- 1 Education and Workforce Development Cabinet
- 2 Kentucky Board of Education
- 3 Department of Education
- 4 (Amended After Comments)
- 5 704 KAR 7:160. Use of <u>Physical</u> Restraint and Seclusion in Public Schools.
- 6 RELATES TO: KRS 156.160 (1) (g), 158.444 (1)
- 7 STATUTORY AUTHORITY: KRS 156.160 (1) (g), 156.070, 158.444 (1)
- 8 NECESSITY, FUNCTION, AND CONFORMITY: KRS 156.160 (1) (g) and 158.444 (1) give
- 9 the Kentucky Board of Education the authority to promulgate administrative regulations related
- to medical inspection, physical and health education and recreation, and other regulations
- necessary or advisable for the physical welfare and safety of the public school children.
- The first responsibility of Kentucky schools is to promote learning in a safe and healthy
- environment for all children, teachers, and staff. The improper use of **physical** restraint and
- seclusion by districts directly affects the psychological and physical welfare of students and may
- result in psychological harm, physical harm, or death of students. Because there is no evidence
- that <u>physical</u> restraint <u>or</u> [and] seclusion is effective in reducing the occurrence of inappropriate
- behaviors, **physical** restraint or seclusion should never be used except in situations where a
- child's behavior poses imminent danger of serious physical harm to self or others. Physical
- 19 restraint and seclusion should be avoided to the greatest extent possible without endangering the
- safety of students and school personnel [staff]. This administrative regulation establishes the

- requirements for the use of <u>physical</u> restraint and seclusion in districts and the notification and
- data reporting requirements for the use of **physical** restraint and seclusion in districts.
- 3 Section 1. Definitions. (1) "Aversive behavioral interventions" means a physical or sensory
- 4 intervention program intended to modify behavior that the implementer knows would cause
- 5 physical trauma, emotional trauma, or both, to a student even when the substance or stimulus
- 6 appears to be pleasant or neutral to others and may include hitting, pinching, slapping, water
- 7 spray, noxious fumes, extreme physical exercise, loud auditory stimuli, withholding of meals, or
- 8 denial of reasonable access to toileting facilities.
- 9 (2) "Behavioral [Behavior] intervention" means the implementation of strategies to address
- behavior that is dangerous, inappropriate, or otherwise impedes the learning of the students [or
- 11 others].
- 12 (3) ["Behavioral Intervention Plan" means a comprehensive plan for managing inappropriate or
- 13 dangerous behavior by changing or removing contextual factors, antecedents, and consequences
- 14 that trigger, maintain, or escalate inappropriate or dangerous behavior, and for teaching
- alternative appropriate behaviors to replace the inappropriate or dangerous behaviors.
- 16 (4)] "Chemical restraint" means the use of medication to control behavior or restrict a student's
- 17 freedom of movement that includes over-the-counter medications used for purposes not specified
- on the label but does not include medication prescribed by a licensed medical professional and
- supervised by qualified and trained individuals in accordance with professional standards.
- 20 (4) [(5)] "Dangerous behavior" means behavior that presents an imminent danger of serious
- 21 physical harm to self or others but does not include inappropriate behaviors such as disrespect,
- 22 noncompliance, insubordination, or out of seat behaviors.

