TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT JUNE 30, 2018

BOARD OF EDCUATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Trigg County School District Cadiz, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Trigg County School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Trigg County School District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2018, the Trigg County School District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions (OPEB)*, which resulted in a restatement of the District's July 1, 2017 net position in the amount of (\$1,774,889). Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and postemployment schedules on pages 4–13, 66–71 and 72–88 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and combining and individual school activity fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, combining and individual school activity fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, combining and individual school activity fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 6, 2018, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Trigg County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Trigg County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

November 6, 2018



As management of the Trigg County School District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash and investments balance for the District was \$9,648,009, as compared with the beginning cash balance of \$8,925,028. The ending cash and investments balance consists of General Fund of \$6,858,652, Special Revenue Fund of \$0, Construction Fund of \$1,055,012, Capital Outlay \$1,024,906, Other Governmental Funds of \$427,457, Food Service Fund of \$90,882, Day Care Fund \$25,298 and School Activity Funds of \$165,802.
- Total government-wide net position decreased by \$1,573,348 (net of prior period adjustment for implementation of GASB 75 in the amount of \$1,774,889) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Total long-term obligations had a net increase of \$2,263,343, while the unrestricted net assets decreased \$2,424,152 and restricted assets increased by \$436,010.
- The General Fund had \$19,539,111 in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, utilities, motor vehicle and in lieu of taxes, and on-behalf payments for fringe benefits from the Commonwealth of Kentucky. General Fund revenues increased \$1,835,562 in comparison to prior year of \$17,703,549. Excluding interfund transfers, there were General Fund expenditures totaling \$18,906,819. This is an increase of \$1,696,978 compared to \$17,209,841 in General Fund expenditures for the prior year.
- The financial statements reflect a total of \$5,546,916 of revenues and aid from the state for payments made by the state on-behalf of District employees for retirement contributions, health insurance, technology, and debt service. A like amount of expenses is also recorded in the financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements – The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, the reader needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, all the District's activities are reported as governmental activities.

 Governmental activities – All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of the activities.

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like federal grants).

The District has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, the District provides additional information with the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds The District's proprietary funds are food service and day care. The proprietary fund statements are the same as the business-type activities in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Fiduciary funds – The District is fiduciary for assets that belong to others and is responsible for
ensuring that assets reported in the fiduciary funds are used only for their intended purposes.
The District's fiduciary funds consist of student activities funds. These funds are excluded from
the government-wide financial statements because the assets cannot be used to finance the
operations of the District.

Notes to the financial statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also provides certain required supplementary information, as well as combining and individual fund statements and schedules beginning on page 89.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$15,669,145 as of June 30, 2018.

A significant portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress) less any outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Following is a summary of the District's government-wide net position for as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Net Position as of June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	District Total				
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017			
Assets:						_			
Current assets and									
other assets	\$ 9,700,791	\$ 9,036,991	\$ 142,408	\$ 158,475	\$ 9,843,199	\$ 9,195,466			
Capital assets	16,569,507	16,940,737	922,677	957,939	17,492,184	17,898,676			
Total assets	26,270,298	25,977,728	1,065,085	1,116,414	27,335,383	27,094,142			
Deferred outflows	2,298,945	1,313,539	471,245	269,796	2,770,190	1,583,335			
Liabilities:									
Current liabilities	1,039,290	973,514	62	-	1,039,352	973,514			
Noncurrent liabilities	11,016,950	9,272,527	1,458,374	939,454	12,475,324	10,211,981			
Total liabilities	12,056,240	10,246,041	1,458,436	939,454	13,514,676	11,185,495			
Deferred inflows	771,770	213,613	149,982	35,876	921,752	249,489			
Net position: Investment in capital assets, net of									
related debt	12,258,181	11,808,125	922,677	957,939	13,180,858	12,766,064			
Restricted	2,786,680	2,350,670	-	-	2,786,680	2,350,670			
Unrestricted	696,372	2,672,818	(994,765)	(547,059)	(298,393)	2,125,759			
Total net position	\$ 15,741,233	\$ 16,831,613	\$ (72,088)	\$ 410,880	\$ 15,669,145	\$ 17,242,493			

Changes in net position. The District's governmental activities net position decreased by \$1,090,380 (net of prior period adjustment for implementation of GASB 75 in the amount of \$1,473,631). The business-type activities net position decreased by \$482,968 (net of prior period adjustment for implementation of GASB 75 in the amount of \$301,258).

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (SFCC) makes direct payments of principal and interest on District bonds issued for construction of facilities. The bonds payable are included in the long-term obligations for the District, and the payments are recorded as revenue from the State. The result is an increase in net position from the direct payment of principal and interest by the SFCC of \$256,276. Another increase is the expenditure of current revenues on capital assets, an expenditure that does not reduce net position on the government-wide statements.

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. For example, the determination of the District's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, involves many assumptions and estimates, such as current and accumulated depreciation amounts. Changes in variables such as estimated depreciable lives or capitalization policies may produce significant differences in the calculated amounts.

Following is a summary of changes in the District's net position for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Changes in Net Position for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	District Total			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 288,120	\$ 349,899	\$ 288,120	\$ 349,899		
Operating grants and contributions	7,569,490	5,949,262	908,032	832,031	8,477,522	6,781,293		
Capital grants and contributions	256,276	256,035	-	-	256,276	256,035		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	4,633,136	4,335,693	-	-	4,633,136	4,335,693		
Other taxes	3,052,578	3,056,250	-	-	3,052,578	3,056,250		
State aid	7,279,839	7,304,241	172,644	146,960	7,452,483	7,451,201		
Investment earnings	130,218	58,782	988	579	131,206	59,361		
Other	258,075	179,771	1,840	2,100	259,915	181,871		
Total revenues	23,179,612	21,140,034	1,371,624	1,331,569	24,551,236	22,471,603		
Expenses:								
Instruction	13,926,549	11,825,167	-	-	13,926,549	11,825,167		
Support services:								
Student	1,132,481	1,075,647	-	-	1,132,481	1,075,647		
Instructional support	1,322,070	1,352,799	-	-	1,322,070	1,352,799		
District administration	995,385	905,868	-	-	995,385	905,868		
School administration	1,217,037	1,099,043	-	-	1,217,037	1,099,043		
Business support	943,693	882,262	-	-	943,693	882,262		
Plant operations	1,541,604	1,535,885	-	-	1,541,604	1,535,885		
Student transportation	1,298,203	1,343,389	-	-	1,298,203	1,343,389		
Community services	157,050	158,573	-	-	157,050	158,573		
Food service operations	1,878	13,122	-	-	1,878	13,122		
Interest on long-term debt	150,802	209,673	-	-	150,802	209,673		
Other	109,609	81,473	-	-	109,609	81,473		
Food service	-	-	1,323,614	1,234,258	1,323,614	1,234,258		
Day care		-	229,720	194,200	229,720	194,200		
Total expenses	22,796,361	20,482,901	1,553,334	1,428,458	24,349,695	21,911,359		
Change in net position before transfers	383,251	657,133	(181,710)	(96,889)	201,541	560,244		
Transfers in (out)								
Change in net position after transfers	\$ 383,251	\$ 657,133	\$ (181,710)	\$ (96,889)	\$ 201,541	\$ 560,244		
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FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, The District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,532,555, an increase of \$606,351 in comparison to prior year. The following schedule indicates the fund balances and the total changes in fund balances by major fund and other governmental (nonmajor) funds as reported in the basic financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

The main sources of the General Fund's revenues are state aid in the form of SEEK allocations and locally assessed taxes. The majority of the District's activities are accounted for in the General Fund. The Special Revenue Fund consists of grant revenues, mostly state funds and federal funds administered through the state, and expenditures of those grants for specific programs in accordance with the grants' guidelines.

The SEEK Capital Outlay Fund's revenues are derived from state SEEK allowances based upon student enrollment. The FSPK Building Fund's revenues are produced by a five-cent special property tax assessment and matching state funds. The use of both funds' resources is generally restricted to facilities acquisition or improvement and payment of the related debt on facilities. The Construction Fund is used to account for facility construction and improvement projects funded by other funds or borrowing.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all activities related to long-term obligations.

Following is a summary of fund balances as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Governmental Funds Balances as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

		2018			2017	Increase (Decrease)			
Governmental Funds			•						
General Fund	\$	6,869,875		\$	6,699,831		\$	170,044	
Special Revenue Fund		29,903			(187)			30,090	
Building Fund		427,457			410,218			17,239	
Capital Outlay		1,189,584			994,843			194,741	
Debt Service Fund		(39,276)			(39,276)			-	
Construction Fund		1,055,012			860,775	_		194,237	
Total governmental funds	\$	9,532,555		\$	8,926,204		\$	606,351	
rotai governmentai runus		5,552,555		Ψ	0,020,207	=	Ψ	000,001	

General Fund – The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund is \$3,587,820, while total fund balance reached \$6,869,875. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 18.98% of the total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 36.34% of that same amount.

During the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$170,044. This increase in General Fund balance was primarily due to controlling expenditures, within the available revenues. Revenues, transfers and proceeds from sale of fixed assets totaling \$19,542,936 increased \$1,814,688, while expenditures and transfers out totaling \$19,372,892 increased \$1,916,758.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with directives from the Kentucky Department of Education (DOE) and Kentucky law, the budgets of the District's funds are prepared to account for most transactions on a cash receipt/cash disbursement basis. The DOE requires a budget in which any budgeted remaining fund balance is shown as a contingency expense and any amounts being accumulated for other purposes ultimately shown as unspent or over-budgeted expenditures. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a General Fund budget with a contingency of 5.55%. Over the course of the year, the District revises the annual operating budget as circumstances dictate or as required by DOE.

As noted on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund contained in the Required Supplementary Information, the General Fund budget did not include \$5,130,154 of state payments onbehalf of District employees for retirement, health benefits, technology and debt service. These payments are reflected in the GAAP basis actual amounts as state program revenues and in each type of expenditure in relation to wages paid, with the major portion contained in instructional expenditures. Local revenues are budgeted conservatively resulting in a favorable variance of local revenues for the year.

- The District's total revenues for General Fund activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, excluding interfund transfers, beginning balances and on-behalf payments, were \$14,408,957; compared to the total budgeted revenues of \$13,032,920.
- The District's total expenditures for General Fund activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, excluding interfund transfers and on-behalf payments, were \$13,776,665; compared to the total budgeted expenditures of \$19,682,085.

Significant Board action that impacts the District's finances includes the award of multiple contracts and salary increases mandated by the Legislature.

Fund 2 is made up of state, local and federal grants. These grants include Title I, No Child Left Behind Funding, Preschool, Special Education funding, and others. These funds have restricted use, according to the guidelines for each. Expenses include salaries and benefits, supplies and transportation.

