	1
Gallatin County Schools	
'     2017-2018 Budget Committee	
2017 2010 2 daget committee	
Gallatin County Schools	
□What Specific Student Centered	
Investments Need To Be Made To Align With District Goals And Will	
Attain High Levels of Student Achievement?	
	· Augustus
Gallatin County Schools	
Danit accurate that dains	
Don't assume that doing more for students	
requires more \$\$\$	

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Gallatin County Schools	
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Focus on Better	
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Gallatin County Schools	
Don't assume the person	
in charge is always the most knowledgeable	
inost knowledgeable	
,	
Gallatin County Schools	
י ⊔We Should Not Assume	
That Everything We Are Doing Is The Best Method of	
Delivering Services to Our	
Customers	

Gallatin County Schools	
□Don't take no for an answer Ask questions, probe	
School budgets can be	
complicated and confusing	
but persistence can find creative solutions	
,	
Gallatin County Schools	
Use the data you need,	
not just the data you	
have.	
	4
Gallatin County Schools	
1	
□Don't Treat Grant Funds Differently	
Double wood to be acceptable of to	
□Grants need to be maximized to their fullest and alternative uses	
should be considered	

Gallatin County Schools	
Analyze Staffing at School, Department, and Class Level	
Use Projected Enrollment To	
Determine Staffing Needs, Not Current Staffing	
1. [1] [1] The same of the state of the stat	
H	]
This is not a one-time task	
This work is important and needs	
to be done continuously and annually	
District Level	
Fund Structure	
□ General Fund □ Special Revenue Fund	
□ Capital Outlay Fund	
□ Building Fund □ Construction Fund	
☐ Debt Service Fund ☐ School Food Service	

#### School Food Service Fund

- Revenues:
- Federal Reimbursement 98% State Match Some Local Revenue
- Expenditures:
- Food Service Personnel
- Food Service Equipment, Supplies
- Food

#### School Food Service Fund

Fund Size \$1.1M

Food Service Should be Self-Sustaining

General Funds can be spent on Food Service

Food Service Funds can only be Spent on Food Service

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#### Construction Fund

Proceeds from bond issues

Transfers from Building Fund Escrows Used for Renovation of existing Facilities and New Construction

New schools and major renovations are financed through the issuance of tax-free municipal bonds

Interest is paid and principal is retired on these bonds over a twenty year period Residual funds must be used for debt retirement or escrowed for future construction

# Debt Service Fund

Flow Through Fund to Record Debt Retirement

Local Debt Service - \$1,668,298

State Portion of Debt Service - \$869,419

### **Building Fund**

Fund Size - \$1,721,934 (\$914,679 from local property tax, \$807,255 State Match)
State Matching for districts based on-property wealth
Local Tax - 23% of Property Tax goes to Building Fund
\$1,668,298 will be used to retire debt

and special legislation renewed biennially allows transferring te residual of \$53,636 to General Fund to offset building maintenance costs

# Capital Outlay Fund

State Funded at \$100 per pupil since 1960's

Fund Size - \$146,610

Normally used for Debt Retirement and Facilities

Special Legislation allows us to transfer this entire amount to General Fund to offset building maintenance expenses

This legislation must be renewed in budget language biennially

#### Special Revenue Fund

- Special Revenue Fund Accounts for State and Federal Grants
  - □ State Grants (major grants)
    - KERA Preschool \$330,000
    - Instructional Resources \$40,000
    - Technology( \$15-\$30 per pupil) Matched by district \$71,000 in FY 2016
    - Safe Schools \$34,000
    - Professional Development- \$22,600
    - Extended School Services \$61,000
    - Other State Grants(FRYSC, YSC, Gifted, Math Achievement, etc.)

# Special Revenue Fund

- Special Revenue Fund (major grants)
  - □ Federal Grants
  - □ IDEA Basic and Preschool (Exceptional Children) \$321,000
  - п Title 1 \$366,000
  - □ Title 2 C \$14,000
  - n Teacher Quality (Title II) \$68,000
  - □ Rural/Low Income Schools \$34,500

# General Fund

Revenues: \$13,869,994

Local Taxes - Property, Motor Vehicle, Utilities \$3,990,024 (28.7%)

SEEK - \$6,472,097 (46.7%)

State On-Behalf - \$2,741,869 (19.8%)

Transfers, Medicald, Other State - \$666,004 (4.8%)

# 

Expenditures: \$14,326,399

The main operating account that pays the majority of district salaries and benefits.

This fund pays for utilities-liability, property, and transportation insurance, fuel, SBDM Budgets, all current operating expense.

Fund Size = \$15.4M (includes Contingency) = 84% of District Funds

## What's the big deal?

☐ FY 2018 General Fund Beg. Balance \$1,538,568

☐ FY 2018 Revenue

\$13,869,994

☐ FY 2018 Expenditures

\$14,326,299

☐ FY 2018 Ending Balance

\$1,082,263

☐ Contingency % of Budget

7% 5%

☐ State Watch List☐ Subject To State Control

2%

#### Utility Tax Revenue

□ 2011 - \$1,287,234

□ 2012 - \$1,342,391

□ 2013 - \$1,192,832

□ 2014 - \$1,312,757

□ 2015 - \$1,204,790

□ 2016 - \$909,406

□ 2017 - \$960,000 (estimate)

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# SEEK Support Educational Excellence in Kentucky Base Funding Program for Elementary and Secondary Education 2010-11 Base per pupil - \$3,868 2011-12 Base per pupil - \$3,903 2012-13 Base per pupil - \$3,833 2013-14 Base per pupil - \$3,833 2014-15 Base per pupil - \$3,827 2014-15 Base per pupil - \$3,911 2015-16 Base per pupil - \$3,981 2016-17 Base per pupil - \$3,981

General Fund Revenues not including State On-Behalf				
□ 2011 -	\$10,086,246			
□ 2012 -	\$10,750,446			
□ 2013 <b>-</b>	\$10,915,554			
□ 2014 -	\$10,790,836			
□ 2015 -	\$11,721,144			
□ 2016 -	\$10,912,643			
□ 2017 -	\$11,191,236 (Budgeted)			
□ 2018 -	\$11,128,125(Budgeted)			

# General Fund Expenditures not including State On-Behalf 2011 - \$9,826,968 2012 - \$10,407,121 2013 - \$10,521,444 2014 - \$11,255,125 2015 - \$11,474,312 2016 - \$11,247,574 2017 - \$11,522,047 (Budgeted) 2018 - \$11,584,430(Budgeted)

General Fund					
Expenditures:		•			
Total 2017-18 Budgeted Exp.	\$14,326,299				
Less State On-Behalf	-\$2,741,869	-		. /	
Local Expenditures	\$11,584,430				
	00 454 004	-	 		
Salaries and Benefit Costs	\$9,151,231				
Salaries/Benefits as % of Budget	<u>79%</u>	1			
		-	 		