- 1 (5) [(6)] "De-escalation" means the use of behavior management techniques intended to mitigate
- 2 and defuse dangerous behavior of a student, that reduces the imminent danger of serious physical
- 3 harm to self or others.
- 4 (6) "Emancipated youth" means a student under the age of eighteen (18) who is or has been
- 5 married or has by court order or otherwise been freed from the care, custody, and control
- 6 of the student's parents.
- 7 (7) "Emergency" means a sudden, urgent occurrence, usually unexpected but sometimes
- 8 anticipated, that requires immediate action.
- 9 (8) ["Functional Behavioral Assessment" means a process to analyze environmental factors such
- 10 as any history of trauma, the combination of antecedent factors (factors that immediately precede
- behavior) and consequences (factors that immediately follow behavior) that are associated with
- the occurrence of inappropriate or dangerous behavior and includes the collection of information
- 13 through direct observations, interviews, and record reviews to identify the function of the
- 14 dangerous behavior and guide the development of behavioral intervention plans.
- 15 (9)] "Mechanical restraint" means the use of any device or equipment to restrict a student's
- freedom of movement, but does not <u>mean</u> [include] devices implemented by trained school
- personnel, or utilized by a student that have been prescribed by an appropriate medical or related
- services professional that are used for the specific and approved purposes for which such devices
- were designed; does not mean [and that may include] adaptive devices or mechanical supports
- 20 used to achieve proper body position, balance, or alignment to allow greater freedom of mobility
- 21 than would be possible without the use of such devices or mechanical supports; does not mean
- vehicle safety restraints when used as intended during the transport of a student in a moving
- vehicle; <u>does not mean</u> restraint for medical immobilization; <u>and does not mean</u> or

- orthopedically prescribed devices that permit a student to participate in activities without [with]
- 2 risk of harm.
- 3 (9) [(10)] "Parent" means a natural parent, a guardian, or an individual acting as a parent in the
- 4 absence of a parent or a guardian of a student.
- 5 (10) [(11)] "Physical Restraint" means a personal restriction that immobilizes or reduces the
- ability of a student to move <u>the student's</u> [his or her] torso, arms, legs, or head freely, but does
- 7 not mean [include] temporary touching or holding of the hand, wrist, arm, shoulder, or back for
- the purpose of encouraging a student to move voluntarily to a safe location; does not mean
- 9 <u>behavioral interventions</u>, such as proximity control or verbal soothing, used as a response
- 10 to calm and comfort an upset student; does not mean less restrictive physical contact or
- redirection to promote student safety; and does not mean physical guidance or prompting
- when teaching a skill or when redirecting the student's attention.
- 13 (11) [(12)] "Positive behavioral supports" means a school-wide systematic approach to embed
- evidence-based practices and data-driven decision-making to improve school climate and culture
- in order to achieve improved academic and social outcomes, to increase learning for all students,
- including those with the most complex and intensive behavior needs; and to encompass a range
- of systemic and individualized positive strategies to reinforce desired behaviors, to diminish
- 18 reoccurrence of inappropriate or dangerous behaviors, and to teach appropriate behaviors to
- 19 students.
- 20 (12) [(13)] "Prone restraint" means the student is restrained in a face down position on the floor
- or other surface, and physical pressure is applied to the student's body to keep the student
- 22 <u>in the prone position</u>.

- 1 (13) [(14)] "School personnel" means teachers, principals, administrators, counselors, social
- workers, psychologists, paraprofessionals, nurses, librarians, school resource officers, other
- 3 local law enforcement officers, and other support staff who are employed in a school or who
- 4 perform services in the school on a contractual basis [but does not include school resource
- officers defined in KRS 158.441 (2)].
- 6 (14) "School resource officer" is defined in KRS 158.441 (2).
- 7 (15) "Seclusion" means the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room or area from
- which the student is prevented from leaving but does not <u>mean</u> [include] classroom timeouts,
- 9 supervised in-school detentions, or out-of-school suspensions.
- 10 (16) "Student" means any person enrolled in a preschool, school level as defined in 704 KAR
- 5:240 Section 5, or other educational program offered by a local public school district.
- 12 (17) "Supine restraint" means <u>the</u> a student is restrained in a face up position on <u>the student's</u>
- 13 [his or her] back on the floor or other surface, and physical pressure is applied to the
- 14 student's body to keep the student in the supine position.
- 15 (18) "Timeout" means a behavior management technique that is part of an approved program,
- involves the monitored separation of the student in a non-locked setting, and is implemented for
- 17 the purpose of calming.
- Section 2. (1) Local <u>school</u> districts shall establish [local] policies and procedures that:
- 19 (a) Ensure school personnel are aware of and parents are notified how to access the [its] policies
- and procedures regarding **physical** restraint and seclusion;
- 21 (b) Are designed to ensure the safety of all students [, including students with the most complex
- 22 and intensive behavioral needs], school personnel, and visitors;