Funds 310 and 320 are restricted funds for capital projects. The District has used those funds for debt service payments. The State contributes to those funds.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets – At June 30, 2018, the District had \$17,492,184 invested in capital assets net of depreciation: historical cost totaled \$37,119,510 with accumulated depreciation totaling \$19,627,326. These assets include school, athletic and support facilities, as well as technology, food service and other equipment. Funds in the amount of \$640,774 were expended on acquisition and improvements during the year. Depreciation charged to expense during the year totaled \$1,046,914, the majority of which was charged to governmental functions. More detailed information relating to capital assets may be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Following is a summary of capital assets, net of depreciation, as of June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Net Capital Assets as of June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities					District Total			
		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017	
Land	\$	300,850	\$	300,850	\$	-	\$	-	\$	300,850	\$	300,850	
Construction in progress		107,093		87,316		-		-		107,093		87,316	
Buildings and improvements	14,627,861		15,170,544			878,606		907,413		15,506,467		16,077,957	
Land improvements	74,905		72,016		-		-		74,905		72,016		
Technology equipment		167,872		6,112		-		357		167,872		6,469	
Vehicles	1	,128,240		1,147,891		-		-		1,128,240		1,147,891	
General equipment	162,686			156,008	156,008 44,			50,169	206,757		206,177		
								<u></u>					
	\$ 16,569,507 \$ 16,940,737		16,940,737	\$ 922,677 \$ 957,939		957,939	\$ 17,492,184		\$	17,898,676			

Long-Term Debt – The District's long-term general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018 were \$4,340,000. Of that amount, the Kentucky SFCC has agreed to make a portion of the principal and interest payment under agreements previously described. Though the District is liable for the full amount of the bonds and the full amount is recorded on the financial statements, the SFCC has agreed to pay \$2,314,398 of the bonds leaving the District to pay \$2,025,602. The liability for compensated absences remained steady for the fiscal year. Other long-term obligations, mostly leases on buses and office equipment, will decrease as the leases are paid down.

The State must approve the issuance of any new bonds of the District.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities may be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE

The most crucial aspect in the financial future of the District is continued adequate funding from the state. The District's major source of revenue is state aid, primarily Kentucky SEEK funding.

The District's financial position is contingent upon legislation and factors related to property taxation in conjunction with decisions made by the District's Board management. The District remains committed to utilizing resources to provide the maximum benefit to students and provide them with a quality education. This involves closely monitoring legislation and seeking new sources of revenues through grant writing, etc. The Superintendent and Finance Officer work with the members of the Board to insure there are controlled expenditures for capital outlay that may arise without causing a decrease to the funding for the education and safety of our students.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the Superintendent or Finance Officer (270.522.6075) or by mail at 202 Main Street, Cadiz, KY 42211.



TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	 overnmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	 Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,508,027	\$ 116,180	\$ 2,624,207
Investments	6,858,000	-	6,858,000
Accounts receivable:			
Taxes	46,084	-	46,084
Other	21,635	-	21,635
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	267,045	-	267,045
Inventory	-	26,228	26,228
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable	407,943	-	407,943
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	 16,161,564	 922,677	17,084,241
Total assets	26,270,298	 1,065,085	 27,335,383
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pension and post employment benefits	 2,298,945	 471,245	2,770,190
Total deferred outflows of resources	 2,298,945	 471,245	 2,770,190
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	108,208	62	108,270
Unearned revenue	60,028	-	60,028
Accrued interest	21,054	-	21,054
Long-term obligations			
Portion due or payable within one year:			
Bonds payable	850,000	-	850,000
Portion due or payable after one year			
Bonds payable	3,461,326	-	3,461,326
Compensated absences	143,697	19,055	162,752
Net pension and post employment benefits	 7,411,927	 1,439,319	 8,851,246
Total liabilities	 12,056,240	 1,458,436	 13,514,676
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pension and post employment benefits	 771,770	149,982	 921,752
Total deferred inflows of resources	 771,770	149,982	 921,752
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	12,258,181	922,677	13,180,858
Restricted	2,786,680	-	2,786,680
Unrestricted	 696,372	 (994,765)	 (298,393)
Total net position	\$ 15,741,233	\$ (72,088)	\$ 15,669,145

See accompanying notes to financial statements

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Charges	-	rogram Revenues Operating		Capital		
		for		Grants &	(Grants &	Ne	et (Expenses)
	Expenses	Services		Contributions	Co	ntributions		Revenues
Functions/Programs								
Governmental Activities:								
Current: Instruction	\$ 13,926,549	\$ -	9	5,217,747	\$	_	\$	(8,708,802)
Support services:	ψ 13,320,343	Ψ -	4	5 5,217,747	Ψ		Ψ	(0,700,002)
Student	1,132,481	_		375,589		-		(756,892)
Instructional staff	1,322,070	-		801,960		-		(520,110)
District administrative	995,385	-		135,218		-		(860,167)
School administrative	1,217,037	-		383,273		-		(833,764)
Business	943,693	-		152,020		-		(791,673)
Plant operations and maintenance	1,541,604	-		146,274		-		(1,395,330)
Student transportation	1,298,203	-		206,077		-		(1,092,126)
Community service activities	157,050	-		151,332		-		(5,718)
Food service operation	1,878	-		-		-		(1,878)
Facilities acquisition and construction	109,609	-		-		-		(109,609)
Interest on long-term debt	150,802			-		256,276		105,474
Total governmental activities	22,796,361			7,569,490		256,276		(14,970,595)
Business-Type Activities:								
Food service	1,323,614	115,893		908,032		_		(299,689)
Day care services	229,720	172,227		900,032		-		(57,493)
Day sails cornect			_		_			(01,100)
Total business-type activities	1,553,334	288,120	_	908,032	_			(357,182)
Total activities	\$ 24,349,695	\$ 288,120	\$	8,477,522	\$	256,276	\$	(15,327,777)
			_	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
Change in Net Position Net revenues (expenses)			\$	s (14,970,595)	\$	(357,182)	\$	(15,327,777)
General Revenues								
Taxes:								
Property				4,633,136		-		4,633,136
Motor vehicle				518,146		-		518,146
Utilities				869,597		-		869,597
Other				1,664,835		-		1,664,835
Investment earnings				130,218		988		131,206
State aid				7,279,839		172,644		7,452,483
Gain (loss) on sale of fixed assets				3,735		(262)		3,473
Miscellaneous				254,340		2,102		256,442
Total general revenues			_	15,353,846		175,472		15,529,318
Change in net position before transfers				383,251		(181,710)		201,541
Transfers in (out)			_					
Change in net position after transfers				383,251	_	(181,710)		201,541
Net position, July 1, 2017				16,831,613		410,880		17,242,493
Implementation of GASB 75 (Note 17)				(1,473,631)		(301,258)		(1,774,889)
Net position, July 1, 2017, restated				15,357,982		109,622		15,467,604
Net position, June 30, 2018			\$	15,741,233	\$	(72,088)	\$	15,669,145

See accompanying notes to financial statements



TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

							SEEK						
							Capital			Other	Total		
		General		Special		truction	Outlay			ernmental	Governmental		
	Fu	ınd	R	Revenue	F	und	Fı	ınd	Funds		Funds		
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	652	\$	-	\$ 1,0	55,012	\$ 1,02	24,906	\$	427,457	\$	2,508,027	
Investments	6,8	58,000		-		-		-		-		6,858,000	
Accounts receivable:													
Taxes		46,084		-		-		-		-		46,084	
Other		21,635		-		-		-		-		21,635	
Interfund receivable	:	51,712		-		-	16	64,678		-		216,390	
Intergovernmental - indirect federal		-		267,045				-				267,045	
Total assets	\$ 6,9	78,083	\$	267,045	\$ 1,0	55,012	\$ 1,189,584		\$	427,457	\$	9,917,181	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$ 10	08,208	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	108,208	
Interfund payable		-		177,114		-		-		39,276		216,390	
Unearned revenue		-		60,028				-		-		60,028	
Total liabilities	1	08,208		237,142						39,276		384,626	
Fund balances													
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Spendable:													
Restricted	1:	24,000		29,903	1,0	55,012	1,18	39,584		388,181		2,786,680	
Committed	1,8	55,385		-		-		-		-		1,855,385	
Assigned	1,3	02,670		-		-		-		-		1,302,670	
Unassigned	3,5	37,820	_									3,587,820	
Total fund balances	6,8	69,875		29,903	1,0	55,012	1,18	39,584		388,181		9,532,555	
Total liabilities													
and fund balances	\$ 6,9	78,083	\$	267,045	\$ 1,0	55,012	\$ 1,18	39,584	\$	427,457	\$	9,917,181	

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

\$ 9,532,555

Total fund balance per fund financial statements

·	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets	
in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$35,351,453,	
and the accumulated depreciation is \$18,781,946.	16,569,507
Pension related items:	
Deferred outflows of resources	2,298,945
Deferred inflows of resources	(771,770)
Unfunded pension and post employment benefits liability	(7,411,927)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	

Bond obligations	\$ (4,304,189)	
Bond premium	(7,137)	
Accrued interest on bonds	(21,054)	
Noncurrent portion of accumulated sick leave	(143,697)	(4,476,077)

Net position for governmental activities \$15,741,233

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

DEVENUE	General Special Fund Revenue		Construction Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES From local sources:						
Taxes						
Property	\$ 4,093,686	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 539,450	\$ 4,633,136
Motor vehicle	518,146	Ψ -	-	Ψ -	φ 000,100 -	518,146
Utilities	869,597	_	_	_	_	869,597
Other	1,664,835	_	_	-	_	1,664,835
Student activities	12,033	_	_	_	_	12.033
Earnings on investments	109,583	1,033	656	11,522	7,424	130,218
Other local revenues	242,307	-	-	-	-	242,307
Intergovernmental - state	11,995,480	1,042,106	_	183,219	454,126	13,674,931
•	33,444			100,210	404,120	1,430,674
Intergovernmental - federal	33,444	1,397,230				1,430,074
Total revenues	19,539,111	2,440,369	656	194,741	1,001,000	23,175,877
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction	11,069,329	1,534,232	_	-	_	12,603,561
Support services:	,,-	, , -				,,
Student	1,066,058	62,824	_	-	_	1,128,882
Instructional staff	779,981	537,325	-	-	-	1,317,306
District administration	884,113	20,000	-	-	-	904,113
School administration	1,198,949	18,034	-	-	-	1,216,983
Business	932,848	75,431	-	-	-	1,008,279
Plant operation and maintenance	1,630,293	-	_	-	_	1,630,293
Student transportation	1,232,898	66,053	_	-	_	1,298,951
Food service operation	1,878	-	-	-	-	1,878
Community service activities	863	153,045	-	-	-	153,908
Land improvements/acquisition	103,769	-	98,693	-	-	202,462
Site improvement	5,840	-	· -	-	-	5,840
Building improvements	· -	-	117,134	-	-	117,134
Debt service					983,761	983,761
Total expenditures	18,906,819	2,466,944	215,827	_	983,761	22,573,351
•						
Excess (deficit) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	632,292	(26,575)	(215,171)	194,741	17,239	602,526
Other financing sources (uses)	0.005					
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	3,825		-	-		3,825
Operating transfers in	- (400.070)	56,665	409,408	-	727,485	1,193,558
Operating transfers out	(466,073)				(727,485)	(1,193,558)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(462,248)	56,665	409,408			3,825
Net changes in fund balances	170,044	30,090	194,237	194,741	17,239	606,351
Fund balances, July 1, 2017	6,699,831	(187)	860,775	994,843	370,942	8,926,204
Fund balances, June 30, 2018	\$ 6,869,875	\$ 29,903	\$ 1,055,012	\$ 1,189,584	\$ 388,181	\$ 9,532,555

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements

\$ 606,351

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of these assets are allocated over estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.

