50%			
Salary increase rate	3.50% - 7.20%	3.50% - 7.20%			
Investment rate of return - MIF	8.00%	8.00%			
Investment rate of return - LIF	7.50%	7.50%			
Muncipal bond index	2.19%	3.50%			
Single equivalent investment rate - MIF	8.00%	8.00%			
Single equivalent investment rate - LIF	7.50%	7.50%			
Health care cost trends:					
Pre-65	7.25% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FYE 2029	7.25% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FYE 2029			
Post-65	5.25% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FYE 2022	5.25% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FYE 2022			
Medicare part B premiums	6.49% with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FYE 2031	6.49% with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FYE 2031			
CERS					
Benefits	2021	2020			
	no change	no change			
Assumptions	2021	2020			
Valuation date	6/30/2018	6/30/2017			
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal			
Amotrization method	Level percent of pay	Level percent of pay			
Remaining amortization period	25 years, closed	26 years, closed			
Payroll growth rate	2.00%	2.00%			
Investment rate of return	6.25%	6.25%			
Inflation	2.30%	2.30%			
Salary increase rate - nonhazardous	3.30% - 11.55%	3.30% - 11.55%			
Salary increase rate - hazardous	3.05% - 18.55%	3.05% - 18.55%			
Health care cost trends:					

Pre-65

7.00% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.05% in 12 years

7.00% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.05% in 12 years

	Cash	n Balance							Cash Balance	Receivable /	Fun	d Balance
Fund Name	July	1, 2020	Rec	eipts	Exp	enditure	Transfe	rs	June 30, 2021	Payable	June	e 30, 2021
Preschool	\$	194	\$	0	\$	3	3	31	\$ 222		\$	222
Kindergarten		384				225	(15	9)	0			0
First grade		458				211	(23	4)	13			13
Second grade		115				204	11	0	21			21
Third grade		98				41	12	6	183			183
Fourth grade		249					(2	4)	225			225
Fifth grade		590					(36	5)	225			225
Sixth grade		157					6	7	224			224
Seventh grade							22	4	224			224
Eighth grade						224	22	4	0			0
Eighth grade trip									0			0
Band		558							558			558
NKOA		1,850	5	,475		5,882			1,443			1,443
Student needs		1,936							1,936			1,936
Library		384				378			6			6
Student council		678							678			678
Yearbook		-		596		540	15	2	208			208
Office		1,761		894			(15	2)	2,503			2,503
All school field trip		500							500			500
Art		232							232			232
GOTR		6							6			6
Due to student groups	\$	10,150	\$ 6	,965	\$	7,708	\$	0	\$ 9,407	\$ 0	\$	9,407

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Education					
Passed through the Kentucky Department of Education					
Title II- Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	3230002 20	\$	8,218	
Title II- Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	3230002 21		10,773	
Title II- Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	3230002 19		8,844	
Total CFDA 84.367				27,835	
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	3100002 21 3100002 20		107,039 16,460	
Total CFDA 84.010				123,499	
Striving Readers Grant	84.287C	20		11,282	
Striving Readers Grant	84.287C	19		13,784	
Total CFDA 84.287C				25,067	
Title IV-Part A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	3420002-20		3,488	
Title IV-Part A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	3420002-19		6,786	
Title IV-Part A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	3420002-21		4,650	
Total CFDA 84.424A				14,924	
River Country Readers Grant (IAL) FY20 Grant	84.215G	S215G180045		264,393	
CARES Act Stabilization Fund	84.425D	S425D200026		60,427	
Covid-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief		S425D210026		71,317	
Covid-19 Governor's Emergency Relief Fund	84.425C	S425C200008		10,459	
Coronavirus Relief Funds	84.425			39,176	
Total CFDA 84.425				181,378	
Special Education Cluster					
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	3810002 21		57,223	
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	3810002 20		29,617	
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-19		5,946	
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-20		1,191	
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-21		3,167	
Total Special Education Cluster				97,145	
Total US Department of Education				734,240	
US Department of Agriculture					
Child Nutrition Cluster					
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education					
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7690024 20		2,949	
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7690024 21		8,615	
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7740023 20		28,736	
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7740023 21		83,946	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				124,247	
Total US Department of Agriculturre				124,247	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards Page 56			\$	858,487	

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Southgate Independent School District (District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts, if any, shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE 3: INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4: SUBRECIPIENTS

The District did not provide federal funds to subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Southgate Independent School District Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2021

No prior year audit findings reported.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Southgate Independent School District Southgate, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Southgate Independent School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Southgate Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Southgate Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Southgate Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and

1407 Alexandria Pike Fort Thomas, KY 41075

3863 Glenmore Ave Cincinnati, OH 45211

grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated October 27, 2021.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

Fort Thomas, Kentucky October 27, 2021





Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and in Internal Control over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Southgate Independent School District Southgate, Kentucky

We have audited Southgate Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statues, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit procedures provide a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control

over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

Fort Thomas, Kentucky October 27, 2021



SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued statements audited were prepare		Unmodified			
Internal control over financial rep Material weakness(es) identifie	_		_Yes	X	_No
Significant deficiency(ies) ident		Yes	X	None ı	
Noncompliance material to finan		_Yes	X	_No	
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major progr Material weakness(es) identific Significant deficiency(ies) ident	ed?		_Yes _Yes	X	No None ı
Type of report the auditor issued programs:		Unm	nodified	_	
Any audit findings disclosed that in accordance with Uniform Guid Identification of Major Programs			_Yes	X	None i
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or	Cluster			
81.245	CARES Act Stabilization Fund Covid-19 Elementary and Secor Covid-19 Governor's Emergenc Coronavirus Relief Funds	ndary Sch		ergency F	- Relief
Dollar threshhold used to disting Type B programs:	uish between Type A and		\$	750,000	_
Auditee qualified as low-risk aud	itee		Yes	X	No
SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT	FINDINGS				
None reported					
SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FIND	INGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	6			
None reported					

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Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Southgate Independent School District Southgate, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Southgate Independent School District (District) for the year ended June 30, 2021, we considered the District's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of matters that our opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiencies. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and recommendations regarding these matters. Any uncorrected comments from the prior year have been listed in this letter. A separate reported dated October 27, 2021 contains our report on the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated October 27, 2021 on the financial statements of the District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed the comments and recommendation with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at our convenience, to perform additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations

Maddox & Associates CPAs Inc.

Current Year Comments

Activity Funds

2021-01

In our testing of activity funds disbursements, we noted several instances in which disbursement forms were not being signed by an authorized person

District's Response

Staff will be trained on the appropriate requirements and required documentation.

Activity Funds

2021-02

In our testing of activity funds receipts, we noted several instances in which receipt forms were not being utilized.

District's Response

Staff will be trained on the appropriate requirements and required documentation.

Activity Funds

2021-03

In our testing of the activity funds we noted several instances in which the monthly report and bank statement were not signed and approved.

District's Response

Staff will be trained on the appropriate requirements and required documentation.

Prior Year Comments

Activity Funds

2020-01

In our testing of activity funds disbursements, we noted several instances in which disbursement forms were not being signed by an authorized person

This comment has been repeated in the current year.

Activity Funds

2020-02

In our testing of activity funds receipts, we noted several instances in which receipt forms were not being utilized.

This comment has been repeated in the current year.