- 1 (c) Require school personnel to be trained in accordance with the requirements outlined in
- 2 Section $\underline{6}$ [7] of this administrative regulation;
- 3 (d) Outline procedures to be followed during and after each <u>use</u> [incident involving the
- 4 imposition] of physical restraint or seclusion [upon a student], including notice to parents,
- 5 documentation of the event in the student information system, and a process for the parent or
- 6 emancipated youth to request a debriefing session;
- 7 (e) Require notification, within twenty-four (24) hours, to [of] the Kentucky Department of
- 8 Education and local law enforcement in the event of death, substantial risk of death, extreme
- 9 physical pain, protracted and obvious disfigurement or protracted loss or impairment of the
- function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty resulting from the use of physical restraint
- or seclusion;
- 12 (f) Outline a procedure by which parents may submit a complaint regarding the physical restraint
- or seclusion of their child, which requires the district and school to investigate the circumstances
- surrounding the **physical** restraint or seclusion, make written findings, and where appropriate,
- take corrective action; and
- 16 (g) Outline a procedure to regularly review data on **physical** restraint and seclusion usage and
- revise policies as needed.
- 18 (2) Local districts shall revise existing policies or develop policies consistent with this
- administrative regulation within ninety (90) calendar days of the effective date of this
- 20 administrative regulation.
- 21 Section 3. (1) Physical restraint shall not be used <u>in public schools or educational programs</u>:
- 22 (a) As punishment or discipline;
- 23 (b) [As a means of coercion] To force compliance or to retaliate [retaliation];

- 1 (c) As a substitute for appropriate educational or behavioral support;
- 2 (d) To prevent property damage in the absence of imminent danger of serious physical harm to
- 3 self or others;
- 4 (e) As a routine school safety measure; or
- 5 (f) As a convenience for staff.
- 6 (2) School personnel are prohibited from imposing the following on any student at any time:
- 7 (a) Mechanical restraint;
- 8 (b) Chemical restraint;
- 9 (c) Aversive behavioral interventions [that compromise health and safety];
- 10 (d) Physical restraint that is life-threatening;
- 11 (e) Prone or supine restraint; and
- 12 (f) Physical restraint that is prohibited by a licensed medical professional.
- 13 (3) Physical restraint may only be implemented if:
- 14 (a) The student's behavior poses an imminent danger of serious physical harm to self or others;
- 15 (b) The physical restraint does not interfere with the student's ability to communicate in the
- student's primary language or mode of communication, unless the student uses sign language
- or an augmentative mode of communication as the student's primary mode of
- 18 communication and the implementer determines that freedom of the student's hands for
- 19 brief periods during the restraint appears likely to result in serious physical harm to self or
- 20 others;
- 21 (c) The student's physical and psychological well-being shall be monitored for the duration
- 22 of the physical restraint [The student's face is monitored for the duration of the physical
- 23 restraint];

- 1 (d) Less restrictive <u>behavioral</u> interventions have been ineffective in stopping the imminent
- 2 danger of serious physical harm to self or others, except in the case of a clearly unavoidable
- 3 emergency situation posing imminent danger of serious physical harm to self or others; and
- 4 (e) School personnel implementing the physical restraint [Assigned staff] are appropriately
- 5 trained [to use physical restraint], except to the extent necessary to prevent serious physical
- 6 harm to self or others in clearly unavoidable emergency circumstances where other school
- 7 personnel intervene and summon trained school personnel or school resource officers or
- 8 <u>other sworn law enforcement officers as soon as possible.</u>
- 9 (4) When implementing a physical restraint, <u>school personnel</u> [staff] shall use only the amount
- of force reasonably believed to be necessary to protect the student or others from imminent
- 11 danger of serious physical harm.
- 12 (5) The use of physical restraint shall end as soon as:
- 13 (a) The student's behavior no longer poses an imminent danger of serious physical harm to self
- or others; or
- 15 (b) A medical condition occurs putting the student at risk of harm.
- 16 (6) School personnel, except school resource officers and other sworn law enforcement
- officers, imposing physical restraint in accordance with this regulation shall:
- 18 (a) Be trained by an individual or individuals who have been certified by a crisis intervention
- training program that meets the established criteria in Section 6 of this administrative regulation
- 20 [, except in the case of clearly unavoidable emergency circumstances when trained school
- 21 personnel are not immediately available due to the unforeseeable nature of the emergency
- 22 circumstance]; and

