- 1 Education and Workforce Development Cabinet
- 2 Kentucky Board of Education
- 3 Department of Education
- 4 (Revised Administrative Regulation)
- 5 703 KAR 5:225. School and district accountability, recognition, support, and
- 6 consequences.
- 7 RELATES TO: KRS 158.645, 158.6451, 158.6453, 158.6455, 20 U.S.C. 7861
- 8 STATUTORY AUTHORITY: KRS 158.6453; 158.6455
- 9 NECESSITY, FUNCTION, AND CONFORMITY:
- 10 KRS 158.6453 requires the Kentucky Board of Education to create and implement a balanced
- statewide assessment program that measures the achievement of students, schools, and districts;
- complies with the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, 20 U.S.C. secs. 6301 et seq., or its
- successor; and ensures accountability. KRS 158.6455 requires the Kentucky Board of Education,
- 14 following the revision of academic standards and development of a student assessment program,
- to create an accountability system to classify schools and districts, including a formula for
- 16 accountability, goals for improvement, and rewards and consequences. This administrative
- 17 regulation establishes the statewide system of accountability, recognition, support, and
- 18 consequences, and meets requirements of the U.S. Department of Education to receive approval
- of a state-level waiver of specific requirements of the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001
- 20 pursuant to 20 U.S.C. 7861.
- 21 Section 1. Definitions. (1) "Annual measurable objective" or "AMO" means the improvement
- 22 goal for each school or district calculated from the total [overall] score of the Next-generation
- 23 leaners component.

- 1 (2) "Comprehensive District Improvement Plan" or "CDIP" means a plan developed by the local
- 2 school district with the input of parents, faculty, staff, and representatives of school councils
- 3 from each school in the district, based on a review of relevant data that includes targets,
- 4 strategies, activities, and a time schedule to support student achievement and student growth, and
- 5 to eliminate achievement gaps among groups of students.
- 6 (3) "Comprehensive School Improvement Plan" or "CDIP" means a plan developed by the
- 7 school council or successor pursuant to KRS 160.346 with the input of parents, faculty, and staff,
- 8 based on a review of relevant data that includes targets, strategies, activities, and a time schedule
- 9 to support student achievement and student growth, and to eliminate achievement gaps among
- 10 groups of students.
- 11 (4) "District of distinction" means a highest-performing district that:
- 12 (a) Meets its current year AMO starting in 2012-2013, student participation rate, and graduation
- 13 rate goal;
- (b) Has a graduation rate above <u>eighty</u> (80) [sixty (60)] percent for the prior two (2) years;
- 15 (c) Does not have a school categorized as a focus school or priority school; and
- 16 (d) Scores at the ninety-fifth (95th) percentile or higher on the Overall Score.
- 17 (5) "Focus district" means a district that has a non-duplicated student gap group score in the
- bottom ten (10) percent of non-duplicated student gap group scores for all districts. **Focus**
- 19 calculations shall combine two years of data.
- 20 (6) "Focus school" means a school that has a non-duplicated student gap group score in the
- bottom ten (10) percent of non-duplicated student gap groups scores for all elementary, middle,
- and high schools; schools with an individual student subgroup within assessment grades by level
- falls in the bottom five (5) percent for individual subjects [with a score in the third (3rd)

- standard deviation below the state average for all students]; or high schools that have a
- 2 graduation rate that has been less than <u>eighty (80)</u> [sixty (60)] percent for two (2) consecutive
- years. Focus calculations shall combine two years of data.
- 4 (7) "Graduation rate goal" means the annual graduation rate goal set by the department for each
- 5 high school and district that measures progression toward the statewide goal of ninety-eight (98)
- 6 percent by 2022 and is computed by dividing, by nine (9) [by eleven (11)], the difference
- between the **2013** [**2011**] baseline percent and ninety-eight (98) percent.
- 8 (8) "High-progress district" means a district that:
- 9 (a) Meets its current year AMO starting in 2012-2013, student participation rate, and graduation
- 10 rate goal;
- 11 (b) Has a graduation rate above **eighty** (80) [sixty (60)] percent for the prior two (2) years; and
- 12 (c) Has an improvement score indicating the district is in the top ten (10) percent of improvement
- of all districts as determined by the difference in the two (2) most recent calculations of the
- 14 overall score.
- 15 (9) "High-progress school" means:
- 16 (a) A Title I school that:
- 1. Meets its current year AMO starting in 2012-2013, student participation rate, and graduation
- 18 rate goal;
- 2. Has a graduation rate above <u>eighty (80)</u> [sixty (60)] percent for the prior two (2) years; and
- 3. Has an improvement score indicating the school is in the top ten (10) percent of improvement
- of all Title I elementary, middle, or high schools as determined by the difference in the two (2)
- 22 most recent calculations of the overall score; or
- 23 (b) A Non-Title I school that:

