Gallatin County School District

Financial Statements With Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2018 With Independent Auditors' Report

Year Ended June 30, 2018

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board of Education Gallatin County School District Warsaw, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gallatin County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Gallatin County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements* prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gallatin County School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the information on pages 3-9, 52-54, and 59-68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Gallatin County School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2018 on our consideration of the Gallatin County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Gallatin County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Gallatin County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Barnes, Dennig E, Co., Std.

Crestview Hills, Kentucky November 15, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2018

As management of Gallatin County Board of Education (Board), the governing body for the Gallatin County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the financial statements and notes. All amounts used in this MD&A are approximate amounts, except where more specific.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The General Fund contingency ended the year at \$1,767,008, a increase of \$115,881. The ending fund balance represents a 6.6% contingency. Revenue exceeded prior year amounts by \$1,247,500. SEEK revenue decreased \$129,100, while revenues from all local tax sources increased \$353,856. Utility tax increased \$177,470 from the previous year and property tax collections were higher than FY 2017. Medicaid reimbursement revenues were up \$91,264 and the transfer from the Capital Accounts decreased over \$3,000.
- In the special revenue fund, all prior year grants have been closed out. Total grant expenditures from local, state and federal grants were \$1,631,293.
- The Capital Outlay Fund allotment of \$143,457 was transferred to the General Fund for current operating expense. The Capital Outlay Fund is at a zero fund balance.
- The Building Fund is at a zero fund balance. Local revenue of \$890,074 and state revenue of \$794,826 was received. \$1,668,951 was employed to retire debt and the remaining balance of \$15,949 was transferred to General Fund for current operating expense.
- The ending fund balance in the Construction Fund is \$129,296.
- The district made debt service payments of \$2,539,363 during the 17-18 year.
- Food Service revenue was virtually level with FY 2017 at \$1,091,621, however, total expenditures decreased by \$11,135.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2018 (Continued)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED)

Our primary financial concern continues to be state funding which has not kept up with the increases in operating expenses due to inflation, increased salaries - some of which are a direct result of mandates by the state, and an increasing portion of the retirement shortfall that we have been asked to fund. After many years of not making the necessary contributions to fully fund the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System (KTRS), the legislature passed along a portion of the funding shortfall to employees and a larger portion to school districts. As a result, our district has paid hundreds of thousands of dollars into the retirement system over the past six years and will pay millions of dollars in the future in an effort to help stabilize the fund. We are also being required to record the portion of the unfunded state liability in our financial statements attributable to our employees, as determined by KTRS. While it remains to be seen if districts, including our own, will end up shouldering more this deficit over the years to come, if the state does not start responsibly funding the system it can be safely assumed that we will. This will continue to shift more of the responsibility for funding our education system onto the backs of school districts and subsequently local tax payers. The continual erosion of state funding makes it increasingly difficult to maintain the high standard of education and programming that our students deserve without increasing taxes locally. In this climate of shrinking state support the Gallatin County School District will maintain fiscally responsible policies in order to continue providing quality academic, extra-curricular and community service programs to all of its students.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2018 (Continued)

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations and day care operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 18 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 49 of this report.

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$2,187,665 as of June 30, 2018.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e. land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions, including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2018 (Continued)

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2018 and 2017

The following is a summary of net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

	2018	2017
Current assets Noncurrent assets	\$ 2,260,599 33,602,443	\$ 3,103,018 34,317,315
Total assets	35,863,042	37,420,333
Total deferred outflows	4,381,072	2,092,621
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	2,482,323 34,801,250	2,831,417 29,298,484
Total liabilities	37,283,573	32,129,901
Total deferred inflows	772,876	299,073
Net position Investment in capital assets (net of debt) Restricted Unassigned Total net position	9,526,950 (8,737,693) 1,398,408 \$ 2,187,665	8,297,241 (2,447,241) 1,233,980 \$7,083,980

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2018 (Continued)

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents a summary of revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

	2018	2017
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 53,187	\$ 52,760
Operating grants	2,663,571	2,550,482
Capital grants	1,808,695	1,829,817
Total grant revenues	4,525,453	4,433,059
General Revenues		
Taxes	5,188,507	4,858,314
Grants and entitlements	12,740,669	13,781,587
Earnings on investments	50,133	30,780
Miscellaneous	2,279,620	679,331
Total general revenues	20,258,929	19,350,012
Total revenues	24,784,382	23,783,071
Expenses		
Instructional	14,386,922	14,415,733
Student support services	779,751	704,684
Staff support services	596,226	647,041
District administration	750,044	682,211
School administration	1,034,466	937,942
Business support services	728,667	722,730
Plant operation and maintenance	1,576,066	1,552,197
Student transportation	1,511,720	1,663,889
Food service operation	1,123,223	1,134,358
Community service operations	153,045	154,052
Interest on long-term debt	681,394	711,579
Total expenses	23,972,494	23,326,414
Change in net position	\$ 811,888	\$ 456,657

Comments on General Fund Budget Comparisons

- The District's total revenues (General Fund) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, net of Inter-fund transfers and proceeds from the sale of assets, were \$14,991,411.
- General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly from line item to line item. Actual ending balance was \$1,506,310, net of inter-fund transfers and proceeds from the sale of assets, more than budget.
- The District's total cost of all programs and services (General Fund) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, net of inter-fund transfers and debt service payments, were \$14,871,367.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2018 (Continued)

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Comments on General Fund Budget Comparisons (Continued)

• General fund budgeted expenditures were greater than actual by around \$260,700, net of inter-fund transfers. This resulted from the board establishing a contingency totaling \$1,178,740 and other expenditures being lower than expected.

The General Fund relies heavily on state funding, primarily the SEEK program. The SEEK program is the Commonwealth of Kentucky's funding mechanism for public schools. The funds allocated from this program are driven by student average daily attendance and student demographics. Local Tax Revenue is comprised of a real property tax, a tax assessed on utility consumers and a motor vehicle tax on the assessed value of vehicles.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some Federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The district ended 2017-2018 with a general fund contingency of \$1,178,740. The beginning cash balance for the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,560,770 and ending cash balance was \$1,803,106.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Questions regarding this report should be directed to Superintendent Larry Hammond (859) 567-2828 or to Kelley Gamble, Finance Officer (859) 567-1825, or by mail at 75 Boardwalk, Warsaw, KY 41095.