- 1 (b) Be trained in state regulations and school district policies and procedures regarding **physical**
- 2 restraint and seclusion.
- 3 [(7) A functional behavioral assessment shall be conducted following the first incident of
- 4 restraint, unless one has been previously conducted for the behavior at issue.]
- 5 Section 4. (1) Seclusion shall not be used in public schools or educational programs:
- 6 (a) As punishment or discipline;
- 7 (b) [As a means of coercion] To force compliance or to retaliate [retaliation];
- 8 (c) As a substitute for appropriate educational or behavioral support;
- 9 (d) To prevent property damage in the absence of imminent danger of serious physical harm to
- self or others;
- 11 (e) As a routine school safety measure;
- 12 (f) As a convenience for staff; or
- 13 (g) As a substitute for timeout.
- 14 (2) Seclusion may only be implemented when:
- 15 (a) The student's behavior poses an imminent danger of serious physical harm to self or others;
- 16 (b) The student is visually monitored for the duration of the seclusion;
- 17 (c) Less restrictive interventions have been ineffective in stopping the imminent danger of
- serious physical harm to self or others; and
- 19 (d) School personnel implementing the seclusion [Assigned staff] are appropriately trained to
- 20 use seclusion.
- 21 (3) The use of seclusion shall end as soon as:
- 22 (a) The student's behavior no longer poses an imminent danger of serious physical harm to self
- 23 or others; or

- 1 (b) A medical condition occurs putting the student at risk of harm.
- 2 (4) A setting used for seclusion shall:
- 3 (a) Be free of objects and fixtures with which a student could inflict physical harm to self or
- 4 others;
- 5 (b) Provide school personnel a view of the student at all times;
- 6 (c) Provide adequate lighting and ventilation;
- 7 (d) Be reviewed by district administration to ensure programmatic implementation of guidelines
- 8 and data related to its use;
- 9 (e) Have an unlocked and unobstructed door; and
- 10 (f) Have at least an annual fire and safety inspection.
- Section 5. (1) All physical restraints and seclusions [incidents of the use of restraint and
- seclusion] shall be documented by a written record of each <u>use</u> [episode] of seclusion or physical
- restraint and be maintained in the student's education record. Each [incident] record of a use of
- 14 <u>physical restraint or seclusion</u> shall be informed by an interview with the student and shall
- include:
- 16 (a) The student's name;
- 17 (b) A description of the <u>use of physical restraint or seclusion</u> [incident] and the student
- behavior that resulted in the **physical** restraint or seclusion;
- 19 (c) The date of the incident and school personnel [staff members] involved;
- 20 (d) The beginning and ending times of the **physical restraint or seclusion** [incident];
- 21 (e) A description of any events leading up to the use of **physical** restraint or seclusion including
- 22 possible factors contributing to the dangerous behavior;
- 23 (f) A description of the student's behavior <u>during physical</u> [in] restraint or seclusion;