- 1. Meets its current year AMO starting in 2012-2013 student participation rate, and graduation
- 2 rate goal;
- 2. Has a graduation rate above <u>eighty (80)</u> [sixty (60)] for the prior two (2) years; and
- 4 3. Has an improvement score indicating the school is in the top ten (10) percent of improvement
- of all non-Title I elementary, middle, or high schools as determined by the difference in the two
- 6 (2) most recent calculations of the overall score.
- 7 (10) "Highest-performing district" means a district that:
- 8 (a) Meets its current year AMO starting in 2012-2013, student participation rate, and graduation
- 9 rate goal;
- 10 (b) Has a graduation rate above **eighty** (80) [sixty (60)] percent for the prior two years; and
- 11 (c) Scores at the ninetieth (90<sup>th</sup>) percentile or higher on the overall score except that a district
- shall not qualify as highest-performing if any school in the district is categorized as a focus-
- school or priority school.
- 14 (11) "Highest-performing school" means an elementary, middle, or high school level that:
- 15 (a) Meets its current year AMO starting in 2012-2013, student participation rate, and graduation
- 16 rate goal;
- 17 (b) Has a graduation rate above **eighty** (80) [sixty (60)] percent for the prior two years; and
- 18 (c) Scores at the ninetieth (90th) percentile or higher on the overall score.
- 19 (12) "Mean" means the sum of the values divided by the number of values.
- 20 (13) "Next-generation instructional programs and supports" means a component of the state-wide
- 21 accountability system for Kentucky public schools and districts based on reviews of instructional
- 22 programs.

- 1 (14) "Next-generation learners" means a component of the state-wide accountability system for
- 2 Kentucky public schools and districts based on student data.
- 3 (15) "Next-generation professionals" means a component of the state-wide accountability system
- 4 for Kentucky public schools and districts based on teacher and administrator data.
- 5 (16) "Next-generation schools and districts" means a component of the state-wide accountability
- 6 system that reports performance data for schools and districts.
- 7 (17) "Non-duplicated student gap group score" means an aggregate, non-duplicated count of
- 8 achievement scores of student groups that include African/American, Hispanic, American
- 9 Indian, Limited English proficiency, students in poverty based on qualification for free and
- 10 reduced price lunch, and students with disabilities who have an Individualized Education
- 11 Program (IEP).
- 12 (18) "Overall score" means the score resulting from a compilation of the accountability
- components listed in Section 2 of this administrative regulation that determines placement of a
- school or district in a classification for recognition, support, or consequences.
- 15 (19) "Participation rate" means the percent of all students and the student subgroups in the school
- or district that participate in annual statewide assessments, with a goal of ninety-five (95)
- 17 percent.
- 18 (20) "Percentile" means the value of a variable below which a certain percent of numbers fall.
- 19 (21) "Priority district" means a district that has an overall score in the bottom five (5) percent of
- 20 overall scores for all districts that have failed to meet the AMO for the last three (3) consecutive
- 21 years.
- 22 (22) "Priority school" means a school that has an overall score in the bottom five (5) percent
- of overall scores by level for all schools that have failed to meet the AMO for the last three

- 1 (3) consecutive years [been identified as a persistently low-achieving or PLA school as
- 2 **defined by KRS 160.346**].
- 3 (23) "Progressing" means a designation attached to a school or district's classification as
- 4 proficient, distinguished, or needs improvement to indicate that the school has met its AMO,
- 5 student participation rate for the all students group and each subgroup, and has met its graduation
- 6 rate goal.
- 7 (24) "School level" means the standard configuration of grade levels that form elementary,
- 8 middle, and high schools as established in 703 KAR 5:240, Section 5.
- 9 (25) "School of Distinction" means a highest-performing elementary, middle, or high school that:
- 10 (a) Meets its current year AMO starting in 2012-2013, student participation rate, [and]graduation
- rate goal and shall not be identified as a focus school;
- 12 (b) Has a graduation rate above **eighty** (80) [sixty (60)] percent for the prior two (2) years; and
- 13 (c) Scores at the ninety-fifth (95th) percentile or higher on the overall score.
- 14 (26) "Standard deviation" means a measure of the dispersion of a set of data from its average.
- 15 (27) "Student subgroup" means a student group that includes African-American, American
- Indian, Asian, White, Hispanic, English language learners, students in poverty on qualification
- 17 for free or reduced price lunch, or students with disabilities who have an Individualized
- 18 Education Program (IEP).
- 19 Section 2. Statewide System of Accountability, Recognition, Support, and Consequences. (1)
- The accountability system established by 703 KAR chapter 5 shall be called Unbridled Learning:
- 21 College and Career Ready for All.