Capital outlay	\$ 640,774	
Depreciation expense	(1,011,914)	(371,140)

In the statement of activities, only the gain (loss) on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the remaining book value of the asset sold.

(90)

Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds financial statements but is a reduction of the liability in the statement of net position.

Bond payments 830,000

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not involve current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities are:

Deferred pension and post employment amounts	\$ (620,997)
Amortization of bond discount	(9,973)
Amortization of bond premium	1,259
Increase in accrued interest payable	11,673
Decrease in compensated absences	(63,832) (681,870)

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 383,251



TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	chool Food Day Care ervice Fund Fund		•		Total	
ASSETS	 					
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 90,882	\$	25,298	\$	116,180	
Inventory	 26,228		-		26,228	
Total current assets	 117,110		25,298		142,408	
Noncurrent assets						
Capital assets	1,768,057		-		1,768,057	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(845,380)		-		(845,380)	
Total noncurrent assets	922,677				922,677	
Total assets	1,039,787		25,298		1,065,085	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred pension and post employment benefits	 363,636		107,609		471,245	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	62		-		62	
Total current liabilities	62				62	
Long-term liabilities						
Compensated absences	19,055		-		19,055	
Unfunded pension and post employment benefit liabilities	 1,122,454		316,865		1,439,319	
Total long-term liabilities	1,141,509		316,865		1,458,374	
Total liabilities	 1,141,571		316,865		1,458,436	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred pension and post employment benefits	114,894		35,088		149,982	
NET POSITION						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	922,677		-		922,677	
Unrestricted	 (775,719)		(219,046)		(994,765)	
Total net position	\$ 146,958	\$	(219,046)	\$	(72,088)	

See accompanying notes to financial statements

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	chool Food Service Fund	Day Care Fund			Total
OPERATING REVENUES				-	
Lunchroom sales	\$ 115,893	\$	-	\$	115,893
Child care fees	-		172,227		172,227
Other revenue	 -		2,102		2,102
Total operating revenues	 115,893		174,329		290,222
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and wages	665,236		229,250		894,486
Materials and supplies	580,785		470		581,255
Depreciation	35,000		-		35,000
Contract services	42,125		-		42,125
Other operating expenses	 468		<u>-</u>		468
Total operating expenses	 1,323,614		229,720		1,553,334
Operating income (loss)	 (1,207,721)		(55,391)		(1,263,112)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Federal grants	837,909		-		837,909
Donated commodities	70,123		-		70,123
State grants	9,908		2,250		12,158
State on-behalf payments	120,640		39,846		160,486
Gain (loss) on sale of fixed assets	(262)		-		(262)
Interest income	988				988
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,039,306		42,096		1,081,402
Change in net position	(168,415)		(13,295)		(181,710)
Net position, July 1, 2017	542,632		(131,752)		410,880
Implementation of GASB 75 (Note 17)	(227,259)		(73,999)		(301,258)
Net position, July 1, 2017, restated	 315,373	-	(205,751)		109,622
Net position, June 30, 2018	\$ 146,958	\$	(219,046)	\$	(72,088)

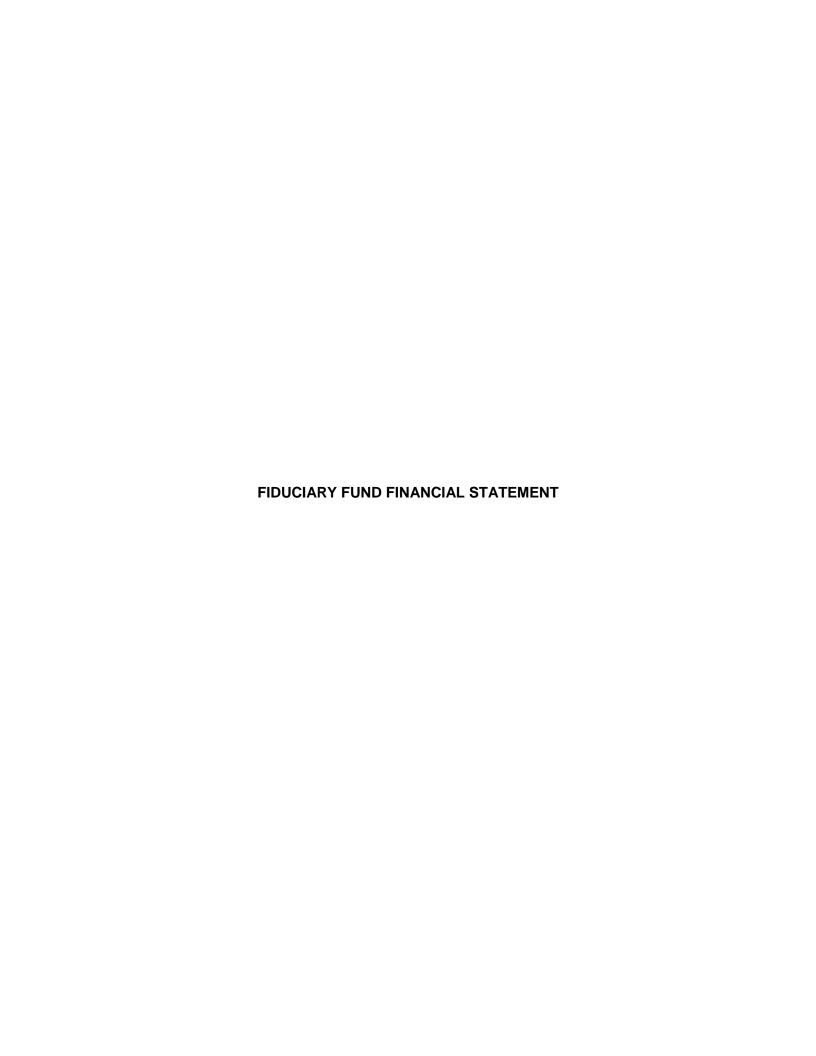
See accompanying notes to financial statements

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	School Fund Service Fund		Day Care Fund		Total	
Cash flows from operating activities						
Cash received from:						
Lunchroom sales	\$	115,893	\$	-	\$ 115,893	
Child care fees		-		172,227	172,227	
Other activities		-		2,102	2,102	
Cash paid to/for:						
Employees		(445,461)		(158,220)	(603,681)	
Supplies		(515,455)		(470)	(515,925)	
Other activities		(42,596)		-	(42,596)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(887,619)		15,639	 (871,980)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Operating transfers in (out)		-		-	-	
Government grants		847,818		2,250	850,068	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		847,818		2,250	850,068	
Cash flows from investing activities						
Receipt of interest income		988			 988	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		988		-	 988	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(38,813)		17,889	(20,924)	
Balances, beginning of year		129,695		7,409	 137,104	
Balances, end of year	\$	90,882	\$	25,298	\$ 116,180	

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS, continued PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		hool Fund Service Fund	Day Care Fund			Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$ (*	1,207,721)	\$	(55,391)	\$(1,263,112)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities						
Depreciation		35,000		-		35,000
Donated commodities		70,123		-		70,123
State on-behalf payments		120,640		39,846		160,486
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		-		-		-
Inventory		(4,858)		-		(4,858)
Accounts payable		62		-		62
Deferred pension and post employment benefits		95,769		31,184		126,953
Compensated absences		3,366		-		3,366
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(887,619)	\$	15,639	\$	(871,980)
Schedule of non-cash transactions:						
Donated commodities received from federal government	\$	70,123	\$	-	\$	70,123
On-behalf payments		120,640		39,846		160,486



TRIGG COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

		Agency Funds			
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	165,802 -			
Total assets		165,802			
LIABILITIES Accounts payable		-			
Due to student groups		165,802			
Total liabilities		165,802			
NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>				



TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Trigg County Board of Education (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the Trigg County School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not a component unit of any other governmental "reporting entity". Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the District. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as band boosters, parent-teacher associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the District. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements. On March 12, 1992, Trigg County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) was formed as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Trigg County Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for Fiduciary Funds. Interfund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

The government-wide statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the District at year-end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

Governmental Funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These could include federal, state and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of the District's grant agreements, certain programs are funded by specific costreimbursement grants and general revenues. Generally, the District applies cost reimbursement funds first to finance such programs with remaining costs paid with general revenues.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the General Fund be reported as a major fund. All other governmental and proprietary funds whose assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures comprise at least 10% of total for the relevant fund category and at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined must also be reported as major funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most District functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in the Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial resources rather than upon determination of net income. The following are the District's Governmental Funds:

The *General Fund* is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.

The *Special Revenue Fund* accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes.

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods, as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is generally restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a major fund of the District.

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky Fund (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

The *Construction Fund* accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenue to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, bonded debt and lease obligations, interest and related costs.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities which are operated and financed in a manner similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon the determination of net income. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The funds' principal operating revenues are food service charges and daycare fees. Operating expenses include salaries, benefits, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All items not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The District has two proprietary funds:

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program and the National School Breakfast Program, which are conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA and for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky. This is a major fund of the District.

The *Child Care Fund* accounts for the daycare operations of the District. Amounts have been recorded for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District on behalf of outside related organizations or on behalf of other funds within the District.

Agency Funds account for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the Kentucky Department of Education *Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds*. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Revenue Recognition

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. "Available" means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means expected to be received within 60 days after year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Donated Commodities

The fair value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as an expense and as a donated commodities revenue (non-operating revenue).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Expenses/Expenditures

Using the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. In the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Property Taxes

Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fund for which they were levied. Property taxes are levied on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the District. Taxes become delinquent after December 31.

The property tax rates for the year ended June 30, 2018, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.528 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.528 per \$100 valuation for business tangible personal property, and \$.460 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from furnishings, within the District, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain financial statement balances. Actual results could vary from those estimates.

Interfund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds, and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are reappropriated in the next year. An assignment of fund balance equal to outstanding encumbrances at year-end is provided for at June 30, 2018. Accordingly, no differences exist between actual results and the applicable budgetary data presented in the accompanying combined financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds and time deposits that are nonnegotiable, to be cash and cash equivalents, for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. This definition is also used for the proprietary fund's statements of cash flows.

Investments

Investment purchases and sales are recorded as of the trade date. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date. Other investment income is recognized when earned.

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the amount reasonably expected to be received for an investment in a current sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller. Fixed income securities, real estate investment trusts (REITs), derivatives and common and preferred stocks are valued based on published market prices and quotations from national security exchanges and securities pricing services. International stocks are then adjusted to reflect the current exchange rate of the underlying currency. Investments, for which no national exchanges or pricing services exist, such as private equity assets, are valued at fair value by the investment partnership based on the valuation methodology outlined in the partnership agreement. Real estate may be valued by the manager or independent appraisers. Commingled assets that are not traded on a national exchange are valued by the commingled manager. The District performs due diligence reviews of the investment pricing, process and infrastructure of private equity, commingled and real estate investments to assure that the asset values provided by the managers are available.