Statement of Net Position – District Wide As of June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets Current:			
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 1,917,769 297,517	\$ 33,496 -	\$ 1,951,265 297,517
Inventories for consumption		11,817	11,817
Total current	2,215,286	45,313	2,260,599
Noncurrent: Construction in progress Nondepreciated capital assets:	-	-	-
Land	1,439,392	-	1,439,392
Depreciated capital assets:			
Land improvements	2,306,070 41,494,154	-	2,306,070
Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	6,078,935	- 954,960	41,494,154 7,033,895
Less: accumulated depreciation	(17,860,926)	(810,142)	(18,671,068)
Total noncurrent	33,457,625	144,818	33,602,443
Total assets	35,672,911	190,131	35,863,042
Deferred outflows	4,227,216	153,856	4,381,072
Liabilities and Net Position Liabilities			
Current:	0 000 00 /		
Current portion of bonds payable Accounts payable	2,002,234 46,961	-	2,002,234
Accounts payable Accrued interest	123,139	-	46,961 123,139
Accrued sick leave	21,092	-	21,092
Accrued payroll and related expenses	157,466	-	157,466
Assessed KISBIT liability	34,544	-	34,544
Deferred revenues	95,743	1,144	96,887
Total current	2,481,179	1,144	2,482,323
Noncurrent:			
Accrued sick leave	189,825	-	189,825
MIF net OPEB liability	5,936,089	245,876	6,181,965
CERS net pension liability Bond obligations	5,611,061 22,585,986	232,413	5,843,474 22,585,986
Total noncurrent	34,322,961	478,289	34,801,250
Total liabilities	36,804,140	479,433	37,283,573
Deferred inflows	742,136	30,740	772,876
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	9,382,132	144,818	9,526,950
Restricted Unrestricted	(8,426,689) 1,398,408	(311,004)	(8,737,693) 1,398,408
		-	
Total net position	\$ 2,353,851	\$ (166,186)	\$ 2,187,665

Statement of Activities – District Wide Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Pro	gram Revenue	5		Net	(Expense) Revenu In Net Pos	l Changes	
Function/Programs	Expenses	arges for ervices	G	Operating Grants and Intributions		pital Grants and ontributions	G	overnmental Activities	iness-type Activities	 Total
Governmental Activities:										
Instructional	\$ 14,386,922	\$ -	\$	1,272,453	\$	-	\$	(13,114,469)	\$ -	\$ (13,114,469)
Student support services	779,751	-		-		-		(779,751)	-	(779,751)
Staff support services	596,226	-		42,673		-		(553,553)	-	(553,553)
District administration	750,044	-		-		-		(750,044)	-	(750,044)
School administration	1,034,466	-		2,476		-		(1,031,990)	-	(1,031,990)
Business support services	728,667	-		60,729		-		(667,938)	-	(667,938)
Plant operation and maintenance	1,576,066	-		-		-		(1,576,066)	-	(1,576,066)
Student transportation	1,511,720	-		94,081		-		(1,417,639)	-	(1,417,639)
Community service operations	153,045	-		153,045		-		-	-	-
Facility acquisition and construction	650,970	-		-		-		(650,970)	-	(650,970)
Other	-	-		-		1,808,695		1,808,695	-	1,808,695
Interest on long-term debt	681,394	-		-		-		(681,394)	-	(681,394)
-		 						<u>, </u>	 	· · ·
Total governmental activities	22,849,271	 -		1,625,457		1,808,695		(19,415,119)	 -	 (19,415,119)
Business-type Activities										
Food service	1,123,223	 53,187		1,038,114		-		-	 (31,922)	 (31,922)
Total business-type activities	1,123,223	 53,187		1,038,114		-			 (31,922)	 (31,922)
Total school district	\$ 23,972,494	\$ 53,187	\$	2,663,571	\$	1,808,695		(19,415,119)	 (31,922)	 (19,447,041)
			Gen	eral revenues:						
				xes				5,188,507	-	5,188,507
				ate and federal s	ources			12,740,669	-	12,740,669
				estment earning				49,813	320	50,133
				in on sale of fixe		ts		1,201		1,201
				her sources				2,278,419	 -	 2,278,419
			То	tal general and s	special	revenues		20,258,609	320	20,258,929
				0				, ,		
			Char	nge in net positio	on			843,490	(31,602)	811,888
			Net	position - beginn	ing			6,991,531	92,449	7,083,980
			Net	position adjustm	ent (No	te 18)		(5,481,170)	 (227,033)	 (5,708,203)
			Net	position - ending			\$	2,353,851	\$ (166,186)	\$ 2,187,665

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Current	• • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •
Cash (overdraft) and cash equivalents	\$ 1,803,106	\$ (33,445)	\$ -	\$ 148,108	\$ 1,917,769
Accounts receivable	167,396	130,121		<u> </u>	297,517
Total current	\$ 1,970,502	\$ 96,676	\$ -	\$ 148,108	\$ 2,215,286
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Current					
Accounts payable	\$ 46,028	\$ 933	\$ -	\$-	\$ 46,961
Accrued payroll and related expenses	157,466	-	-	-	157,466
Unearned revenues	<u> </u>	95,743		<u> </u>	95,743
Total current	203,494	96,676	<u> </u>		300,170
Fund Balance					
Restricted:					
Other	-	-	-	148,108	148,108
Committed:					
Other	105,458	-	-	-	105,458
Unassigned	1,661,550				1,661,550
Total fund balance	1,767,008			148,108	1,915,116
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,970,502	\$ 96,676	\$ -	\$ 148,108	\$ 2,215,286

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2018

Total governmental fund balance		\$ 1,915,116
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Cost of capital assets	51,318,551	
Accumulated depreciation	(17,860,926)	
		33,457,625
Deferred outflows		
Bond refinancing	512,727	
Related to CERS	2,537,090	
CERS contributions made after the measurement date	455,049	
Related to MIF	419,334	
MIF contributions made after the measurement date	303,016	
		4,227,216
	(500.004)	
Deferred inflows related to CERS	(589,384)	
Deferred inflows related to MIF	(152,752)	(740 406)
		(742,136)
Long-term liabilities (including bonds payable) are not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds payable		(24,588,220)
Accrued interest on bonds		(123,139)
Net pension liability		(5,611,061)
Net OPEB liability		(5,936,089)
Assessed KISBIT liability		(34,544)
Accrued sick leave		(210,917)
Total not position governmental		¢ 0.050.054
Total net position - governmental		\$ 2,353,851

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 4,298,433	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 890,074	\$ 5,188,507
Earnings on investments	44,599	-	-	5,214	49,813
State sources	10,427,846	790,957	870,412	938,283	13,027,498
Federal sources	160,722	812,651	-	-	973,373
Other sources	59,811	21,849		22,070	103,730
Total revenues	14,991,411	1,625,457	870,412	1,855,641	19,342,921
Expenditures					
Instructional	8,285,438	1,278,289	-	250	9,563,977
Student support services	777,884	-	-	1,867	779,751
Staff support services	536,428	42,673	-	17,125	596,226
District administration	747,451	-	-	-	747,451
School administration	1,031,990	2,476	-	-	1,034,466
Business support services	651,838	60,729	-	-	712,567
Plant operation and maintenance	1,584,272	-	-	-	1,584,272
Student transportation	1,256,066	94,081	-	-	1,350,147
Community service operations	-	153,045	-	-	153,045
Facility acquisition and construction	-	-	-	650,970	650,970
Debt service:					
Principal	138,271	-	1,870,401	-	2,008,672
Interest	20,663		668,962		689,625
Total expenditures	15,030,301	1,631,293	2,539,363	670,212	19,871,169
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(38,890)	(5,836)	(1,668,951)	1,185,429	(528,248)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Loan and bond proceeds	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	1,201	-	-	-	1,201
Operating transfers in	183,697	30,127	1,668,951	-	1,882,775
Operating transfers out	(30,127)	(24,291)		(1,828,357)	(1,882,775)
Total other financing sources (uses)	154,771	5,836	1,668,951	(1,828,357)	1,201
Net change in fund balance	115,881	-	-	(642,928)	(527,047)
Fund balance, July 1, 2017	1,651,127		<u> </u>	791,036	2,442,163
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ 1,767,008	\$ -	\$-	\$ 148,108	\$ 1,915,116