- 1 (2) An overall score shall be used to classify schools and districts for recognition, support, and
- 2 consequences. The overall score shall be a compilation of the following accountability
- 3 components:
- 4 (a) Next-Generation Learners, as established in 703 KAR 5:200;
- 5 (b) Next-Generation Instructional Programs and Support, as established in 703 KAR 5:230; and
- 6 (c) Next-Generation Professionals, as established in an administrative regulation that will be
- 7 promulgated by the Kentucky Board of Education to establish the requirements for Next-
- 8 Generation Professionals.
- 9 Section 3. Weighting of Components Comprising the Overall Score. (1) The timeline and
- weighting of each component as a percentage of the overall score shall occur as follows:

Year	Component	Percentage of
		Overall Score
2011 2012	Next-Generation	100 percent
2011-2012	Learners	
	Next-Generation	Seventy-seven
2012-2013,	Learners	(77) percent
[and] 2013-	Next-Generation	Twenty-three
2014 <b>and</b>	Instructional	(23) percent
<u>2014-2015</u>	Programs and	
	Support	
<u>2015-2016</u>	Next-Generation	Seventy (70)
[ <del>2014-2015</del> ]	Learners	percent

and	Next-Generation	Twenty (20)
subsequent	Instruction	percent
years	Programs and	
	Support	
	Next-Generation	Ten (10)
	Professionals	percent

- 1 (2) If data cannot be calculated for any component, the weights shall be distributed equally to the
- 2 other components that shall be reported for the school or district.
- 3 Section 4. Classifications, Annual Measurable Objectives, and Goals. (1) A school level or
- 4 district shall be classified based on the overall score in accordance with the requirements
- 5 established in this subsection.
- 6 (a) By level of elementary, middle, or high, a distribution of scores from the overall score shall
- 7 be computed in order to determine the percentiles associated with each overall score;
- 8 (b) The overall score associated with specific percentiles shall classify a school level or district
- 9 as follows:

Percentile based on	School or District
Overall Score	Classification
At or above ninety	Distinguished
(90)	
At or above seventy	Proficient
(70)	
Below seventy (70)	Needs Improvement

- 1 (c) The overall score used to classify a school or district as distinguished, proficient, or needs
- 2 improvement shall be recalculated as the components of the accountability system listed in
- 3 Section 2 of this administrative regulation are added. When all components have been added, the
- 4 overall score used to classify a school or district as distinguished, proficient, or needs
- 5 improvement shall remain constant for a period of five (5) years before calculation of the overall
- 6 score shall be re-established.
- 7 [(2) The mean and standard deviation shall be recalculated and the AMO for each school
- 8 or district shall be reset as the components of the overall score are added. When all three
- 9 (3) components of the overall score have been included, the AMO for each school and
- 10 district shall be set for a five (5) year period before the mean and standard deviation are
- 11 **re-established.**]
- 12 (2) [(3)] Each school level or district shall receive an AMO. The method for determining the
- 13 AMO shall be as follows:
- 14 (a) Using the **total** [overall] score of Next-generation learners, a mean and standard deviation
- shall be computed for the elementary, middle, and high school levels; and
- 16 (b) The mean and standard deviation shall be recalculated as **adjustments of Next generation**
- 17 learners component are made [the components of the accountability system are added and
- 18 shall follow the timeline established in Section 3 of this administrative regulation].
- 19 (3) [(4)](a) The AMO goal for a school level or district classified as needs improvement shall be
- to increase the overall score by .07 of a standard deviation annually.
- 21 (b) The AMO goal for a school level or district classified as proficient or distinguished shall be
- 22 to increase the overall score by .035 of a standard deviation annually.