- 1 (g) A description of techniques used in **physically** restraining or secluding the student and any
- other interactions between the student and school personnel [staff] during the use of physical
- 3 restraint or seclusion;
- 4 (h) A description of any <u>behavioral</u> interventions used immediately prior to the implementation
- of **physical** restraint or seclusion;
- 6 (i) A description of any injuries [whether] to students, school personnel [staff], or others;
- 7 (j) A description as to how the student's [An explanation as to why this] behavior posed an
- 8 imminent danger of serious physical harm to self or others;
- 9 (k) The date the parent was notified;
- 10 (l) A description of the effectiveness of physical restraint or seclusion in de-escalating the
- 11 situation; [and]
- 12 (m) A description of school personnel [staff] response to the dangerous behavior;
- 13 (n) A description of the planned positive behavioral interventions which shall be used to
- 14 reduce the future need for physical restraint or seclusion of the student; and
- 15 (o) For any student not identified as eligible for services under either Section 504 of the
- Rehabilitation Act or the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, documentation of a
- 17 referral under either law or documentation of the basis for declining to refer the student.
- 18 (2) The parent of the student shall be notified of the **physical** restraint and seclusion verbally or
- 19 through electronic communication, if available to the parent, as soon as possible within twenty-
- four (24) hours of the incident. If the parent cannot be reached within twenty-four (24) hours, a
- 21 written communication shall be sent.
- 22 (3) The principal of the school shall be notified of the seclusion or physical restraint as soon as
- possible, but no later than the end of the school day on which it occurred.

- 1 (4) The <u>physical restraint or seclusion</u> [incident] record as outlined in Section 5 (1) of this
- 2 administrative regulation shall be completed within twenty-four (24) hours following the <u>use</u>
- 3 [incident] of seclusion or physical restraint.
- 4 (5) If the parent or emancipated youth requests a debriefing session under Section 2 of this
- regulation, a debriefing session shall be held after the imposition of **physical** restraint **or** [and]
- 6 seclusion upon a student.
- 7 (6) The following persons [All school personnel who were in the proximity of the student
- 8 immediately before and during the time of the incident, the parent, the student, if the parent
- 9 requests or if the student is an emancipated youth, appropriate supervisory and administrative
- 10 staff, that may include appropriate Admissions and Release Committee members, Section 504
- 11 team members, or response to intervention team members] shall participate in the debriefing
- session:
- 13 (a) The implementer of the physical restraint or seclusion;
- 14 (b) At least two (2) of any other school personnel who were in the proximity of the student
- immediately before or during the physical restraint or seclusion;
- 16 (c) the parent;
- 17 (d) the student, if the parent requests or if the student is an emancipated youth; and
- 18 (e) appropriate supervisory and administrative staff, that may include appropriate
- 19 Admissions and Release Committee members, Section 504 team members, or response to
- 20 <u>intervention team members</u>.
- 21 (7) The debriefing session shall occur as soon as practicable, but not later than five (5) school
- days following the request of the parent or the emancipated youth, unless delayed by written
- 23 mutual agreement of the parent or emancipated youth and the school.

- 1 (8) The debriefing session shall include:
- 2 (a) Identification of the events leading up to the seclusion or physical restraint;
- 3 (b) Consideration of relevant information in the student's records and information from teachers,
- 4 parents, other school district professionals, and the student;
- 5 (c) Planning for the prevention and reduction of the need for seclusion or physical restraint, with
- 6 consideration of recommended appropriate positive behavioral supports and interventions
- 7 to assist school personnel responsible for implementing the student's IEP, or Section 504
- 8 plan, or response to intervention plan, if applicable, and [the results of functional behavioral
- 9 assessments, consideration of whether positive behavioral supports and interventions
- 10 [positive behavior plans] were implemented with fidelity [, recommended appropriate positive
- behavioral interventions, and supports to assist personnel responsible for implementing the
- student's IEP, or Section 504 plan, or response to intervention plan, if applicable]; and
- 13 (d) For any student not identified as eligible for services under either Section 504 of the
- Rehabilitation Act or the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, **consideration** [evidence]
- of a referral under either law and [, or] documentation of the referral or documentation of the
- basis for declining to refer the student.
- 17 (9) All documentation utilized in the debriefing session shall become part of the student's
- 18 education record.
- 19 Section 6. (1) All school [School] personnel shall be trained to use an array of positive
- 20 <u>behavioral supports and</u> [behavior] interventions[, strategies, and supports] to increase
- 21 appropriate student behaviors, to [and] decrease inappropriate or dangerous student behaviors
- 22 and to respond