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Net changes-governmental funds	\$ (527,047)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures because they use current financial resources. However in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital 	(677,777)
Bond and capital lease proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance.In the statement of net position however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.Bond principal paid2,008,672 (64,091)	1.944.581
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to other post-employment retirement benefits	1,538,279 722,350
Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to other post-employment retirement benefits	(302,532) (152,752)
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	(1,701,612)
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 843,490

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund As of June 30, 2018

	Food				
	Service	Total			
Assets					
Current					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 33,496	\$ 33,496			
Inventories for consumption	11,817	11,817			
	15.040	15 0 10			
Total current	45,313	45,313			
Noncurrent					
Furniture and fixtures	954,960	954,960			
Less: accumulated depreciation	(810,142)	(810,142)			
Total noncurrent	144,818	144,818			
Total assets	190,131	190,131			
Deferred outflows	153,856	153,856			
Liabilities					
Current					
Accounts payable	-	-			
Unearned revenue	1,144	1,144			
Total current	1,144	1,144			
Noncurrent					
MIF net OPEB liability	245,876	245,876			
CERS net pension liability	232,413	232,413			
Total noncurrent	478,289	478,289			
Total liabilities	470 422	470 422			
Total habilities	479,433	479,433			
Deferred inflows	30,740	30,740			
Net Position					
Invested in assets, net of debt	144,818	144,818			
Restricted	(311,004)	(311,004)			
		<u>.</u>			
Total net position	\$ (166,186)	\$ (166,186)			

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Food Service	Total
Operating revenues		
Lunchroom sales	\$ 51,958	\$ 51,958
Other operating revenues	1,229	1,229
Total operating revenues	53,187	53,187
Operating expenses		
Salaries and benefits	475,255	475,255
Contract services	33,769	33,769
Materials and supplies	533,348	533,348
Depreciation	54,769	54,769
Other operating expenses	26,082	26,082
Total operating expenses	1,123,223	1,123,223
Operating loss	(1,070,036)	(1,070,036)
Nonoperating revenues		
Federal grants	951,263	951,263
State grants	9,383	9,383
Donated commodities and other donations	77,468	77,468
Interest income	320	320
Total nonoperating revenues	1,038,434	1,038,434
Net change in fund balance	(31,602)	(31,602)
Total net position, July 1, 2017	92,449	92,449
Net position adjustment	(227,033)	(227,033)
Total net position, June 30, 2018	\$ (166,186)	\$ (166,186)

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Food Service Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from lunchroom sales	\$ 51,958	\$ 51,958
Cash received from other activities	1,229	1,229
Cash payments to employees for services	(481,271)	(481,271)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(605,247)	(605,247)
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,033,331)	(1,033,331)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Non-operating revenues received	1,038,114	1,038,114
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,038,114	1,038,114
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest on investments	320	320
Net cash provided by investing activities	320	320
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(12,571)	(12,571)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	46,067	46,067
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 33,496	\$ 33,496
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash		
used in operating activities		
Operating loss	\$ (1,070,036)	\$ (1,070,036)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation	54,769	54,769
Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) in deferred outflows	(01 012)	(01 012)
(Decrease) in accounts payable	(91,913)	(91,913)
Increase in deferred inflows	(5,880) 18,519	(5,880) 18,519
Increase in MIF net OPEB liability	18,843	18,843
•		
Increase in CERS net pension liability	48,535	48,535
Decrease in unearned revenue	(178)	(178)
(Increase) in inventories	(5,990)	(5,990)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (1,033,331)	\$ (1,033,331)
Schedule of non-cash transactions:		
Donated commodities received from federal government	\$ 77,468	\$ 77,468

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position As of June 30, 2018

	School Activity Funds		Total	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 84,823	\$	84,823	
Total assets	\$ 84,823	\$	84,823	
Liabilities Due to student groups	 84,823		84,823	
Total liabilities	\$ 84,823	\$	84,823	

Notes to the Financial Statement

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Gallatin County Board of Education (Board), a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Gallatin County School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Gallatin County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Gallatin County School District Finance Corporation</u> - The Board authorized the establishment of the Gallatin County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Gallatin County Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

District-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The district-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the district-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The district-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in total net position. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards included in this report on page 70. This is a major fund of the District.
- (C) Special Revenue Activity Fund is used to support co-curricular activities, and are not raised and expended by student groups. District activity funds accounted for in the District bank account are not subject to the Redbook and may be expended with more flexibility than school activity funds but must meet the "educational purpose" standard for all District expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

I. <u>Governmental Fund Types (cont'd)</u>

- (D) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).
- 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky Fund (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. The District is committed to construction contracts in the amount of \$129,296 for ongoing projects.

II. Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and, for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

III. <u>Proprietary Fund</u> (Enterprise Fund)

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). The Food Service fund is a major fund of the District.

IV. <u>Fiduciary Fund Type</u> (Agency and Trust Funds)

The Activity Funds account for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds.

The District applies all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The GASB is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local government through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. District-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP of the United States of America. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased, except for inventories in the Proprietary Fund, which are capitalized at the lower of cost or market.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the district-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the district-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars, with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property, for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
<u></u>	
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
General equipment	10 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the District's experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the district-wide financial statements.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance Reserves

Beginning with fiscal year 2012 the District implemented GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the District's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> - amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the action to remove or change the constraint.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – amounts the District intends to use for specific purpose (such as encumbrances); intent can be expressed by the District or by an official or body to which the District delegates the authority.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> – amounts that are available for purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General fund.