Net appreciation (depreciation) is determined by calculating the change in the fair value of investments between the beginning of the year and the end of the year, less purchases of investments at cost, plus sales of investments at fair value. Investment expenses consist of external expenses directly related to the District's investment operations, as well as the internal administrative expenses directly related to the District's investment program. The District's investments at June 30, 2018 consist of certificates of deposit.

Prepaid Expenditures

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the end of the fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase, and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market. The Food Service Fund uses the specific identification method and the General Fund uses the first-in, first-out method. The District's inventories include various items consisting of school supplies, paper, books, maintenance items, transportation items, commodities, etc. USDA commodities received from the Federal government are recorded at the value established by the Federal government using the average cost method.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the General Fund are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted by KRS 157.420(3).

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as due from or to other funds. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as interfund balances.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets greater than \$5,000 are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	20 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Debt Premium and Discounts

Unamortized premiums and discounts associated with bond issues are amortized over the lives of the related bonds using the straight-line method and are an addition (premium) or deduction (discount) to the debt balances in the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are payments to employees for accumulated sick leave. These amounts also include the related employer's share of applicable taxes and retirement contributions. District employees may accumulate unused sick leave up to a specified amount depending on their date of hire. Sick leave is payable to employees upon termination or retirement at 30% of the current rate of pay on the date of termination or retirement. The District uses the termination method to calculate the compensated absences amounts. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. An expenditure is recognized in the governmental fund as payments come due each period, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences not recorded at the fund level represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teacher's Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost..

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: the deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability described in Note 11 and the OPEB liability described in Note 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: the deferred inflows of resources relate to the net pension liability as described in Note 11 and the OPEB liability described in Note 12.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts which can be spent only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes determined by the Board of Education's formal action through a resolution.

<u>Assigned</u> – Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the Board or Management. The Board adopted a resolution establishing the authority to assign funds.

<u>Unassigned</u> – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

In governmental funds, when an expenditure is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications—committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Net Position

Net positions represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on the district-wide financial statements. Net positions are classified in the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> – This amount is restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – This amount is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 6, 2018, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by FDIC as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institutions should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As stipulated by KRS 41.240(4), all deposits are collateralized with eligible securities or other obligations having aggregate current face value or current quoted market value at least equal to the deposits. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4).

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,790,009 and the bank balance was \$4,318,849. Of the District's bank balances, \$500,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance, with the remaining balance of \$3,818,849 collateralized as discussed above.

The carrying amounts are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

Government funds	\$ 2,508,027
Proprietary funds	116,180
Fiduciary funds	165,802
	\$ 2 790 009

NOTE 3 – INVESTMENTS

Fair Value Measurement

The District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2018, the District had the following investments at fair value measurements.

NOTE 3 - INVESTMENTS, continued

	 Fair Value Measurements Using				
Certificates of Deposit	Level 1	L	evel 2	L	evel 3
CD-CADRE/PFM Securities	\$ 6,858,000	\$	-	\$	
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 6,858,000	\$	-	\$	-

The balance of CADRE Securities includes 28 certificates of deposit at different individual financial institutions. Each of the certificates is insured 100% by FDIC at the bank in which each certificate is held.

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits its investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to losses arising from changes in interest rates. In general, certificates of deposit are not subject to interest rate risk.

The District does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk. In general, certificates of deposit are not subject to investment credit risk.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018
Capital assets not depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 300,850 87,316	\$ - 215,827	\$ - 196,050	\$ 300,850 107,093
Total nondepreciable historical cost	388,166	215,827	196,050	407,943
Capital assets depreciated: Building and improvements Land improvements Technology equipment Vehicles General equipment	28,027,330 111,505 2,337,312 2,989,249 1,048,374	196,050 8,500 194,568 184,480 37,399	- - 170,987 - 20,270	28,223,380 120,005 2,360,893 3,173,729 1,065,503
Total depreciable historical cost	34,513,770	620,997	191,257	34,943,510
Less: accumulated depreciation Building and improvements Land improvements Technology equipment Vehicles General equipment	12,856,786 39,489 2,331,200 1,841,358 892,366	738,733 5,611 32,718 204,131 30,721	- 170,897 - 20,270	13,595,519 45,100 2,193,021 2,045,489 902,817
Total accumulated depreciation Total depreciable historical cost - net	17,961,199 16,552,571	(390,917)	<u>191,167</u> 90	18,781,946 16,161,564
Governmental activities capital assets - net	\$ 16,940,737	\$ (175,090)	\$ 196,140	\$ 16,569,507

The balance in construction work in progress is not shown on the Annual Financial Report of the District.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS, continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities		
Instruction	\$	701,991
Support services:		
Student		17,561
Instructional staff		4,764
District administration		27,440
School administration		54
Business		3,158
Plant operations and maintenance		70,072
Student transportation		183,732
Community service activities		3,142
	\$ 1	1,011,914

Business-Type Activities	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018
Capital assets depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,440,338	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,440,338
Technology equipment	16,901	-	-	16,901
General equipment	312,913		2,095	310,818
Total depreciable historical cost	1,770,152		2,095	1,768,057
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	532,925	28,807	-	561,732
Technology equipment	16,544	357	-	16,901
General equipment	262,744	5,836	1,833	266,747
Total accumulated depreciation	812,213	35,000	1,833	845,380
Business-type activities,		4 (27 223)	•	.
capital assets - net	\$ 957,939	\$ (35,000)	\$ 262	\$ 922,677

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as lease and bonded debt obligations represents the District's future obligations to make payments related to school building revenue bonds issued by the Trigg County School District Finance Corporation on behalf of the District for purposes of school facility construction. These amounts are not reflected in the fund financial statements.

	Original	Interest	E	Balance
Issue Date	Proceeds	Rates	Jun	e 30, 2018
2006	\$ 855,000	3.75% - 4.15%	\$	425,000
2009	5,220,000	2.50% - 3.50%		590,000
2012	2,470,000	1.00% - 2.50%		1,790,000
2013	1,830,000	2.00% - 4.00%		1,535,000

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund), is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Trigg County School District Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding. Upon completion of such payments, the leased premises should become property of the District. The District is obligated to maintain property insurance on the school facilities, and the school facilities have been pledged as security to the holders of the bonds.

The proceeds from certain refunding issues have been placed in escrow accounts to be used to service the related debt.

In connection with the school revenue bonds issued after May 1, 1996, the District entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table that follows sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, continued

The bonds may be called prior to maturity, and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2018 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

		Trigg C	County S		School I	chool Facilities			
	-	Principal	I	nterest		Principal		Interest	Total
2019	\$	668,876	\$	52,402	\$	181,124	\$	75,189	\$ 977,591
2020		329,504		30,175		185,496		70,392	615,567
2021		335,144		23,584		189,856		65,377	613,961
2022		335,721		16,463		194,279		60,095	606,558
2023		356,357		8,909		203,643		54,552	623,461
2024-2028		-		-		695,000		187,761	882,761
2029-2033		-		-		565,000		77,769	642,769
2034				-		100,000		2,000	 102,000
	\$	2,025,602	\$	131,533	\$	2,314,398	\$	593,135	\$ 5,064,668

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, continued

The changes in outstanding debt are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2017	New Issues/ Adjustments	Debt Payments/ Refunds	Balance June 30, 2018	Due within One Year
Bonds payable: Revenue bonds	\$5,170,000	\$ -	\$ 830,000	\$ 4,340,000	\$ 850,000
Less premium(discount)	(37,388)		(8,714)	(28,674)	
Total bonds payable	5,132,612		821,286	4,311,326	850,000
Other liabilities: Compensated absences					
Governmental	79,865	63,832		143,697	-
Business-type	15,689	3,366	_	19,055	
Total other liabilities	95,554	67,198		162,752	
Total long-term liabilities	\$5,228,166	\$ 67,198	\$ 821,286	\$ 4,474,078	\$ 850,000

NOTE 6 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Upon retirement from the school system, employees will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be funded with current year's economic financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued sick leave payable" in the General Fund. Management has estimated the amount for governmental activities will be approximately \$143,697 with \$-0- considered the short-term portion. Management has estimated the amount for business type activities will be approximately \$9,055 with \$-0- considered the short-term portion.

NOTE 7 – FUND BALANCE

The following is a summary of designations of Fund Balance at June 30, 2018:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted:				
Compensated absences	124,000	-	-	124,000
Debt service	-	-	(39,276)	(39,276)
SFCC escrow	-	-	427,457	427,457
Construction	-	-	1,055,012	1,055,012
SEEK Capital outlay	-	-	1,189,584	1,189,584
Technology	-	29,903	-	29,903
Committed:				
Computers & related equipment	360,000	-	-	360,000
KETS matching	25,385	-	-	25,385
Land acquisition	850,000	-	-	850,000
Gas tanks and pumps	620,000	-	-	620,000
Assigned:				
Site based carry forward	27,670	-	-	27,670
Site improvement	950,000	-	-	950,000
Construction	250,000	-	-	250,000
Furniture and fixtures	75,000	-	-	75,000
Unassigned	3,587,820			3,587,820
	\$ 6,869,875	\$ 29,903	\$ 2,632,777	\$ 9,532,555

NOTE 8 - TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	_	Amount
General	Construction	BG projects	\$	409,408
General	Special Revenue	KETS matching		56,665
Building	Debt Service	Bond payments		727,485
			\$	1,193,558

NOTE 9 – DEFICIT OPERATING FUND BALANCES

The Debt Service Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$39,276 at June 30, 2018.

NOTE 10 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The Kentucky State Department of Education has indicated the following amounts were contributed onbehalf of the District for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Health insurance Life insurance	\$ 2,254,343 3,504
Administrative fee	28,934
Health reimbursement account - HRA/dental/vision	101,413
	2,388,194
Federal reimbursements of health benefits	(153,858)
	2,234,337
Kentucky Teacher's Retirement System	2,989,125
Technology	67,178
SFCC debt service	256,276
	\$ 5,546,916

NOTE 10 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS, continued

The District is not legally responsible for these contributions. These payments are not required to be budgeted by the District. The total of these payments has been included in revenues and the applicable expenditure functions in these financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General Fund	\$ 5,130,154
Debt Service Fund	256,276
Business-type activities:	
Food Service Fund	120,640
Day Care Fund	 39,846
	\$ 5,546,916

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pensions based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description – Employees whose positions do not require a college degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided – CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years' service or 65 years old At least 5 years' service and 55 years old At least 25 years' service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013 At least 5 years' service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years' service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years' service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS, continued

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

Contributions – Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required contributions
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS")

Plan description – Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and, therefore, is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided – For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1. Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2. Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS, continued

Employees who retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.0% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service was less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions – Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). District employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 16.105% of salaries for local school district employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 16.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS, continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

	\$ 84,612,807
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension liability associated with the District	 78,024,382
District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$ 6,588,425

The net pension liability of the plan was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.112559%.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS, continued

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,031,910 related to CERS and \$5,554,140 related to KTRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$5,554,140 for KTRS support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		_	Deferred oflows of
County Employees Retirement System (CERS)		urces		esources
Differences between expected and actual	11030	uices		esources
experience	\$	8,172	\$	167,242
Change of assumptions	1,2	15,743		
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	5	21,796		440,304
Changes in proportion and difference between		,,		,
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		195,730
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	4	01,714	•	
Total	\$ 2,1	47,425	\$	803,276

The amount of \$401,714 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to CERS pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years	
Ending	
June 30	
2018	\$ 413,922
2019	424,070
2020	189,040
2021	(84,597)
2022	-
Total	\$ 942,435

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS, continued

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	<u>CERS</u>	<u>KTRS</u>
Inflation	2.30%	3.00%
Projected salary increases	3.05%	3.50-7.30%
Investment rate of return, net of		
investment expense and inflation	6.25%	7.50%

For CERS, the mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

For KTRS, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with a setback of 1 year for females. The results of the experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015 will be reflected in the June 30, 2017 valuation and the June 30, 2018 GASB 67 report.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS, continued

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Equity	17.50%	5.97%
International Equity*	17.50%	7.85%
Global Bonds	4.00%	2.63%
Global Credit	2.00%	3.63%
High Yield	7.00%	5.75%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	5.50%
Private Credit	10.00%	8.75%
Real Estate*	5.00%	7.63%
Absolute Return	10.00%	5.63%
Real Return*	10.00%	6.13%
Private equity	10.00%	8.25%
Cash	2.00%	1.88%
Total	100.00%	

^{*} Long-Term Expected Real Rates of Return may vary by plans depending on the risk tolerance of the plan.

For KTRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	42.00%	4.40%
International Equity	20.00%	5.30%
Fixed Income	16.00%	1.50%
Additional Categories*	9.00%	3.60%
Real Estate	5.00%	4.40%
Private Equity	6.00%	6.70%
Cash	2.00%	0.80%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}Includes Hedge Funds, High Yield, and Non-US Developed Bonds

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS, continued

Discount rate — For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the measurement periods with year ended June 30, 2017 was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 26-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial determined contribution rate is adjusted to reflect the phase in of anticipated gains on actuarial value of assets over the first four years of the projection period. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan employees were projected through 2117. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return for the year ended June 30, 2017 of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.49%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the Employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates, and the additional amounts appropriated for fiscal years 2017 and 2018. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members until the 2040 plan year. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments through 2039 and a municipal bond index rate of 3.01% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments after 2039. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) that discounts the entire projected benefit stream to the same amount as the sum of the present values of the two separate benefit payments streams was used to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

			Cu	rrent Discount		
	19	% Decrease		Rate	1	% Increase
CERS	'	5.25%		6.25%		7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	8,309,427	\$	6,588,425	\$	5,148,818
KTRS District's proportionate share		3.49%		4.49%		5.49%
of net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of CERS and KTRS.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

General Information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous OPEB Plan

Plan description: County Employees Retirement System consists of two plans, Non-Hazardous and Hazardous. Each plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) under the provision of Kentucky Revised Statute 61.645. The plan covers all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous and hazardous duty positions of each participating county, city and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in CERS. The District participates in the Non-Hazardous plan.

Benefits provided: The KRS' Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. KRS submits the premium payments to DEI. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

The amount of contribution paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Portion Paid by Insurance Fund				
Years	Paid by			
of	Insurance			
Service	Fund (%)			
20+ Years	100.00%			
15-19 Years	75.00%			
10-14 Years	50.00%			
4-9 Years	25.00%			
< 4 Years	0.00%			

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 Kentucky General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participating on, or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 10 years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on, or after July 1, 2003, earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Hazardous employees whose participation began on, or after July 1, 2003 earn \$15 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon death of a hazardous employee, the employee's spouse receives \$10 per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's earned hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually, which is currently 1.5% based upon Kentucky Revised Statutes. This benefit is not protected under the inviolable contract provisions of KRS 61.692. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce this benefit if, in its judgement, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands.

There was no legislation enacted during the 2017 legislative session that had a material change in benefit provisions for either system.

Contributions: The employee contribution rate is set by state statute. Non-Hazardous employees contribute 5%. Employees hired on or after September 1, 2018, contribute an additional 1% to health insurance.

The employer contribution rates are set by the KRS Board under Kentucky Revised Statute 61.565 based on an annual actuarial valuation, unless altered by legislation enacted by the Kentucky General Assembly. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, participating employers contributed 19.18% (14.48% pension fund and 4.70% insurance fund) and 18.68% (13.95% pension fund and 4.73% insurance fund), respectively, of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rates set by the Board for the fiscal years was a percentage of each employee's creditable compensation. Contribution to the insurance fund from the District was \$130,390 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

The District has met 100% of the contribution funding requirement for the year ended June 30, 2018. Total current year contributions recognized by the plan were \$130,390 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The OPEB contribution amount does not include the implicit subsidy reported in the amount of \$27,656.

General Information about the Teachers' Retirement System of Kentucky OPEB Plan

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.00%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the Kentucky School District reported a liability of \$2,262,821 for CERS and \$9,922,000 for KTRS for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was .153156% and State's proportion was 0.125107% for a total of 0.278263%. Prior year percentage not available due to FY 2018 being an implementation year.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

		Medical Insurance Fund
	CERS	KTRS
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,262,821	\$ 5,461,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	_	4,461,000
nability accordated with the Blothet		1,101,000
Total	\$ 2,262,821	\$ 9,922,000

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$257,857 for CERS and \$355,000 for KTRS and revenue of \$290,000 for support provided by the State, for a total OPEB expense for KTRS at \$645,000. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	CEDS			Medical Insurance Fund KTRS				
	CERS							
	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
	O	utflows of	Ir	nflows of	Out	flows of	In ⁻	flows of
	R	esources	R	esources	Res	sources	Re	sources
Difference between expected and actual								
experience	\$	-	\$	6,285	\$	-	\$	70,000
Changes of assumptions		492,375		-		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual								
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		106,940		-		-
Changes in proportion and differences								
between District contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions		-		5,250		-		-
District contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		130,390		-		-		-
Total	\$	622,765	\$	118,475	\$	-	\$	70,000

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$130,390 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Years					
Ending					
June 30	CERS		KTRS		
2018	\$ 64,334	\$	-		
2019	64,334		(18,000)		
2020	64,334		(18,000)		
2021	64,334		(17,000)		
2022	91,064		(17,000)		
Thereafter	25,500		-		
Total	\$ 373,900	\$	(70,000)		

Actuarial assumptions: The total CERS OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2017
Payroll growth rate	2.00%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary increase	3.05%, Average
Investment rate of return	6.25%
Healthcare cost trend rates (pre-65)	Initial trend starting at 7.25% at January 1, 2019 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Healthcare cost trend rates (post-65)	Initial trend starting at 5.10% at January 1, 2019 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 11 years

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

Actuarial assumptions: The total TRS OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Projected salary increases 3.50-7.20%, including inflation

Inflation rate 3.00%

Real wage growth 0.50%

Wage inflation 3.50%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Under 65 7.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FY 2023

Ages 65 and older 5.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FY 2020

Medicare Part B premiums 1.02% for FY 2017 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2029

Municipal bond index rate 3.56%

Discount rate 8.00%

Single equivalent interest rate 8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

For CERS, the mortality for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (male mortality rates are multiplied by 50% and female mortality rates are multiplied by 30%). The mortality table for healthy retired members and beneficiaries is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (female mortality rates are set back on year). The mortality table for disabled members is the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (male mortality rates are set back four years). There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

For KTRS, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2016 valuation.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimated ranges of expected future real returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Nominal
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
US Equity	17.50%	5.97%
International Equity*	17.50%	7.85%
Global Bonds	4.00%	2.63%
Global Credit	2.00%	3.63%
High Yield	7.00%	5.75%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	5.50%
Private Credit	10.00%	8.75%
Real Estate*	5.00%	7.63%
Absolute Return	10.00%	5.63%
Real Return*	10.00%	61.30%
Private Equity	10.00%	8.25%
Cash	2.00%	1.88%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}Long-Term Expected Real Rates of Return may vary by plans depending on the risk tolerance

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		30 Year Expected
	Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	60.00%	5.10%
Fixed Income	9.00%	1.20%
Real Estate	4.50%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.50%	6.60%
High Yield	10.00%	4.30%
Other Additional Categories*	10.00%	3.30%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	0.50%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}Modeled as 50% high yield and 50% bank loans.

Discount rate: For the CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.84% for non-hazardous and 5.96% for hazardous. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on the OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.56%, as reported in the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2017. Future contributions are projected in accordance with the Board's current funding policy, which includes the requirement that each participating employer in the System contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate, which is determined using a closed funding period (26 years as of June 30, 2017) and the actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the Board of Trustees.

Period of projected benefit payments- Current assets, future contributions and investment earnings are projected to be sufficient to pay the projected benefit payments from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the CERS and TRS net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following present's the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.84% for non-hazardous and 4.96% for hazardous) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.84% for non-hazardous and 6.96% for hazardous) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	4.84%	Rate 5.84%	6.84%
CERS	\$ 2,879,314	\$ 2,262,821	\$ 1,749,802
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	7.00%	Rate 8.00%	9.00%
KTRS - MIF	\$ 11,555,000	\$ 9,922,000	\$ 8,564,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the CERS and TRS net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cast trend rates: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Current	
		lealthcare		
	1%		Cost	1%
	Decrease	Т	rend Rate	Increase
CERS	\$ 1,735,700	\$	2,262,821	\$ 2,948,047
KTRS	8,310,000		9,922,000	11,913,000

Changes of assumptions: Subsequent to the actuarial valuation date, but prior to the measurement dates, the KRS Board of Trustees adopted updated actuarial assumptions which will be used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Specifically, total CERS OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 is determined using a 2.30% price inflation assumption and an assumed rate of return of 6.25%.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

Payable to the OPEB plan: At June 30,2018, the District reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the CERS OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Kentucky Retirement Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on the KRS website at www.kyret.ky.gov.

NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Grant Programs

The District receives funding from federal, state and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if, based on the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

KSBIT

KSBIT is under a corrective action plan with the Kentucky Department of Insurance (DOI) due to a deficit in net worth. On May 13, 2014, an assessment plan for KSBIT members was approved by the Court which provides a payment for the KSBIT members. The approved assessment plan contained components which are subject to ongoing litigation. The payment plan from the assessment began subsequent to June 30, 2014. The District was notified in by the Kentucky School Board Insurance Trust of a liability in the amount of \$174,124 for workers compensation losses incurred by the Trust. The District made a 25% down payment in the amount of \$43,531 in August 2014. The District chose to pay the remaining liability of \$130,593 in six installments beginning August 31, 2015. The entire unpaid balance of the assessment is due and payable in full on August 15, 2020.

NOTE 14 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss of assets associated with the risks related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; fire, personal liability, vehicular accidents; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; fiduciary responsibility; and natural disaster. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which include workers' compensation insurance.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards' Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, the risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks to loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 14 – RISK MANAGEMENT, continued

From time to time, the District is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the District's financial statements.

NOTE 15 - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss.

The District has notified all terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage as mandated by COBRA.

NOTE 16 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables at June 30, 2018 were as follows:

	nterfund eceivable	nterfund Payable
General Fund	\$ 51,712	\$
Special Revenue Fund	-	177,114
Capital Outlay Fund	164,678	-
Debt Service Fund		39,276
Total	\$ 216,390	\$ 216,390

NOTE 17 - ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

During fiscal year 2018, the District adopted the following accounting pronouncements:

- GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, issued March 2016.
- GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017, issued March 2017.
- GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, issued May 2017.