- 1 [(2) All school personnel in local districts shall have annual basic training in responding] to
- 2 <u>dangerous behavior</u> [students in a behavioral crisis and shall receive communication from the
- 3 district identifying core team staff in the school setting that have been trained to engage in
- 4 physical restraint or seclusion procedures]. This [The] training may be delivered utilizing web-
- 5 based applications. This [The] training shall include:
- 6 (a) Appropriate procedures for preventing the need for physical restraint and <u>seclusion</u> [erisis
- 7 intervention], including positive behavioral [behavior] supports and interventions
- 8 [management strategies];
- 9 (b) Proper use of positive reinforcement;
- 10 (c) The continuum of use for alternative behavioral interventions;
- 11 (d) Crisis prevention;
- 12 (e) De-escalation strategies for responding to inappropriate or dangerous [of problematic]
- behavior, including verbal de-escalation, and relationship building; and
- 14 (f) Proper use of seclusion as outlined in Section 4 of this administrative regulation,
- including instruction on monitoring physical signs of distress and how to obtain medical
- 16 <u>assistance when necessary</u>.
- 17 (2) [(f)] All school personnel shall receive annual written or electronic communication
- 18 <u>from the district identifying core team members</u> [Identification of] in the school setting who
- 19 [staff that] have been trained to implement [engage in] physical restraint [or seclusion
- 20 procedures].
- 21 (3) A core team of selected school personnel shall be designated to respond to <u>dangerous</u>
- 22 <u>behavior and to implement</u> [emergency situations, including the] physical restraint [or

- 1 seclusion] of students. The core team, except school resource officers and other sworn law
- 2 <u>enforcement officers</u>, shall receive <u>additional</u> yearly training in the following areas:
- 3 (a) Appropriate procedures for preventing the <u>use of [need for]</u> physical restraint <u>except as</u>
- 4 permitted by this administrative regulation [or crisis intervention, that shall include the de-
- 5 escalation of problematic behavior, relationship building, and the use of alternatives to
- 6 restraints];
- 7 (b) A description and identification of dangerous behaviors [on the part of students] that may
- 8 indicate the need for physical restraint [or crisis intervention] and methods for evaluating the risk
- 9 of harm in individual situations, in order to determine whether the use of physical restraint [or
- 10 <u>crisis intervention</u>] is safe and warranted;
- 11 (c) Simulated experience of administering and receiving physical restraint [and crisis
- intervention], and instruction regarding the effect(s) on the person physically restrained,
- including instruction on monitoring physical signs of distress and obtaining medical assistance;
- 14 (d) Instruction regarding documentation and notification [reporting] requirements and
- investigation of injuries; and
- 16 (e) Demonstration by core team members [participants] of proficiency in the prevention and
- 17 <u>use of [administering]</u> physical restraint [and crisis intervention].
- 18 Section 7. The following data shall be reported in the student information system related to
- incidents of **physical** restraint and seclusion:
- 20 (1) Aggregate number of uses of physical restraint;
- 21 (2) Aggregate number of students placed in physical restraint;
- 22 (3) Aggregate number of uses of seclusion;
- 23 (4) Aggregate number of students placed in seclusion;

- 1 (5) Aggregate number of substantial risk of death, extreme physical pain, protracted and obvious
- 2 disfigurement or protracted loss or impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ, or
- 3 mental faculty to students related to physical restraint and seclusion;
- 4 (6) Aggregate number of instances of substantial risk of death, extreme physical pain, protracted
- 5 and obvious disfigurement or protracted loss or impairment of the function of a bodily member,
- organ, or mental faculty to school personnel [staff] related to physical restraint and seclusion;
- 7 and
- 8 (7) Aggregate number of instances in which a school resource officer or other sworn law
- 9 <u>enforcement officer</u> is involved in the <u>physical</u> restraint or seclusion of a student.