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

Encumbrances are not liabilities and are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. Encumbrances remaining open at the end of the fiscal year are automatically rebudgeted in the following fiscal year. Encumbrances are considered a managerial assignment of fund balance in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and as non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the District's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

NOTE 2 ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The amounts exceeding the federally insured limits are covered by a collateral agreement and the collateral is held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name. The District has not experienced any losses in such accounts and the District believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018
Land	\$ 1,439,392	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,439,392
Land improvements	2,306,070	-	-	2,306,070
Buildings and improvements	39,680,296	1,813,858	-	41,494,154
Technology equipment	1,761,894	-	-	1,761,894
Vehicles	2,478,140	-	-	2,478,140
General equipment	1,771,018	67,883	-	1,838,901
Construction work in progress	1,217,256		1,217,256	
Totals at historical cost	50,654,066	1,881,741	1,217,256	51,318,551
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	1,260,887	105,099	-	1,365,986
Buildings and improvements	10,481,975	980,916	-	11,462,891
Technology equipment	1,708,341	43,122	-	1,751,463
Vehicles	1,727,995	126,342	-	1,854,337
General equipment	1,339,466	86,783	-	1,426,249
Total accumulated depreciation	16,518,664	1,342,262		17,860,926
Governmental activities capital assets - net	\$ 34,135,402	\$ 539,479	\$ 1,217,256	\$ 33,457,625
Business - Type Activities				
General equipment Technology equipment	\$ 890,662 46,624	\$ 17,674 	\$ - -	\$ 908,336 46,624
Totals at historical cost	937,286	17,674		954,960
Less: accumulated depreciation	709 605	54 760		763 274
General equipment Technology equipment	708,605 46,768	54,769	-	763,374 46,768
roomoogy equipment	40,700	<u> </u>		
Total accumulated depreciation	755,373	54,769		810,142
Business - type activities				
capital assets - net	\$ 181,913	\$ (37,095)	\$-	\$ 144,818

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense by function for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Governmental		Business-Ty	
la chartella e el	۴	4 450 000	¢	
Instructional	\$	1,152,930	\$	-
District administration		2,593		-
Business support services		16,100		-
Plant operation and maintenance		9,066		-
Student transportation		161,573		-
Food service		-		54,769
Total	\$	1,342,262	\$	54,769

NOTE 5 ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon providing proof of qualification as an annuitant from the Kentucky Teacher's Retirement System, certified and classified employees will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. At June 30, 2018 this amount totaled approximately \$210,917 for those employees with twenty-seven or more years of experience.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 6 BONDED DEBT

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	 Proceeds	Rates
September 30, 2008	\$ 1,755,000	2.500% - 3.800%
April 8, 2008	1,240,000	2.450% - 3.300%
January 1, 2008	166,094	3.000% - 3.750%
January 1, 2009	86,034	2.000% - 3.900%
September 16, 2010	3,010,000	0.400% - 2.400%
July 1, 2010	109,182	1.000% - 3.390%
January 1, 2011	106,899	1.000% - 4.000%
December 19, 2012	4,040,000	1.400% - 2.625%
May 1, 2012	110,010	2.000%
November 27, 2013	385,000	2.300%
March 7, 2013	106,762	2.000%
March 1, 2014	117,534	2.000% - 3.000%
April 30, 2014	6,495,000	1.100% - 3.150%
March 1, 2015	225,576	1.000% - 3.000%
March 30, 2015	13,070,000	2.000% - 3.000%
March 1, 2016	117,631	2.000% - 2.625%
September 22, 2016	1,635,000	2.000% - 3.000%
February 1, 2017	237,052	2.550%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Gallatin County Fiscal Court and the Gallatin County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities.

The District entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission (Commission). The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. Note 15 sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal has been recorded in the financial statements.

All issues may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2018 for debt service (principal and interest) are reported in Note 15.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 7 CONTINGENCIES

Grant Fund Approval

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue the programs.

NOTE 8 INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated, which includes workers' compensation insurance.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund. These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school districts and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage. The Liability Insurance fund pays insurance premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund (after payment of operational and administrative costs and claims for which coverage was provided) would be returned to the member on a pro rata basis.

The District is self-insured for unemployment insurance benefits. The District reimburses the state for any claims paid. The District purchases workers' compensation insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 DEFICIT OPERATING/FUND BALANCES

The Food Service Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$166,186. The following funds have operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures, resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

Construction Fund	\$ 645,756
Food Service Fund	31,602
Gallatin County Lower Elementary	2,950
Gallatin County Upper Elementary	4,016
Gallatin Middle School	1,542

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 11 COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE 12 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The District is a participant in the Kentucky School Board Insurance Trust in which the District purchases general liability and workers' compensation insurance. As of June 30, 2018, the District has been notified of a deficit in the trust and has been given a preliminary assessment of its portion of the deficit of \$34,544. This contingent liability has been recorded in the District Wide Financial Statements but not included in the Governmental Financial Statements.

NOTE 13 TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year.

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	A	mount
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Operating	\$	30,127
Building Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Service	1	,668,951
Capital Outlay Fund	General Fund	Operating		143,457
Building Fund	General Fund	Operating		15,949
Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	Operating		24,291

NOTE 14 ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2018 total payments of \$4,905,747 were made for life insurance, health insurance, KTRS matching and administrative fees by the Commonwealth of Kentucky on behalf of the District. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the statement of activities.

General Fund	\$ 4,035,335
Debt Service	870,412
Total On-Behalf	\$ 4,905,747

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 15 SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

2008, 2008R, 2010R, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015R, 2016, 2017 and KISTA Bus Loans

Fiscal Year		Gallatin County School District			Y School Facilities		Total
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Requirements
2018-2019	\$ 1,306,636	\$ 499,245	\$ 1,805,881	\$ 695,598	\$ 144,190	\$ 839,788	\$ 2,645,669
2019-2020	1,331,496	469,362	1,800,858	678,850	129,136	807,986	2,608,845
2020-2021	1,349,124	437,133	1,786,257	606,120	115,658	721,778	2,508,034
2021-2022	2,032,873	402,650	2,435,523	617,421	103,551	720,972	3,156,496
2022-2023	1,400,674	371,203	1,771,877	634,339	85,828	720,167	2,492,044
2023-2024	1,432,506	331,656	1,764,162	655,829	67,544	723,373	2,487,535
2024-2025	1,461,791	290,482	1,752,273	634,886	48,579	683,465	2,435,738
2025-2026	1,244,121	247,703	1,491,824	653,563	29,902	683,465	2,175,289
2026-2027	914,025	209,990	1,124,015	63,368	10,674	74,042	1,198,057
2027-2028	979,969	182,846	1,162,815	65,031	9,009	74,040	1,236,855
2028-2029	1,008,187	154,393	1,162,580	66,813	7,228	74,041	1,236,621
2029-2030	1,036,296	123,941	1,160,237	68,704	5,337	74,041	1,234,278
2030-2031	830,577	83,032	913,609	34,423	3,380	37,803	951,413
2031-2032	949,688	60,292	1,009,980	35,312	2,492	37,804	1,047,784
2032-2033	977,629	34,993	1,012,622	32,371	1,604	33,975	1,046,597
2033-2034	180,460	19,571	200,031	9,540	1,042	10,582	210,613
2034-2035	185,182	14,311	199,493	9,818	764	10,582	210,075
2035-2036	189,883	8,686	198,569	10,117	465	10,582	209,150
2036-2037	194,575	2,919	197,494	10,425	156	10,581	208,075
	\$ 19,005,692	\$ 3,944,407	\$ 22,950,099	\$ 5,582,528	\$ 766,539	\$ 6,349,067	\$ 29,299,166

A summary of the changes in the principal of the outstanding bond obligations and the sick leave for the District during the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2017	Additions	Payments	June 30, 2018
Bond Obligations	\$ 26,596,89	<u> </u>	\$ 2,008,672	\$ 24,588,220
Sick Leave	\$ 247,91	7 \$ 70,176	\$ 107,176	\$ 210,917

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 16 RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous

Plan description

Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided

CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1 Participation date Before September 1, 2008		
	Unreduced retirement	27 years service or 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 55 years old
		At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
		Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
		Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 16 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided (Continued)

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. One month's service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 75% of the decedent's monthly average rate of pay. If the surviving spouse remarries, the monthly rate will be recalculated to 25% of the decedent's monthly average. Any dependent child will receive 50% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 75% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required disability benefits.