Adoption of these statements did not have significant impact on the District's financial position or results of operations.

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits
other than Pensions, issued on June 2015, aims to improve financial reporting by state and local
governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits
or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local government employers
regarding financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities.

Adoption of this statement had a significant impact on the District's financial position. As a result, the District restated the July 1, 2017 net position in the amount of (\$1,774,889) as outlined below.

	Beginning Balance	As Restated	GASB 75 Adjustment
Statement of Activities General Fund	\$ 16,174,480	\$ 14,700,849	\$ 1,473,631
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position			
School Food Services Fund	542,632	315,373	227,259
Day Care Fund	(131,752)	(205,751)	73,999
Total			\$ 1,774,889



TRIGG COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				(2
From local sources:				
Taxes	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	A 4 222 222	A 400 000
Property	\$ 3,965,000	\$ 3,965,000	\$ 4,093,686	\$ 128,686
Motor vehicle	500,000	500,000	518,146	18,146
Utilities Other	840,000	840,000	869,597	29,597
Student activities	565,420	565,420 11,033	1,664,835 12,033	1,099,415 1,000
Earnings on investments	40,000	40,000	109,583	69,583
Other local revenues	54,284	240,149	242,307	2,158
Intergovernmental - state	6,737,023	6,856,318	6,865,326	9,008
Intergovernmental - federal	15,000	15,000	33,444	18,444
morgovommontar rodorar	10,000	10,000		
Total revenues	12,716,727	13,032,920	14,408,957	1,376,037
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	8,071,883	8,166,408	7,368,644	797,764
Support services:	700 000	705 540	750 500	40.050
Student Instructional staff	793,239 651,583	795,540	752,590	42,950
District administration	1,211,760	654,370 1,211,760	509,333 768,671	145,037 443,089
School administration	834,107	834,107	833,508	599
Business	923,430	987,430	855,415	132,015
Plant operation and maintenance	1,710,308	1,722,381	1,484,019	238,362
Student transportation	2,066,327	2,066,327	1,092,135	974,192
Food service operation	_,000,02.	_,000,0	1,878	(1,878)
Community service activities	40	227	863	(636)
Land/site acquisitions	854,250	962,338	-	962,338
Land improvements/acquisition	816,538	848,770	103,769	745,001
Site improvement	357,600	357,600	5,840	351,760
Debt service	-	=	-	=
Contingency	1,074,827	1,074,827		1,074,827
Total expenditures	19,365,892	19,682,085	13,776,665	5,905,420
Excess (deficit) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(6,649,165)	(6,649,165)	632,292	7,281,457
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	6,000	6,000	3,825	(2,175)
Operating transfers in	· <u>-</u>	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	(56,665)	(56,665)	(466,073)	(409,408)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(50,665)	(50,665)	(462,248)	(411,583)
Net change in fund balance	(6,699,830)	(6,699,830)	170,044	6,869,874
Fund balance, July 1, 2017	6,699,830	6,699,830	6,699,831	1
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,869,875	\$ 6,869,875

TRIGG COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SPECIAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	d Amount		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
From local sources:				
Earnings on investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,033	\$ 1,033
Intergovernmental - state	1,112,051	1,046,138	1,042,106	(4,032)
Intergovernmental - federal	1,393,792	1,450,634	1,397,230	(53,404)
Total revenues	2,505,843	2,496,772	2,440,369	(56,403)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	1,604,903	1,593,649	1,534,232	59,417
Support services:				
Student	61,675	61,675	62,824	(1,149)
Instructional staff	513,994	516,177	537,325	(21,148)
District administration	20,000	20,000	20,000	-
School administration	17,845	17,845	18,034	(189)
Business	113,330	113,330	75,431	37,899
Student transportation	77,716	77,716	66,053	11,663
Community services	153,045	153,045	153,045	-
Total expenditures	2,562,508	2,553,437	2,466,944	86,493
Excess (deficit) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(56,665)	(56,665)	(26,575)	30,090
Other financing sources (uses)				
Operating transfers in	56,665	56,665	56,665	-
Operating transfers out				
Total other financing sources (uses)	56,665	56,665	56,665	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	30,090	30,090
Fund balance, July 1, 2017			(187)	(187)
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,903	\$ 29,903

TRIGG COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CAPITAL OUTLAY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Dudgata	Variance with Final				
	Buageted	d Amount		Budget Favorable		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
REVENUES						
Earnings on investments	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 11,522	\$ 10,022		
Intergovernmental - state	181,330	183,218	183,219	1		
Total revenues	182,830.00	184,718.00	194,741	10,023		
EXPENDITURES						
Building improvements	924,189	926,077	-	926,077		
Debt service						
Total expenditures	924,189.00	926,077		926,077		
Excess (deficit) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(741,359)	(741,359)	194,741	936,100		
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in	_	_	_	_		
Operating transfers out	_	_	_	_		
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Net change in fund balance	(741,359)	(741,359)	194,741	936,100		
Fund balance, July 1, 2017	741,359	741,359	994,843	253,484.00		
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,189,584	\$ 1,189,584		

TRIGG COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CONSTRUCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

								ariance th Final
	Е	Sudgete	d Amo	ount				n Finai udget
		a a g a a a						vorable
REVENUES	Ori	ginal		Final	Actua		(Unfa	avorable)
From local sources:								
Earnings on investments	\$	-	\$		\$ 6	<u> 556</u>	\$	656
Total revenues		_			6	356		656
EXPENDITURES								
Land improvements/acquisitions		-		179,973	98,6	93		(81,280)
Building improvements		-		229,435	117,1	34	(112,301)
Total expenditures		-		409,408	215,8	327	(193,581)
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		409,408)	(215,1	71)		194,237
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		-		409,408 -	409,4	108 -		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		409,408	409,4	804		-
Net change in fund balance		-		-	194,2	237		194,237
Fund balance, July 1, 2017		-			860,7	75		860,775
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$		\$1,055,0)12	\$1,	055,012

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGET AND ACTUAL JUNE 30, 2018

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP. The major differences between the budgetary accounting method and GAAP are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

In accordance with state law, the District prepares a general school budget based upon the amount of revenue to be raised by local taxation, including the rate of levy and from estimates of other local, state and federal revenues. The budget contains estimated expenditures for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay and other necessary expenses. The budget must be approved by the Board.

The District does not budget for on-behalf payments, which are reported with the General, Food Service, and Day Care Funds in the fund financial statements and the budgetary comparison supplementary information.

The District must formally and publicly examine estimated revenues and expenses for the subsequent fiscal year by January 31 of each calendar year.

Additionally, the District must prepare an annual allocation to schools by March 1 of each year for the following fiscal year. This allocation must include the amount for certified and classified staff based on the District's staffing policy and the amount for instructional supplies, materials, travel and equipment.

Additionally, the District must adopt a tentative working budget for the subsequent fiscal year by May 30 of each year. This budget must contain a 2% reserve.

Finally, the District must adopt a final working budget and submit it to the Kentucky Department of Education by September 30 of the current fiscal year.

The Board has the ability to amend the working budget. The working budget was amended during the year.

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGET AND ACTUAL JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION, continued

Reconciliation to the General Fund

Revenues - budgetary basis On-behalf payments	\$ 14,408,957 5,130,154
Total revenues - modified cash basis	\$ 19,539,111
Expenditures - budgetary basis On-behalf payments	\$ 13,776,665 5,130,154
Total expenditures - modified cash basis	\$ 18,906,819

TRIGG COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2018

County Employees Retirement System

	2018 20		2017 2		2016	 2015	
District's proportion of net pension liability		0.112559%		0.118080%		0.118700%	0.120490%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	6,588,425	\$	5,813,816	\$	6,588,425	\$ 5,813,815
State's proportionate share of net pension liability associated with the District				-		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$	6,588,425	\$	5,813,816	\$	6,588,425	\$ 5,813,815
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,774,264	\$	2,768,781	\$	2,339,009	\$ 2,530,114
District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		237.48%		209.98%		281.68%	229.78%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		55.30%		55.50%		59.97%	68.80%

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2018

County Employees Retirement System

	2018		2017		2016	2015		
Contractually required contribution	\$	401,714	\$	517,202	\$ 399,002	\$	447,028	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		401,714		517,202	 399,002		447,028	
Contribution deficiency	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,774,264	\$	2,768,781	\$ 2,339,009	\$	2,530,114	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		14.48%		18.68%	17.06%		17.67%	

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2018

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

	2018 2017		2016		 2015	
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
State's proportionate share of net pension liability associated with the District	\$ 78,024,382	\$	87,942,182	\$	70,316,569	\$ 60,006,370
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,212,909	\$	9,111,483	\$	9,163,901	\$ 8,993,005
District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	39.83%		35.22%		42.49%	45.59%

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2018

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution - On behalf payments - KDE	\$ 2,772,158	\$ 1,447,013	\$ 1,454,243	\$ 1,414,068
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 2,772,158	 1,447,013	 1,454,243	 1,414,068
Contribution deficiency	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,212,909	\$ 9,111,483	\$ 9,163,901	\$ 8,993,005
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	30.09%	15.88%	15.87%	15.72%

NOTE 1 – COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (NON-HAZARDOUS)

Changes in assumptions and benefit terms

2017: Since the prior measurement date, the demographic and economic assumptions that affect the measurement of the total pension liability have been updated as follows:

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.05%.

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Changes of benefit terms - None

Changes of assumptions

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, 2017. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level of percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 27.4 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.50 – 7.30 percent, including inflation

Ultimate Investment rate of return* 7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

Including inflation

^{*}The actuarially determined contribution rates are determined using the interest smoothing methodology adopted by the Board.

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2018

County Employees Retirement System

		2018
District's proportion of net OPEB liability (asset)		.112559%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	2,262,821
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	2,774,264
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		81.56%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		52.40%

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2018

County Employees Retirement System

	2018
Contractually required OPEB contribution	\$ 130,390
Contributions in relation to the	
contractually required contribution	 130,390
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,774,264
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	4.70%

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2018 Medical Insurance (KTRS)

	2018
District's proportion of collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.153156%
District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 5,461,000
State's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	 4,461,000
Total	\$ 9,922,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,212,909
District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	107.70%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	21%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2018 Medical Insurance (KTRS)

		2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	214,343
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		214,343
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9	9,212,909
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		2.33%

NOTE 1 – COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (NON-HAZARDOUS)

Changes in assumptions and benefit terms

2017: Since the prior measurement date, the demographic and economic assumptions that affect the measurement of the total OPEB liability have been updated as follows:

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.05%

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Changes of benefit terms – With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan (KEHP)—participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the state will only finance, via its KEHP "Shared Responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions – The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

Valuation date June 30, 2016

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent of payroll

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed value

Inflation 3.00%

Real wage growth 0.50%

Wage inflation 3.50%

Salary increases, including

wage inflation 3.50% - 7.20%

Discount rate 8.00%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Under 65 7.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FY 2023

Ages 65 and older 5.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FY 2020

Medicare Part B premiums 1.02% for FY 2017 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2029

Under age 65 claims

The current premium changed by KEHP is used as the base

cost and is projected forward using only the health care trend

assumption (no implicit rate subsidy is recognized).