- 1 (4) [(5)] Each school level or district classified as distinguished, proficient, or needs
- 2 improvement that meets its AMO goal, student participation rate, and graduation rate goal shall
- 3 be further classified as progressing.
- 4 (5) [(6)] For a school level with a changed school service area as established in 703 KAR 5:240,
- 5 Section 6, the AMO shall be recalculated based on current students. A school or district may
- 6 submit a plan to recalculate the AMO as established in this subsection.
- 7 (a) A school or a district may request that individual students be tracked across schools or that
- 8 the district AMO be used for the school.
- 9 (b) The Department shall approve the plan and shall assure accurate calculations and the
- inclusion of all students.
- 11 (c) Upon approval, the plan shall be implemented and remain in effect until an additional change
- in school service area occurs.
- 13 (d) The granting of a request for a different method to recalculate an AMO shall include a
- requirement that each affected school and district waive in writing its right to make the request
- the basis of a subsequent appeal of a school's classification.
- 16 (e) The intent to submit a plan to recalculate the AMO shall be received by the department by
- June 30 of the year prior to which the AMO recalculation shall occur.
- 18 (6) [(7)] A focus school identified using the non-duplicated student gap group score method shall
- 19 be determined in accordance with the requirements established in this subsection.
- 20 (a) The nonduplicated student gap group shall be ranked for all schools in the state.
- 21 (b) The schools in the lowest ten (10) percent of the nonduplicated student gap group scores by
- level shall be called focus schools.

- 1 (c) Additional Title I schools shall be added to the list as needed to ensure that the list includes at
- 2 least ten (10) percent of the Title I schools.
- 3 (d) Non-duplicated student gap groups by school shall have at least ten (10) students in order for
- 4 the calculation to occur.
- 5 (7) [(8)] A focus school identified using the bottom five (5) percent [third (3rd) standard
- 6 **deviation**] method shall be determined as established in this subsection.
- 7 (a) By level of elementary, middle, or high, individual student subgroups shall be ranked on
- 8 the percentage [the state average] of proficient and distinguished students for all schools in
- 9 <u>the state</u> in each subject area of reading, mathematics, science, social studies, and writing [shall
- 10 be computed, and a standard deviation by subject area for all students shall be computed].
- 11 (b) Student subgroups shall number at least twenty-five (25) students in order for the calculation
- to occur.
- 13 (c) A school having an individual student subgroup by level and subject that falls below the
- 14 <u>bottom five (5) percent</u> [third (3rd) standard deviation] cut score shall be identified as a focus
- school.
- 16 Section 5. Recognition. (1) Recognition categories shall include Schools or Districts of
- 17 Distinction, Highest-Performing Schools or Districts, and High-Progress Schools or Districts.
- 18 Schools and districts in these categories shall receive notification from the Commissioner of
- 19 Education within five (5) days of release of the annual accountability data, identifying the
- 20 category of recognition and the rewards for which they are eligible.
- 21 (2)(a) Each recognized school or district shall be authorized to use a department-approved web
- logo and other promotional materials as may be designated by the department reflecting the
- 23 category of recognition earned.

- 1 (b) Subject to availability of funds, financial rewards may be used in conjunction with other
- 2 recognition activities, and may include funding for special professional growth opportunities or
- 3 support to enable recognized schools or districts to partner with and mentor a lower-performing
- 4 school or district.
- 5 (c) Highest-performing and high-progress schools and districts shall receive special recognition
- 6 as determined by the Commissioner of Education.
- 7 (3) A school or district identified for recognition shall continue to meet eligibility criteria in
- 8 order to retain its designation and receive recognition for that category.
- 9 (4) A school or district identified as a priority school or district or a focus school or district shall
- 10 not be eligible for recognition as a highest-performing school or district or a school or district of
- distinction, but may receive recognition as a high-progress school or district, if it meets the
- definition established in Section 1 of this administrative regulation and the requirements of this
- 13 section.
- 14 (5) In order to qualify for recognition beginning in 2012-2013, a school or district shall meet the
- 15 AMO goal, graduation rate goal, and student participation rate, and each high school's
- graduation rate shall be above **eighty** (80) [sixty (60)] percent.
- 17 Section 6. Supports and Consequences. (1) Supports and consequences categories shall include
- 18 Priority Schools and Districts and Focus Schools and Districts.
- 19 (2) A priority school or district shall undergo the education recovery processes established in
- 20 KRS 160.346 and 703 KAR 5:180, in addition to the requirements and consequences established
- 21 in this administrative regulation.
- 22 (3) A focus school or district shall be required to revise its CSIP or CDIP consistent with the
- requirements of this section and Section 9 of this administrative regulation.