Contributions

Required contributions by the employee are based on the following tier:

	Required contribution		
Tier 1	5%		
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance		
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance		

The contribution requirement for CERS for the year ended June 30, 2018, was \$606,406 which consisted of \$473,897 from the District and \$132,509 from the employees. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$583,147 and \$486,175, respectively. The contributions have been contributed in full for fiscal years 2018, 2017 and 2016.

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky

Plan description

Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05 publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided

For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 16 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided (Continued)

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes. Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. University employees are required to contribute 10.400% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its employees by 2.215%; therefore, university employees contribute 8.185% of their salary to KTRS. The contribution requirement for KTRS for the year ended June 30, 2018, was \$1,144,219, which consisted of \$243,149 from the District and \$901,070 from the employees. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$1,152,100 and \$1,196,926, respectively. The contributions have been contributed in full for fiscal years 2018, 2017 and 2016.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 16 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided (Continued)

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description

In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires KTRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy

In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, 6.59% of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. 3.75% is paid by member contributions, 0.16% is credited to the Commonwealth, and 3.00% is contributed by the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses for the plan.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$ 5,843,474
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension liability associated with the District	60,302,386
	\$ 66,145,860

The Net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.099832%.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 16 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,712,499 related to CERS and \$2,150,102 related to KTRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$2,150,102 for KTRS support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual performance	\$ 42,467	\$ 148,332
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	822,248	526,119
Change of Assumptions	1,505,625	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	271,838	87,678
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	473,897	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 3,116,075	\$ 613,797

\$473,897 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:			
2019 \$	392,875		
2020	392,875		
2021	460,675		
2022	381,930		
2023	251,694		

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	KTRS
Inflation	2.30%	3.00%
Projected salary increases	3.05%	3.5 - 7.3%
Investment rate of return, net of		
investment expense and inflation	6.25%	7.50%

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 16 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions (Continued)

For CERS, mortality rates used for active members was RP-2000 Combined Mortality table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

For KTRS, Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025 set forward two years for males and one year for females. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2015 adopted by the Board on November 19, 2016.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 16 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions (Continued)

For KTRS and CERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's and CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	KTRS Target Allocation	KTRS Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	CERS Target Allocation	CERS Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US equity	42%	4.40%	18%	5.97%
International equity	20%	5.30%	18%	7.85%
Global bonds			4%	2.63%
Global credit			2%	3.63%
Emerging market debt			5%	5.50%
Private equity	6%	6.70%	10%	8.25%
Core US fixed income				
High yield			7%	5.97%
Non-US fixed incomes				
Commodities				
Fixed income	16%	1.50%		
Real return (diversified inflation strategies)			10%	6.13%
Additional categories	9%	3.60%		
Real estate	5%	4.40%	5%	7.63%
Private credit			10%	8.75%
Absolute return (diversified hedge funds)			10%	5.63%
Alternatives				
Cash	2%	0.08%	2%	1.88%
– Total	100%		100%	

Discount rate

For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.49%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan employees until the 2038 plan year. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments through 2037 and a municipal bond index rate of 3.56% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments after 2037. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) that discounts the entire projected benefit stream to the same amount as the sum of the present values of the two separate benefit payments streams was used to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 16 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS District's proportionate share of net	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
pension liability	\$ 7,369,884	\$ 5,843,474	\$ 4,566,644
KTRS District's proportionate share of net pension liability	3.49% -	4.49% -	5.49% -

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and KTRS.

NOTE 17 OPEB PLANS

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System OPEB Plan

Plan description

Teaching-certified employees of the Gallatin County Board of Education are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provided retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statues and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description

In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 17 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three and three quarters percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous OPEB Plan

Plan description

Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits

CERS provides health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date. See Note 16 for tier classifications.

Contributions

Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier disclosed in Note 16.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 17 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2018, the Gallatin County Board of Education reported a liability of \$6,181,965 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.21 percent for TRS and 0.10 percent for CERS, which was the same as it's proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability	\$ 2,006,965
District's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB liability	4,175,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	 3,410,000
	\$ 9,591,965

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$613,998 and revenue of \$200,597 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual performance	\$-	\$ 5,574
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	148,848
Change of Assumptions	436,703	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	4,657
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	315,567	
Total	\$ 752,270	\$ 159,079

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 17 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$315,567 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:			
2019	\$	55,525	
2020		55,525	
2021		55,525	
2022		55,525	
2023		55,525	

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	TRS	CERS
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.	6.25%
Projected salary increases	3.50 - 7.20%, including inflation	4.00%, average
Inflation rate	3.00%	2.30%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%	
Wage Inflation	3.50%	2.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates		
Under 65	7.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2023	Initial trend starting at 7.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over a period of 5 years.
Ages 65 and Older	5.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2020	Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over a period of 2 years.
Medicare Part B Premiums	1.02% for FY 2017 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2029	
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.56%	3.56%
Discount Rate	8.00%	5.84%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	

For TRS, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

For CERS, mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2013 with projection scale BB and set back 1 year for females.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2016 valuation.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 17 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	60.0%	5.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.2%
Real Estate	4.5%	4.0%
Private Equity	5.5%	6.6%
High Yield	10.0%	4.3%
Other Additional Categories*	10.0%	3.3%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.0%	0.5%
Total	100.0%	

*Modeled as 50% High Yield and 50% Bank Loans.

Discount rate

For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.84%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 17 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (7.00%)	Current Discount Rate (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)
TRS Districts' net OPEB liability	\$ 4,861,935	\$ 4,175,000	\$ 3,603,655
	1% Decrease (4.84%)	Current Discount Rate (5.84%)	1% Increase (6.84%)
CERS	,	<u>, </u>	
Districts' net OPEB liability	\$ 2,553,751	\$ 2,006,965	\$ 1,551,952

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
TRS Districts' net OPEB liability	\$ 3,496,322		\$ 4,175,000		\$ 5,012,752	
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
CERS Districts' net OPEB liability	\$	1,539,445	\$	2,006,965	\$	2,614,713

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description

TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 17 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided

TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2018, the Gallatin County Board of Education did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	 46,000
	\$ 46,000

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$-0- and revenue of \$1,226 for support provided by the State.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 17 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including
	inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.50 - 7.20%, including inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.56%
Discount Rate	7.50%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including
	inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2016 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 17 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class*	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	38.4%	4.3%
U.S. Small Cap Equity	2.6%	4.8%
Developed Int'l Equity	15.8%	5.2%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.2%	5.4%
Fixed Income - Inv Grade	16.0%	1.2%
Real Estate	6.0%	4.0%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.6%
High Yield	2.0%	4.3%
Other Additional Categories**	7.0%	3.3%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.0%	0.5%
Total	100.0%	

* As the LIF investment policy is to change, the above reflects the pension allocation and returns that achieve the target 7.5% long-term rate of return **Modeled as 50% High Yield and 50% Bank Loans.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
	(6.50%)		Rate (7.50%)		(8.50%)	
Districts' net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Notes to the Financial Statement (Continued)

NOTE 18 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective July 1, 2017, the District was required to adopt Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement no. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", as they relate to governments that provide postemployment benefits through health insurance plans administered as trust or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. GASB 75 requires governments providing defined benefit postemployment benefits to recognize their long-term obligation for benefits. Cost-sharing governmental employers, such as the District, are required to report a net OPEB liability, OPEB expense and OPEB-related assets and liabilities based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all governments in the plan.