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars' payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars' payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2018, the Kentucky School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

	LIIE	Fund
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		60,000
nability accordated with the Biothot		00,000
Total	\$	60,000

Life Incurence

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$-0- and revenue of \$9,000 for support provided by the State, for a combined Total OPEB expense of \$9,000. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

KTRS	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	-	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	-	\$	

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$0 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Years	
Ending June	
30,	
2019	\$ -
2020	-
2021	-
2022	-
2023	-
Thereafter	
_	
Total	\$ -

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Projected salary increases 3.50% - 7.20%, including inflation

Inflation rate 3.00%
Real wage growth 0.50%
Wage inflation 3.50%
Municipal bond index rate 3.56%
Discount rate 7.50%

Single equivalent interest rate 7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2016 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		30 Year
		Expected
		Geometric
		Real Rate of
Asset Class*	Target Allocation	Return
U.S. large cap equity	38.40%	4.30%
U.S. small cap equity	2.60%	4.80%
Developed int'l equity	15.80%	5.20%
Emerging markets equity	4.20%	5.40%
Fixed income - inv grade	16.00%	1.20%
Real estate	6.00%	4.00%
Private equity	7.00%	6.60%
High yield	2.00%	4.30%
Other additional categories**	7.00%	3.30%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	0.50%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}As the LIF investment policy is to change, the above reflects the pension allocation and returns that achieve the target 7.5% long-term rate of return.

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

^{**}Modeled as 50% high yield and 50% bank loans.

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

		KTRS - Life Insurance Fund					
	1%	Decrease	Curre	ent Discount	1%	Increase	
	(6.50%)	Rate (7.50%)		(8.50%)		
District's net pension liability (in thousands)	\$	99,000	\$	60,000	\$	27,000	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

	 2018
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.000000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	60,000
Total	\$ 60,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,212,909
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	79.99%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

	2	018
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,624
Contributions in relation to the		
contractually required contribution	\$	2,624
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,2	12,909
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		0.03%

Schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Life Insurance Plan June 30, 2018

Changes of benefit terms – None.

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions – The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization Period	30 years, Open
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Inflation	3.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	4.00%
Salary Increases, Including Wage Inflation	4.00% - 8.10%
Discount Rate	7.50%



TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Delt				Total			
		FORK	_	Debt		lonmajor		
		FSPK	٤	Service	Gov	vernmental		
		Fund		Fund	Funds			
ASSETS AND RESOURCES								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	427,457	\$	-	\$	427,457		
Total assets and resources	\$	427,457	\$		\$	427,457		
LIABILITIES AND FUND								
BALANCES								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	39,276	\$	39,276		
Total liabilities				39,276		39,276		
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		
Spendable:								
Restricted		427,457		(39,276)		388,181		
Committed		-		-		-		
Assigned		-		-		-		
Unassigned		-		<u>-</u> _				
Total fund balances		427,457		(39,276)		388,181		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	427,457	\$		\$	427,457		

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

						Total
				Debt	١	lonmajor
	FSPK			Service	Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund	Funds	
REVENUES						
From local sources:						
Taxes						
Property	\$	539,450	\$	-	\$	539,450
Earnings on investments		7,424		-		7,424
Intergovernmental - state		197,850		256,276		454,126
Total revenues		744,724		256,276		1,001,000
EXPENDITURES						
Building improvements		-		-		-
Debt service				983,761		983,761
Total expenditures				983,761		983,761
Excess (deficit) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		744,724		(727,485)		17,239
Other financing sources (uses)						
Operating transfers in		-		727,485		727,485
Operating transfers out		(727,485)				(727,485)
Total other financing						
sources (uses)		(727,485)		727,485		
Net change in fund balances		17,239		-		17,239
Fund balances, July 1, 2017		410,218		(39,276)		370,942
Fund balances, June 30, 2018	\$	427,457	\$	(39,276)	\$	388,181

	Cash Balance July 1, 2017	Pagainta	Disbursements	Cash Balance June 30, 2018	Accounts Receivable	Accounts Payable	Due to Student Groups June 30, 2018
	July 1, 2017	Receipts	Dispuisements	Julie 30, 2016	Receivable	Fayable	Julie 30, 2016
TRIGG COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL:							
Athletics							
General	\$ 779	\$ 13,902	\$ 14,681	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
KHSCA - Coaches	-	750	750	-	-	-	-
Baseball	-	4,879	4,879	-	-	-	-
Boys' Basketball	418	8,887	9,305	-	-	-	-
KME Christmas	-	6,000	6,000	-	-	-	-
Football	-	24,702	24,702	-	-	-	-
Girls' Basketball	-	5,853	5,853	-	-	-	-
Cheerleading	-	1,027	1,027	-	-	-	-
Fishing	1,196	4,622	4,962	856	-	-	856
Golf	-	4,827	4,827	-	-	-	-
Cross Country	-	2,199	2,199	-	-	-	-
Power lifting	-	1,167	836	331	-	-	331
Soccer (Boys)	-	6,538	6,538	-	-	-	-
Soccer (Girls)	-	8,931	8,513	418	-	-	418
Softball	-	6,817	6,817	-	-	-	-
Track	-	6,855	6,809	46	-	-	46
Volleyball	-	5,000	5,000	-	-	-	-
Wrestling	-	1,092	1,092	-	-	-	-
5th District Tournament	-	10	10	-	-	-	-
ATH-Region	-	4,517	4,517	-	-	-	-
Fundraising Boys' Basketball	496	16,889	9,091	8,294	-	-	8,294
Boys' Little League	1,010	2,310	3,320	-	-	-	-
Lady Wildcat Basketball League	308	2,678	2,986	-	-	-	-
Fundraising Girls' Basketball	312	10,236	10,548	-	-	-	-
Fundraising Cross Country	737	10,342	10,079	1,000	-	-	1,000
Fundraising Softball	2,488	13,383	14,974	897	-	-	897
Fundraising Volleyball	1,408	8,328	7,338	2,398	-	-	2,398
Fundraising Boys' Soccer	2,681	3,061	3,201	2,541	-	-	2,541
Fundraising Girls' Soccer	851	14,764	14,541	1,074	-	-	1,074
•			Continued				

Continued

							Due to
	Cash Balance			Cash Balance	Accounts	Accounts	Student Groups
	July 1, 2017	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2018	Receivable	Payable	June 30, 2018
TRIGG COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, co	ntinued						
Senior Class	_	7,413	7,413	-	-	-	-
Clubs							
Academic	-	515	515	-	-	-	-
Art	-	1,280	1,032	248	-	-	248
Beta	334	1,994	2,328	-	-	-	-
DECA	-	38,329	38,329	-	-	-	-
Drama	1,283	2,048	1,983	1,348	-	-	1,348
Environmental Science	499	30	422	107	-	-	107
Travel	171	-	-	171	-	-	171
FFA	-	32,044	32,044	-	-	-	-
FCCLA	-	1,845	1,845	-	-	-	-
Region FCCLA	803	921	1,157	567	-	-	567
Foreign Language	646	-	49	597	-	-	597
Gifted & Talented	226	9,130	9,195	161	-	-	161
HOSA	-	7,552	7,552	-	-	-	-
Interact	561	711	773	499	-	-	499
NHS	806	600	1,097	309	-	-	309
Relay for Life	584	-	584	-	-	-	-
Student Council	126	526	78	574	-	-	574
Black Hole	673	1,706	1,587	792	-	-	792
FCA	-	1,899	1,899	-	-	-	-
FCA Disaster Relief	-	32,784	25,018	7,766	-	-	7,766
TSA/STLP	1,055	5,680	6,315	420	-	-	420
Web Design	630	320	56	894	-	-	894
Y Club	75	-	-	75	-	-	75
Youth Leadership	928	541	265	1,204	-	-	1,204

Continued

	Cash Balance July 1, 2017	Receipts	Disbursements	Cash Balance June 30, 2018	Accounts Receivable	Accounts Payable	Due to Student Groups June 30, 2018
TRIGG COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, c	ontinued						
Departments							
Agriculture	1,501	3,239	4,659	81	-	-	81
Ag Greenhouse	6,099	6,222	4,620	7,701	-	-	7,701
Annual	18,359	11,640	16,728	13,271	-	-	13,271
Art	-	1,682	1,682	-	-	-	-
Art & Humanities	1,829	5	378	1,456	-	-	1,456
Band	713	72,104	70,089	2,728	-	-	2,728
Business	3,071	1,892	3,156	1,807	-	-	1,807
CDA	100	450	550	-	-	-	-
Help Desk	3,514	461	1,515	2,460	-	-	2,460
Technology	613	146	759	-	-	-	-
Drama	195	-	-	195	-	-	195
Digital Lit/Fusion	945	40	619	366	-	-	366
English	-	147	85	62	-	-	62
Guidance	254	474	637	91	-	-	91
Engineering	7,952	1,758	3,737	5,973	-	-	5,973
FACS - Advanced Foods	77	2,587	2,664	-	-	-	-
FACS - Advanced Parenting	240	913	1,001	152	-	_	152
FACS - Life Skills	120	986	864	242	-	-	242
FACS - Fashion & Interior	43	247	290	-	-	-	-
FACS - Money Skills	-	100	77	23			23
FMD	164	1,527	1,691	-	-	_	-
Health Sciences	420	1,696	2,075	41	-	_	41
P.E. I	336	642	320	658	-	_	658
Nurse Fees	194	1,194	264	1,124	-	_	1,124
Math	3,176	1,754	2,339	2,591	-	_	2,591
Science	679	3,710	2,550	1,839	_	_	1,839
Photography	405	-	_,===	405	_	_	405
School Store	-	5,621	5,621	-	-	_	-
Prom	10,062	17,069	18,900	8,231	_	_	8,231
Special Olympic	95	252	-	347	-	-	347

Continued

		h Balance y 1, 2017	Receipts	Dist	oursements	sh Balance ne 30, 2018	Accounts Receivable	counts yable	Stude	Oue to ent Groups e 30, 2018
TRIGG COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, cont	inue	d								
Departments, continued										
Chromebook		201	21,861		21,861	201	-	-		201
General Activity Fund		45	2,934		2,979	-	-	-		-
General Academic		-	9,733		9,733	-	-	-		-
General Vending										
Curation		-	103		103	-	-	-		-
Teacher		42	2,120		2,148	14	-	-		14
Celebrate My Drive		-	-		-	-	-	-		-
Student		51	13,854		13,905	-	-	-		-
St Flex		-	28		-	28	-	-		28
Parking Permit		-	134		134	-	-	-		-
Makerspace		-	1,842		1,842	-	-	-		-
Student Rotary		-	4,603		4,603	-	-	-		-
Textbook Rental		8,853	1,408		8,641	 1,620		 -		1,620
	\$	92,432	\$ 545,612	\$	550,750	\$ 87,294	\$ -	\$ -	\$	87,294
Less: Interfund Transfers			(40,577)		(40,577)	-				
Trigg County High School		92,432	505,035		510,173	87,294	-	-		87,294
Trigg County Middle School		46,952	101,674		109,990	38,636	-	-		38,636
Trigg County Intermediate School		17,915	39,391		39,401	17,905	-	-		17,905
Trigg County Primary School		18,359	43,806		40,198	21,967				21,967
Totals	\$	175,658	\$ 689,906	\$	699,762	\$ 165,802	\$ -	\$ -	\$	165,802