- 1 (4) A school or district that is identified as a priority or focus school or district shall receive
- 2 notification from the Commissioner of Education within five (5) days of release of the annual
- 3 accountability data, identifying its category and the required supports and consequences that
- 4 shall apply.
- 5 (5) A school or district that is identified as a priority or focus school or district for the first time
- 6 shall revise its CSIP or CDIP within ninety (90) days of receiving the notice from the
- 7 Commissioner of Education.
- 8 Section 7. Continuing Consequences for Schools and Districts that Remain in Priority or Focus
- 9 Status for More Than One (1) Year. (1) To exit the priority status, the school or district shall:
- 10 (a) Meet AMO goals for three (3) consecutive years;
- 11 (b) No longer be identified by the applicable percent calculation of being in the lowest five (5)
- 12 percent; and
- 13 (c) Score at or above **an eighty (80)** [a seventy (70)] percent graduation rate for three (3)
- 14 consecutive years.
- 15 (2) To exit the focus status, the requirements of this subsection shall be met.
- 16 (a) A focus school in the nonduplicated student gap group category shall:
- 17 1. Be above the lowest ten (10) percent category;
- 2. Show improvement; and
- 19 3. Meet AMO for two (2) years in a row.
- 20 (b) A focus school in **the bottom five (5) percent** [third standard deviation] category shall have
- 21 the individual subgroup that triggered the school's placement in the category to:
- 22 1. Rise above the **bottom five (5) percent** [third standard deviation] cut score;
- 23 2. Show improvement; and

- 1 3. Meet AMO for two (2) years in a row.
- 2 (c) A focus school in the category due to graduation rate shall:
- 1. Have a graduation rate higher than eighty (80) [seventy (70)] percent; and
- 4 2. Meet AMO for two (2) years in a row.
- 5 (d) A focus district in the non-duplicated student gap group category shall be above the lowest
- 6 ten (10) percent category.
- 7 (3)(a) A school or district that is identified as a priority school or district for two (2) or more
- 8 consecutive times, or a school or district that remains in the focus school or district category for
- 9 three (3) consecutive years, shall revise its CSIP or CDIP as specified in Section 9 of this
- administrative regulation within ninety (90) days of receiving notice from the Commissioner of
- 11 Education.
- 12 (b) The superintendent and the council shall review, revise, and agree upon the CSIP.
- 13 (c) The CSIP or CDIP shall be posted to the appropriate school or district Web site.
- 14 (4)(a) In addition to the requirements of this section, a priority school or district that is identified
- for three (3) or more consecutive times, or a focus school or district that is identified for four (4)
- or more consecutive years, shall revise its CSIP or CDIP as specified in Section 9 of this
- 17 administrative regulation.
- 18 (b) The superintendent and the council shall review, revise, and agree upon the CSIP, which shall
- then be electronically transmitted to KDE within ninety (90) days of receiving notice from the
- 20 Commissioner of Education.
- 21 (c) The CSIP or CDIP shall be posted to the appropriate school or district Web site.
- 22 (d) The school or district shall engage in the following actions:
- 23 1. Participate in a set of improvement strategies outlined by an accreditation process;

- 2. If directed by the department, receive the assignment of a high-achieving partner school or
- 2 district of similar demographics for mentor activities as directed by the department; and
- 3. Accept ongoing assistance and resources throughout the year as assigned or approved by the
- 4 department.
- 5 Section 8. Monitoring. (1) The department shall review and approve all submissions required by
- 6 this administrative regulation.
- 7 (2) The department shall monitor implementation of each CDIP or CSIP and shall provide
- 8 guidance based upon information gathered from the following:
- 9 (a) Progress reports from the school through the district;
- 10 (b) Data reviews;
- 11 (c) On-site observation; and
- 12 (d) Other information supplied at the option of the district or school.
- 13 (3) In addition to the activities undertaken by the Department, each school district shall monitor
- 14 compliance of individual schools within the district.
- 15 Section 9. Comprehensive School and District Improvement Plan Process. (1) Each school or
- 16 district shall annually develop, review, and revise a comprehensive school or district
- improvement plan.
- 18 (2) The structure of a school or district comprehensive improvement plan shall include:
- 19 (a) Executive summary that shall include a vision and a mission;
- 20 (b) Needs assessment that shall include:
- 21 1. A description of the data reviewed and the process used to develop the needs assessment;
- 22. A review of the previous plan and its implementation to inform development of the new plan;
- 23 and