GASB 75 required retrospective application. Since the District only presents one year of financial information, the beginning net pension was adjusted to reflect the retrospective application. The adjustment resulted in a \$5,708,203 reduction in the beginning net position on the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 19 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were considered through November 15, 2018, which represents the release date of our report.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Capital Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Construction Fund	District Activity Fund	Total Non-Major Government Funds
Assets					
Current:					
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 129,296	\$ 18,812	\$ 148,108
Total current	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 129,296	\$ 18,812	\$ 148,108
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Fund Balances:					
Restricted:					
Other	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ 129,296	\$ 18,812	\$ 148,108
Total fund balances	<u> </u>		129,296	18,812	148,108
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 129,296	\$ 18,812	\$ 148,108

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2018

	Capital Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Construction Fund	District Activity Fund	Total Non-Major Government Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$-	\$ 890,074	\$-	\$-	\$ 890,074
Earnings on investments	-	-	5,214	-	5,214
State sources	143,457	794,826	-	-	938,283
Other sources	-			22,070	22,070
Total revenues	143,457	1,684,900	5,214	22,070	1,855,641
Expenditures:					
Instructional	-	-	-	250	250
Student support services	-	-	-	1,867	1,867
Staff support services	-	-	-	17,125	17,125
Facility acquisition and construction			650,970		650,970
Total expenditures			650,970	19,242	670,212
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	143,457	1,684,900	(645,756)	2,828	1,185,429
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers out	(143,457)	(1,684,900)			(1,828,357)
Total other financing sources(uses)	(143,457)	(1,684,900)			(1,828,357)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(645,756)	2,828	(642,928)
Fund balance, June 30, 2017			775,052	15,984	791,036
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	<u>\$ -</u>	\$-	\$ 129,296	\$ 18,812	\$ 148,108

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,037,226	\$ 4,037,226	\$ 4,298,433	\$ 261,207
Earnings on investments	19,500	19,500	44,599	25,099
State sources	9,219,221	9,219,221	10,427,846	1,208,625
Federal sources	116,000	116,000	160,722	44,722
Other sources	278,052	278,052	244,709	(33,343)
Total revenues	13,669,999	13,669,999	15,176,309	1,506,310
Expenditures				
Instructional	7,599,222	7,599,222	8,285,438	(686,216)
Student support services	713,416	713,416	777,884	(64,468)
Staff support services	488,466	488,466	536,428	(47,962)
District administration	685,763	685,763	747,451	(61,688)
School administration	998,645	998,645	1,031,990	(33,345)
Business support services	622,915	622,915	651,838	(28,923)
Plant operation and maintenance	1,599,441	1,599,441	1,584,272	15,169
Student transportation	1,244,796	1,244,796	1,256,066	(11,270)
Debt Service	158,935	158,935	158,934	1
Other	1,209,529	1,209,529	30,127	1,179,402
Total expenditures	15,321,128	15,321,128	15,060,428	260,700
Net change in fund balance	(1,651,129)	(1,651,129)	115,881	1,767,010
Fund balance, July 1, 2017	1,651,129	1,651,129	1,651,127	(2)
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,767,008	\$ 1,767,008

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual – Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
State sources	\$ 793,602	\$ 2,191,804	\$ 790,957	\$ (1,400,847)
Federal sources	973,158	2,555,365	812,651	(1,742,714)
Other sources	42,507	174,255	27,685	(146,570)
Total revenues	1,809,267	4,921,424	1,631,293	(3,290,131)
Expenditures				
Instructional	1,365,136	3,820,826	1,278,289	2,542,537
Student support services	4	1,758	-	1,758
Staff support services	31,777	117,739	42,673	75,066
School administration	4,369	6,810	2,476	4,334
Business support services	78,984	194,510	60,729	133,781
Student transportation	151,269	292,615	94,081	198,534
Community service operations	153,045	462,483	153,045	309,438
Other	24,683	24,683		24,683
Total expenditures	1,809,267	4,921,424	1,631,293	3,290,131
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, July 1, 2017			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	<u>\$ -</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual – Debt Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
State sources	\$ 869,419	\$ 869,419	\$ 870,412	\$ 993
Other sources	1,668,983	1,668,983	1,668,951	(32)
Total revenues	2,538,402	2,538,402	2,539,363	961
Expenditures				
Debt services	2,538,402	2,538,402	2,539,363	(961)
Total expenditures	2,538,402	2,538,402	2,539,363	(961)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, July 1, 2016				
Fund balance, June 30, 2017	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balance Bond and Interest Redemption Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Issue of 2008 - Ref	Issue of 2008	Issue of 2008 Kista	Issue of 2009 Kista	Issue of 2010 - Ref	Issue of 2010 Kista	Issue of 2011 Kista	Issue of 2012	Issue of 2012 Kista	Issue of 2013
Cash at July 1, 2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
Receipts: Transfers and miscellaneous deposits	411,682	143,173	16,727	8,514	219,270	12,482	12,511	149,833	12,653	40,750
Disbursements: Bonds paid Interest coupons Transfers and miscellaneous Call fee	405,000 6,682 - -	110,000 33,173 - -	16,123 604 - -	7,902 612 -	175,000 44,270 - -	11,480 1,002 - -	11,013 1,498 - -	65,000 84,833 - -	11,035 1,618 - -	35,000 5,750 - -
Total disbursements	411,682	143,173	16,727	8,514	219,270	12,482	12,511	149,833	12,653	40,750
Excess of receipts over disbursements										
Cash at June 30, 2018										
Accounts Receivable and Payable Matured interest and bonds outstanding Due from other funds Due to other funds	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- - -	- -	- - -	- -	- - -
Total accounts receivable and payable										
Fund Balance at June 30, 2018	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -