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal Ex	penditures
	-			
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through State Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	310000217	\$ 475,029	
Title I Grants to Eddai Eddcational Agencies	84.010	310000217	68,893	
	84.010	310020217	118,570	\$ 662,492
				, ,,,,,
Special Education Cluster				
Special Education Grants to States	85.027	381000217	431,465	
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	380000216	5,933	
	84.173	380000217	45,642	483,040
Adult Education State Grant Program	84.002	372D		65,711
Rural & Low Income	84.358	314000217		12,612
Rufal & Low Income	04.330	314000217		12,012
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	323000216	51,065	
improving reaction quality etails evalue	84.367	323000217	59,462	110,527
	0 1.001	0200002	00,102	1.0,027
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	552D		3,679
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States	85.048	371000216	1,299	
		371000217	25,176	26,475
Rehabilitation Services - Vocational				
Rehabilitation Grants to States	85.126	371000217		22.604
Renabilitation Grants to States	65.126	3/100021/	-	32,694
Total U. S. Department of Education				1,397,230
rotal or of Doparticon of Datasticon			-	.,001,200
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
Passed through State Department of Education:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	776000517	46,096	
	10.553	776000518	174,214	220,310
National School Lunch Program	10.555	775000217	136,460	
	10.555	775000218	481,139	
Noncash Assistance - Commodities (Note 5)	10.555	Fund 51	70,123	687,722
Total I.I.S. Donartment of Agricultura				000 022
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			-	908,032
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			=	\$ 2,305,262

See the notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Trigg County School District (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE 3 – SUBRECIPIENTS

There were no subrecipients during the fiscal year.

NOTE 4 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 5 – COMMODITIES

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the USDA food commodities received and disbursed.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Trigg County School District Cadiz, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Trigg County School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 6, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Trigg County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Trigg County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no material instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in *Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to Management of Trigg County School District in a separate report dated November 6, 2018.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

November 6, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Trigg County School District Cadiz, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Trigg County School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Trigg County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Trigg County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the Independent Auditor's Contract. Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Trigg County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Trigg County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Trigg County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable of any other purpose.

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

November 6, 2018

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	_X_ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	_ <u>X_</u> no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X_none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)	yes	<u>X</u> no
Identification of major federal programs:		
Program Title	CFDA Number	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	
Dollar threshold to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000		
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? <u>X</u>	yesn	0

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

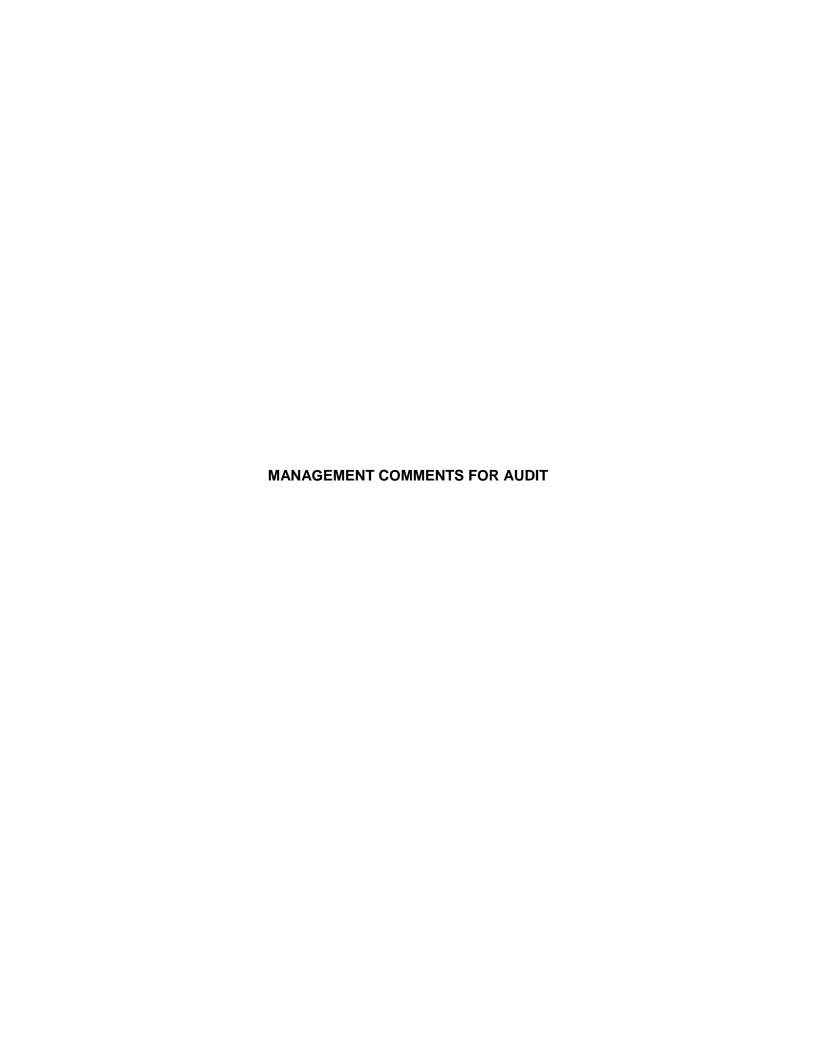
None

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None reported

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

None



SANDRA D. DUGUID, CPA ANNA B. GENTRY, CPA, CFE

WALTER G. CUMMINGS, CPA



4443 CANTON PIKE HOPKINSVILLE, KY 42240

270.886.6355

November 6, 2018

Members of the Board of Education Trigg County School District Cadiz, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Trigg County School District (the "District") for the year ended June 30, 2018, we considered the District's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

However, during our audit, we became aware of matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiencies. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. A separate report dated November 6, 2018, contains our report on the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated November 6, 2018 on the financial statements of Trigg County School District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed these comments with District personnel and their implementation is currently being reviewed. We will be pleased to discuss this in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of this matter, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

We performed a follow up on the prior year finding with the status of this finding on page 106.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the members of the Trigg County Board of Education, others within the District, and the Kentucky Department of Education and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully,

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

TRIGG COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

I. **Condition** – The check number was not noted on paid invoices.

Recommendation – Redbook procedures require that the check number and date paid shall be noted on the invoice.

Response – We will begin notating the check number on all paid invoices.

TRIGG COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

I. **Condition** – Form F-SA-17, Sales from Concessions/Bookstore, were not used each time money was collected from these activities.

Recommendation - Sales from Concessions/Bookstore forms are to be used each time money is collected from these activities and turned in with the money to the school treasurer and a copy kept with the inventory control worksheet.

Response – We will work with the sponsors related to concessions and the bookstore to resolve this issue.

II. **Condition** – Form F-SA-6, Multiple Receipt Form, was not signed by student or properly completed.

Recommendation – The Multiple Receipt form must be completed when teachers, sponsors, or student collect money and students third grade and above must sign the Multiple Receipt Form.

Response – The staff have been stressed the importance of the students signing the multiple receipt form. We will talk with the principal to meet again with staff.

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

TRIGG COUNTY PRIMARY SCHOOL

 Condition – Initials of person verifying the deposit with the receipts was not recorded on deposit ticket.

Recommendation – Redbook procedures require that an employee, other than the person preparing the deposit slip, shall verify the amount on the deposit ticket agrees with the amount of receipts recorded in the ledger sheets, the deposit ticket has been validated by the bank and the employee initials the deposit ticket.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

TRIGG COUNTY INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL

I. **Condition** – Form F-SA-5, Inventory Control Worksheet, was not completed for the snack machine for three months.

Recommendation – Any stocked items held for resale require the use of the Inventory Control Worksheet detailing beginning and ending inventories, quantities, descriptions, values, units of measure and unit selling prices.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

TRIGG COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

I. **Condition** – Form F-SA-2B, Fundraiser Worksheet, was not properly completed with date of fundraiser or date reviewed by principal.

Recommendation – Fundraisers where items are sold require the use and proper completion of the Fundraiser Worksheet, which is used to recap the profitability of a fundraiser period or event. The Fundraiser Worksheet should be filed and reviewed by the principal within one week of completion of fundraiser period or event.

Current Status - The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

II. **Condition** – Transfer forms used were not properly approved prior to transfer of funds and were not properly signed by teacher/sponsor when applicable.

Recommendation – Form F-SA-10, Transfer Form, should be used and properly completed prior to transfer of funds between activity accounts.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

TRIGG COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL, continued

III. **Condition** – Form F-SA-1, Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales, was not properly completed and initialed by two people – ticket seller and ticket taker.

Recommendation – Form F-SA-1, Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales, is to be used and properly completed and initialed by two people, the ticket taker and the ticket seller.

Current Status – The finding was repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

Current Response – We will continue to work with the individuals who work the ticket both to understand the importance of correctly filling out the worksheets.

IV. **Condition** – Form F-SA-5, Inventory Control Worksheet, was not properly completed for concessions sold at athletic games.

Recommendation – Any stocked items held for resale require the use of the Inventory Control Worksheet detailing beginning and ending inventories, quantities, descriptions, values, units of measure and unit selling prices.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

V. **Condition** – 5 accounts had no activity during the preceding 12 months and are considered inactive.

Recommendation – If the student organization did not designate in writing how remaining funds shall be disposed, then inactive accounts funds shall be transferred to the school activity general account and used for the general benefit of all students.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

TRIGG COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

I. **Condition** – 3 accounts had no activity during the preceding 12 months and are considered inactive.

Recommendation – If the student organization did not designate in writing how remaining funds shall be disposed, then inactive accounts funds shall be transferred to the school activity general account and used for the general benefit of all students.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

TRIGG COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

TRIGG COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, continued

II. **Condition** – Transfer forms used were not properly approved prior to transfer of funds and were not properly signed by teacher/sponsor when applicable.

Recommendation – Form F-SA-10, Transfer Form, should be used and properly completed prior to transfer of funds between activity accounts.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

III. **Condition** – Initials of person verifying the deposit with the receipts was not recorded on deposit ticket.

Recommendation – Redbook procedures require that an employee, other than the person preparing the deposit slip, shall verify the amount on the deposit ticket agrees with the amount of receipts recorded in the ledger sheets and that the deposit ticket has been validated by the bank and the employee initials the deposit ticket.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

IV. **Condition** – Form F-SA-2B, Fundraiser Worksheet, and F-SA-17, Sales Collection Form, were not used for fundraisers when items were sold.

Recommendation – Fundraisers where items are sold require the use and proper completion of the Fundraiser Worksheet, which is used to recap the profitability of a fundraiser period or event.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

V. **Condition** – Form F-SA-5, Inventory Control Worksheet, was not properly completed for Bookstore or concessions.

Recommendation – Any stocked items held for resale require the use of the Inventory Control Worksheet detailing beginning and ending inventories, quantities, descriptions, values, units of measure and unit selling prices.

Current status – The finding was repeated for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Current Response – We will continue to work with the individuals who work the concession stands to understand the importance of correctly filling out the worksheets.