- 1 3. Perception data gathered from the administration of a valid and reliable measure of teaching
- 2 and learning conditions;
- 3 (c) Process for development that shall include:
- 4 1. Analysis of data to determine causes and contributing factors;
- 5 2. Prioritization of needs; and
- 6 3. Development of goals, objectives, strategies, and activities based on the needs assessment and
- 7 root cause analysis, that shall include targets or measures of success, timelines, persons
- 8 responsible, a budget that includes resources needed and source of funding, and a process for
- 9 meaningful stakeholder communications and input;
- 10 (d) A set of assurances, approved by and on file with the local board of education, with a signed
- declaration by the superintendent that all schools in the district are in compliance with the
- requirements of the statutes and administrative regulations included in those assurances; and
- 13 (e) A process for annual review and revision by the school or district.
- 14 (3) Continuous improvement and capacity building shall drive the development of the plan.
- 15 (4) Other required components in the process shall include:
- 16 (a) A standards-based process for measuring organizational effectiveness that shall include
- purpose and direction, governance and leadership, teaching and assessing for learning, resources
- and support systems, and using results for continuous improvement;
- 19 (b) A data driven self-evaluation based on the standards, including a means to gather meaningful
- 20 stakeholder input;
- 21 (c) A written improvement plan based on the issues identified in the self-evaluation;
- 22 (d) A set of assurances that includes a determination of compliance with each assurance and the
- 23 ability to upload any supporting documentation needed;

- 1 (e) Electronic submission of all elements of the plan;
- 2 (f) Monitoring implementation of the plan through implementation and impact checks; and
- 3 (g) Evaluation of the effectiveness based on the strategies and activities in the plan.
- 4 (5) A CSIP shall also include the elements required of schools by KRS 158.649(5).
- 5 (6) A CSIP or CDIP for a priority or focus school or district shall also address the following:
- 6 (a) Curriculum alignment for schools within the district and within each individual school,
- 7 ensuring the instructional program is:
- 8 1. Research-based;
- 9 2. Rigorous;
- 3. Aligned with the Kentucky Core Academic Standards as established in 704 KAR 3:303; and
- 4. Based on student needs;
- 12 (b) Provision of time for collaboration on the use of data to inform evaluation and assessment
- 13 strategies to continuously monitor and modify instruction to meet student needs and support
- proficient student work, if a priority or focus school;
- 15 (c) Activities to target the underperforming areas of achievement, gap, growth, college and
- 16 career readiness, or graduation rate;
- 17 (d) Activities to target demonstrators of weakness in program reviews;
- 18 (e) Activities to target areas of need identified in teacher and leader effectiveness measures;
- 19 (f) School safety, discipline strategies, and other non-academic factors that impact student
- achievement, such as students' social, emotional, and health needs, if a priority or focus school;
- 21 (g) Design of the school day, week, or year to include additional time for student learning and
- teacher collaboration, if a priority or focus school;

- 1 (h) Specific strategies to address gaps in achievement and graduation rates between the highest-
- 2 achieving student performance group and the lowest-achieving student performance group, if a
- 3 focus school or district; and
- 4 (i) Short-term, monthly plans for the first ninety (90) days of implementation, and the
- 5 establishment of teacher turnaround teams with intensive year-round training focused on teacher
- 6 effectiveness and school improvement in the professional development component of its plan, if
- 7 a priority school.
- 8 (7) A priority or focus district shall use a variety of relevant sources that shall include perception
- 9 data gathered from the administration of a valid and reliable measure of teaching and learning
- 10 conditions to inform the needs assessment required by the CDIP. A district containing a priority
- or focus school shall assist those schools in using these data to inform the needs assessment
- required by the CSIP.
- 13 (8) The Commissioner's Raising Achievement and Closing Gaps Council and the
- 14 Commissioner's Parents Advisory Council shall provide guidance to focus schools and districts
- as they conduct their needs assessments and revise their CSIPs and CDIPs.
- 16 (9) A priority school shall document meaningful family and community involvement in selecting
- the intervention strategies that shall be included in the revised CSIP.
- 18 (10) The CDIP for a district with a priority or focus school shall include the support to be
- 19 provided to the priority or focus school by the district. The priority or focus school's CSIP shall
- 20 include the support that will be provided by the district to the school.
- 21 (11) The CDIP for each district shall be posted to the district's Web site. The CSIP for each
- 22 school shall be posted to the school's Web site. (38 Ky.R. 1919; Am. 39 Ky.R. 60; 480; 9-10-
- 23 2012.)