	Issue of 2013 Kista	Issue of 2014 Kista	Issue of 2014	Issue of 2015 - Ref	Issue of 2015 Kista	Issue of 2016	Issue of 2016 Kista	Issue of 2017 Kista	Total
Cash at July 1, 2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$-	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>
Receipts:									
Transfers and miscellaneous deposits	11,782	13,231	400,288	1,120,800	25,244	53,600	15,178	31,013	2,698,731
Disbursements:									
Bonds paid	10,528	11,351	245,000	825,000	21,524	10,000	12,898	24,818	2,008,672
Interest coupons	1,254	1,880	155,288	295,800	3,720	43,600	2,280	6,195	690,059
Transfers and miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Call fee	-								
Total disbursements	11,782	13,231	400,288	1,120,800	25,244	53,600	15,178	31,013	2,698,731
Excess of receipts									
over disbursements									
Cash at June 30, 2018									
Accounts Receivable and Payable									
Matured interest and bonds outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds									
Total accounts receivable and payable									
Fund Balance at June 30, 2018	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balance Gallatin County High School Activity Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Fund Balance July 1, 2017	Receipts	Disbursements	Fund Balance June 30, 2018		
Academic Team	-	-	-	-		
Art club	\$ -	\$ 170	\$ -	\$ 170		
Athletic speedway	9,305	17,195	24,274	2,226		
Athletics	7,646	12,059	15,533	4,172		
Band	739	1,389	1,964	164		
Baseball fundraiser	442	1,936	1,339	1,039		
Beta club	2,165	5,452	7,247	370		
Boys baseball	454	2,579	1,952	1,081		
Boys basketball	2,214	11,196	8,198	5,212		
Boys basketball fundraiser	2,360	5,100	7,171	289		
Boys golf	2	601	602	1		
Boys middle basketball	553	1,962	1,378	1,137		
Boys MS football	-	3,070	2,460	610		
Boys soccer	25	1,573	1,598	-		
Boys tennis	106	48	154	-		
Boys Track and Field	1	-	-	1		
Bus garage	151	301	266	186		
Central office	133	483	60	556		
Cheerleaders	500	10,101	5,224	5,377		
Coaches	641	45	493	193		
Drama club	1,555	1,820	2,082	1,293		
FBLA	142	7,156	7,298	-		
FFA	1,825	12,152	9,048	4,929		
Fishing	65	-	48	17		
FMD class	17	1,113	671	459		
Football	2,034	13,723	11,522	4,235		
Freshman mentors	1,189	730	1,499	420		
Future educators	326	952	1,241	37		
GC High School	1,968	1,774	1,283	2,459		
Gifts for Education	805	-	-	805		
Girls basketball	2,314	9,498	8,437	3,375		
Girls basketball fundraiser	60	6,471	6,197	334		
Girls golf	1	754	755	-		
Girls MS basketball	780	1,430	980	1,230		
Girls MS volleyball	631	3,206	2,627	1,210		
Girls soccer	26	2,878	2,901	3		
Girls softball	570	5,696	4,916	1,350		
Girls tennis	2	-	-	2		
Girls tennis fundraiser	368	-	162	206		
Girls volleyball	-	3,612	3,388	224		
High school football fundraiser		6,912	6,504	1,909		
High school general	1,481	3,606	5,087	-		
High school teachers	139	998	1,071	66		
High school trip	729	-	729	-		
HS volleyball fundraiser	134	2,986	2,821	299		
Interest account	1,348	1,881	533	2,696		

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balance Gallatin County High School Activity Fund (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Fund Balance			Fund Balance
	July 1, 2017	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2018
Junior class	1,012	8,862	8,658	1,216
Junior league	4,356	6,350	9,020	1,686
MS football fundraiser	205	-	-	205
Seniors	106	53,149	50,707	2,548
Sophomore class	-	1,469	-	1,469
Spirit Club	128	-	128	-
Tournaments	-	280	280	-
Track	1	651	623	29
Vo Ag	4,286	609	317	4,578
Wildcat Emporium	1,886	3,285	2,689	2,482
Winter Guard	386	738	800	324
Yearbook		2,524	2,442	82
Total	\$ 59,813	\$ 242,525	\$ 237,377	\$ 64,961

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balances School Activity Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Gallatin Middle School		L Eler	allatin .ower nentary chool	Ele	Gallatin Upper ementary School	Total		
Fund balances at July 1, 2017	\$	5,604	\$	8,396	\$	14,370	\$	28,370	
Add: receipts		34,877		9,746		6,219		50,842	
Less: disbursements		(36,419)		(12,696)		(10,235)		(59,350)	
Fund balance at June 30, 2018	\$	4,062	\$	5,446	\$	10,354	\$	19,862	

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - KTRS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*												
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008		
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0%	0%	0%	0%	*	*	*	*	*	*		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	*	*	*	*	*	*		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	60,302,386	66,727,769	51,287,512	44,782,229	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Total	\$ 60,302,386	\$ 66,727,769	\$ 51,287,512	\$ 44,782,229	*	*	*	*	*	*		
District's covered-employee payroll	6,965,546	7,179,610	6,919,897	6,843,201	6,614,396	6,555,287	*	*	*	*		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0%	0%	0%	0%	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	39.83%	35.22%	42.49%	45.59%	*	*	*	*	*	*		

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms: None

Changes of assumption: In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Table rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2011. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation, the Board adopted an interest smoothing methodology to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions.

Changes of assumption: In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted reflect a decrease.

Schedule of District Contributions - KTRS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*												
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 243,149	\$ 256,680	\$ 273,986	\$ 217,421	\$ 160,290	\$ 129,239	\$ 112,697	*	*	*		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(243,149)	(256,680)	(273,986)	(217,421)	(160,290)	(129,239)	(112,697)	*	*	*		
Contribution deficiency	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	*	*	*		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,011,316	\$ 6,965,546	\$ 7,179,610	\$ 6,919,897	\$ 6,843,201	\$ 6,614,396	\$ 6,555,287	*	*	*		
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	3.47%	3.68%	3.82%	3.14%	2.34%	1.95%	1.72%	*	*	*		

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - CERS

Last 10 Eiscal Vears*

Last 10 Fiscal Years														
		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
District's proportion of net pension liability		0.099832%		0.091390%		0.090972%		0.093618%	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	5,843,474	\$	4,499,699	\$	3,911,343	\$	3,037,000	*	*	*	*	*	*
Total net pension liability	\$ 5	,853,307,482	\$4	,923,618,237	\$4	,299,525,565	\$3	,244,377,000	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,429,605	\$	2,178,162	\$	2,123,425	\$	2,147,844	\$ 2,121,742	\$ 2,251,084	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		240.5%		206.6%		184.2%		141.4%	*	*	*	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		53.30%		55.50%		59.97%		66.80%	*	*	*	*	*	*

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms: The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2009: A new benefit tire for members who first participate on or after September 1, 2008 was introduced which included the following changes:

1. Tired structure for benefit accrual rates

2. New retirement eligibility requirements

3. Different rules for the computation of final average compensation

2014: As cash balance plan was introduced for member whose participation date is on or after January 1, 2014.

Changes of assumption: The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2015

- The assumed investment rate of return decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.

- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%

- The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%

- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.

- The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

- For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scall BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disable Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in the mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation conducted.

- The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

2017

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 6.25%.

- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%.

- The assumed rate of salary growth was reduced from 4.00% to 3.05%.

Schedule of District Contributions - CERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years* 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 Contractually required contribution \$ 473,897 \$ 453,966 \$ 371,594 \$ 375,210 \$ 405,728 \$ 413,978 \$ 426,806 * * * Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution (473,897) (453,966) (371,594) (375,210) (405,728) (413,978) (426,806) * * * \$ Contribution deficiency \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ * * \$ ------District's covered-employee payroll \$ 2,473,021 \$ 2,429,605 \$ 2,178,162 \$ 2,123,425 \$ 2,147,844 \$ 2,121,742 \$ 2,251,084 * Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll 19.16% 18.68% 17.06% 17.67% 18.89% 19.51% 18.96% * *

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. No changes were made to the assumptions or benefit terms.

Schedule of District Contributions - LIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
District's proportion of the collective trust OPEB liability		0%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District		46,000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Total net OPEB liability	\$	46,000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	9,484,337	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	e	0.0%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		79.99%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms - None.

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions - The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Valuation date	June 30, 2014
Valuation uate	Julie 30, 2014
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization period	30 years, Open
Asset valuation method	Market value
Inflation	3.50%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage inflation	4.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	4.00% - 8.10%
Discount rate	7.50%

Schedule of District Contributions - LIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*											
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	
Contractually required contribution	\$-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u> </u>	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Contribution deficiency		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,484,337	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. No changes were made to the assumptions or benefit terms.

Schedule of District Contributions - MIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*											
		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
District's proportion of the collective trust OPEB liability		0.117083%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	4,175,000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$	3,410,000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Total net OPEB liability	\$	7,585,000	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	9,484,337	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	e	44.0%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		21.18%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms - With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the state will only finance, via its KEHP "Shared Responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions - The actuarially determined contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Valuation date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization period	30 years, Open
Asset valuation method	Five-year smoothed value
Inflation	3.00%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50% - 7.20%
Discount rate	8.00%
Health care cost trends	
Under 65	7.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2023
Ages 65 and older	5.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2020
Medicare Part B premiums	1.02% for FY 2017 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2029
Under age 65 claims	the current premium charged by KEHP is used as the base cost and is projected forward using only the health care trend assumption (no implicit rate subsidy is recognized).

Schedule of District Contributions - MIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Contractually required contribution	\$	200,597	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(200,597)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contribution deficiency		-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	9,484,337	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll		2.12%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. No changes were made to the assumptions or benefit terms.

Changes of benefit terms - With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the state will only finance, via its KEHP "Shared Responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions - The actuarially determined contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Valuation date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization period	30 years, Open
Asset valuation method	Five-year smoothed value
Inflation	3.00%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50% - 7.20%
Discount rate	8.00%
Health care cost trends	
Under 65	7.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2023
Ages 65 and older	5.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2020
Medicare Part B premiums	1.02% for FY 2017 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2029
Under age 65 claims	the current premium charged by KEHP is used as the base cost and is
	projected forward using only the health care trend assumption (no
	implicit rate subsidy is recognized).

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – MIF (CERS)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
District's proportion of the collective trust OPEB liability	0.046067%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 2,006,965	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Total net OPEB liability	\$ 2,006,965	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,429,605	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	e 82.6%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.40%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes in assumptions:

1. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%.

2. The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service.

3. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%.

4. For the Non-Hazardous Plan, the single discount rate changed from 6.89% to 5.84%.

Schedule of District Contributions – MIF (CERS)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*										
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Contractually required contribution	\$ 114,970	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(114,970)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contribution deficiency		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,473,021	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	4.65%	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. No changes were made to the assumptions or benefit terms.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Federal CFDA		Federal Expenditures for FYE
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Number	Agreement Number	June 30, 2018
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u> Passed through Kentucky Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	H027A150032	\$ 500
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	H027A160032	3.460
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	H027A170032	320,083
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A160035	427
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A170035	11,070
Total Special Education Cluster			335,540
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A160017	26,728
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A170017	321,574
Total CFDA # 84.010			348,302
Career and technical Education -Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A150017	11,026
Rural Education	84.358B	S358160017	15,240
Rural Education	84.358B	S358170017	27,189
Total CFDA # 84.358B			42,429
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A150017	10,555
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A160017	6,748
Total CFDA # 84.365			17,303
Title II Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	S367A160016	3,307
Title II Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	S367A170016	52,268
Total CFDA # 84.367			55,575
Total U.S. Department of Education			810,175
U.S. Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster			
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 17	130,238
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 18	526,266
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 17	48,729
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 18	212,028
Passed through Kentucky Department of Agriculture			
National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555	4000814	77,468
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			994,729
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7800016 17	377
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7800016 18	1,907
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021 17	5,233
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021 18	26,485
Total CFDA #10.558			34,002
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,028,731
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,838,906

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Gallatin County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018, and is reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.* Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Gallatin County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District reported food commodities expended in the amount of \$77,468.

NOTE 4 INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 5 SUBRECIPIENTS

The District did not have any subrecipients during the year ended June 30, 2018.



Crestview Hills, KY 41017 Main: 859.344.6400 Fax: 856.578.7522

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Board of Education Gallatin County School District Warsaw, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gallatin County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Gallatin County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Gallatin County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Gallatin County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Gallatin County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Gallatin County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted other matters that we reported to management of the District on pages 77-78.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

(Continued)

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Barnes, Dennig & Co., Std.

Crestview Hills, Kentucky November 15, 2018



2617 Legends Way Crestview Hills, KY 41017 Main: 859.344.6400 Fax: 856.578.7522

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Education Gallatin County School District Warsaw, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Gallatin County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Gallatin County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Gallatin County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Gallatin County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Gallatin County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Gallatin County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Gallatin County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

(Continued)

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Gallatin County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Gallatin County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Gallatin County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance has a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Barnes, Dennig & Co., Std.

Crestview Hills, Kentucky November 15, 2018

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

SECTION I -SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	x	No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	Yes	x	None noted
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X	No
 Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? 	Yes	X	No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	Yes	X	None noted
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: <u>Unmod</u>	ified_		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	Yes	X	No
Identification of major programs			
CFDA No. Name of Federal Program of	or Cluster		
10.553/10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750	,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes		No

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters are reportable

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

SECTION I -SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDITOR'S RESULTS

No matters are reportable

SECTION II – PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters are reportable

SECTION III - PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST

Management Letter Comments For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Gallatin County School District for the year ended June 30, 2018, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

This letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. A separate report dated November 15, 2018 contains our report on significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the District's internal control structure. This letter does not affect our report dated November 15, 2018, on the financial statements of the Gallatin County School District.

CURRENT YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

CENTRAL OFFICE

No matters are reportable

ACTIVITY FUNDS

Gallatin County High School

No matters are reportable

Gallatin County Middle School

No matters are reportable

Gallatin County Lower Elementary

No matters are reportable

Gallatin County Upper Elementary

Management Letter Comments (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

CENTRAL OFFICE

No matters are reportable

ACTIVITY FUNDS

Gallatin County High School

No matters are reportable

Gallatin County Middle School

No matters are reportable

Gallatin County Lower Elementary

No matters are reportable

Gallatin County Upper Elementary